	1 1 1 6
	g Where feasible the proposed site is so located to allow for co-
	location
	2. The City shall require the development of public, private and
	charter school sites to be consistent with the following
	standards:
	a Middle and high schools shall be located on collector
	or arterial roadways (as functionally classified within this
	comprehensive plan), which have sufficient capacity to carry traffic
	to be generated by the school and are suitable for high volume traffic
	during evening and special events as determined by generally
	acceptable traffic engineering standards;
	b. The location, arrangement and lighting of play fields and
	playgrounds shall be located and buffered as may be necessary to
	minimize impacts to adjacent residential property; and c All
	structural setbacks, building heights, and access
	requirements shall be governed
Objective 1 3	The City shall coordinate the establishment and amendment of level
	of service standards for public facilities with State and local entities
	having operational and maintenance responsibility for such facilities
	prior to the adoption or any amendment affecting level of service
	standards.
Policyl 3 a	The City, shall, as part of the Comprehensive Plan monitoring and
	evaluation process, coordinate amendments of any level of service
	standards with appropriate State, regional and local agencies, such as
	the Florida Department of Transportation, Florida Department of
	Environmental Protection Suwannee River Water Management
	District, North Central Florida Regional Planning Council, the City
	of Gainesville, the City of High Springs, Alachua County and the
	School Board of Alachua County prior to adoption of such
	amendment
-	amondment
	Conservation Element
Objective 2 1	The City shall conserve natural resources by educating the public
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	about the impacts of humans on natural resources and the benefits of
	employing conservation and stewardship practices.
Policy 2.1.a	The City shall partner with the Alachua County School Board,
2 0112 / 21114	Alachua County Environment Protection Department, Florida
	Department of environmental Protection (DEP), Suwannee River
	Water Management District, University of Florida Institute of Food
	and Agricultural Services, Santa Fe Community College and other
	appropriate agencies to provide environmental education to residents
	of all ages.
	Recreation and Open Space Element
Objective 1 1	Long Range Planning and Funding:
Coloniaci	The City shall secure the provision, coordination and maintenance of
	recreational land, cultural facilities for current and future residents
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	and visitors, and guarantee safe access to these facilities for all persons, regardless of special need or condition
Objective 1.2	Facilities, Levels of Service and Hierarchy of Parks: The City shall provide a variety of recreational facilities and opportunities that respond to appropriate levels of service for the established hierarchy of parks.
Policy 1.2 f	The City shall develop a master plan outlining the location of present and future parks by January 2007. This plan shall delineate the community needs met by each park, including detailed descriptions of specialized programs, such as those serving after-school, senior and indoor recreation needs.
Objective 1 4	Partnerships: The City shall improve on its federal, state, regional and local, public and private partnerships to provide recreational facilities to residents and visitors.
Policy 1 4 a	The City shall continue working with the Alachua County School Board to maintain lease and rental agreements for recreation facilities at Alachua Elementary School, W.W. Irby Elementary School, Mebane Middle School and Santa Fe High School.
	Intergovernmental Coordination Element
Policy 1 1 a	By July 2004, the City of Alachua will enter into an interlocal agreement with the School Board of Alachua County which shall describe, at a minimum, processes related to joint meetings, population projections, coordination and sharing of information, site selection, renovations and closures, and shared uses.
Policy 1 1.b	The City shall review all proposals for new school facilities according to the provisions for school siting found in the City of Alachua Land Development Regulations and the Future Land Use Element.
Objective 1.2	The City shall provide the City of Gainesville, the City of High Springs, the Suwannee River Water management District, the North Central Florida Regional Planning Council and the Florida Department of Community Affairs, and any other affected agency the opportunity to comment on Comprehensive Plan amendments, rezoning, and other development proposals
Policy 1.2.a	The City shall provide notice to and coordinate the review of all proposed comprehensive plan amendments with Alachua County, the City of Gainesville, the City of High Springs, the School Board of Alachua County, the Suwannee River Water Management District, the North Central Florida Regional Planning Council, State and any other units of local government providing services but not having regulatory authority over the use of land

Policy 1 2 d	The City shall, as part of the development review process, provide notice of development proposals to governmental agencies providing services that may be impacted, such as the School Board of Alachua County, the Suwannee River Water Management District, the Florida Department of Transportation, and the Florida department of Environmental Protection, and provide the opportunity for concerns to be addressed
	City of Archer Objectives and Policies
	Intergovernmental Coordination Element
Objective VII 3	The City of Archer, upon adoption of this comprehensive plan, shall coordinate the establishment and amendment of level of service standards for public facilities with state and local entities having operational and maintenance responsibility for such facilities prior to the adoption.
Policy VII 3 1	The City of Archer shall, as part of the Comprehensive Plan monitoring and evaluation process, coordinate amendments of any level of service standards with appropriate state regional and local agencies, such as the Florida Department of Transportation, Florida Department of Environmental Regulation, Florida Department of Natural Resources, the Suwannee River Water Management District, the North Central Florida Regional Planning Council, Alachua County government and the Alachua County School Board prior to such amendments.
Objective VII. 1	The City of Archer, upon adoption of this comprehensive plan, shall coordinate its comprehensive planning with the Alachua County School Board, Suwannee River Water Management District, adjacent local government comprehensive plans and other units of local government providing services but not having regulatory authority over the use of the land.
Policy VII 1.1	The City of Archer shall establish a procedure, as part of the Comprehensive Plan review and amendment process, that all plan amendments proposed within the Comprehensive Plan are coordinated with adjacent local governments, the Alachua County School Board, Suwannee River Water Management District, North Central Florida Regional Planning Council, State and other units of local government providing services but not having regulatory authority over the use of land.
	Recreation and Open Space Element
Objective VI 1	The City, upon adoption of this comprehensive plan, shall maintain accurate recreation activity facility inventories so that accurate levels of service can be determined, based upon the total public and private recreation resources available to the City.  The City shall establish cooperative policies with other units of
Policy VI.1.1	The City shall establish cooperative policies with other units of

	The it Day of Notice   Pagarrage Water
	government, the Florida Department of Natural Resources, Water
	Management District, School Board and community organizations to
	meet recreation demands.
	City of Gainesville Objectives and Policies
	Future Land Use Element
Objective 1.1	Adopt city design principles which adhere to timeless (proven
<u>.</u>	successful), traditional principles.
Policy 1 1 1	To the extent possible, all planning shall be in the form of complete
1 2 2 2 2 2	and integrated communities containing housing, shops, work places,
	schools, parks and civic facilities essential to the daily life of the
	residents
Objective 1.2	Protect and promote viable transportation choices (including transit,
Objective 1.2	walking and bicycling, and calmed car traffic).
Policy 1 2 9	The City shall require, on long block faces (480 or more feet), the
1 Officy 1 2.9	provision of intermediate connections in the pedestrian network. For
	example, direct walkway and bicycle routes to schools should be
	provided.
Policy 1 3 3	Centers should, to the extent feasible, contain a range of mixed land
Policy 133	use types—preferably within a one-quarter mile area—including such
	uses as neighborhood-scaled retail, office, recreation, civic, school,
	day care, places of assembly and medical uses. The uses are compact,
	and vertically and horizontally mixed Multiple connections to and
	and vertically alid horizontally infact. Withtiple confections to
	from surrounding areas should be provided along the edges of a
	mixed use area.
Objective 1 4	Adopt land development regulations that promote mixed-use
	development within the city
Policy 1.45	When considering the acquisition and establishment of public
!	facilities such as parks, libraries, and neighborhood centers, the City
	should, to the extent appropriate, select a location and/or design the
	facility in such a way that collocation of the facility with a public
	school is either achieved with an existing school, or can be retrofitted
	for such a collocation.
Objective 1.5	Discourage sprawling, low-density dispersal of the urban population
Policy 1 5.2	The City should work with the School Board of Alachua County to
	enhance schools within city limits, particularly to make the schools
	more accessible to students without a car.
Objective 3 5	Ensure that the future plans of State government, the School Board of
	Alachua County, the University of Florida, and other applicable
	entities are consistent with this Comprehensive Plan to the extent
	permitted by law
Policy 3.5.1	The City shall continue to coordinate with governmental entities to
_	ensure that the placement of public facilities promotes compact
	development and is consistent with the adopted LOS standards
Policy 3.5.2	The review of development plans of government entities shall be
Policy 3.5.2	The review of development plans of government entities shart be

	1.1 Condition
	consistent with the policies of the Intergovernmental Coordination
	Element of this Comprehensive Plan.
Objective 4 1	The City shall establish land use designations that allow sufficient
	acreage for residential, commercial, mixed use, office, professional
	uses and industrial uses at appropriate locations to meet the needs of
	the projected population and which allow flexibility for the City to
	consider unique, innovative, and carefully construed proposals that
	are in keeping with the surrounding character and environmental
<u></u>	conditions of specific sites.
Policy 4.1.1	Public schools may be located in the following land use categories:
	single-family, residential low-density, residential medium density,
	residential high density, mixed-use residential, mixed-use low-
	intensity, mixed-use medium-intensity, mixed-use high-intensity,
	urban mixed-use 1, urban mixed-use 2, office, education,
Policy 4.3.3	The Orton Trust Planned Use District shall consist of a mix of
<b>,</b>	residential and non-residential uses under the following conditions
	and restrictions: No non-residential activity, with the exception of
	places of religious assembly or private schools, shall be allowed along
	Northwest 31st Avenue or within 500 linear feet north of the frontage
	of Northwest 31st Avenue A maximum of 80,000 square feet of
	non-residential use, including retail/commercial, eating places, office,
	civic, schools, day care centers, and places of religious assembly shall
	be allowed. A maximum of 600 feet of the Northwest 39th Avenue
	frontage shall be used for non-residential uses. The total allowable
	retail/commercial uses shall not exceed 40,000 square feet
	Retail/commercial uses shall be as defined by the 1987 Standard
	Industrial Classification Manual major groups 52 thru 57 inclusive,
	59; and 70 thru 79 inclusive All non-residential uses on the perimeter
	of the planned use district shall be adequately buffered from
	surrounding residential uses through the use of greenspace, fences, or
	walls The buffer widths shall be established in the planned
	development zoning ordinance.
	Recreation Element
Objective 1 3	Eliminate conflicts and maximize coordination among service
Objective 13	providers in the planning and management of recreation and open
	space within the urban area to maximize efficiency and equity in the
	provision and funding of recreation services.
Policy 1.3.3	By 2004, the City shall reach an inter-local agreement with regarding
Poncy 1.5.5	public use of school facilities for recreational purposes.
Objective 1.7	The development of recreation programs for youth is the most
Objective 1/	important recreational priority. Given this, the City shall establish
	youth recreation programs sufficient to meet the unmet needs for such
	programs by city youth.
Policy 1 7.1	The City shall continue to coordinate with the University of Florida
FORCY 17.1	and SBAC, a recreational tutorial after-school program for elementary
	and middle school-aged city youth.
	and initiate school-aged city youar.

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Policy 1.73	To meet the needs of pre-school and school-aged children, the City shall design programs that are designed to accommodate the typical
	work schedules of parents.
01: 1: 0.1	A trail network, shall be established by the acquisition and
Objective 2.1	development of proposed and existing parks in a manner than
	promotes the establishment of such a network  The trail network
	should include paved and unpaved trails along water bodies, utility
	and roil corridors that link environmentally significant
	natural areas, parks, neighborhoods, schools, shopping areas, cultural
	agentage and job centers to each other and which provide sale and
	pleasant public access for all citizens, including seniors, children, and
	the disabled.
	City of Hawthorne Objectives and Policies
	Future Land Use Element
Objective 14	The City shall adopt innovative land development
1. 	regulations to implement the Comprehensive Plan by
4.2	June 1, 1992, which shall include provisions for Planned Unit
	Development The purpose of the Planned Unit Development
	- Intions is to permit Planned Unit Development with the City
*	high is intended to encourage the development of faint as plantice
	communities, commercial or industrial complexes; encouraging
	flexible and creative concepts of site planning; preserving the natural
	amonities of the land by encouraging scenic and function open area to
	accomplish a more desirable environment than would be possible
	through the strict application of other provisions of the City's land
	development regulations and provide for an efficient use of land
	resulting in smaller networks of utilities and streets and thereby
	lowering development and housing costs; and provide a stable
	environment compatible with surrounding areas. The following uses
1	shall be permitted by right in a Planned Unit Development:
	2. Churches, schools, community or club buildings and similar public
	and semi-public facilities;
Policy I 13.1	The City Commission shall use the following criteria in considering
	for approval the following essential services; electrical transmission for approval the following essential services; electrical transmission lines and radio.
	lines and substations, natural gas transmission lines, and radio,
	telecommunications and television antennas and towers, owned or
	operated by publicly regulated entities:  (a) No such essential service shall be sited within 500 feet of any
	(a) No such essential service shall be sited within 300 lost single or multi-family residence, group living facility, school or single or multi-family residence, group living facility, school or single or multi-family residence, group living facility school or single or multi-family residence.
	single or multi-family residence, group fiving facility, which has pital, said distance to be measured from the centerline of the
	hospital, said distance to be measured from the contentation of the electrical and natural gas transmission lines, as constructed, or the
	fenced area of electrical substations. In addition, all radio and
	telecommunication towers shall also maintain the rated self-
	collapsing distance from any use listed above.
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	Recreation and Open Space Element
Objective VI 2	The City, by June 1, 1992, shall maintain accurate recreation activity/facility inventories so that accurate levels of service can be determined, based upon the total public and private recreation resources available to the City
Policy VI 2 1	The City shall establish cooperative policies with other units of government, the Florida Department of Natural Resources, Water Management District, School Board and community organizations to maintain accurate recreation activity/facility inventories in order to determine the need for recreation facilities.
	Intergovernmental Coordination Element
Objective VII 1	The City, upon adoption of this Comprehensive Plan, shall coordinate its comprehensive planning with the school board, Water Management District, adjacent local government comprehensive plans and other units of local government providing services but not having regulatory authority over the use of the land.
Policy VII 1 1	The City shall establish a procedure, as part of the Comprehensive Plan review and amendment process, that all plan amendments proposed within the Comprehensive Plan are coordinated with adjacent local governments, the School Board, Water Management District, Regional Planning Council, State and other units of local government providing services but not having regulatory authority over the use of land, the Regional Planning Council, and the State.
Objective VII 3	The City shall coordinate the establishment and amendment of level of services standards for public facilities with state and local entities having operational and maintenance responsibility for such facilities prior to the adoption or any amendment such adopted level of service standards.
- - - - -	City of High Springs Objectives and Policies
	Future Land Use Element
Objective 1.1	The City shall make available or schedule for availability public facilities for future growth and urban development as development occurs in order to provide for urban densities and intensities within the City.
Policy 1.12	The City's Future Land Use regulations will allow the siting of public, charter, and private schools in any zoning district except Industrial A Conditional Use permit and Site and Development review and approval will be required for school siting The location of school facilities has been excepted from the Industrial zone classification due to noise, odors, dust, and traffic impacts and hazards.

Policy 1 1 7	Schools are encouraged to locate near:
	A existing or proposed residential areas,
	B existing or proposed public facilities such as parks, recreation
	areas, libraries, and community centers to facilitate the joint use of
	these areas
Objective 1 6	Recommendations for amendments to the City's land development
	regulations shall address the impact the changes will have on adjacent
	Future Land Uses both within the City and in the surrounding county,
	as appropriate. This will include coordination with the Alachua
	County School Board This report will be prepared by, or at the
	direction of, the Plan Board.
	Intergovernmental Coordination Element
Objective 1 5	The City will coordinate the objectives and policies of this
-	comprehensive plan with the Alachua County School Board This
	coordination will include the establishment of a policy to address a
	joint process with the School Board for collaborative planning and
	decision-making concerning population projections and school siting.
Policy 1 5 1	The City will employ the following procedure to ensure
	intergovernmental coordination with the Alachua County School
	Board for the location of educational facilities within the City:
	A upon receipt of a written notice from the School Board informing
	the City of the acquisition or leasing of property to be used for new
	educational facilities, the City shall notify the School Board within 45
	days as to the consistency of the site with the City's comprehensive
	plan, and
	B. the City shall determine the consistency with the City's
	comprehensive plan of any educational capital improvement projects,
	for which such compliance determination has been requested by the
	School Board.
Policy 1.5.2	The following procedure will be utilized by the City to govern the
	collaborative planning program between the City and the Alachua
	County School Board:
	A Upon receipt of the annual report specified in Chapter 235, Florida
	Statutes, whereby the School Board would notify the City of any
	additions to the School Five Year School Facilities Plan, the City
	shall respond to the receipt in accordance with Policy 1.5.1 of this
	Element B. The City shall coordinate the decennial US Census Bureau's
	preliminary counts with the School Board to help ensure accuracy and
	preliminary counts with the School Board to help candle
	consistency of data  C. The City shall coordinate population estimates and projections
	conducted by the City as part of its planning process with the School
	Board as requested, and at a minimum, once each year as part of the
	review of the School Facilities Plan.
D 1: 1.5.2	In order to address the extension of public facilities subject to
Policy 1.5 3	concurrency to existing or new schools, all expansions or new
	Concurrency to existing of new schools, an expanded

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	construction of public, charter, or private schools shall require site
<del></del>	and development plan approval.
017 11 1 1	Parks, Recreation, and Open Space Element
Objective 1.1	A system of parks and recreation facilities meeting the needs of the population shall be in place to provide for the acceptable levels of
	service (LOS).
Policy 1 1 2	The City will strive to locate future parks at, nearby or adjoining
	existing school sites through coordination with the Alachua County School Board, where feasible.
Policy 1.13	Existing joint-use agreements with schools shall be maintained and
v	the joint development of future school recreational areas should be
	coordinated between the school's administration and the City
	Town of Lacrosse Objectives and Policies
	Intergovernmental Coordination Element
Objective VII.1	The Town, upon adoption of this Comprehensive Plan, shall
	coordinate its comprehensive planning with the School Board, Water
	Management District, adjacent local government comprehensive
	plans and other units of local government providing services but not
	having regulatory authority over the use of the land
Policy VII 1.1	The Town shall establish a procedure, as part of the Comprehensive
	Plan review and amendment process, that all plan amendments
	proposed within the Comprehensive Plan are coordinated with other
	units of local government, the School Board, Water Management
	District Regional Planning Council, State and other
	units of government providing services but not having regulatory
1,	authority over the use of land.
Objective VII 3	The Town shall coordinate the establishment and amendment of level
•	of service standards for public facilities with state and local entities
	having operational and maintenance responsibility for such facilities
	prior to the adoption or any amendment of such level of service
	standards.
Policy VII 3 1	The Town, as part of the Comprehensive Plan monitoring and
· · · · ·	evaluation process, shall coordinate amendments of any level of
	service standards with appropriate state, regional and local agencies,
	such as the Florida Department of Transportation, Florida Department
	of Envil-onmenta 1 Regulation, Florida Department of Natural
	Resources, Water Management District, Regional Planning Council,
	adjacent local governments and the School Board prior to such
	amendment.
	Recreation Element
Objective VI 2	The Town, by May 1 1992, shall maintain accurate recreation
J	activity/facility inventories so that accurate levels of service can be
	determined, based upon the recreation resources available to the
	Town.

Policy VI 2 1	The Town shall establish cooperative policies with other units of
Oncy VI,Z I	government, the Florida Department of Natural Resources Water Management District. School Board and community organizations to
	maintain accurate recreation activity/facility inventories in order to
	maintain accurate recreation activity facilities
	determine the need for recreation facilities.
	Town of Micanopy Objectives and Policies
	Future Land Use Element
Objective 1 4	Upon adoption of this comprehensive plan, the Town of Micanopy shall attain public, private and civic support for the acquisition,
	development, operation and maintenance of recreational opportunities
	and open space areas.  The Town of Micanopy shall establish cooperative policies with other
Policy 1 4 3	units of government, the Florida Department of Natural Resources,
	Water Management District, School Board and community
	Water Management District, School Board and Comments
	organizations to meet recreation demands.
	Recreation and Open Space Element  Upon adoption of this comprehensive plan, the Town of Micanopy
Objective 1.4	shall attain public, private and civic support for the acquisition,
	development, operation and maintenance of recreational opportunities
•	development, operation and maintenance of recreations
	and open space areas.  The Town of Micanopy shall establish cooperative policies with other
Policy 1 4 3	units of government, the Florida Department of Natural Resources,
	Water Management District, School Board and community
	Water Management District, School Board and
	organizations to meet recreation demands.
	Intergovernmental Coordination Element
Objective 1 1	The Town of Micanopy upon adoption of this completionsive plan,
9	shall coordinate this plan with the school board, the SIKWIND,
	adjacent governments providing services but not having regulatory
	authority.
Policy 1 2 3	The Town of Micanopy will seek meetings and working relations
	with the Counties of Alachua Marion, and Levy on maners of middle
	geneern. More specifically the Town of Micanopy intends to work
	with the Alachua Board of Education on planning the litture location
	of a school in the Town for the growing student enrollment.
Policy 1 2 4	The Town of Micanopy has appointed The Citizens Committee for
	Micanopy Schools to conduct a feasibility study to locate an
	alamentary school in the area of the Town Of Micaliopy.
Objective 1.4	The Town of Micanopy, upon adoption of this comprehensive plan,
o o je v za v z	shall accordingte with adjacent governments, the school board and
	SIRWMD regarding all development proposals with the potential for
	impacting upon their plans

City of Newberry Objectives and Polices			
	Future Land Use Element		
·	The city shall adopt land development regulations by June 1, 1992, which shall make available or schedule for availability the public facilities for future growth and urban development as development occurs in order to provide for urban densities and intensities within the city.		
	Land Development Regulations should allow public, private, and charter schools to locate in the following land use classifications: industrial, medium and high density residential, commercial, and mixed-use.		
·	Require the location of public, private and charter school sites to be consistent with the following criteria:  1. The proposed school location shall be compatible with present and projected use of adjacent property;  2. Adequate public facilities and services are, or will be available concurrent with the development of the school;  3. There are no significant environmental constraints that would preclude development of an educational facility on the site;  4. There will be no adverse impacts on archaeological or historic sites or structures listed on the State of Florida Historic Master Site File, which are located on the site;  5. The proposed location is well drained and soils are suitable for development or are adaptable for development and outdoor educational purposes with drainage improvements;  6. The proposed site can accommodate the required parking and circulation of vehicles of the site; and  7. Where feasible the proposed site is so located to allow for co-		
Policy I 1 7	location with parks, libraries and community centers.  The city shall require the development of public, private and charter school sites to be consistent with the following standards:  1 Middle and high schools shall be located on collector or arterial roadways (as functionally classified within this comprehensive plan), which have sufficient capacity to carry traffic to be generated by the school and are suitable for high volume traffic during evening and special events as determined by generally acceptable traffic engineering standards;  2. The location, arrangement and lighting of play fields and playgrounds shall be located and buffered as may be necessary to minimize impacts to adjacent residential property; and  3. All structural setbacks, building heights, and access requirements shall be governed by the city's land development regulations.		
	Intergovernmental Coordination Element		

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Objective VII 1	The city, upon adoption of this Comprehensive Plan, shall coordinate its comprehensive planning with the school board, water management district, adjacent local government comprehensive plans and other units of local government providing services but not having regulatory authority over the use of the land.
Policy VII.1 1.	The city shall establish a procedure, as part of the Comprehensive Plan review and amendment process, that all plan amendments proposed within the Comprehensive Plan are coordinated with other units of local government, the school board, and other units of government providing services but not having regulatory authority over the use of land
Objective VII 3	The city shall coordinate the establishment and amendment of level of service standards for public facilities with state and local entities having operational and maintenance responsibility for such facilities prior to the adoption or any amendment of such level of service standards.
Policy VII.3.1	The city, as part of the Comprehensive Plan monitoring and evaluation process, shall coordinate amendments of any level of service standards with appropriate state, regional and local agencies, such as the Florida Department of Iransportation, Florida Department of Environmental Regulation, Florida Department of Natural Resources, water management district, regional planning council, adjacent local governments and the school board prior to such amendment.
Objective VII 6	The city shall upon adoption of this objective, coordinate the Comprehensive Plan with the school board five-year facilities plan.
Policy VII 6 1	Until such time as interlocal agreement is adopted by the city and the school board in accordance with the requirement of F S Ch 163, part II and F S Ch 235, the following procedure shall be used to ensure intergovernmental coordination with the school board for the location of educational facilities within the city:  1. Upon receipt of a written notice from the school board informing the city of the acquisition or leasing of property to be used for new public educational facilities, the city shall notify the school board within 45 days as to the consistency of the site with the Comprehensive Plan; and  2. Subsequent to a request by the school board for a comprehensive plan determination, the city shall determine the consistency, with the Comprehensive Plan, of any proposed educational capital improvement projects
Policy VII.6 2.	Until such time as an interlocal agreement is adopted by the city and the school board in accordance with the requirements of F.S. Ch. 163, part II and F.S. Ch. 235, the following procedure shall govern the collaborative planning program and decision making concerning population projections and public school siting between the city and the school board:

In order to address the extension of public facilities to existing or new schools, subject to concurrency, all expansions or new construction of public, charter and private schools shall be subject to site and development plan review and approval.
In order to coordinate the effective and efficient provision and siting of educational facilities with associated infrastructure and services within the city, representatives of the city and the school board shall meet by the end of the year 2000 to develop mechanisms for coordination of educational facilities planning.
The city shall focus on the following coordinating mechanisms when discussing the interlocal agreement, required by F S. Ch. 163, part II and F.S. Ch. 235, with the school board:  1. Coordinate the review of the annual update of the Capital Improvements Element of the city and the annual educational facilities report and five-year school facilities plan of the school board;  2. Coordinate the review and assessment of the associated costs and expenditures of siting and developing schools with needed public infrastructure;  3. Coordinate the review of land uses that increase residential density;  4. Use a unified data base, including population forecasts (student population), land use and facilities; and  5. Use recreational and physical plant facilities in a manner which fosters the coordination of use of the facilities consistent with their multi-function design.
City of Waldo Objectives and Policies
Future Land Use Element
The City, upon adoption of this Comprehensive Plan, shall require the location of the following essential services, electrical transmission lines and substations, natural gas transmission lines, and radio, telecommunication and television antennas and towers, owned or operated publicly regulated entities, to be approved by the City Council. All other essential services, which are hereby defined to include and be limited to electrical distribution lines, water distribution lines and mains, sanitary sewer collection lines, force mains and lift stations, natural gas distribution lines and mains, telephone lines and substations, and cable television lines shall be exempt from any City approval and shall be permitted in any land use category. All public buildings and grounds, and public facilities not defined as an essential service herein and to be located outside of a public right-of-way or easement shall require an amendment to the Future Land Use Plan Map for designation as a public use.

Comment [GB2]: Modify Waldo as Laura Dedenbach material

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Policy I 13.1	The city Council shall use the following criteria in considering for approval the following essential services; electrical transmission lines and substations Natural gas transmission lines, and radio, telecommunications and television antennas and towers owned or operated publicly regulated entities:
	(a) No such essential service shall be sited within 500 leet of any
	hospital, said distance to be measured from the centerline of the electrical and natural gas transmission lines, as constructed, or the
	fenced area of electrical substations. In addition, all radio and
	telecommunication towers shall also maintain the rated self- collapsing distance from any use listed above
	Recreation and Open Space Element
Objective VI.2	The City, by May 1, 1992, shall maintain accurate recreation activity/facility inventories so that accurate levels of service can be determined, based upon the recreation resources available to the City
Policy VI 2.1	The City shall establish cooperative policies with other units of government, the Florida Department of Natural Resources Water Management District School Board and community organizations to maintain accurate recreation activity/facility inventories in order to
	determine the need for recreation facilities.
	Intergovernmental Coordination Element The City, upon adoption of this Comprehensive Plan, shall coordinate
Objective VII. 1	The City, upon adoption of this Comprehensive 1 and, its comprehensive planning with the School Board, Water Management District, adjacent local government comprehensive plans and other units of local government providing services but not having regulatory authority over the use of the land.
Policy VII 11	The City shall establish a procedure, as part of the Comprehensive Plan review and amendment process, that all plan amendments proposed within the Comprehensive Plan are coordinated with other units of local government, the School Board, and other units of government providing vices but not having regulatory authority over the use of land
Objective VII 3	The City shall coordinate the establishment and amendment of level of service standards for public facilities with state and local entities having operational and maintenance responsibility for such facilities prior to the adoption or any amendment of such level of service standards.
Policy VII 3 1	The City, as part of the Comprehensive Plan monitoring and evaluation process, shall coordinate amendments of any level of service standards with appropriate state, regional and local agencies, such as the Florida Department of Transportation, Florida Department of Environmental Regulation, Florida Department of Natural Resources. Water Management District, Regional Planning Council,

adjacent local governments and the School Board prior to such amendment

# **Coordinated Planning Techniques**

School planning is about providing adequate facilities, supporting network and services to meet the demands of growth and ensure a quality education for Florida's residents. In 2002, Governor Bush identified school planning as a critical issue facing Florida's communities and proposed legislation that required a comprehensive focus on school planning by requiring coordination of information.

The legislation requires local governments and school boards to enter into interlocal agreements that address school siting, enrollment forecasting, school capacity, infrastructure, collocation and joint use of civic and school facilities, sharing of development and school construction information, and dispute resolution and oversight.

In 2006, Alachua County, Alachua, Archer, Gainesville, Hawthorne, High Springs, LaCrosse, Micanopy, Newberry, Waldo and the School Board adopted the Interlocal Agreement for Public School Facility Planning. The process to adopt and implement the interlocal agreement has improved the working relationships between the County, School District and Municipalities and has led to a better understanding of each other's issues and concerns

The result has been better understanding and cooperative decision making for school projects, collaborative initiatives to purchase lands and utilize existing County- and School Board-owned lands, better coordination of neighborhood compatibility and infrastructure with school projects, and improved data sharing. Coordinated planning efforts are leading to improved timing of sidewalk projects, improved traffic flow surrounding schools, improved buffers with school neighbors, and improved sensitivity for historical structures.

Along with the coordination prompted by the interlocal agreement, Section 163 3174, Florida Statutes, requires the local planning agency, which in Alachua County is the Planning Commission, include a representative of the school district as a nonvoting member. This membership, along with the school board's review of development approval plans, keeps the School Board up-to-date on land use decisions that could affect future student populations.

Section 163.3177 (6) (a), Florida Statutes, requires that the future land use element of the comprehensive plan clearly identify the land use categories in which public schools are an allowable use. When delineating the land use categories where public schools are an allowable use, a local government is required to include in the categories sufficient land proximate to residential development to meet the projected needs for schools in coordination with public school boards and may establish differing criteria for schools of different type or size. Each local government shall include lands contiguous to existing school sites, to the maximum extent possible, within the land use categories in which public schools are an allowable use.

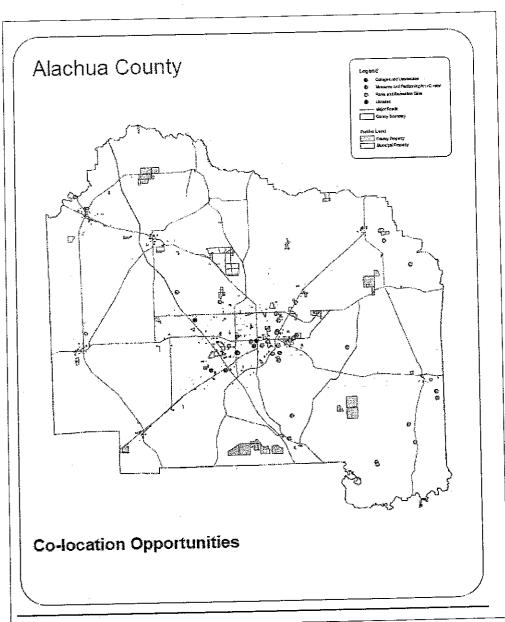
# Co-location and Shared Use of Schools

Building schools for multiple purposes can serve the needs for both education and the community. Opportunities may exist to co-locate schools with compatible public facilities, such as parks, recreation, libraries and other community facilities. Joint use of

school board and local government facilities and the creation of community-based programs with school facilities can enrich community life and provide a cost effective way to expand facilities.

The quality of schools can affect residential growth patterns, impact urban sprawl and can provide a catalyst in neighborhood revitalization. Successful neighborhoods incorporate schools and recreation and park sites within their boundaries. Linking schools with parks and recreation areas and other community facilities such as libraries can enhance the educational environment and bring the school closer to the community

**Map PSFE 12** lustrates existing co-location opportunities throughout the County. These maps indicate schools and complimentary public facilities such as libraries and parks are frequently located in close proximity offering opportunities for shared use.



Map PSFE 12: Co-location Opportunities

### **Emergency Shelters**

New educational facilities located outside a category 1, 2 or 3 evacuation zone are required to have core facility areas designed as Enhanced Hurricane Protection Areas unless the facility is exempted based on a recommendation by the local emergency management agency or the Department of Community Affairs. Certain factors are considered to qualify for the exemption, such as low evacuation demand, size, location, accessibility, and storm surge. For example, schools within counties that have adequate shelter capacity may be exempt. Table PSFE 16 provides an inventory of schools that serve as emergency shelters.

Table PSFE 16: Schools as Emerg	gency Shelters
Facility	Location
Westwood Middle School	3215 NW 15th Avenue
Food Service Building #18 (EHPA)	Gainesville, Florida 32605
Buchholz High School	5510 NW 27th Avenue
Classroom Building #8	Gainesville, Florida 32606
Eastside High School	1201 SW 43rd Street
Classroom Building #15	Gainesville, Florida 32641
Kanapaha Middle School	5005 SW 75 <sup>th</sup> Street
Classroom Buildings #3 and #4	Gainesville, Florida 32608
Oakview Middle School	1203 SW 250 <sup>th</sup> Street
Classroom Buildings #3 and #4	Newberry, Florida 32669
Talbot Elementary School	5701 NW 43 <sup>rd</sup> Street
Food Service #3	Gainesville, Florida 32653
Shell Elementary School	21633 SW 65 <sup>th</sup> Avenue
Food Service Building #5	Hawthome, Florida 32640
High Springs Community School	1015 North Main Street
Classroom Building #5	High Springs, Florida 32643
Rawlings Elementary School	3500 NE 15 <sup>th</sup> Street
Food Service Building #4 (EHPA)	Gainesville, Florida 32653

Source: Alachua County School District 2007-08

## **Enrollment & Capacity**

The evaluation of the present and future relationship of enrollment and school capacity is fundamental to effective school facilities planning and concurrency management. The Five-Year District Facilities Plan and the annual Capital Outlay Full Time Equivalent (COFTE) projections (cohort – survival technique) provided by the Florida Department of Education (DOE) as adjusted by Alachua County School District provide the foundation for this assessment.

Florida statutes require that the school enrollment projections made the DOE and the school districts be reconciled with population and housing projections used for comprehensive planning purposes

# Historic & Projected Enrollment

Current COFTE projections prepared by the DOE extend through the 2017-18 school year **Table PSFE 17** shows this projection of public school enrollment for Alachua County.

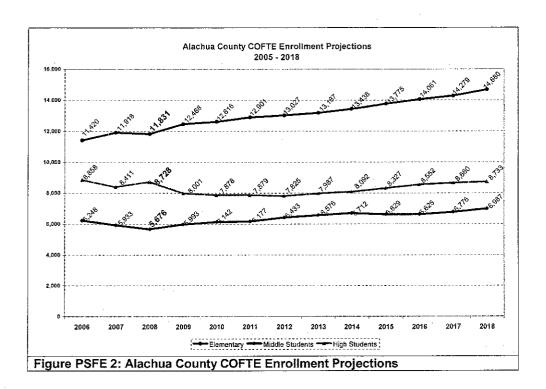
The COFTE projections include public school students only and do not include students receiving their education in private schools, by home schooling, charter schools or other facilities such as the county jail. In 2006 the public school enrollment in Alachua County represented approximately 80% of the school age population and approximately 11% of the total population. The relative growth of high, middle and elementary public school enrollment is illustrated in **Figure PSFE 2**.

Projected School Year	K-12 Enrollment	Students Added	Percent Increase	Elem Students	Middle Students	High Students
2005-06*	26,526			11,420	6,248	8,858
	26,262	-264	-1.00%	11,918	5,933	8,411
2006-07*	26,235	-27	-0.10%	11,831	5,676	8,728
2007-08*	26,462	227	0.86%	12,468	5,993	8,001
2008-09**	26,636	174	0.66%	12,616	6,142	7,878
2009-10**	26,957	321	1.21%	12,901	6,177	7,879
2010-11**	27,285	328	1.22%	13,027	6,433	7,825
2011-12**	27,750	465	1.70%	13,187	6,576	7,987
2012-13**	28,242	492	1.77%	13,438	6,712	8,092
2013-14**	28,731	489	1.73%	13,775	6,629	8,327
2014-15**		507	1,76%	14,061	6,625	8,552
2015-16**	29,238	477	1.63%	14,279	6,776	8,660
2016-17 2017-18	29,715 30,400	685	2,31%	14,680	6,987	8,733

Source: Florida Department of Education COFTE Projections Alachua County School District

<sup>\*</sup> Actual Note: Any discrepancy with actual figures shown in Table PSFE 18 are due to different reporting time-frames

<sup>\*\*</sup> Projected



## **Funding for Capital Improvements**

Ultimately the ability of the Alachua County School District to meet the capacity demands of the growing population depends upon the availability of funding for capital improvements and the effective application of these funds.

## Capital Outlay Revenues

Alachua County Public Schools receive capital outlay revenues from a variety of sources as identified in **Table PSFE 18**.

Table PSFE 18: Project	ted Capital O	ıtlay Revenue:	2007-2008			
Revenue Source	2007-08 Actual Budget	2008-09 Projected	2009-10 Projected	2010-11 Projected	2011-12 Projected	5 YR Total Projected
Capital Investment Tax (2 mil)	\$24,411,669	\$25,367,679	\$26,460,061	\$27,625,944	\$28,981,328	\$132,846,681
less school bus purchase	\$1,450,000	\$1,500,000	\$1,500,000	\$1,500,000	\$1,500,000	\$7,450,000
less other vehicle purchase	\$365,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$1,165,000
less transfer to	\$2,602,885	\$2,260,240	\$2,260,240	\$2,260,240	\$2,025,000	\$11,408,605
less debt service	\$6,202,358	\$6,152,090	\$6,151,900	\$6,150,000	\$6,150.000	\$30,806,348
less other expenditures	\$7,838,575	\$5,607,752	\$5,909,123	\$6,117,801	\$6,279,867	\$31,753,118
Net Available for Capacity	\$5,952,851	\$9,647,597	\$10,438,798	\$11,397,903	\$12,826,461	\$50,263,610
PECO New Construction	\$2,389,512	\$635,832	\$346,631	\$509,526	\$544,968	\$4,426,469
PECO Maintenance	\$3,678,193	\$3,529,001	\$3,153,171	\$2,940,156	\$2,921,161	\$16,221,682
COPs Proceeds	4010101110			\$24,000,000	\$33,000,000	\$57,000,000
CO & DS Maximum Proceeds	\$198,571	\$198,571	\$198,571	\$198,571	\$198,571	\$992,855
Effort Index Grant	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Classrooms for Kids	\$5,727,637	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$5,727,637
Private Donations - Fuel Tax Refund	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Interest, Including POI	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000	\$6,000,000
Transfer from Food Service Fund	\$225,000	\$225,000	\$225,000	\$225,000	\$225,000	\$1,125,000
Net Available for Capacity	\$15,693,571	\$11,907,000	\$12,409,000	\$37,531,000	\$47,995,000	\$125,535,57

Source: Alachua County Public Schools 5 Year District Facilities Plan 2007-08

The Capital Investment Tax (2 mil) is the most significant of the capital revenue sources. The District may allocate these funds only on capital projects contained in the DOE-approved School Plant Survey and the revenues tend to increase with both population growth and increasing property values. As noted, the CIT revenue is projected to rise from about \$24 million dollars annually to about \$29 million by 2011-12. Almost \$133 million is projected to be raised over the coming five years with about 38% of these funds (\$50 million) available for capacity enhancement

Public Education Capital Outlay (PECO) funds provided by the Department of Education are based on demonstrated capacity need. Over the five-year period, about \$4.4 million is expected from this source for expanded capacity.

Other revenue sources include: the Capital Outlay and Debt Service (CO&DS) Trust Fund, Capital Outlay Participation Bonds (COPs), a one-time appropriation for Classroom for Kids, Interest (including POI), and transfer from Food Service Fund

As shown by **Table PSFE 18**, the District projects net revenues available for capacity to be approximately \$125.5 million over the five-year planning period.

## Cost per Student Station

**Table PSFE 19** provides an indication of the "cost per student station" that has been experienced historically and the projected increases anticipated during the upcoming five years. Although actual costs will depend upon factors largely outside the control of the District, the five-year plan anticipates substantial cost escalation.

Fable PSFE 19: Projected Student Student Project Description	Planned Cost	Student Stations	COST/per StuSta
Alachua Elem - 10 Classroom Buildings	\$3,760,000	200	\$18,800
Santa Fe Senior High - New Classroom Building	\$4,587,000	250	\$18,348
FW Buchholz Senior High - New Science Lb Building	\$8,120,000	200	\$40,600
New Elementary F – High Springs	\$24,000,000	378	\$63,492
New Elementary H – West Urban	\$33,000,000	756	\$43,650
5-Year Total	\$73,467,000	1,784	\$41,181

Source: Alachua County Public Schools 5 Year District Facilities Plan 2007-08

The average "cost per student station" for the two new elementary schools programmed for the next 5 years is \$50,265

The costs projected in the following tables reflect the "cost per student station" estimates described above. As indicated by **Table PSFE 20**, the District has identified \$80.9 million in capacity needs

### Planned Capacity Enhancements

The 2007-08 Five-Year District Facilities Plan identifies the capacity enhancements programmed by the District for five-, ten- and twenty-year periods. As indicated by **Table PSFE 20**, the District has identified \$ 80.9 million in capacity needs.

The five-year period extending from 2007-08 through 2011-12 anticipates the expenditure of \$110.1 million. This expenditure is programmed to add 1,584 permanent student stations within the schools identified in **Table PSFE 20**. The Five-Year Facilities Plan also allocates \$29.2 million to the renovation of existing schools and general capital upgrades to the educational facility plant.

The District has also projected its needs for the twenty-year time period. These projections and the corresponding allocation of funds are also summarized in **Table PSFE 20**. Over the twenty-year period from 2007-08 through 2026-27, the District projects the expenditure of approximately \$314 million for capacity enhancements. This expenditure is programmed to add 6,464 student stations. The effect of this capital program on levels of service is discussed in the next section of this report.

**Table PSFE 20** also indicates the total land needs by school type to accommodate the five, ten and twenty-year program. Over the twenty-year planning period, 210 acres will be needed to accommodate new schools. Two (2) sites or fifty (50) acres will be required in the first 5 years.

Facility	5 Yr F	Program	10 Yr P	rogram	20 Yr P	rogram
	New Student Capacity	Budget	New Student Capacity	Budget	New Student Capacity	Budget
•		Capacity E	nhancemen	ts		
Alachua Elementary	200	\$6,977,000				
Santa Fe High	250	\$10,774,000				
Finley Elementary	200		80	\$2,261,000	7	
Fort Clarke Middle			300	\$3,889,000	<u>-</u>	
Elementary "F" High Springs	378	\$24,000,000		·	_	
Elementary "G" West Urban	756	\$33,000,000				
Newberry Elementary			88	\$1,771,000		
Elementary "H"	er in the		378	\$25,500,000		
Newberry Elementary "I" -					· ·	
Northwest Gainesville			378	\$25,500,000		
Elementary "J" - South Gainesville			378	\$25,500,000		<u>.</u>
Elementary "K" - Alachua			378	\$25,500,000		
Eastside High			200	\$7,320,000	1	
Buchhoiz High			200	\$8,120,000		
High "AAA"			· · . · . · ·		2,000	\$60,000,000
Middle Expansion					500	\$25,000,000
Total Capacity Enhancements	1,584	\$80,901,000	2,380	\$119,211,000	2,500	\$85,000,000
	1	enovation & l	Major Mainte	nance		
Williams Elementary	0	\$1,008,571				
High Springs	0	\$4 450,000				
Westwood Middle	0	\$3,700,000				1000
Gainesvilte High	0	\$2,500,000			A	
Loften High	0	\$1,700,000	1. A			
Administration Annex	0	\$120,000				
Citizens Field		\$60,000				
Traffic Safety Center	0	\$705,000				
Rawlings Elementary	0	\$289,000				
Lincoln Middle	0	\$1,000,000		÷		
Newberry Elementary	0	\$4,000,000	•			
Waldo Community	0	\$217,000				•
Sidney Lanier Center	0	\$600,000				
Shell Elementary	0	\$1,285,000				
Newberry High	0	\$5,060,000				
Horizon Center	0	\$2,500,000			•	
Total Renovation & Maintenance	0	\$29,194,571				-

	Land Needs	;			
Facility Type	5 Yr Program	10 Yr Program	20 Yr Program	<u>Total</u>	
High Schools	0	0	60	60	
Middle Schools	, 0	0	0	0	
Elementary Schools	50	100	0	150	
Total	50	100	60	210	

# **Chapter 3: School Capacity Needs**

Alachua County Public Schools currently accommodates an enrollment of 26,235 students (refer to **Table PSFE 6**). The current program capacity within the high, middle, elementary, and special schools operated by the District is 30,315 student stations representing a district-wide utilization factor of 86 5% and a surplus of 4,080 student stations.

The public student enrollment projection corresponding to the BEBR Medium projection indicates that approximately 6,000 students (refer to **Table PSFE 6**) will be added district-wide by 2025. Overall the addition of 6,400 new student stations as planned by the District (refer to **Table PSFE 20**) would appear to meet this demand. However, the availability of student stations should also match the student demand for each type of school and be geographically proximate to that demand.

Permanent program capacity is used as the basis for determining elementary, middle, and high school capacity for purposes of managing school concurrency. To ensure that adequate school capacity is available, a level of service (LOS) standard 100% of permanent program capacity is established for elementary, middle, and high schools

The following sections of this report examine each of these school types to determine if the program for capacity enhancement is sufficient to (1) alleviate existing capacity deficiencies and (2) maintain adopted levels of service throughout the planning period

### SCHOOL CAPACITY PLANNING AREAS

School concurrency as established by Florida statutes is applied in the regulatory context at the time new residential development impacts the school system. This point is defined by the statute to be at the final plat stage (single family residential) or its equivalent site plan stage (multi-family) that is the point in the development process where the investment in infrastructure (streets, water, sewer, etc.) is committed. The configuration and alternatives discussed in this report are directed at this regulatory requirement.

In reality, the task of planning for school capacity to coincide with the demand created by new development must begin much earlier in the development process. Comprehensive plan amendments, developments of regional impacts, rezonings, planned developments, preliminary plans and preliminary site plans that potentially generate public school students should include a review of school capacity needs.

Planning for schools should primarily address the geographic relationship of high, middle and elementary capacity to the residential development and the communities that it serves. Consequently, school capacity should be an integral part of the planning of new residential development throughout the planning process. The identification and preservation of sites and the timely commitment of funds for the building of schools cannot wait until the final stages of construction.

To assure that the planning of school capacity is integrated into the comprehensive planning process, it is recommended that the Public School Facilities Element and the Interlocal Agreement recognize the distinction between long range school facility

planning and the regulatory application of school concurrency at the actual development stage

The SPCAs should form the basis for evaluating school capacity for all planning and preliminary regulatory review for residential development throughout Alachua County and serve as the basis for "developer agreements" designed to preserve school sites and assure the timely commitment of school construction

This objective can be accomplished by the establishment of "School Capacity Planning Areas" (SCPAs) as distinct components of the Public School Facilities Element

#### HIGH SCHOOLS

## High School Capacity Planning Areas

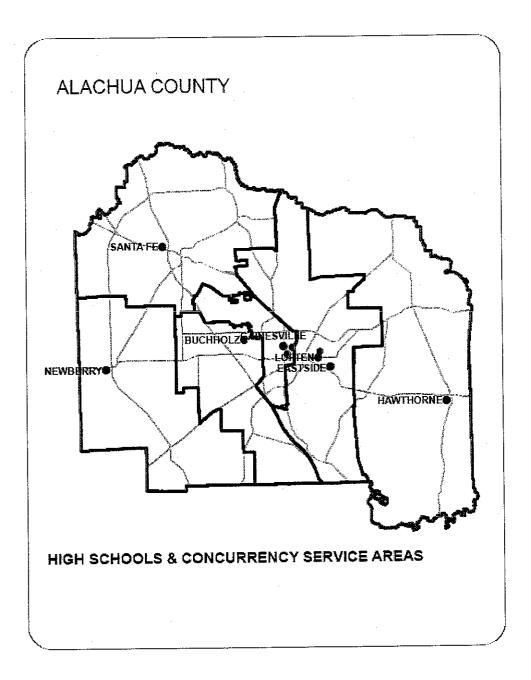
High School Capacity Planning Areas (SCPAs) coincide with High School Concurrency Service Areas and reflect the following factors:

- Community-based boundaries generally identified by municipal reserve and extraterritorial area created by the boundary adjustment act; and
- 2. The identification of recognizable geographic features such as major roadways and environmental features such as lakes and major wetland systems.

# High School Concurrency Service Areas

For the purpose of implementing school concurrency, modified concurrency service areas have been developed as illustrated by **Map PSFE 15** These modified CSAs represent an adaptation of current middle school attendance zones to reflect the following factors

- Community-based boundaries generally identified by municipal reserve and extraterritorial area created by the boundary adjustment act;
- 2. The reduction of the effect of the "adjacency" rule; and
- 3 The identification of recognizable geographic features such as major roadways and environmental features such as lakes and major wetland systems.



Map PSFE 13: High Schools & Modified Concurrency Service Areas

High school enrollment in Alachua County is accommodated by seven high schools and 3 special purpose schools. These schools provide a total permanent program capacity of 9,347 student stations (refer to **Table PSFE 21**). The 2007-08 actual enrollment is 8,728 representing a district-wide level of service of 97.9%. Buchholz and Santa Fe are currently operating in excess of the 100% utilization rate.

		2007-08		 		
School	Permanent Program Capacity 2007-2008	Actual COFTE Enrollment 2007-08	Actual Utilization (%) 2007- 08	Projected Program Capacity	Projected COFTE	Projected Utilization (%)
Buchholz	2,054	2,376	115.7%	2,054	1,860	90.6%
Eastside	2,037	1,839	90.3%	2,037	1,661	81.5%
Gainesville	2.029	2,023	99.7%	2,029	1,933	95.3%
Hawthorne	464	261	56.3%	464	232	50.0%
Loften	420	178	42.4%	420	160	38.1%
	612	581	94.9%	612	605	98.9%
Newberry	1,001	1,230	122.9%	1,431	1,158	80.9%
Santa Fe	44	37	84.1%	44	34	76.4%
AQ Jones	150	118	78.7%	150	106	70.6%
Horizon	<del></del>	85	80.2%	106	77	72.6%
Lanier	106	<del>                                     </del>		9,347	7,825	83.7%
TOTAL HIGH	8,917	8,728	97.9%	<u> </u>	J,023	

Source: Alachua County Public Schools 5 Year District Facilities Plan 2007-08 and Florida Department of Education COFTE Projections 2007

Table PSFE 21 shows the capacity-relationship by high school concurrency service areas (CSA) This table is derived by prorating the capacity and enrollment of Loften

High School and the AQ Jones, Horizon and Lanier special schools. The applied ratios shown by **Table PSFE 22** reflect the proportion of the high school enrollment in each CSA to the total districtwide high school enrollment.

School Capacity & Enroll CSA	Ratio
BUCHHOLZ CSA	28%
EASTSIDE CSA	22%
GAINESVILLE CSA	24%
HAWTHORNE CSA	5%
NEWBERRY CSA	7%
SANTA FE CSA	14%

This analysis indicates that the Buchholz and Santa Fe CSAs are operating above the 100% utilization rate in 2007-08. Due the capacity enhancements noted in Table 25, declining enrollment projections and operational modifications<sup>13</sup>, all high school CSA's will be operating below the 100% standard by 2011-12.

Operational modifications include the alteration of attendance zones, modification of student assignment polices, modification of capacity utilization within schools and other modifications within the SBAC's operational prerogatives

Table PSFE 23: 5	Yr District F	acilities Plan 2007-08	– High Schoo	ls by CSA	2011-12	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
School	Permanent Program Capacity 2007-2008	Actual COFTE Enrollment 2007-08	Actual Utilization (%) 2007-08	Projected Program Capacity	Projected COFTE	Projected Utilization (%)
BUCHHOLZ CSA	2 256	2 493	110.5%	2,256	1,965	87.1%
EASTSIDE CSA	2,195	1,931	88.0%	2,195	1,744	79.4%
GAINESVILLE CSA	2,202	2.123	96.4%	2,202	2,023	91.9%
HAWTHORNE CSA	500	282	56.4%	500	251	50.2%
NEWBERRY CSA	662	610	92.1%	662	631	95.3%
SANTA FE CSA	1,102	1,289	116.9%	1,532	1 211	79.0%
TOTAL HIGH	8,917	8,728	97 9%	9 347	7,825	83.7%

Source: Alachua County Public Schools 5 Year District Facilities Plan 2007-08 and Florida Department of Education COFTE Projections 2007

#### **FIVE YEAR PROGRAM**

As indicated in **Table PSFE 23**, the Five-Year District Facilities Plan anticipates the addition of 250 student stations through improvements to existing schools. This increase along with program adjustments will produce a district-wide high school 2011-12 level of service for permanent program capacity of 83.7% All high schools and CSAs in the five year program are projected to operate within the adopted level of service standard by 2011-12 The Five Year Program is illustrated by **Map PSFE 14**.

<u>Land Requirements</u> No new high school sites are required in the Five-Year Facilities Plan

<u>Supporting Infrastructure</u> Supporting infrastructure is deemed adequate to support the high school system under the Five-Year District Facilities Plan.

<u>Ancillary Facilities</u> Improvements are planned to the Administration Annex, Citizens Field and the Traffic Safety Center during the five year program (refer to Table PSFE 21).

#### TEN YEAR PROGRAM.

No new high schools are planned within the ten year period, refer to **Table PSFE 24** and **Map PSFE 15**. Additional capacity for 400 students will be provided by expansions at Eastside High and Buchholz High.

Land Requirements No additional land will be required for the ten year period.

<u>Supporting Infrastructure</u> High schools will not require substantial infrastructure investments

<u>Ancillary Facilities</u> The current and planned inventory of ancillary facilities is adequate to support the school system through the 2016-17 school year.

		nge District Facilitie Yr Program	10 Yr	Program	20 Yr Program	
High School Facility	Capacity Added	Budget	Capacity Added	Budget	Capacity Added	Budget
GAINESVILLE	0	\$2,500,000				
LOFTEN	0	\$1,700,000				
SANTA FE	250	\$10,774,000			1	
EASTSIDE	N 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Andrew Market	200	\$ 7,320,000		
BUCHHOLZ	1	the state of the	200	\$ 8,120,000	J ·	
LANIER	0	\$600,000				
HORIZON	0	\$2,500 000	<u>.</u>	Table 1		
NEWBERRY	0	\$ 5,060,000			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
High AAA					2,000	\$60,000,000
	0.50	\$23,136,000	400	\$15,440,000	2,000	\$60,000,000
Total	250	\$23,130,000		ogram Total	2,650	\$98,574,000
	<u> </u>		201111	0		60
Land Needs		0	Total	and Needs		60

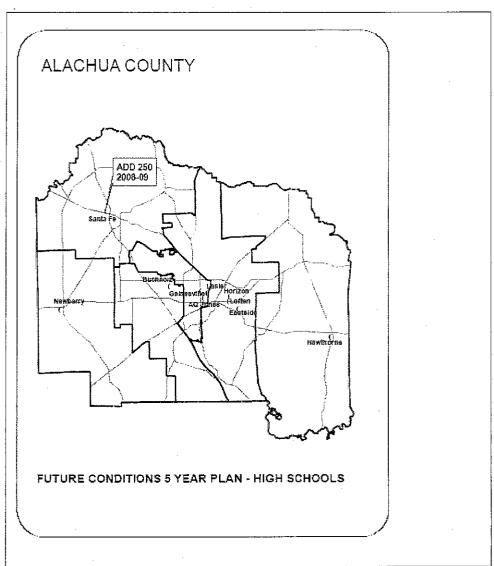
# TWENTY YEAR PROGRAM

During the twenty year planning period, one new high school will be required and located within the western portion of the County (**Table PSFE 24**). **Map PSFE 16** illustrates the improvements planned over a twenty year period.

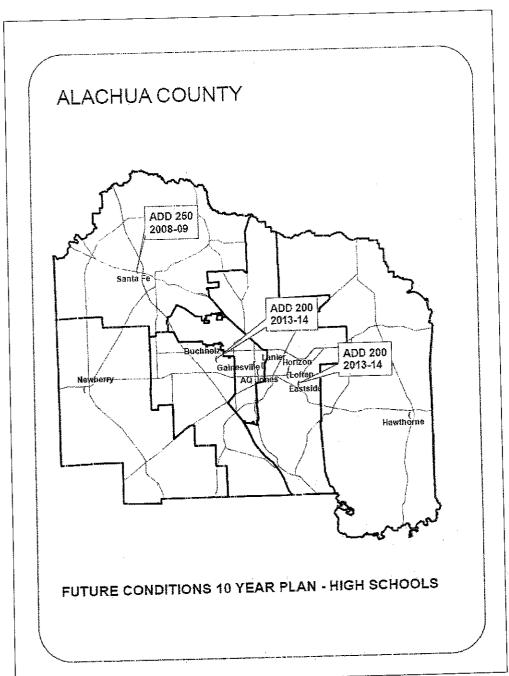
Land Requirements. One new site will be required

<u>Supporting Infrastructure.</u> Infrastructure requirements to support a new high school have not been determined.

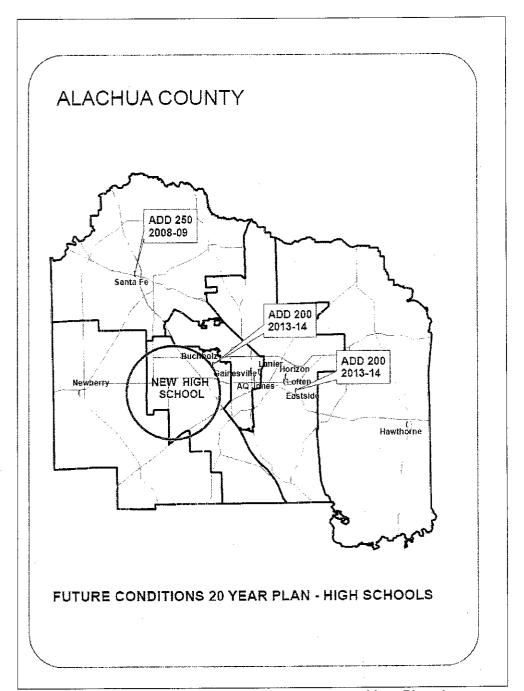
<u>Ancillary Facilities</u> The current and planned inventory of ancillary facilities is adequate to support the school system through 2025.



Map PSFE 14: High Schools Future Conditions 5 Year Planning Period



Map PSFE 15: High Schools Future Conditions 10 Year Planning Period



Map PSFE 16: High Schools Future Conditions 20 Year Planning Period

#### MIDDLE SCHOOLS

## Middle School Capacity Planning Areas

Middle School Capacity Planning Areas (SCPAs) coincide with Middle School Concurrency Service Areas and are intended to reflect the following factors:

- 1 Community-based boundaries generally identified by municipal reserve and extraterritorial area created by the boundary adjustment act; and
- 2 The identification of recognizable geographic features such as major roadways and environmental features such as lakes and major wetland systems.

#### Middle School Concurrency Service Areas

For the purpose of implementing school concurrency, modified concurrency service areas have been developed as illustrated by **Map PSFE 17**. These CSAs represent an adaptation of current high school attendance zones to reflect the following factors

- Community-based boundaries generally identified by municipal reserve and extraterritorial area created by the boundary adjustment act;
- 2. The reduction of the effect of the "adjacency" rule; and
- 3. The identification of recognizable geographic features such as major roadways and environmental features such as lakes and major wetland systems.

Alachua County currently has nine middle schools (refer to **Table PSFE 25**). Middle school capacity is also provided within three special schools and Loften High. **MAP PSFE 18** shows the location of middle schools and the improvements planned by 2011-12.

		2007-08		2011-12 .		
School	Permanent Program Capacity	Actual COFTE	LOS Permanent Program Capacity (%)	Permanent Program Capacity	Projected COFTE	LOS Permanent Program Capacity (%)
BISHOP	1,108	785	70.8%	1,108	883	79.7%
FORT CLARKE	868	862	99.3%	868	819	94.4%
HAWTHORNE (6-8)	244	183	75.0%	244	149	61 1%
HIGH SPRINGS	436	349	80.0%	436	393	90.1%
KANAPAHA	1,079	879	81.5%	1,079	1,048	97.1%
LINCOLN	1,053	734	69.7%	1,053	825	78.3%
MEBANE	778	463	59.5%	778	520	66.8%
OAK VIEW	777	394	50.7%	657	566	86.1%
WESTWOOD	1,122	924	82.4%	1,122	1,115	99.4%
LOFTEN (8)	108	25	23.1%	108	28	25.9%
AQ JONES	33	17	51.5%	33	19	57.6%
HORIZON	142	47	33.1%	142	53	37.3%
LANIER	94	14	14.9%	94	15	16.0%
TOTAL MIDDLE	7,842	5,676	72.4%	7,722	6,433	83.3%

Source: Alachua County Public Schools 5 Year District Facilities Plan 2007-08 and Florida Department of Education COFTE Projections 2007

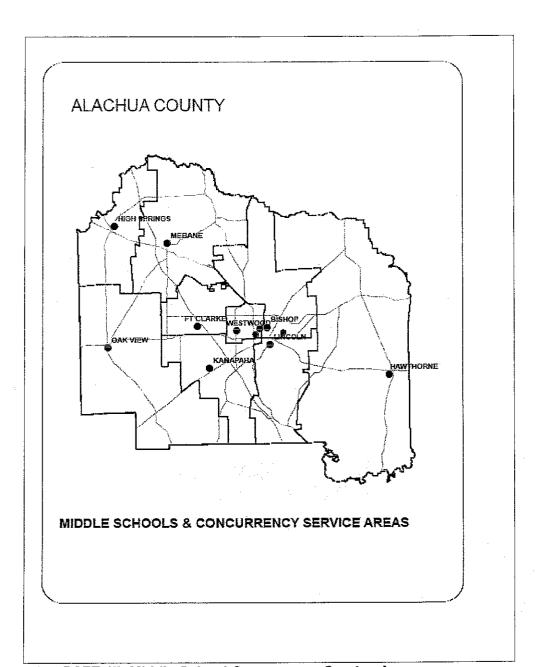
### **FIVE YEAR PLAN**

As indicated in Table PSFE 27, 2007-08 permanent program capacity is 7,842 student stations. The 2007-08 enrollment is 5,676 students representing a districtwide utilization

rate of 72 4%. The SBAC expects to convert 120 student stations to elementary capacity by 2011-12. By that year the enrollment is projected to reach 6,433 producing a utilization rate of 833% Due to capacity modifications enhancements and attendance zones, all middle schools and CSA's will operate below the 100% utilization rate thorough the 2011-12 school year.

Table PSFE 26: Allocation of Districtwide Middle School Capacity & Enrollment				
CSA	Ratio			
BISHOP CSA	14%			
FORT CLARKE CSA	16%			
HAWTHORNE CSA	3%			
HIGH SPRINGS CSA	6%			
KANAPAHA CSA	16%			
LINCOLN CSA	13%			
MEBANE CSA	8%			
OAK VIEW CSA	7%			
WESTWOOD CSA	17%			

The applied ratios shown by Table PSFE 26 reflect the proportion of the middle school enrollment in each CSA to the total districtwide high school enrollment.



Map PSFE 17: Middle School Concurrency Service Areas

School	<u></u>	2007-08		2011-12		
	Actual Program Capacity	Actual COFTE	LOS Permanent Program Capacity (%)	Projected Program Capacity	Projected COFTE	LOS Permanent Program Capacity (%)
BISHOP CSA	1,161	799	68.9%	1,161	899	77.5%
FORT CLARKE CSA	928	878	94.6%	928	837	90.2%
HAWTHORNE CSA	255	186	72 9%	255	152	59 7%
HIGH SPRINGS CSA	459	355	77.4%	459	400	87.2%
KANAPAHA CSA	1,139	895	78.6%	1,139	1,066	93.6%
LINCOLN CSA	1,102	747	67.8%	1,102	840	76.2%
MEBANE CSA	808	471	58.3%	808	529	65.5%
OAK VIEW CSA	803	401	49.9%	683	574	84.0%
WESTWOOD CSA	1,186	942	79.4%	1,186	1,135	95.7%
TOTAL MIDDLE	7,842	5,676	72,4%	7,722	6,433	83.3%

<u>Land Requirements</u> No additional land is required to support the 5 year middle school plan.

<u>Supporting Infrastructure</u> No additional infrastructure is required to support the 5 year middle school plan.

<u>Ancillary Facilities</u> The current inventory of ancillary facilities (refer **Table PSFE 10**) is adequate to support the school system through the 2011-12 school year.

	Long Range District Faciliti 5 Yr Program		10 Yr Program		20 Yr Program	
Middle School Facility	Capacity Added	Budget	Capacity Added	Budget	Capacity Added	Budget
Westwood	0	\$3,700,000				
Lincoln	0	\$1,000,000	7			•
Fort Clarke			264	\$3,889,000	·	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Middle Expansion		5.4. 35 16	A State Com	s yan sin in	500	\$25,000,000
Total	0	\$4,700,000	264	\$3,889,000	500	\$25,000,000
		20 Yr Program Total		764	\$33,589,000	
and Needs 0		0		0		
			Total Land Needs		0	

#### **TEN YEAR PROGRAM**

No new middle schools or student stations are planned for the ten year program. (Refer to **Table PSFE 28**). **Map PSFE 19** illustrates the improvements required over the ten year planning period.

<u>Land Requirements</u> No new sites are required to accommodate the ten year middle school program

Supporting Infrastructure

No additional infrastructure is required to support the ten
year middle school plan.

<u>Ancillary Facilities</u> The current inventory of ancillary facilities (refer **Table PSFE 14**) is adequate to support the school system through the 2017-18 school year.

### **TWENTY YEAR PROGRAM**

Approximately 500 additional student stations will be required by 2025. It is anticipated that this capacity will be provided by the expansion at selected middle schools located in the western portion of the County (Refer to **Table PSFE 28**). **Map PSFE 20** illustrates the improvements planned over a twenty year period.

<u>Land Requirements</u> No new sites are required to accommodate the twenty year middle school program

<u>Supporting Infrastructure</u> No new infrastructure improvements are required to accommodate the twenty year middle school program

<u>Ancillary Facilities</u> The current inventory of ancillary facilities (refer **Table PSFE 14**) is adequate to support the school system through 2026.