

Phone: 334-5011/Fax 334-2229

Box 46

Mayor and City Commission

DATE: October 23, 2000

SECOND READING

FROM:

City Attorney

SUBJECT:

Ordinance No. 0-00-87; Petition No. 153TCH-99PB

An ordinance of the City of Gainesville, Florida, replacing Section 3 of Appendix A of the Land Development Code (the Special Area Plan for

College Park); providing directions to the codifier; providing a severability clause; providing a repealing clause; and providing an

immediate effective date.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The City Commission adopt the proposed ordinance, as amended.

This ordinance amends the special area plan for the College Park Area. At first reading of this ordinance on September 11, 2000, the City Commission requested staff to consider citizen comments on this ordinance for second reading. On October 9, staff presented optional changes to the City Commission. The attached special area plan contains the text agreed to by the City Commission; changes are shown in gray.

Prepared by:

Patricia M. Carter,

Sr. Assistant City Attorney

Approved and

Submitted by: Marion J. R.

City Aftorney

MJR:PMC:sw

D R A F T

10-16-00

1	ORDINANCE NO
2	0-00-87
3	
4	An ordinance of the City of Gainesville, Florida, replacing Section 3 of
5	Appendix A of the Land Development Code (the Special Area Plan for College Park); providing directions to the codifier; providing a
6 7	severability clause; providing a repealing clause; and providing an
8	immediate effective date.
9	
.0	WHEREAS, the City Plan Board authorized the publication of notice of a Public
1	Hearing that the text of the Land Development Code of the City of Gainesville, Florida,
12	be amended; and
13	WHEREAS, notice was given and publication made as required by law and a
14	Public Hearing was then held by the City Plan Board on December 16, 1999; and
15	WHEREAS, notice was given and publication made of a Public Hearing which
16	was then held by the City Commission on February 14, 2000; and
17	WHEREAS, pursuant to law, an advertisement no less than 2 columns wide by
18	10 inches long was placed in a newspaper of general circulation notifying the public of
19	this proposed ordinance and of a Public Hearing in the Auditorium of City Hall in the
20	City of Gainesville, at least 7 days after the day the advertisement was published; and
21	WHEREAS, a second advertisement no less than 2 columns wide by 10 inches
22	long was placed in the same newspaper notifying the public of the second Public Hearin
23	to be held at the adoption stage at least 5 days after the day the advertisement was
24	published; and
25	WHEREAS, the Public Hearings were held as advertised and the parties in
26	interest and all others had an opportunity to be and were, in fact, heard;
27	NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COMMISSION OF

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T RAF

10-16-00

THE CITY OF GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA: 1 Section 1. The Special Area Plan for College Park (Exhibit "A") is hereby adopted to 2 replace the Special Area Plan for College Park adopted by ordinance 3779, as modified (codified as Section 3 of Appendix A of the Land Development Code). The specific 4 regulations of the Special Area Plan for College Park and the administration and 5 enforcement of these regulations as delineated in Exhibit "A" shall be made a part hereof 6 as if set forth in full. The area covered by the College Park Special Area Plan shall 7 remain unchanged and is shown in Exhibit "B", which shall be made a part hereof. 8 Section 2. It is the intention of the City Commission that the provisions of the special 9 area plan adopted by this ordinance shall become and be made a part of Land 10 Development Code of the City of Gainesville, Florida, and that the Sections and 11 Paragraphs of this ordinance may be renumbered or relettered in order to accomplish 12 such intentions. 13 Section 3. If any section, sentence, clause or phrase of this ordinance is held to be 14 invalid or unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, then said holding shall 15 in no way affect the validity of the remaining portions of this ordinance. 16 Section 4. All ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict herewith are to the extent of 17 such conflict hereby repealed, except as stated in this ordinance. 18 Section 5 This ordinance shall become effective immediately upon final adoption. 19 20 PASSED AND ADOPTED this ______ day of _______, 2000. 21 22 23

MAYOR

PAULA M. DeLANEY

Petition No. 153TCH-99PB

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D R A F T 10-16-00

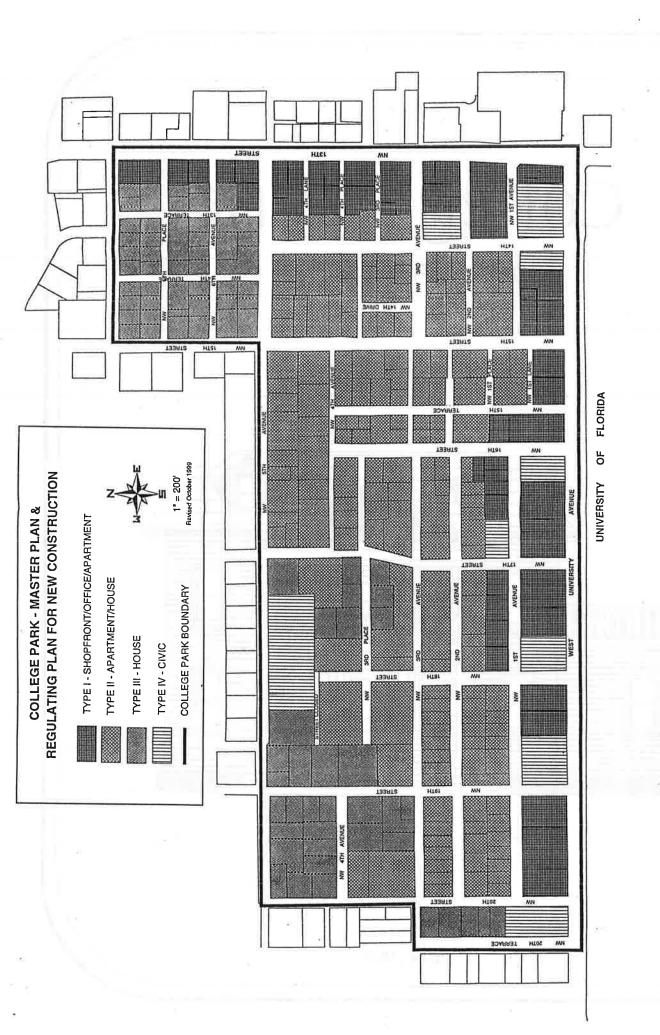
A'	TTEST:	Approved as to form and le	gality
	URT M. LANNON LERK OF THE COMMISSION	MARION J. RADSON CITY ATTORNEY	
T	his Ordinance passed on first reading this	day of	_, 2000.
	his Ordinance passed on second reading this	day of	,

College Park

Special Area Plan



July 2000



Definitions 1 3 Adjacent: Property that physically abuts the 4 subject property on the same side of the street. Arcade Building: a building with a ground level 6 passageway through a portion of the building. 7 The passage is covered and lined with shops or booths. The passage may be more than one 9 story in height with projecting balconies and walkways. 11 12 13 Build-to line: a line parallel to the property line, along which the principal plane of the building shall be built. The Build-to line is determined in 15 relation to the property line. 16 17 Civic: Administrative or legislative government 18 offices, schools. 19 20 21 Expansion: For expansions to existing structures resulting in an increase of floor area in 22 excess of 10%, all new construction shall meet 23 standards for new construction contained herein. 24 25 26 Facade: The principle face, front elevation, or vertical surface of a building which is set along a 27 frontage. 28 29 Frontage: That side of a lot abutting a street 30 right-of-way. When a lot abuts more than one 31 street, it is that side that abuts the more primary 32 street or street designed for the highest 33 pedestrian scheme. For a corner lot, all sides 34 abutting a street shall be considered frontage. 35 36 Intent: To provide standards for consistent, 37 quality construction which will protect and enhance the stability, scale and pedestrian 39 character of the neighborhood, and promote lasting redevelopment. 41 42 Main Entrance: The entrance of the building 43

which is most architecturally prominent and

contains operable doors.

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Maintenance: These standards shall not be applied to regular maintenance activities including repairs necessitated by fires or natural 49 disaster which restore the structure to its original conditions. 51 52 53 Mechanical Equipment: A heating, ventilation, or air conditioning unit placed 54 outside of a building. 55 56 Parapet: A low, solid, protective screening or 57 decorative wall often used around a balcony or balcony, or along the edge of a roof. 59 60 Renovations: When renovations are valued at 61 under 50% of the tax assessed value of the 62 structure, only the new construction shall be made to meet these standards. When renovations are valued at 50% or more of the tax assessed value of the structure, the entire 66 structure shall be made to meet the standards 67 except roof expansions which are regulated 68 specifically as contained herein. 69 70 Roof Renovation: Roof renovations shall meet 71 either these standards or match the existing roof structure, type and style. 73 74 Roof Expansion: Roof expansions may meet 75 standards or match existing roof type and material up to 100% of the existing roof area at 77 which point entire roof will be brought into 78 compliance with these standards. 79 80 Screening Wall: A wall made of fieldstone, 81 brick, stucco, wrought iron (or equivalent to wrought iron), or a combination of these 83 materials, excluding round industrial railing and 84 chain link. The wall shall create a visual buffer 85 and shall be at least 25% solid. 86 87 Street Edge: The vertical face formed by 88 building facades, street trees, and screening walls which is aligned along a street, forming a

comfortable people-scaled space.

1	Exception Criteria				
2	10				
3					
4	Exceptions to the architectural standards	20 21	a.	The structure is officially designated as historically significant and these	
5 6	contained in this special area plan can be granted upon the finding of the appropriate reviewing	22		standards conflict with standards	
7	board, City Manager, or designee that the	23		established for the preservation of	
8	proposed development activity meets both of the	24 25		historic structures, or;	
9	following criteria:	26	b.	The application of these standards	
10	1 Ti	27	0.	would result in inconsistency of	
11 12	1. The proposed construction is consistent with the overall intent of the Special Area Plan	28		proportion and scale with the existing	
12	and;	29		structure, or;	
14		30			
15		31	c.	The application of these standards	
16		32		would result in the project being made	
17	structure and not the result of the action of	33		financially infeasible.	
18	the applicant, would result from the strict	34			
19	adherence to these standards because:				
35					
36					
37		248	12.22	law The	
38	Effect of C	Clas	sific	ation	
39					
40		51 52	0.00	e further regulated by the Special Area	
41		53		lan. Where the Special Area Plan	
42 43		54		ddresses a requirement, the underlying	
43		55		oning shall not apply.	
45	The state of the s	56	-		
46		57	2. T	he appropriate reviewing board or staff	
47		58	sl	nall review development and additions for	
48		59		ompliance with the provisions of this	
49	underlying zoning district and all other	60		verlay in order to assure high quality	
50	applicable regulations remain in effect and	61	p	edestrian-oriented development in this area	

Regulations For The College Park Neighborhood Plan

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Sidewalks

Intent. Sidewalks, when properly designed and maintained, provide the pedestrian with a

- pleasant, safe, and convenient place to walk, and mitigate traffic impacts by making the area more
- walkable. They are therefore an important
- public space in the Traditional City. Sidewalks 11
- which are too narrow are inconvenient, 12
- especially in areas with large volumes of 13
- pedestrians, for pedestrians walking side-by-side 14
- (which requires a minimum sidewalk width of 5
- feet unobstructed), and for people using
- wheelchairs. In addition, sidewalks that are too 17 curvilinear or that wrap around large block faces 18
- are an impediment to pedestrian convenience. 19

20 21

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Standard. All buildings or developments must provide sidewalks along the street edge(s) of their property. Sidewalks shall be placed to align with existing sidewalks. Sidewalk

- connections from the principal building to the public sidewalk must be provided, and be
- aligned to minimize walking distance. 27
- Curvilinear sidewalks are not allowed unless 28
- they are necessary to avoid significant trees, 29
- stormwater basins, or topography, as determined 30
- by the appropriate reviewing board, City 31 Manager or designee. The maximum length of a
- 33
 - block face shall be 480 feet, unless shortened

34

66 67 68

Minimum Sidewalk widths

Multi	-Family	
Residentia	al/Industrial	
Street	Sidewalk	
Classification	Width	
Local	6 feet	
Collector	7 feet	
Arterial	7 feet	

35

36 with cross-access sidewalks, arcades buildings 37

- or alleys, so that the face is no more than 480 38
- 39
- The minimum unobstructed width shall be 2 feet 40
- less than the required sidewalk width, as long as 41
- at least 5 feet of unobstructed width is retained. 42
- At transit stops, the minimum width is 8 feet
- of unobstructed width. Minimum width for a 44
- tree strip shall be 4 feet, or such other width as 45
- may be adequate for tree placement, unless the 46
- tree strip requirement is waived by the 47
- appropriate reviewing board, City Manager or 48
- designee. 49

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In order to maintain a consistent street edge of adjacent buildings, the appropriate reviewing

- board, City Manager or designee may modify 53
- the required sidewalk width and the tree strip
- width in order to achieve the above-stated intent. 55 In areas where a sidewalk pattern as to materials
- 56 and width has been adopted, the appropriate
- 57 reviewing board, City Manager or designee can 58
- allow the pattern to be continued by each new 59
- development. If the sidewalks installed are less
- than the minimums provided above, sufficient space shall be provided in order for these
- minimum sidewalk widths to be added in the
- 64

Commercial/Institutional						
Office/Mixed Use						
Street	Sidewalk	Ī				
Classification	Width					
Local	7 feet					
Collector	8 feet					
Arterial	12 feet					

Build-to Line shade and shield the pedestrian from wet 27 28 weather. 2 Intent. The intent of a build-to line is to pull 29 3 In general, the goal of a commercial build-to the building façade close to the street and 30 streetside sidewalk. By doing so, building 31 line should be that the width of the street 5 facades along a block face will be aligned to 32 corridor (as measured by opposing building 6 form a street edge that frames the public realm, facades) and the height of the buildings shall be 7 33 at least a ratio of 1:1 to 3:1. (The width should while retaining sufficient width for people to 34 be no more than three times the height.) When walk, and sufficient space to provide formal the building across the street is not properly landscape created by street trees. The street 36 10 pulled up to the street, the desired ratio is 1.5:1 edge shapes the public realm to provide a sense 37 11 as measured from the street centerline. of comfort and security for the public space. The 12 38 build-to prevents overly large setbacks. Overly 39 13 40 Standard. A build-to line range is specified by large setbacks are inconvenient and unpleasant. building lot type. They increase walking distances from the public 41 15 42 sidewalk. They prevent the pedestrian on the Stoops, stairs, chimneys, and bay windows are public sidewalk from enjoying building details 43 17 and activity within the building. Similarly, 44 allowed to extend beyond the build-to line as 18 long as they do not exceed more than 25 percent overly large setbacks contribute to sign 19 of the front façade. Open porches, projecting proliferation and visual blight because a 46 20 signs, balconies, arcades, awnings and outdoor building set back a large distance often needs to 47 "shout," with signs, at passing motorists and cafes may also extend beyond the build-to line. 48 22 However, at least 5 feet of unobstructed transit users, bicyclists, and pedestrians in order 23 50 sidewalk width and room for any required tree to be noticed. Buildings pulled up to the street 24 sidewalk have more of a human scale, and allow strip must be retained. 25 for the construction of canopies which create 52 53 54 55

Building Additions

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Intent. Building additions shall be in keeping
with the Special Area Plan. The primary
structure on the site shall be classified into one
of the Building Type categories by City staff.
The building addition shall then follow the
requirements as described for the appropriate
Building Type or standards set by City staff.

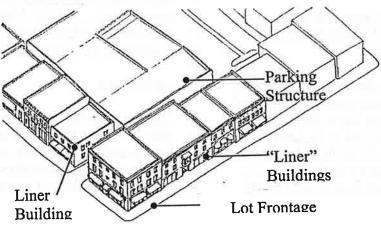
66 **Standard.** Additions should be in keeping with 67 the architectural style of the existing structure.

Exterior walls should be of the same or
 compatible material and finish as the
 existing structure.

Windows should have a similar proportion
 and style of mullions as the windows of the
 existing structure.

New roof additions should be a similar materialto the existing roof.

1	Façade Requirements		
2	Intent. Well designed building facades can	19	On attached building types such as Shopfront
4	encourage pedestrian activity, and improve	20	buildings or Rowhouses, the sides located on
5	safety and visual appearance.	21	interior property lines do not require windows,
6	butory and visual appearance.	22	expression lines, or cornices.
7	Standard. Building façades shall have	23	
8	windows, sills, lintels, expression lines and a	24	On detached building types, windows are
9	cornice. The front façade of the building is also	25	required on sides of all structures set back
10	required to have its primary entrance face the	26	greater than 3 or more feet from the side
11	street.	27	property line. A minimum of 10% glazing is
12		28	required.
13	Expression lines are required on stucco and	29	
14	brick buildings.	30	Detailed façade requirements are specified in the
15		31	building types. City staff may further define
16	"Main Street" Shopfront buildings do not	32	building façade requirements.
17	require sills or lintels on first floor windows that	33	
18	display merchandise.	34	
35	, p	_	The state of the s
36	C. In II Y IN		
37	Structured Parking Lot Placement		
38	Total Darling atmentures shall not be visible	56	
39	Intent. Parking structures shall not be visible	57	building between the parking structure and the
40	from a frontage street.	58	lot frontage of all adjacent streets, the liner
41	Standard. Parking structures shall be set back a	59	building must be placed along the more primary
42	minimum of 40 feet from the property lines of	60	street frontage and along other frontages only
43 44	4 44 44 44 44 4	61	where feasible. The more primary street shall be
45	placed between parking structures and the lot	62	
÷46		63	
47		64	
48		65	enhancements will be required on all other
49		66	frontages to ensure that there will be no blank
50		67	walls along street frontages. In instances where
51		68	full-height liner building are infeasible, the liner
52		69	may be limited to first-floor retail, office or
53		70	residential use (as appropriate under applicable
54		71	zoning).
55			
72			
73		11	XXX
74			11 12 /
75		1	



1	Off-Street Parking Requirements	27 28	
2	Parking Mitigation. The minimum off-street	29	Automobiles
3	parking requirement may be mitigated by the	30	
4 5	amount of on-street parking directly abutting	31	Minimum—one parking space per two
6	each parcel proposed for development. This	32	bedrooms
7	provision shall encourage a reduction of off-	33	Maximum—one parking space per
8	street paving and result in better use of the	34	bedroom
9	property, thus encouraging redevelopment.	35	Excess—none allowed
10	property, mas encouraging redevelopment.	36	
11	Parking Requirements. Except as provided for	37	Bicycles
12	herein, design requirements for vehicle and	38	•
13	bicycle parking shall be in accordance with	39	Minimum—one bicycle parking facility
14	Article IX of the City of Gainesville Land	40	per two bedrooms
15	Development Regulations. Parking may be	41	Ŭ.
16	provided within 600 feet of the building.	42	B. Non-residential uses. No minimum
17	provided within 500 feet of the sumaning.	43	number of parking spaces required
18	A. Multiple-family dwelling. The number	44	except as provided herein.
19	of off-street vehicle and bicycle parking	45	
20	spaces required for multiple-family	46	Note: Back-out parking repealed by Ordinance
21	dwellings located in the Special Area	47	960426 on 2/17/97.
22	Plan shall be as stipulated in this	48	
23	section. For the purposes of this section,	49	
24	multiple-family is as defined in the City	50	
25	of Gainesville Land Development	51	
26	Regulations.		
52	2.00		
53		_	
54			
55	Landscape Standards		
55 56	Landscape Standards		
	Landscape Standards Total Number of Trees Required	77	reduced if the build-to line established by the
56	Total Number of Trees Required	77 78	City Manager or designee or the appropriate
56 57	Total Number of Trees Required		City Manager or designee or the appropriate reviewing board precludes or reduces the front
56 57 58		78	City Manager or designee or the appropriate reviewing board precludes or reduces the front buffer area. Tree spacing shall be in accordance
56 57 58 59	Total Number of Trees Required Developing or redeveloping properties are	78 79 80 81	City Manager or designee or the appropriate reviewing board precludes or reduces the front buffer area. Tree spacing shall be in accordance with the right-of-way planting requirements
56 57 58 59 60	Total Number of Trees Required Developing or redeveloping properties are required to provide shade trees based on the lot's	78 79 80 81 82	City Manager or designee or the appropriate reviewing board precludes or reduces the front buffer area. Tree spacing shall be in accordance
56 57 58 59 60 61	Developing or redeveloping properties are required to provide shade trees based on the lot's private outdoor space. The property owner is	78 79 80 81 82 83	City Manager or designee or the appropriate reviewing board precludes or reduces the front buffer area. Tree spacing shall be in accordance with the right-of-way planting requirements rather than the underlying buffer requirements.
56 57 58 59 60 61 62	Developing or redeveloping properties are required to provide shade trees based on the lot's private outdoor space. The property owner is also required to improve the adjacent public	78 79 80 81 82 83 84	City Manager or designee or the appropriate reviewing board precludes or reduces the front buffer area. Tree spacing shall be in accordance with the right-of-way planting requirements rather than the underlying buffer requirements. Existing trees on the lot and on the adjacent
56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63	Developing or redeveloping properties are required to provide shade trees based on the lot's private outdoor space. The property owner is also required to improve the adjacent public right-of-way to the standard set by the Special Area Plan and City Manager or designee.	78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85	City Manager or designee or the appropriate reviewing board precludes or reduces the front buffer area. Tree spacing shall be in accordance with the right-of-way planting requirements rather than the underlying buffer requirements. Existing trees on the lot and on the adjacent swales may count toward the total number of
56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64	Developing or redeveloping properties are required to provide shade trees based on the lot's private outdoor space. The property owner is also required to improve the adjacent public right-of-way to the standard set by the Special Area Plan and City Manager or designee. Three trees including at least 2 shade trees are	78 79 80 81 82 83 84	City Manager or designee or the appropriate reviewing board precludes or reduces the front buffer area. Tree spacing shall be in accordance with the right-of-way planting requirements rather than the underlying buffer requirements. Existing trees on the lot and on the adjacent swales may count toward the total number of trees required. The City Manager or designee
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56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69	Developing or redeveloping properties are required to provide shade trees based on the lot's private outdoor space. The property owner is also required to improve the adjacent public right-of-way to the standard set by the Special Area Plan and City Manager or designee. Three trees including at least 2 shade trees are required for every 1,200 square feet of private outdoor space on the lot. Parking lots other than single-family driveways shall meet the landscape requirements specified	78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91	City Manager or designee or the appropriate reviewing board precludes or reduces the front buffer area. Tree spacing shall be in accordance with the right-of-way planting requirements rather than the underlying buffer requirements. Existing trees on the lot and on the adjacent swales may count toward the total number of trees required. The City Manager or designee shall approve which existing trees may count towards the total required trees. Street Trees
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56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72	Developing or redeveloping properties are required to provide shade trees based on the lot's private outdoor space. The property owner is also required to improve the adjacent public right-of-way to the standard set by the Special Area Plan and City Manager or designee. Three trees including at least 2 shade trees are required for every 1,200 square feet of private outdoor space on the lot. Parking lots other than single-family driveways shall meet the landscape requirements specified in the Land Development Code. Street buffer yards requirements specified in the Land Development Code shall also be met. Spacing	78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93	City Manager or designee or the appropriate reviewing board precludes or reduces the front buffer area. Tree spacing shall be in accordance with the right-of-way planting requirements rather than the underlying buffer requirements. Existing trees on the lot and on the adjacent swales may count toward the total number of trees required. The City Manager or designee shall approve which existing trees may count towards the total required trees. Street Trees Street trees intended to provide pedestrian shade shall be located in the right-of-way swale or near the sidewalk on the private property. The City
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College Park Special Area Plan

1	may dictate that street trees shall, in some cases,	13	Quality of Trees
2	be required instead on private property behind	14	
3	the sidewalk.	15	All trees planted shall be Florida Grade #1 or
4		16	better, at least 10 feet tall with a trunk caliper of
5	Commercial and mixed-use streets (such as	17	at least 2 inches in a 25-gallon container.
6	University Avenue) shall have shade trees	18	Species must be chosen from the list of trees in
7	planted with an average spacing of 45 35 feet on	19	the Approved Tree List in the Land
8	center. Trees are not required when arcades and	20	Development Code. Each shade tree shall have
9	colonnades are present.	21	a minimum root area of 140 square feet at or
	Coloimades are present.	22	below grade. The minimum root space
10	Residential Streets shall have shade trees planted	23	requirement can be met by using soil materials
11		24	that are engineered to accommodate root growth
12	an average spacing of 30 feet on center.	25	under hardscape.
26 27	W		
28			
29	Mechanical equipment	40	
30		41	
31	Intent. Mechanical equipment, when	42	building, or otherwise visually screened from the
32	improperly located on a site or improperly	43	street. In no case shall mechanical equipment be
33	screened, can contribute to noise problems and	44	allowed along street frontage(s). (see Figure 19)
34	create visual blight.	45	Mechanical equipment on the roof shall be
35		46	screened from abutting streets with parapets or
36	Standard. All mechanical equipment must be	47	other types of visual screening
37	placed on the roof, in the rear or side of the	48	
38		49	
39			
27			

Trash <u>Dumpsters</u> receptacles

Intent. Trash dumpsters receptacles shall be provided without compromising the quality of the street. Trash dumpsters shall not be visible or malodorous to pedestrians.

8 Standard. All trash dumpsters receptacles must
9 be placed in the side or the rear of the building.
10 Trash dumpsters shall not be visible from the
11 street. Trash dumpsters receptacles shall be
12 visually screened from the street. Screening
13 such as decorative walls or fencing shall be tall
14 enough to buffer dumpsters receptacles from
15 view. Screening shall be a maximum height of

16 7 feet. 17

1

2

If stored outside of the building, and if the building is not residential only, all solid waste, recycling, yard trash containers (except litter containers), and grease containers, shall be placed at the side or the rear of the building and attached to that building with an enclosing wall, so that it is not visible from the street. The

enclosing wall shall not exceed 7 feet in height,
 and shall be finished or painted with the same
 material as is used on the building. The

28 enclosing wall shall be fitted with an opaque

29 sliding or hinged door and working latch.

30 Loading docks shall be placed at the side or rear 31 of the building, and shall be screened from the

32 street. If the building is residential only, such

63 64

containers shall be located in parking areas or in a location remote from the streetside sidewalk. 34 When in a parking area, solid waste, recycling, and yard trash containers (except litter 36 containers), and grease containers, shall be 37 38 located in that portion of the parking area furthest from from a streetside sidewalk. Such containers shall the streetside sidewalk, or at 40 least 20 feet be screened with an enclosing wall 41 to minimize sound to and visibility from 42 43 abutting streets or residences.

44 Note: Type I and Civic lots are located on 45 blocks that are only one lot deep. This creates a 46 fronts and backs problem where buildings have 47 two street frontages. Trash dumpsters 48 receptacles shall be accessed from the rear of the 49 building, or the secondary frontage. Type I and Civic buildings that face the street on two sides 51 are encouraged to locate trash dumpsters 52 receptacles in the side yard. 53 54 The sharing of a common location for the 55 56

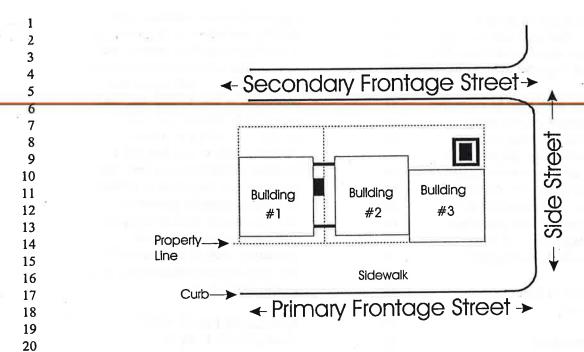
storage of trash for several buildings orbusinesses is acceptable.

"Trash Shacks," a sealed and cooled self-compacting container, may be used.

22 23

24

25



Buildings #1 and 2 are sharing a side yard for the storage of trash receptacles. They have placed a decorative gate and fence between the two buildings.

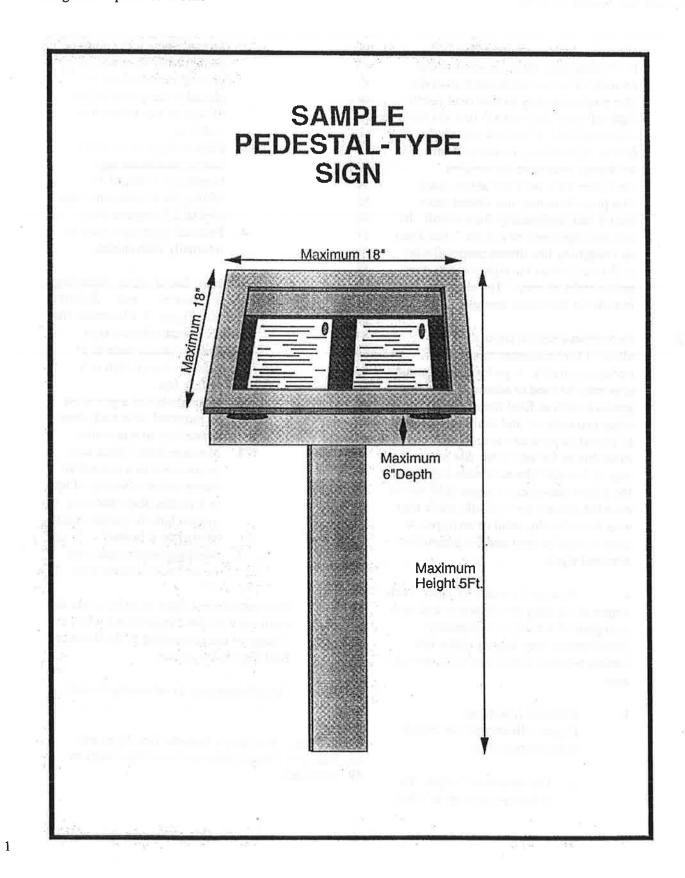
Building #3 has no side yard, the trash dumpster is away from the property line and is hidden from the street by a decorative fence.

Signs shall be regulated by both these 53 clear plastic or protective acrylic covering - may be internally illuminated. Signs may be externally illuminated. Signs may be externally individual channel letter neon signs that are internally illuminated. Signs may be externally individual channel letter neon signs that are internally illuminated. Signs may be externally illuminated. Signs may be externally individual channel letter neon signs that are internally illuminated. Signs may be ex	:6		226	
28 Signs shall be regulated by both these 29 Signs shall be regulated by both these 30 regulations and Article IX, Division 1: Signs 31 Regulations, in the Land Development Code. 32 Where there is conflict between Article IX and 33 these regulations, these regulations shall prevail. 34		Signs	h. stained glass (with an uncolored	
29 Signs shall be regulated by both these 30 regulations and Article IX, Division 1: Signs 31 Regulations, in the Land Development Code. 32 Where there is conflict between Article IX and 33 these regulations, these regulations shall prevail. 34 59 35 1. Signs may be externally illuminated. 36 Signs must be constructed of the 37 following materials and may not be 38 painted directly on walls. 39 40 a. fabric 41 b. wood 42 c. material other than plastic with a 43 wood-like appearance 44 d. unpainted stone 45 e. unpainted brick 46 f. stucco-finished material. 47 g. cast- or hand-wrought iron, bronze, 48 brass or other material (except 49 plastic) having the appearance of 50 cast- or hand-wrought iron, brass or		2-5	53 clear plastic or protective acrylic	
regulations and Article IX, Division 1: Signs Regulations, in the Land Development Code. Where there is conflict between Article IX and these regulations, these regulations shall prevail. Signs may be externally illuminated. Signs must be constructed of the following materials and may not be painted directly on walls. for an activate and a may not be a fabric c material other than plastic with a wood-like appearance dunpainted brick for stucco-finished material for stucco-finished material for stucco-finished material for stucco-finished material for cast- or hand-wrought iron, brass or for material of the material (except plastic) having the appearance of cast- or hand-wrought iron, brass or		Signs shall be regulated by both these	54 covering - may be internally	
Regulations, in the Land Development Code. Where there is conflict between Article IX and these regulations, these regulations shall prevail. Negulations, in the Land Development Code. Where there is conflict between Article IX and these regulations, these regulations shall prevail. Negulations, in the Land Development Code. Where there is conflict between Article IX and these regulations, these regulations shall prevail. Sequipment of the side property line and must be placed of the succo-finished material except plastic) having the appearance of cast- or hand-wrought iron, brass or the material for the side property line and must be placed of the vision triangle. Only one ground mounted sign is allowed per development.			55 illuminated)	
Where there is conflict between Article IX and these regulations, these regulations shall prevail. The secondary of the secondary illuminated. The seconda				
these regulations, these regulations shall prevail. The struction of the distribution			57 letter neon signs that are internally	
34 35 1. Signs may be externally illuminated. 36 Signs must be constructed of the 37 following materials and may not be 38 painted directly on walls. 39 40 a. fabric 41 b. wood 42 c. material other than plastic with a 43 wood-like appearance 44 d. unpainted stone 45 e. unpainted brick 46 f. stucco-finished material 47 g. cast- or hand-wrought iron, bronze, 48 brass or other material (except 49 plastic) having the appearance of 50 cast- or hand-wrought iron, brass or 59 j. lettering on transparent windows or doors k. neon strip lighting in accordance with Section 30-316(d)(2) of the Land Development Code. 60 61 62 Coround mounted signs must be placed a minimum of 10 feet from the side property line and must be placed outsid of the vision triangle. Only one ground mounted sign is allowed per development.			58 illuminated.)	
35 1. Signs may be externally illuminated. 36 Signs must be constructed of the 37 following materials and may not be 38 painted directly on walls. 39 40 a. fabric 41 b. wood 42 c. material other than plastic with a 43 wood-like appearance 44 d. unpainted brick 45 e. unpainted brick 46 f. stucco-finished material 47 g. cast- or hand-wrought iron, bronze, 48 brass or other material (except 49 plastic) having the appearance of 50 cast- or hand-wrought iron, brass or		- ·	j. lettering on transparent windows or	
Signs must be constructed of the following materials and may not be painted directly on walls. a. fabric b. wood c. material other than plastic with a wood-like appearance d. unpainted stone e. unpainted brick f. stucco-finished material f. stucco-finis				
following materials and may not be painted directly on walls. a. fabric b. wood c. material other than plastic with a wood-like appearance d. unpainted brick e. unpainted brick f. stucco-finished material g. cast- or hand-wrought iron, bronze, plastic) having the appearance of cast- or hand-wrought iron, brass or following materials and may not be 62 with Section 30-316(d)(2) of the Land Development Code. Roof mounted signs are prohibited. Ground mounted signs must be placed a minimum of 10 feet from the side property line and must be placed outsid of the vision triangle. Only one ground mounted sign is allowed per development.	36			
39 40 a. fabric 65 41 b. wood 42 c. material other than plastic with a 43 wood-like appearance 69 44 d. unpainted stone 45 e. unpainted brick 46 f. stucco-finished material 47 g. cast- or hand-wrought iron, bronze, 48 brass or other material (except 50 cast- or hand-wrought iron, brass or 50 64 65 2. Roof mounted signs are prohibited. 66 67 68 minimum of 10 feet from the side 69 property line and must be placed outsid 69 of the vision triangle. Only one ground 60 mounted sign is allowed per 61 62 63 65 64 65 65 66 67 67 67 68 68 69 69 69 69 69 60 61 61 61 62 61 62 63 64 65 65 66 67 67 67 68 68 69 69 69 69 69 60 61 61 61 62 63 64 65 65 66 67 67 67 68 67 68 68 69 69 69 69 69 60 61 61 61 62 62 63 64 65 65 66 67 67 68 67 68 68 69 69 69 69 69 60 61 61 61 62 63 64 65 65 66 67 67 68 67 68 68 69 69 69 69 69 60 61 61 61 62 63 63 64 65 65 66 67 68 67 68 67 68 68 69 69 69 69 69 69 69 60 60 61 60 61 61 61 62 63 64 65 65 66 67 67 68 67 68 68 69 69 69 69 69 69 60 60 61 60 61 60 61 61 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 68 68 69 69 69 69 69 60 60 61 60 61 60 61 60 61 61 61 61 62 62 63 64 64 65 66 67 68 68 68 69 69 69 69 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60	37	following materials and may not be		
a. fabric b. wood c. material other than plastic with a wood-like appearance d. unpainted stone e. unpainted brick f. stucco-finished material property line and must be placed outsid of the vision triangle. Only one ground mounted signs are prohibited. Ground mounted signs must be placed a minimum of 10 feet from the side property line and must be placed outsid of the vision triangle. Only one ground mounted sign is allowed per development.	38	painted directly on walls.		
41 b. wood 42 c. material other than plastic with a 43 wood-like appearance 44 d. unpainted stone 45 e. unpainted brick 46 f. stucco-finished material 47 g. cast- or hand-wrought iron, bronze, 48 brass or other material (except 49 plastic) having the appearance of 50 cast- or hand-wrought iron, brass or	39			
42 c. material other than plastic with a wood-like appearance 43 wood-like appearance 44 d. unpainted stone 45 e. unpainted brick 46 f. stucco-finished material 47 g. cast- or hand-wrought iron, bronze, brass or other material (except plastic) having the appearance of cast- or hand-wrought iron, brass or 48 plastic) having the appearance of cast- or hand-wrought iron, brass or 50 Ground mounted signs must be placed a minimum of 10 feet from the side property line and must be placed outsid of the vision triangle. Only one ground mounted sign is allowed per development.	40	a. fabric		
wood-like appearance d. unpainted stone e. unpainted brick f. stucco-finished material g. cast- or hand-wrought iron, bronze, brass or other material (except plastic) having the appearance of cast- or hand-wrought iron, brass or minimum of 10 feet from the side property line and must be placed outsid of the vision triangle. Only one ground mounted sign is allowed per development.	41			
43 Wood-like appearance 44 d. unpainted stone 45 e. unpainted brick 46 f. stucco-finished material 47 g. cast- or hand-wrought iron, bronze, 48 brass or other material (except 49 property line and must be placed outsid 69 of the vision triangle. Only one ground 69 mounted sign is allowed per 69 development. 70 development. 71 development.	42	 c. material other than plastic with a 		
45 e. unpainted brick 46 f. stucco-finished material 47 g. cast- or hand-wrought iron, bronze, 48 brass or other material (except 49 plastic) having the appearance of 50 cast- or hand-wrought iron, brass or	43	wood-like appearance		
45 e. unpainted brick 46 f. stucco-finished material 47 g. cast- or hand-wrought iron, bronze, 48 brass or other material (except 49 plastic) having the appearance of 50 cast- or hand-wrought iron, brass or	44	d. unpainted stone		
47 g. cast- or hand-wrought iron, bronze, 48 brass or other material (except 49 plastic) having the appearance of 50 cast- or hand-wrought iron, brass or	45			
brass or other material (except 73 plastic) having the appearance of 75 cast- or hand-wrought iron, brass or 75	46			
plastic) having the appearance of cast- or hand-wrought iron, brass or 75	47		_	
50 cast- or hand-wrought iron, brass or 75	48			
30 Cast- of hand-wrought from, brass of	49			
61 h-cours /U	50	cast- or hand-wrought iron, brass or		
51 bronze.	51	bronze.	.70	

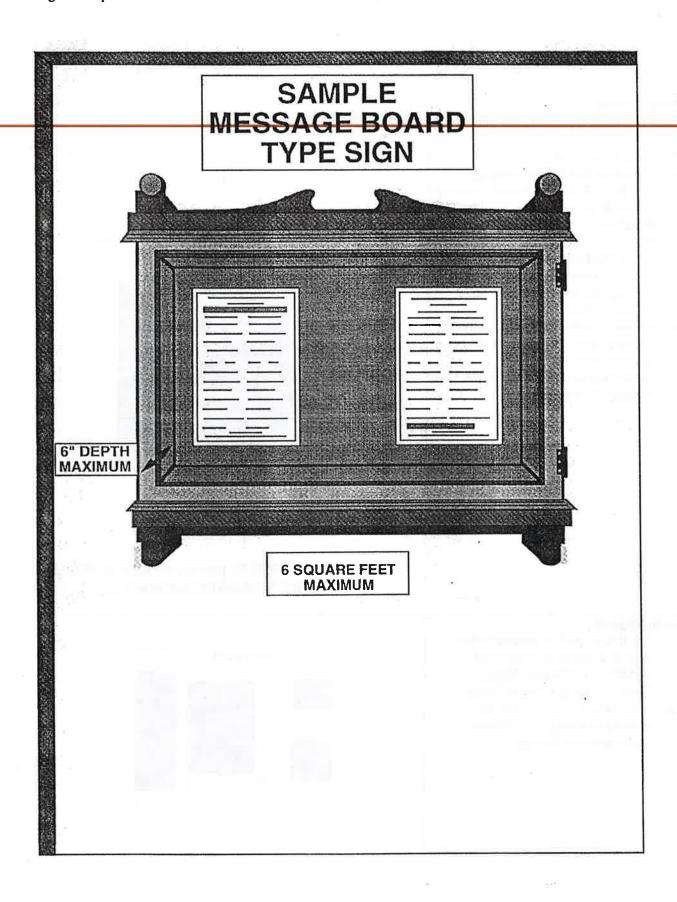
1	4.		52	sign area for wall-mounted signs
2		mounted signs shall be 8 feet for Type		shall be equivalent to 10 percent of
3		and Type IV development and five fee		the surface area of the exterior wall
4		for Type II and Type III development.	55	which is the primary entrance/exit to
5			56	the occupancy or 100 square feet,
6	5.	Maximum Sign Area shall be measure		whichever is less. In addition, each
7		by using the largest surface area	58	unit shall be allowed one under-
8		viewable at one time from any one	59	canopy sign with a maximum
9		direction parallel to the ground. Lots	60	vertical height of one foot and a
10		with frontage on two or more streets	- 61	maximum width of three feet. An
11		may have an additional 50 percent of	62	under-canopy sign shall be defined
12		secondary sign area, contained in a	63	as a sign suspended beneath a
13		single sign located on the secondary	64	canopy, ceiling, roof, or marquee.
14		building frontage. The following	65	The under-canopy sign must
15		maximum standards shall apply:	66	maintain a vertical clearance of 9
16		maximum bumanta onan appry	67	feet over any pedestrian walkway or
17		a. Type I (MU-1) single-occupancy	68	public right-of-way.
18		development:	69	para again,
		development.	70	c. Multifamily Type II (RMU)
19		Ground-mounted:	71	development: 12 sq. ft.
20		16 square feet	72	do rotopinom 12 og 200
21		10 square reer	73	d. Civic buildings shall be allowed
22		Each single ecoupancy develop	74	signage in keeping with their zoning
23		Each single-occupancy develop-		designation and consistent with the
24		ment may display up to two wall-	76	standards established above.
25		mounted signs on the side of the	70 77	Standards obtablished above.
26		development facing its primary		6. Each single-occupancy development
27		street frontage. The total wall-		may have one projecting sign, up to a
28		mounted sign area shall be equiva		maximum of 6 square feet in sign area,
29		lent to 10 percent of the surface a		in lieu of one of the allowable wall-
30		of the building at the street fronta		mounted signs. Projecting signs must be
31		or 100 square feet, whichever is	82	constructed entirely of a non-
32		smaller. Only one building side		combustible material. The projection
33		be considered as being the	84	
34		building's primary street frontage		may extend over public right-of-way.
35			86	At least a 9 foot vertical clearance must
36	;	b. Type I (MU-1) multiple occupan		be maintained above public right-of-way
37	,	development:	88	or any pedestrian walkway; otherwise
38	3		89	the vertical clearance must be 8 feet
39)	Ground-mounted:	90	
40)	16 square feet for the developme	nt 91	extend more than 4 feet horizontally
41		as a whole	92	
42			93	least 2 feet from an imaginary line
43		Each occupant of a multiple-	94	
44		occupancy development may	95	
4:		display up to two wall-mounted	96	way. The sign may not intrude on the
40		signs on the portion of the buildi	ng 97	vision triangle.
4		which is included as part of the	98	
4		occupant's individually leased o		
4		owned premises. The sign must		development may have one projecting
5		placed on the side which is the	101	
5		primary entrance/exit. The total		4 44 0 04
J	•	Printary Chiamoto Onto. The total		•

College Park Special Area Plan

1		allowable wall-mounted signs.	46		2. Pedestal-type signs shall be
2		Projecting signs must be constructed	47		permanently mounted in the
3		entirely of a non-combustible material.	48		ground, and shall not be
4		The projection may extend over public	49		placed in the public right-
5		right-of-way. At least a 9-foot vertical	50		of-way or any pedestrian
6	_	clearance must be maintained above	51		walkway.
7		public right-of-way or any pedestrian	52		3. Pedestal-type signs shall
8		walkway; otherwise the vertical	53		have a maximum sign
9		clearance must be 8 feet above grade.	54		length and width of 18
10		The projection may not extend more	55		inches, for a maximum sign
11		than 4 feet horizontally from a wall. Its	56		area of 2.25 square feet.
12		outside edge must be at least 2 feet from	57		4. Pedestal-type signs may be
13		an imaginary line drawn perpendicular	58	2	internally illuminated.
14		to the curb when the sign projects over	59		
15		public right-of-way. The sign may not	60		c. Message-board signs, including
16		intrude on the vision triangle.	61		chalk boards and bulletin
17			62		boards. Figure 2 illustrates the
18	8.	Pedestrian-oriented signs shall be	63		sample message-board sign.
19		allowed for businesses to attract	64		1. The maximum area of a
20		pedestrian traffic. A pedestrian-oriented	65		message-board sign is 6
21		sign may be used to advertise changing	66		square feet.
22		specials such as food items, menus or	67		2. Message-board signs must
23		other promotions; and shall only be used	68		be mounted on a wall, door,
24		to advertise products or services	69		or window of a business.
25		available or for sale at the site where the	70		Message-board signs may
26		sign is located. The allowable sign area	71		be mounted in a protective
27		for pedestrian-oriented signs shall not be	72		frame with a covering of up
28		counted against the total allowable sign	73		to 6 inches deep; and may
29		area for a development or business. A	74		project into the public right-
30		permit must be obtained for pedestrian-	75		of-way by 6 inches.
31		oriented signs.	76		4. Message-board signs may
32		5	77		be internally illuminated.
33		a. Permitted number of signs. Each	78		*
34		single-occupancy development and each	79	9.	Non-conforming signs must be made to
35		occupant of a multiple-occupancy	80		conform with these regulations when a
36		development may display either one	81		change of use (according to the Standard
37		message-board sign or one pedestal-type	82		Building Code) occurs.
38		sign.	83		
39		9.6	84	10.	Fabric signs may be internally lit only.
40		b. Pedestal-type signs.	85		
41		Figure 1 illustrates the sample	86		
42		pedestal-type sign.	87	See F	Figure #1 (Sample Pedestal-Type Sign) and
43		podostar type otg	88	Figu	re #2 (Sample Message Board Type Sign) on
43		1. The maximum height of a	89	next	page.
44		pedestal-type sign is 5 feet.			
43		podecial typo sign to a room			
		*			



- 13 -



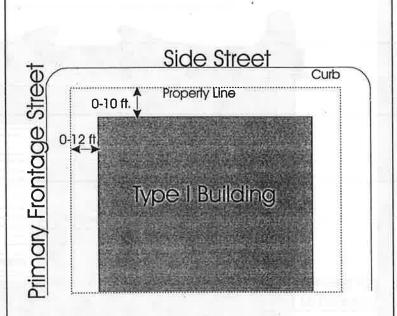
Urban Regulations For New Construction - Type I

Instructions

This building type includes shopfronts, offices, apartments or townhouses.

Building Placement

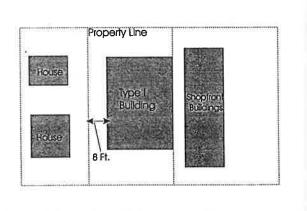
- 1. Shopfront and Office buildings 0 ft. to 12 ft. from the front property line, 0 ft. to 10 ft. from the side street property line. The City Manager, designee or appropriate board shall set build-to line location to insure enough room for sidewalks and appropriate street trees on narrow rights-of-way.
- 2. In cases where the block is only one lot deep, new buildings should be oriented towards the street of greater hierarchy, known as the Primary Frontage Street.



Min. build-out 80% for primary frontage street; Minimum 70% build-out for rear street

Side Setback

- No side setback is required when next to existing or designated Shopfront buildings, <u>Offices</u>, Townhouses or Civic buildings.
- 2. A minimum of 8 ft. when next to existing or designated Offices, Apartments or Houses.

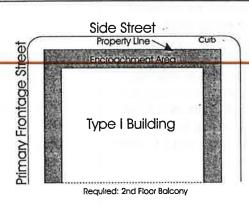


8

Urban Regulations For New Construction - Type I (Continued)

Encroachments

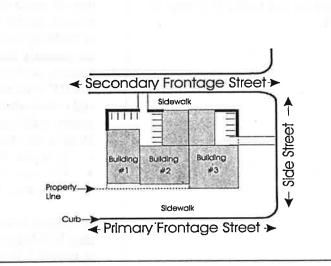
- 1. Balconies shall be permitted to encroach forward of the build-to line. Balconies shall be a minimum of 9 ft. above grade and 18 in. behind the face of the curb.
- 2. Stoops and open porches shall be permitted to encroach forward of the build-to line.
- 3. For encroachment into right-of-way, permission is required from public entity responsible for right-of-way.



2

Parking

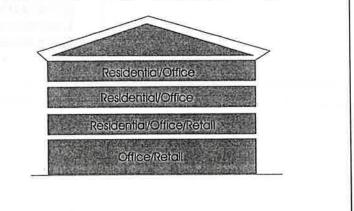
- 1. Parking shall occur in the rear of the lot, behind the buildings.
- 2. Driveways may be shared to reduce the number of curb cuts.
- 3. On corner lots, driveways should be on side streets, at least 25 ft. from any corner. On mid-block lots, driveways may occur on either frontage streets or rear streets.



3

Building Use

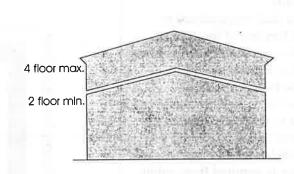
- 1. Allowable uses are those permitted in the MU-1 zoning district of the Land Development Code (Chapter 30).
- 2. New construction or expansion of drive-throughs is prohibited within the Special Area Plan Area. Existing drive-throughs shall be allowed as non-conforming uses, as regulated by Sec. 30-346 of the Land Development Code.



Urban Regulations For New Construction - Type I (Continued)

Building Height

- 1. Specific heights shall be measured relative to the fronting street elevation and a specified point as shown here.
- 2. Minimum and maximum building height shall be measured in number of floors. Ground floors may be up to 16 ft. floor to ceiling height. All other floors may be up to 12 ft. floor to ceiling height.



Building Frontage

1

1. Maximum building frontage for Shopfront and Office Buildings is 80 ft.

Garden Walls & Fences

- 1. Fences, garden walls and hedges are required along all unbuilt rights-of-way which abut streets and alleys. Fences, garden walls and hedges are not required in front of building walls when walls built closer than 12 ft. from the property line.
- 2. Fences, garden walls and hedges are subject to the AASHTO standard for vision triangles. On corners where sight lines are necessary, the maximum height for fences, garden walls, and hedges shall be 30 in.
- 3. Heights for other locations shall be:
 - 30 in. min. height for all fences, garden walls & hedges
 - 42 in. max. along public rights-of-way, including alleys
 - 72 in. max. along all other property lines.
- 4. Decorative wrought iron type fences (black iron or metal)
 may be allowed up to 8 feet when designed with a base not
 to exceed 3 feet in height, made out of cement, brick,
 decorative block or stone. The fence design shall be
 pickets with a minimum of 3" between each picket.

 Decorative pillar ornaments may extend up to 24 inches
 above the main fence line.

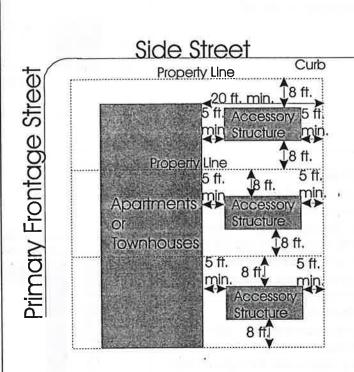
Urban Regulations For New Construction - Type II

Instructions

This building type includes houses, apartments or townhouses.

Building Placement

- 1. Townhouses and Apartments -10 ft. to 20 ft. from the front property line, 5 ft. to 10 ft. from the side property line. The City Manager, designee or appropriate reviewing board shall set build-to line location to insure enough room for sidewalks and appropriate street trees on narrow rights-of-way.
- 2. Houses -
 - 5 ft. to 25 ft. from property line, 5 ft. to 10 ft. from the side property line. City staff shall set Build-to line location to insure enough room for sidewalks and appropriate street trees on narrow rights-of-way.
- 3. Accessory structures shall be a minimum of 5 ft. from rear property line and 8 ft. from side property line.



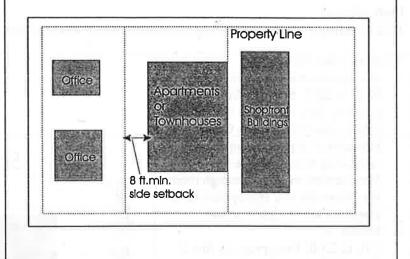
Minimum frontage build-out Corner Lot

90% 70%

Urban Regulations For New Construction - Type II (Continued)

Side Setback

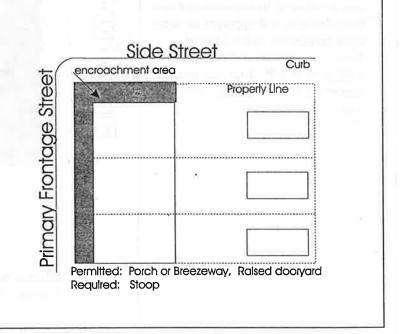
- No side setback is required when next to existing or designated Shopfront buildings, <u>Offices</u>, Townhouses, or Civic buildings.
- 2. A minimum of 8 ft. when next to existing or designated Offices, Apartments, or Houses.



3

Encroachments

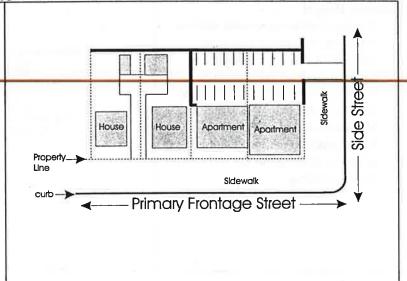
- 1. Balconies shall be permitted to encroach forward of the build-to line. Balconies shall be a minimum of 9 ft. above grade and 18 in. behind the face of the curb.
- 2. Stoops and open porches shall be permitted to encroach forward of the build-to line.
- 3. For encroachment into right-of-way, permission is required from public entity responsible for right-of-way.



1 Urban Regulations For New Construction - Type II (Continued)

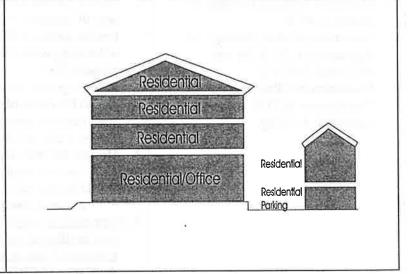
Parking

- 1. Parking shall occur in the rear of the lot, behind the buildings.
- 2. Driveways may be shared to reduce the number of curb cuts.
- 3. On corner lots, driveways should be on side streets, at least 25 ft. from any corner.



Building Use

- Uses permitted within the buildings shall be as shown here. <u>Accessory</u> <u>civic uses are allowed when</u> <u>customarily and clearly incidental.</u>
- 2. The office use shall not exceed 3 employees.
- 3. Up to 25% of any ground floor apartment may be used by its residents for any permitted OR use as long as the total of the OR uses in the complex does not exceed 10% of the square footage of the complex.



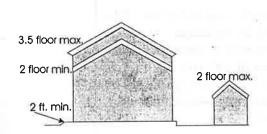
Urban Regulations For New Construction - Type II (Continued)

Building Height

1. Heights shall be measured relative to the fronting street elevation.

The 2 ft. minimum shown in the diagram shall be the minimum distance above the street elevation for setting the principal structure.

Minimum and maximum building height shall be measured in number of floors, each not to exceed 13 ft. floor to ceiling.



2

Building Frontage

- 1. Maximum building frontage for Houses is 45 ft.
- 2. Maximum building frontage for Apartments is 55 ft. for any individual building.
- 3. Maximum building frontage for Townhouses is 35 ft. for any individual building.

Garden Walls & Fences

- 1. Fences, garden walls and hedges are required along all unbuilt rights-of-way which abut streets and alleys. Fences, garden walls and hedges are not required in front of building walls when built closer than 12 ft. from the property line.
- 2. Fences, garden walls and hedges are subject to the AASHTO standard for vision triangles. On corners where sight lines are necessary the maximum height for fences, garden walls, and hedges shall be 30 in.
- 3. Heights for other locations shall be:
 - 30 in. min. height for all fences, garden walls & hedges
 - 42 in. max. along public rights-of-way, including alleys
 - 72 in. max. along all other property lines.
- 4. Decorative wrought iron type fences (black iron or metal)
 may be allowed up to 8 feet when designed with a base not
 to exceed 3 feet in height, made out of cement, brick,
 decorative block or stone. The fence design shall be
 pickets with a minimum of 3" between each picket.
 Decorative pillar ornaments may extend up to 24 inches
 above the main fence line.

Urban Regulations For New Construction - Type III

. 2 3

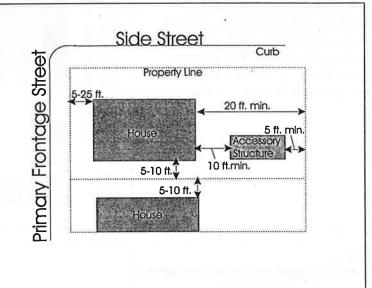
5

Instructions

This building type includes houses.

Building Placement

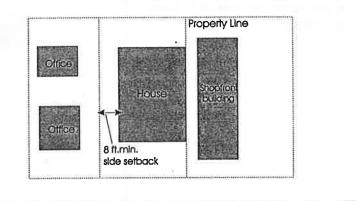
- 1. Houses -
 - 5 ft. to 25 ft. from property line, 5 ft. to 10 ft. from the side property line, except as specified under side setback section below. The City Manager, designee or appropriate reviewing board shall set build-to line location to insure enough room for sidewalks and appropriate street trees on narrow rights-of-way.
- 2. Accessory structures shall be a minimum of 5 ft. from rear property line and 5 ft. from side property line.



5 7

Side Setback

- 1. No side setback is required when next to existing or designated Shopfront buildings, Townhouses, Offices or Civic buildings.
- 2. Minimum of 8 ft. when next to existing or designated Offices, Apartments, or Houses.

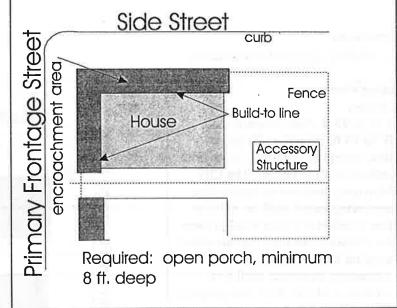


Urban Regulations For New Construction -Type III (Continued)

Encroachments

1

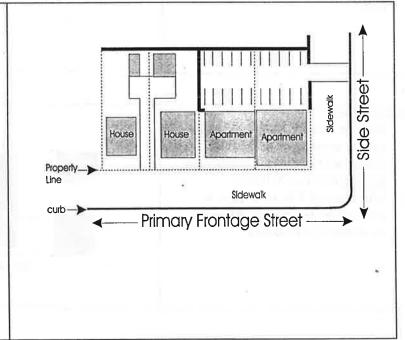
- 1. Balconies shall be permitted to encroach forward of the build-to line. Balconies shall be a minimum of 9 ft. above grade and 18 in. behind the face of the curb.
- 2. Stoops and open porches shall be permitted to encroach forward of the build-to line. Permission is required from public entity responsible for right-of-way.



2 Parking

1. Parking shall occur in the rear of the lot, behind the buildings.

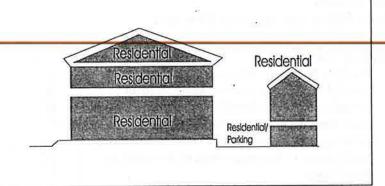
- 2. Driveways may be shared to reduce the number of curb cuts.
- 3. On corner lots, driveways should be on side streets, at least 25 ft. from any corner.



Urban Regulations For New Construction -Type III (Continued)

Building Use

- 1. Uses permitted within the buildings shall be as shown here.
- 2. The following uses are additionally permitted within outbuildings: workshop; guest cottage; artist studio; sauna; pool house equipment enclosure; gazebo; conservatory.
- Outbuildings with kitchens are allowed only in areas with underlying zoning that would allow multi-family dwellings.



2

Building Height

- 1. Heights shall be measured relative to the fronting street elevation.

 The 2 ft. minimum shown in the diagram shall be the minimum distance above the street elevation for setting the principal structure.
- 2. Minimum and maximum building heights shall be measured in number of floors, each not to exceed 13 ft. floor to ceiling.

2.5 floor max.

House
Outbullding
2 floor
max

3

Building Frontage

1. Maximum building frontage for Houses is 45 ft.

Garden Walls & Fences

- Fences, garden walls and hedges are required along all unbuilt rights-of -way which abut streets and alleys. Fences, garden walls and hedges are not required in front of building walls when built closer than 12 ft. from the property line.
- 2. Fences, garden walls and hedges are subject to the AASHTO standard for vision triangles. On corners where sight lines are necessary the maximum height for fences, garden walls, and hedges shall be 30 in.
- 3. Heights for other locations shall be:
 - 30 in. min. height for all fences, garden walls & hedges
 - 42 in. max. along public rights-of-way, including alleys
 - 72 in. max. along all other property lines.

3 Instructions

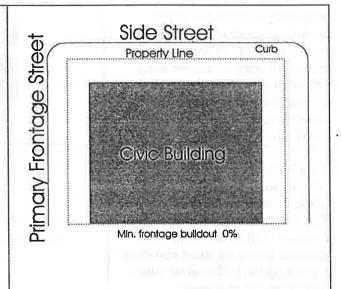
Urban Regulations For New Construction - Civic

This building type includes civic uses.

4 5

Building Placement

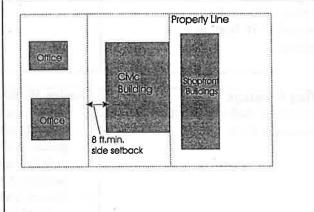
- 1. The City Manager, designee or appropriate board shall set build-to line range to insure enough room for sidewalks and appropriate street trees on narrow rights-of-way.
- 2. Buildings and street facades shall extend along the frontage to the percentage of lot width as shown here.
- 3. In cases where the block is only one lot deep, new buildings should be oriented towards the street of greater hierarchy, known as the primary frontage street.



6

Side Setback

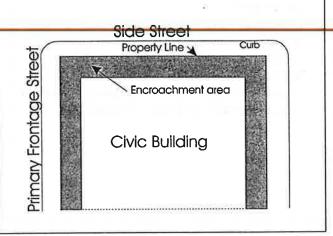
- 1. No side setback is required when next to existing or designated Shopfront buildings, Offices, Townhouses or Civic buildings.
- 2. A minimum of 8 ft. when next to existing or designated Apartments or Houses.



Urban Regulations For New Construction -Civic (Continued)

Encroachments

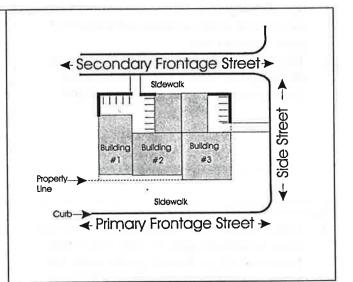
- 1. Balconies shall be permitted to encroach forward of the build-to line. Balconies shall be a minimum of 9 ft. above grade and 18 in behind the face of the curb.
- 2. Stoops and open porches shall be permitted to encroach forward of the build-to line.
- 3. Permission is required from public entity responsible for right-of-way.



2

Parking

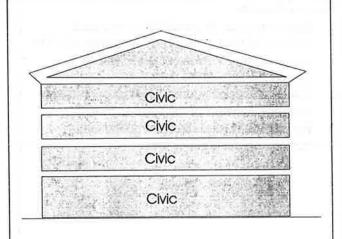
- 1. Parking shall occur in the rear of the lot, behind the buildings.
- 2. Driveways may be shared to reduce the number of curb cuts.
- 3. On corner lots, driveways should be on side streets, at least 25 ft. from any corner. On midblock lots, driveways may occur on either frontage streets or rear streets.



Urban Regulations For New Construction - Civic (Continued)

Building Use

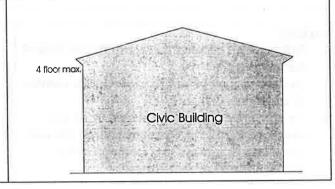
- 1. Uses permitted within the buildings shall be as shown here.
- 2. Definition: Civic—public or privately owned buildings of communal use such as places of religious assembly, libraries, post offices, schools, day care centers, clubhouses, recreational facilities, and accessory residential uses customarily and clearly incidental.



2

Building Height

- 1. Specific heights shall be measured relative to the fronting street elevation and a specified point as shown here.
- 2. The height limits shall not apply to cupolas, church spires, radio masts, belfries, clock towers, scenery lofts or similar structures.



3

Garden Walls & Fences

- 1. Fences, garden walls and hedges are required along all unbuilt rights-of -way which abut streets and alleys. Fences, garden walls and hedges are not required in front of building walls when built closer than 12 ft. from the property line.
- 2. Fences, garden walls and hedges are subject to the AASHTO standard for vision triangles. On corners where sight lines are necessary, the maximum height for fences, garden walls, and hedges shall be 30 in.
- 3. Heights for other locations shall be:
 - 30 in. min. height for all fences, garden walls & hedges
 - 42 in. max. along public rights-of-way, including alleys
 - 72 in. max. along all other property lines.

4. Decorative wrought iron type fences (black iron or metal) may be allowed up to 8 feet when designed with a base not to exceed 3 feet in height, made out of cement, brick, decorative block or stone. The fence design shall be pickets with a minimum of 3" between each picket. Decorative pillar ornaments may extend up to 24 inches above the main fence line.

Architectural Regulations For New Construction

		Building Walls	
M	laterials Building walls shall be clad	Configurations 1. Two or more wall materials	Techniques 1. Lapped board siding shall be
2.	in lapped boards, wood shingles, boards, battens or Hardie Plank.	may be combined on one façade only horizontally (not side by side) or when used for balconies, porches and bay projections.	individual pieces which provide not less than 5 in. nor more than 10 in. exposed face to the weather. Shingles shall not exceed 6 in. to the weather. Board and batten shall not exceed 10.5 in. and 1.5 in. running alternately. 2. Trim at corners and around openings shall be not less than 3.5 in 3. Brick walls shall not be laid in stack bond pattern.

Architectural Regulations For New Construction (Continued)

Materials

- 1. Balconies and porches shall be made of wood.
- 2. Columns, piers and arches may be clad with brick, stucco, wood, acrylic, concrete or metal.
- 3. Cantilevered balconies shall be a minimum of 7 ft. in depth and 9 ft. above grade. Balconies shall be 18 inches behind the face of the curb.
- Railings and fences may be made of wood, brick or decorative metal excluding round industrial railing and chain link.
- 5. Garden walls may be siding matching the principal building or fieldstone, brick, or stucco or decorative metal excluding round industrial railing and chain link.

Configurations

1. Round columns or pilasters, if provided, shall have proportions and moldings according to the latest edition of The American Vignolia by W.R. Ware. Square or rectangular columns or pilasters shall have a minimum dimension of 7.5 in. on each face and shall have trim or moldings at the base and capital. Pilasters may project less than 7.5 in.

Building Elements

- 2. Spindles and balusters on balconies, porches and decks shall not exceed 5 in. on center.
- 3. Cantilevered balconies shall be a minimum of 7 feet in depth and 9 feet above grade. Balconies shall be 18 inches behind the face of the curb.
- 4. Exterior chimneys shall be finished in brick, stone, or stucco only.
- 5. Cantilevers, except as open balconies and porches, are not permitted unless supported by visible brackets.
- 6. The undercroft of decks and ventilated crawl space of buildings shall be enclosed by open patterned wood or brick.
- 7. Fences shall be in the form of pickets, lattice or boards and shall be made with no more than 3 in. gaps.
- 8. Garden walls shall be at least 50% solid and capped by a flat, round or pitched top overlapping no less than ¼ in. of the wall below.
- 9. 9. Fences and Garden walls at street fronts shall be between 36 in. and 54 in. in height.

Techniques

- 1. Arches shall be brick or stucco and shall be no less than 12 in. in depth.
- 2. Piers shall be no less than 12 in. by 12 in.
- 3. Wood deck and railing posts shall be no less than 5 in. x 5 in. and shall be chamfered at the corners.
- 4. Pressure treated wood shall be painted/stained.

Architectural Regulations For New Construction (Continued)

	Roofs				
1	Materials I. Pitched roofs may be clad with wood, metal or asphalt	Configurations 1. Pincipal roofs of buildings shall be either hips, pitched	Techniques 1. Overhanging eaves may have exposed rafters or be boxed.		
	shingles, clay or cement tile, or V-crimp or standing seam metal. 2. Gutters shall be made of painted galvanized steel, wood, copper, or painted aluminum.	between 8:12 and 12:12 or gables, pitched between 6:12 and 12:12, or flat as provided below. 2. Minor building elements may have gable roofs pitched between 4:12 and 12:12. 3. Minor building elements may have shed (monopitch) roofs only if the roof is attached to a higher building wall of a principal building. The pitch of the shed roof shall be between 4:12 and 12:12. Flat roofs are allowed as provided below. 4. Flat roofs are permitted. Flat roofs shall be concealed by parapets along any street frontage or any side of the building that is visible from the street. Parapets shall be no less than 36 in. high and shall conceal any building systems placed on the roof. 5. Skylights shall be flat (non-bubble).			

Architectural Regulations For New Construction (Continued)

Windows and Doors

Materials

- 1. Exterior doors shall have a paneled appearance. Exterior doors with lights or panes of glass, such as French doors, are permitted.
- Windows and doors shall not be mil or clear finished aluminum.
- 3. Windows and doors shall be glazed in clear glass with no more than 10% daylight reduction.
 Decorative stained glass shall be permitted.
- 1. Shutters shall be wood or metal.
- 2. Awnings shall be fabric.

Configurations

- 1. The total glazing area on the street façade of residential or office occupancies shall not exceed 30% of the façade surface.
- 2. Civic Buildings are not subject to specific glazing requirements.
- 3. Retail and office occupancies shall have a minimum of 50% glazing and a maximum of 90% glazing for the first floor. Percentages are based on the area of the façade surface covering the first floor only, including the front door. All other floors shall have a minimum of 10% glazing and a maximum of 50% glazing of the façade surface covering the upper floors.
- 4. Windows and window subdivisions (lites) shall be rectangular with vertical proportion. Additionally, windows may be circular, rounded top or hexagonal.
- 5. Garage doors shall be a maximum width of 9 ft.
- 6. Shutters shall be sized to correspond with window width and height.
 - Standard. The main entrance of buildings shall be on the first floor on the more primary street, even if the more primary street is outside of the overlay affected area. The building orientation standard applies if a portion of the wall along the more primary street outside of the overlay affected area is within 250 ft. of the overlay affected area. The main entrance shall not be oriented toward a parking lot. Direct access to the building shall be provided from the street (see figure below). Buildings on a corner lot or a lot fronting on two streets shall place the main entrance on the more primary street, even if the more primary street is outside of the overlay affected area (either street if they are similar) or at the corner of the intersection. This standard does not preclude additional rear or side entrances facing parking area. (Ord. 970452, 6/22/98)

1. Rectangular windows shall be fixed, casement, single hung, or double hung.

Techniques

- 2. Circular and hexagonal windows may be fixed or pivot.
- 3. Windows within the same opening but either above or below a principal window may be awning or hopper.
- 4. Muntins, if provided, shall form true divided lites.
- 5. All doors on street facades shall be hinged except garage doors. Sliding doors are permitted at other than street façade locations only.



Main Entrance Orientation

Plant List

Landscape Regulations For New Construction & Renovation Planting On Public and Private Property

Large	Trees
	~ ~ ~ ~ ~

Ulmus alata (Winged Elm)

Yellow fall color

Quercus shumardii (Shumard Oak)

Scarlet fall color

Magnolia grandiflora (Southern Magnolia)

Evergreen

Ouercus virginiana (Live Oak)

Evergreen

Medium Trees

Acer rubrum (Red Maple)

Red fall color, red spring

Flowers

Ostraya virginiana (Ironwood) (Hop

Hornbeam)*

Yellow fall color

Small Trees

Prunus angustifolia or P. umbellata (Wild

Plum)

1

White flowers in early spring, sunny or

part shade

Osmanthus americanus (Wild Olive)*

Evergreen, shady sites

Lagestroemia indica cv. Natchez (White

Crape Myrtle)

White flowers, yellow fall color

Hedge (Sun)

Ilex vomitoria 'nana' (Dwarf Yaupon Holly)

Especially cultivar 'Schillings Dwarf'

Hedge (Shade)

Rhododenron indicum

Cultivars (vary in height)

* Indicates availability may be limited.

In the tree planting programs in College Park, the City of Gainesville Parks Division will use the trees suggested. As site plans for this area are reviewed, developers are encouraged to use the plants suggested by the City.

Rev. by Ord. 960494, 8/25/97)