

COMMUNICATIONS WORKERS OF AMERICA (CWA)



**DRUG-FREE
WORKPLACE
PROGRAM**

ADDENDUM A

CWA 3170

DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE PROGRAM

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DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE PROGRAM

I. PURPOSE

As a part of its commitment to safeguard the health of its employees, to provide a safe place for its employees to work, and to promote a drug-free working environment, the City of Gainesville, Florida (City) has established this program relating to the use or abuse of alcohol and drugs by its employees. This program is intended to conform to the requirements of the Drug-Free Workplace Program under Florida's Workers' Compensation Law, § 440.101-.102, Fla. Stat., and rules promulgated pursuant thereto. Supplemental programs required by federal regulations will be described in addenda hereto. Substance abuse, while at work or otherwise, seriously endangers the safety of employees, as well as the general public, and creates a variety of workplace problems including increased injuries on the job, increased absenteeism, increased health care and benefit costs, increased theft, decreased morale, decreased productivity, and a decline in the quality of products and services provided. This program is established in part to detect users and remove abusers of drugs and alcohol from the workplace, to prevent the use and/or presence of these substances in the workplace, and to assist employees in overcoming any dependence on drugs and/or alcohol in accordance with the following guidelines.

Section 440.101, Fla. Stat., provides, in part, that an employee who is injured in the course and scope of his/her employment and tests positive on a drug or alcohol test may be terminated and shall forfeit his/her eligibility for medical and indemnity benefits under Florida's Workers' Compensation Law. Refusal to take a drug (urine) or alcohol (blood) test will result in the employee forfeiting his/her eligibility for medical and indemnity benefits under Florida's Workers' Compensation Law and the employee being subject to dismissal. Therefore, if Worker's Compensation benefits are forfeited pursuant to the drug-free workplace program, the employee injured on the job will be without any City provided medical benefits.

Certain components of this program involve utilization of additional techniques and procedures. These additional techniques and procedures, are both justified by, and based upon, federal and state statutes, case law, and regulatory findings. At such time as the regulations implemented pursuant to the Omnibus Transportation Employee Testing Act of 1991 or other regulatory requirements become applicable to City employees, this program will be altered as and if necessary to conform to the specific requirements of the final regulations. Until such time, any additional techniques and procedures shall utilize mechanisms already in use and/or proposed for use by state or federal law and regulation. Prior to making any amendments to this Program, the City shall engage in collective bargaining to the extent required by law.

To the extent that Section 440.101-.102, or the implementing rules issued by the Department of Labor and Employment Security or those issued by the Agency for Health Care Administration are amended, or other statutes and rules requiring drug testing

determined to be applicable to City employees are adopted or amended, this Program will be modified without the necessity of further general notice as required by §440.102 (3).

The City's Drug-Free Workplace Program has been prepared so as not to conflict with public policy and, further, not to be discriminatory or abusive. A drug-free workplace should be the goal of every employer in America. Drug and alcohol testing is only one of the several steps that must be taken to achieve this objective. When incorporated into a comprehensive anti-drug effort, testing can go a long way in combating drug and alcohol abuse in the workplace.

II. SCOPE

All employees covered by this program and, as a condition of employment, are required to abide by the terms of this program and, as applicable, supplemental programs described in addenda to the City of Gainesville's Drug-Free Workplace Program. Any employee in doubt as to the requirements or procedures applicable to their situations may contact the City's Human Resources Department for information. Consistent with policy determinations and legal requirements, the City shall limit testing to that which is considered necessary to meet the Purpose of this Program.

III. DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE PROGRAM DISSEMINATION

- A. The City has given a general one-time notice to all employees that the City prohibits its employees from illegally or improperly using, possessing, selling, manufacturing, or distributing drugs on its property, or while its employees are at work; that it is against City policy to report to work or to work under the influence of drugs; and that it is a condition of employment to refrain from using illegal drugs or alcohol on the job, or abusing legal drugs on or off the job such that it affects their job, and that a drug testing program is being implemented. At least sixty (60) days have elapse between the notice and any employee drug testing implemented pursuant to this program.
- B. Prior to testing, all employees or applicants for employment will have been given a summary of the Drug-Free Workplace Program, a summary of the drugs which may alter or affect a drug test, a list of local employee assistance programs and a list of local alcohol and drug rehabilitation programs.
- C. A notice of drug testing will be included with all job vacancy announcements for which drug testing is required. A notice of the City's drug testing program will also be posted in appropriate and conspicuous locations on the City's premises and copies of the program will be made available for inspection during regular business hours in the Human Resources Department.

IV. DEFINITIONS

The definitions of words and terms as set forth in § 440.02(1) and § 440.102(1), Fla. Stat., the Florida Workers' Compensation Drug Testing Rules and the Agency for Health Care Administration, Drug-Free Workplace Standards (Fla. Admin. Code R. 59-A24) as may be amended shall apply to the words and phrases used in this program unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. When the phrase "drug and alcohol" testing, use, etc., is used in connection with different testing mechanisms, prohibitions or causes for testing "drug" includes all of the below listed substances except alcohol. "Drug" otherwise has the same meaning as in §440.102(1)(a), Fla. Stat., which defines "drug" as follows:

(a) "Drug" means alcohol, including distilled spirits, wine, malt beverages, and intoxicating liquors; amphetamines; cannabinoids; cocaine; phencyclidine (PCP); hallucinogens; methaqualone; opiates; barbiturates; benzodiazepines; synthetic narcotics; designer drugs; or a metabolite of any of the substances listed herein.

(b) The words fail, failed or failure when used in this policy are based upon a confirmed positive test result reported by the Medical Review Officer (MRO).

V. ALCOHOL USE PROHIBITIONS

- A. The consumption of alcohol on City property or while on duty (during working hours, while at work, etc.) is prohibited and will result in disciplinary action, up to and including dismissal.
- B. Off-duty use of alcohol may adversely affect an employee's job performance or adversely affect or threaten to adversely affect other interests of the City, including but not limited to the employee's relationship to his/her job, fellow workers' reputations, or goodwill in the community. Disciplinary action up to and including dismissal may be imposed on this basis.
- C. Except as provided herein, the personal possession (i.e., on the person, or in a desk, locker) of alcohol on City property or during working hours will result in disciplinary action, up to and including dismissal.
- D. It is against the City's program and a violation of City policy to report to work or to work under the influence of alcohol.
- E. For purposes of implementing § 440.101-102, Fla. Stat., an employee is presumed to be under the influence of alcohol if a blood test shows alcohol usage as set forth in Section VIII(L) or as otherwise provided by law (see Section I - Purpose).

- F. An employee who Management has reason to suspect is under the influence of alcohol will be removed immediately from the workplace and will be tested and evaluated by authorized personnel selected in accordance with this program. The City will take further action (i.e., further testing, referral to counseling, and/or disciplinary action) based on medical information, work history, and other relevant factors. The determination of appropriate action in each case rests solely with the City.
- G. Failure to pass an alcohol test will result in further testing or disciplinary action, up to and including dismissal.
- H. Efforts to tamper with, or refusal to submit to an alcohol test will subject the employee to dismissal.

Refusal is defined as follows:

Refuse to submit (to an alcohol or controlled substances test) means that an employee

- (a) fails to provide adequate breath or blood for testing without a valid medical explanation after he or she has received notice of the requirement for alcohol testing;
 - (b) fails to provide adequate urine for controlled substances testing without a valid medical explanation after he or she has received notice of the requirement for urine testing;
 - (c) engages in conduct that clearly obstructs the testing process; or
 - (d) refusal to execute the consent or release to testing form(s) constitutes a refusal to submit per 49 CFR, 40.25 Section (f)(22)(ii).
- I. Employees arrested for an alcohol-related incident, as indicated on the arrest report, shall notify, as soon as feasible, but in any event no later than 24 hours after the arrest, the City management representative having direct administrative responsibility for the arrested employee of the arrest if the incident occurs:
 - 1. During working hours, or
 - 2. While operating a City vehicle, or
 - 3. While operating a personal vehicle on City business.

Failure to comply with this subsection will result in disciplinary action up to and including dismissal.

- J. Violations of alcohol use prohibitions can subject an employee to disciplinary action up to and including dismissal. Dismissal for a first offense will be considered an appropriate penalty absent mitigating circumstances.

VI. DRUG USE PROHIBITIONS

- A. The use, sale, purchase, possession, manufacture, distribution, or dispensation of drugs or their metabolites on City property or while at work (while on duty, during working hours, etc.) is a violation of the City's Program and is just cause for immediate dismissal.
- B. Reporting to work, or working, under the influence of illegal drugs is a violation of the City's Program and is just cause for immediate dismissal.
- C. For purposes of this program, an employee is presumed to be under the influence of drugs if a urine test or other authorized testing procedure shows drug usage as set forth in Section VIII (L) or as otherwise provided by law (see Article I - Purpose).
- D. Participation in a treatment program, will not excuse violations of this policy, work rule violations, improper conduct, or poor performance and an employee may be disciplined or dismissed for such offenses or failure to perform.
- E. Legal medications (over-the-counter) or prescription drugs may also affect the safety of the employee, fellow employees or members of the public. Therefore, any employee who is taking any over-the-counter medications or prescription drugs which might impair safety, performance, or any motor functions shall advise his/her direct management representative of the possible impairment before reporting to work under the influence of such medication or drug. A failure to do so may result in disciplinary action. If Management determines that the impairment does not pose a safety risk, the employee will be permitted to work. Otherwise, management may offer a change in work schedule, temporarily reassign the employee or place the employee in an appropriate leave status during the period of impairment. Improper use of "prescription drugs" is prohibited and may result in disciplinary action. Improper use of prescription drugs includes, but is not limited to, use of multiple prescriptions of identical or interchangeable drugs, and/or consumption of excessive quantities of and individual or therapeutically interchangeable drugs, and/or inappropriately prolonged duration of consumption of drugs, and/or consumption of prohibited drugs for other than valid medical purposes. For the purpose of this Program, consumption of any drug by the employee of more than the manufacturer's maximum recommended daily dosage, or for a longer period of time than recommended (unless otherwise prescribed by employee's physician), or of any prohibited drug prescribed for or intended for another individual, or for other than a valid medical purpose shall be construed to constitute improper use. Prescription

medication shall be kept in its original container (unless approved in advance by management) if such medication is taken during working hours or on City property.

- F. Refusal to submit to, or efforts to tamper with, a drug test will subject the employee to dismissal.

Refusal is defined as follows:

Refuse to submit (to an alcohol or controlled substances test) means that an employee

- (a) fails to provide adequate breath or blood for testing without a valid medical explanation after he or she has received notice of the requirement for alcohol testing;
 - (b) fails to provide adequate urine for controlled substances testing without a valid medical explanation after he or she has received notice of the requirement for urine testing;
 - (c) engages in conduct that clearly obstructs the testing process; or
 - (d) refusal to execute the consent or release to testing form(s) constitutes a refusal to submit.
- G. Violations of drug prohibitions can subject an employee to disciplinary action up to and including dismissal. Dismissal for a first offense will be considered an appropriate penalty absent mitigating circumstances.

VII. TESTING

A. Testing of Applicants

- 1. Prior to employment, applicants, whether for temporary or permanent positions, will be tested for the presence of drugs.
- 2. Any job applicant who refuses to submit to drug testing, refuses to sign the consent form, fails to appear for testing, tampers with the test, or fails to pass the pre-employment confirmatory drug test will not be hired and, unless otherwise required by law, will be ineligible for hire for a period of at least two (2) years.

B. Reasonable Suspicion Testing

- 1. "Reasonable suspicion testing" means drug testing based on a belief that an employee is using, or has used drugs in violation of the City's program, on the basis of specific, contemporaneous, physical, behavioral or performance

indicators of probable drug use. It is a belief based on objective facts which could reasonably lead an observer to further investigation.

Two management representatives shall substantiate and concur in the decision to test said employee, if feasible. Only one management representative need personally investigate or witness the conduct. The management representative(s) and witness(es) shall have received training in the identification of actions, appearance, conduct or odors which are indicative of the use of drugs or alcohol. If a management representative believes reasonable suspicion exists, the management representative shall report his or her findings and observations to the next higher management representative having administrative responsibility for the affected employee. Upon approval by the next higher management representative, the employee will be asked to immediately submit to a drug test(s) and sign a form acknowledging his or her consent. When chemical breath testing for alcohol testing is used, the test may be conducted immediately at the work site or later at the collection site. Factors which substantiate cause to test for drugs shall be documented by the management representative on the Substance Abuse Investigation Report Form which must be completed as soon as practicable, but no later than four (4) days after the employee has been tested for drugs. A copy of this report will be given to the employee upon request.

2. Each supervisor shall be responsible to determine if reasonable suspicion exists to warrant drug testing and required to document in writing the specific facts, symptoms, or observations which form the basis for such reasonable suspicion. The documentation shall be forwarded to the Department Head or designee to authorize the drug test of an employee.

The Department Head or designee shall require an employee to undergo drug testing if there is reasonable suspicion that the employee is in violation of the City of Gainesville Drug-Free Workplace Program. Circumstances which constitute a basis for determining "reasonable suspicion", individually (except as provided in g. below) or in combination, may include but are not limited to:

- a. A Pattern of Abnormal or Erratic Behavior - This includes but is not limited to a single, unexplainable incident of serious abnormal behavior or a pattern of behavior which is radically different from what is normally displayed by the employee or grossly differing from acceptable behavior in the workplace.
- b. Information Provided by a Reliable and Credible Source - The first line supervisor or another supervisor/manager receives information from a reliable and credible source as determined by the Department

Head that an employee is violating the City's Drug-Free Workplace Program.

- c. Direct Observation of Drug Use - The first line or another supervisor/manager directly observes an employee using drugs while the employee is on duty. Under these circumstances, a request for drug testing is MANDATORY.
- d. Presence of the Physical Symptoms of Drug Use - The supervisor observes physical symptoms that could include but are not limited to glassy or bloodshot eyes, slurred speech, poor motor coordination, or slow or poor reflex responses different from what is usually displayed by the employee or what is generally associated with common ailments such as colds, sinus, hay fever, diabetes, etc.

The following will be deemed reasonable suspicion and may provide a sufficient basis for requesting a drug test at the direction of the Department Head or designee:

- e. Violent or Threatening Behavior - First Incident: If an employee engages in unprovoked, unexplained, aggressive, violent and/or threatening behavior against a fellow employee or a citizen, the Department may request that the employee submit to drug testing;
- f. Violent or Threatening Behavior - Subsequent Incident: Whether or not an employee has previously received formal counseling or disciplinary action for unprovoked, unexplained, aggressive, violent and or threatening behavior against a fellow employee or a citizen, upon a second or subsequent episode of similar behavior/conduct (within eighteen months), the Department shall request that the employee undergo drug testing.
- g. Absenteeism and/or Tardiness: If an employee has previously received a suspension action for absenteeism and/or tardiness, a continued poor record (within eighteen months) that warrants a second or subsequent suspension action may result in a request for a drug test. This factor alone will not be cause for testing.
- h. Odor: Odor of cannabis or alcohol upon the person.
- i. Performance Related Accidents: Each employee whose performance either contributed to the accident or whose performance cannot be discounted as a contributing factor to the accident shall be drug tested for both alcohol and drugs. The management representative having administrative responsibility for the employee involved in the

accident shall ensure that a drug test is performed as soon as possible but no later than 32 hours after the accident provided that if the employee is a patient, the attending physician has no objections. Post-accident testing may involve breath, blood, and urine.

Should evidence of alcohol be present, i.e., an odor of alcohol, open containers, or a statement from witness confirming alcohol consumption, the management representative must ensure testing is completed as soon as emergency medical care has been provided. An employee shall supply, if requested, an alcohol specimen within eight (8) hours.

The following are examples of conditions that require accident related testing:

- (1) City employee operating a City vehicle at any time, or a non-City vehicle on City business, and involved in an accident that results in a citation for a moving violation, or in any of the consequences described in 2(a) - (c) below.
- (2) Non-vehicular work related accident resulting in:
 - (a) property damage estimated to be greater than \$1,000.
 - (b) death; or injury to the employee requiring medical treatment at an off-site (away from the scene of the accident) medical facility other than Employee Health Services. If the injury is of such character as would have been treated at Employee Health Services, but for the unavailability of Employee Health Services, management may waive this requirement. "Unavailability" means occurring at a time other than the hours of operation of Employee Health Service or at such distance from Employee Health Services as to render their use impractical.
 - (c) death or injury to another person.

C. Open Section

D. Open Section

E. Follow-up Testing

If an employee in the course of employment enters an employee assistance program for drug related problems or a drug rehabilitation program, the employee must submit to a drug test as a follow-up to such program unless such requirement is waived by the City. Follow-up testing shall be conducted at least once a year for a

two-year period after completion of the program. Advance notice of such follow-up testing must not be given to the employee to be tested. In the case of drivers subject to the commercial motor vehicle addendum, follow-up alcohol testing shall be conducted only when the driver is performing safety-sensitive functions, just before the driver is to perform safety-sensitive functions, or just after the driver has ceased performing safety-sensitive functions.

F. Routine Fitness for Duty

An employee shall submit to a drug test if the test is conducted as part of a routinely scheduled employee fitness-for-duty medical examination that is required for all members of an employment classification or group. When a routinely scheduled employee fitness-for-duty medical exam is to be included, it shall be subject to collective bargaining, unless such is determined to be applicable to city employees by virtue of statutory or regulatory requirements.

G. Additional Testing

Additional testing may also be conducted as required by applicable state or federal laws, rules, or regulations, subject to Section I (Purpose).

H. Refusal to Test

Employees who refuse to submit to a blood or urine drug test administered in accordance with this program forfeit their eligibility for all workers' compensation medical and indemnity benefits and will be subject to dismissal. Employees who refuse to submit to a chemical breath test will be subject to dismissal.

VIII. TESTING PROCEDURE

A. Tested Substances

The City may test for any or all of the following drugs:

Alcohol

Amphetamines (Binhetamine, Desoxyn, Dexedrine)

Cannabinoids (i.e., marijuana, hashish)

Cocaine

Phencyclidine (PCP)

Methaqualone (Quaalude, Parest, Sopor)

Opiates

Barbiturates (Phenobarbital, Tuinal, Amytal)

Benzodiazophines (Ativan, Azene, Clonopin, Dalmane, Diazepam, Halcion, Librium, Poxipam, Restoril, Serax, Tranxene, Valium, Vertron, Xanax)

Methadone (Dolophine, Methadose)

Propoxyphene (Darvocet, Darvon N, Dolene)

B. Consent Required

Job applicants and employees will be asked to sign a Consent To Testing form. Refusal to execute the consent form constitutes a refusal to be tested, and will subject the employee/applicant to dismissal/failure to hire. Execution of the consent to testing form by the employee shall not constitute a waiver of the grievance/arbitration procedures, if applicable.

C. Designated Laboratory

1. Because of the potential adverse consequences of test results on employees, the City will employ a very accurate testing program. Specimen samples will be analyzed by a highly qualified, independent laboratory which has been selected by the City and certified by the appropriate regulatory agency. The name and address of the certified laboratory currently used by the City is on file with Employee Health Services.
2. The City will submit at least five (5) blind samples per year with at least three (3) samples being blank (drug free).

D. Notification of Prescription Drug Use

Applicants and employees will be given an opportunity prior to and after testing to, on a confidential basis, provide any information they consider relevant to the test including listing all drugs they have taken within the immediately preceding 30-day period, including prescribed drugs and to explain the circumstances of the use of those drugs in writing or other relevant medical information on a Drug Use Information form, which information will be furnished to the Medical Review Officer (MRO) in the event of a positive confirmed result. Applicants and employees will also be provided with a notice of the most common medication by brand name or common name, as well as the chemical name which may alter or affect a drug test.

E. Testing of Injured Employees

An employee injured at work and required to be tested will be taken to a medical facility for immediate treatment of injury. If the injured employee is not at a designated collection site, the employee will be transported to one as soon as it is medically feasible and specimens will be obtained. If it is not medically feasible to move the injured employee, specimens will be obtained at the treating facility under the procedures set forth in this program and transported to an approved testing laboratory. No specimen will be taken prior to the administration of emergency medical care. An injured employee must authorize release to the City the result of any tests conducted for the purpose of showing the presence of alcohol or drugs.

F. Body Specimens

Urine will be used for the initial test for all drugs except alcohol and for the confirmation of all drugs except alcohol. Blood will be used for the initial and confirmation tests for alcohol for complying with the provisions of § 440-101-.102,

Fla. Stat. Sufficient volume of specimens shall be obtained so as to provide for the necessary number of samples as may be required, depending upon the number of required procedures. Chemical breath testing methods may be utilized in connection with justifying further alcohol/blood tests in instances involving reasonable suspicion testing under this program, but are not required to be first utilized. In the case of injured employees, the physician will have the discretion to determine to not draw a blood sample if such would threaten the health of the injured employee or if the employee has a medical condition unrelated to the accident which may preclude the drawing of the necessary quantity of blood for a testing specimen. Under these circumstances, no inference or presumption of intoxication or impairment will be made for the purposes of § 440.101-.102, but discipline for violation of the Program may be taken based upon observable conduct or conditions and/or the result of other tests, if any.

G. Cost of Testing

The City will pay the cost of initial and confirmation drug tests, which it requires of employees and job applicants. An employee or job applicant will pay the cost of any additional drug tests not required by the City. In the event that the City requires the employee's presence at the collection site outside normal working hours as part of the testing process and the employee passes the drug/alcohol test, such required time outside after normal working hours shall be considered actual time worked for the purpose of Section 13.4 of the CWA labor agreement, if applicable.

H. Collection Site, Work Site

1. The City will utilize a collection site designated by an approved laboratory which has all necessary personnel, materials, equipment, facilities, and supervision to provide for the collections, security, chain of custody procedures, temporary storage and shipping or transportation of urine and blood specimens to an approved drug testing laboratory. The City may also utilize a medical facility (designated by the contract laboratory) as a collection site which meets the applicable requirements.
2. The City may require that an employee take a chemical breath test at the Work Site or other City facility.
3. Security of the collection site, chain of custody procedures, privacy of the individual, collection control, integrity and identity of the specimen and transportation of the specimen to the laboratory as applicable will meet state or federal rules and guidelines as amended from time to time, and will be used for each employee or job applicant whose blood or urine is tested.

I. Collection Site, Work Site, Personnel

A specimen for a drug test will be taken or collected by:

1. A physician, a physician's assistant, a registered professional nurse, a licensed practical nurse, a nurse practitioner, or a certified paramedic who is present at the scene of the accident for the purpose of rendering emergency service or treatment and/or qualified breath alcohol technician as defined in CFR Part 40; or
2. A qualified person employed by a licensed laboratory who has the necessary training and skills for the assigned tasks.

In the case of a chemical breath test, utilizing evidential breath test devices, a technician licensed pursuant to Fla. Admin. Code R. 11D-8, and/or qualified breath alcohol technician as defined in 49 CFR Part 40.

J. Testing Laboratory

1. The laboratory used to analyze initial or confirmation drug specimens will be licensed or certified by the appropriate regulatory agencies to perform such tests. The Agency for Health Care Administration has published Drug-Free Workplace Standards (Florida Administrative Code, R 59A-24) which shall be followed by laboratories and employers for testing procedures required under §440.101-.102, Fla. Stat.
2. All laboratory security, chain of custody, transporting and receiving of specimens, specimen processing, retesting, storage of specimens, instrument calibration and reporting of results will be in accordance with applicable state or federal laws and rules established by HCA or the U.S. Department of Transportation; to the extent the above information is readily reproducible by the lab and not confidential, such will be forwarded to the appropriate certified bargaining unit representative upon their request and their payment for reproduction cost.
3. The Medical Review Officer will provide assistance to the employee or job applicant for the purpose of interpreting any positive confirmed test results.

K. Initial Tests Used for Implementing § 440.101-.102, Fla. Stat.*

Initial tests will use an immunoassay except that the test for alcohol will be an enzyme oxidation methodology. The following cutoff levels will be used when screening specimens to determine whether they are positive or negative for these drugs or metabolites. All levels equal to or exceeding the following will be reported as positive:

Alcohol	.05g/dl%
Amphetamines	1000 ng/ml
Cannabinoids	50 ng/ml
Cocaine	300 ng/ml
Phencyclidine	25 ng/ml

Methaqualone	300 ng/ml
Opiates	300 ng/ml
Barbiturates	300 ng/ml
Benzodiazepines	300 ng/ml
Synthetic Narcotics:	
Methadone	300 ng/ml
Propoxyphene	300 ng/ml

* Chemical breath testing procedures as described in Fla. Admin. Code R. 11D-8 or U.S. Department of Transportation rules, may be used, as determined by the City, prior to requiring a blood sample in its reasonable suspicion testing program. These results are reported only to the appropriate manager who then determines if further testing under this program is warranted.

**D.O.T. cutoff per 49 CFR, 40.29(e).

L. Confirmation Tests Used for Implementing § 440.101-.102, Fla. Stat

All blood and urine specimens identified as positive on the initial test will be confirmed using gas chromatography/mass spectrometry (GC/MS) or an equivalent or more accurate scientifically accepted method approved by the HCA, except that alcohol will be confirmed using gas chromatography. All confirmation will be done by quantitative analysis. Concentrations which exceed the linear region of the standard curve will be documented in the laboratory and recorded as "greater than highest standard curve value". The following confirmation cutoff levels will be used when analyzing specimens to determine whether they are positive or negative for these drugs metabolites. All levels equal to or exceeding the following will be reported as positive:

Alcohol	.05g/dl%
Amphetamines	500 ng/ml
Cannabinoids	15 ng/ml
Cocaine	150 ng/ml
Phencyclidine	25 ng/ml
Methaqualone	150 ng/ml
Opiates	300 ng/ml
Barbiturates	150 ng/ml
Benzodiazepines	150 ng/ml
Synthetic Narcotics:	
Methadone	150 ng/ml
Propoxyphene	150 ng/ml

M. Comparable Procedures

To the extent allowed by law and regulation, the City shall utilize 49 CFR, Part 40 procedures for workplace drug testing programs in lieu of the comparable

procedures described herein, or incorporated by reference, when such comparable procedures are based upon the requirements of Fla. Admin. Code R. 59A-24.

IX. TEST RESULTS

A. Reporting Results

1. The laboratory shall disclose to the Medical Review Officer (MRO) a written positive confirmed test result report within seven (7) working days after receipt of the sample. The laboratory should report all test results (both positive and negative) to the MRO within seven (7) working days after receipt of the specimen at the laboratory. The name and address of the current MRO is on file with Employee Health Services. The MRO is employed by the City and is not an employee of the drug testing laboratory.
2. The laboratory will report as negative all specimens which are negative on the initial test or negative on the confirmation test. Only specimens confirmed positive on the confirmation test will be reported positive for a specific drug.
3. The laboratory will transmit results in a manner designed to ensure confidentiality of the information. The laboratory and MRO will ensure the security of the data transmission and restrict access to any data transmission, storage and retrieval system.
4. As provided in Fla. Admin. Code R. 59A-24, the MRO will verify that positive and negative test results were properly analyzed and handled according to HCA rules. The MRO may require a re-test. The MRO will have knowledge of substance abuse disorders and shall also be knowledgeable in the medical use of prescription drugs and in the pharmacology and toxicology of illicit drugs. The MRO shall evaluate the drug test result(s) reported by the lab, verify by checking the chain of custody form that the specimen was collected, transported and analyzed under proper procedures and, determine if any alternative medical explanations caused a positive test result. This determination by the MRO may include conducting a medical interview with the tested individual, review of the individual(s) medical history or the review of any other relevant bio-medical factors. The MRO shall also review all medical records made available by the tested individual. The MRO may request the laboratory to provide quantification of test results.
5. Within three (3) days of receipt of the test results, the MRO will (1) notify the Occupational Health Manager of negative results, or (2) contact the employee or job applicant regarding a confirmed positive test result and make such inquiry as to enable the MRO to determine whether prescription or over-the-counter medication could have caused the positive test results.

In this latter case, the MRO will follow the applicable procedure set forth in either the HCA or D.O.T. rules for providing the employee or job applicant the opportunity to present relevant information regarding the test results. After following the appropriate procedures, the MRO will notify the City in writing of any verified test results. If the MRO, after making and documenting all reasonable efforts, is unable to contact the employee or job applicant to discuss positive test results, the MRO will contact a designated management official to arrange for the employee or applicant to contact the MRO. The MRO may verify a positive test without having communicated to the employee or applicant about the results of the test, if (1) the employee or applicant declines the opportunity, or (2) within two (2) days after contacting the designated management official the employee or applicant has not contacted the MRO. Further, employees or applicants must cooperate fully with the MRO. Failure to meet with the MRO upon his or her request or failure to promptly provide requested information will result in an applicant not being hired and an employee immediately being placed upon suspension without pay and may result in discharge.

6. Within five (5) calendar days after the City receives a positive, confirmed verified test result from the MRO, the City will notify the employee or job applicant in writing of such test results, the consequences of such results, and the options available to the employee or job applicant, including the right to file an administrative or legal challenge. Notification shall be mailed certified or hand delivered. Hand delivery is the preferred method of providing notice to employees. Mailed notification shall be deemed received by the employee or applicant when signed for, or seven (7) calendar days after mailing, whichever occurs first.
7. The City will upon request provide to the employee or job applicant a copy of the test results.
8. Unless otherwise instructed by the City in writing, all written records pertaining to a given specimen will be retained by the drug testing laboratory for a minimum of five (5) years. The drug testing laboratory shall retain (in properly secured refrigerated or frozen storage) for a minimum period of 1 year, all confirmed positive specimens. Within this one (1) year period the City, employee, job applicant, MRO or HCA may request in writing that the laboratory retain the specimen for an additional period of time. If no such request, or notice of challenge (See B.3.) is received, the laboratory may discard the specimen after one (1) year of storage.

B. Challenges to Test Results

1. Within five (5) working days (Monday thru Friday, 0800 - 1700, except observed/designated holidays) after receiving notice of a positive, confirmed and verified test result from the City, the employee or job applicant may

submit information to the City explaining or contesting the test results and why the results do not constitute a violation of this program. The employee or job applicant will be notified in writing if the explanation or challenge is unsatisfactory to the City. This written explanation will be given to the employee or job applicant within 15 days of receipt of the explanation or challenge, and will include why the employee's or job applicant's explanation is unsatisfactory, along with the report of positive results. All such documentation will be kept confidential and will be retained for at least one (1) year.

2. Employees may challenge employment decisions made pursuant to this program as may be authorized by the City personnel policy or collective bargaining agreements.
3. When an employee or job applicant undertakes an administrative or legal challenge to the test results, it shall be the employee's or job applicant's responsibility to notify the City through its Human Resources Director and the laboratory, in writing, of such challenge and such notice shall include reference to the chain of custody specimen identification number. After such notification, the sample shall be retained by the laboratory until final disposition of the case or administrative appeal.
4. Agency for Health Care Administration, employer or MRO detecting a false positive error shall immediately notify the laboratory and the employee's management representative to whom the false positive test result was reported.

C. Employee/Applicant Protection

1. During the 180-day period after the employee's or applicant's receipt of the City's written notification of a positive test result, the employee or applicant may request that the City have a portion of the specimen retested, at the employee's or applicant's expense. The re-testing must be done at another HCA licensed laboratory. The second laboratory must test at equal or greater sensitivity for the drug in question as the first laboratory. The first laboratory which performed the test for the City will be responsible for the transfer of the portion of the specimen to be re-tested, and for the integrity of the chain of custody for such transfer.
2. The drug testing laboratory will not disclose any information concerning the health or mental condition of the tested employee or job applicant.
3. The City will not request or receive from the testing facility any information concerning the personal health, habit or condition of the employee or job applicant including, but not limited to, the presence or absence of HIV antibodies in a worker's body fluids.

4. The City will not dismiss, discipline, refuse to hire, discriminate against, or request or require rehabilitation of an employee or job applicant on the sole basis of a positive test result that has not been verified by a confirmation test and by a MRO.
5. The City will not dismiss, discipline or discriminate against an employee solely upon the employee's voluntarily seeking treatment, while in the employ of the City, for a drug-related problem, if the employee has not previously tested positive for drug use, entered an employee assistance program for drug-related problems, or entered an alcohol or drug rehabilitation program. This shall not prevent follow-up testing as required by this program (Section VII (E)).

D. Comparable Procedure

To the extent allowed by law and regulation, the City shall utilize 49 CFR, Part 40 procedures for workplace drug testing programs in lieu of the comparable procedures described herein, or incorporated by reference, when such comparable procedures are based upon the requirements of Fla. Admin. Code R. 59A-24.

X. EMPLOYEE ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (EAP)

- A. The City regards its employees as its most important asset. Accordingly, the City maintains an EAP which provides help to employees who suffer from alcohol or drug abuse and other personal or emotional problems. Employees with such problems should seek confidential assistance from the EAP or other community resources before drug or alcohol problems lead to disciplinary action. Employees may contact Employee Health Services for the name of the City's EAP.
- B. Information about a self-referred employee's contact with the EAP is confidential and will not be disseminated without the employee's permission. Further, an employee is not subject to discipline solely as a result of a self referral for treatment.
- C. However, use of the EAP or other community resources will not shield the employee from appropriate disciplinary action for violations of the City's Drug-Free Workplace Program if such violations come to the City's attention through other means, including, but not limited to, reports from employees or outsiders, direct observation, or drug testing.
- D. Follow-up testing shall be monitored by the EAP and shall provide that the employee:
 1. Contact the EAP and strictly adhere to all the terms of treatment and counseling;
 2. Immediately cease any and all abuse/use of alcohol/drugs; and

3. Consent in writing to periodic unannounced testing for a period of up to 60 months after returning to work or completion of any rehabilitation program, whichever is later.
 4. Pass all drug test(s) administered under this program.
 5. The employee and the certified bargaining representative, if any, executes and abides by an agreement, if appropriate, describing the required conditions.
- E. Participation in an employee assistance program or a drug rehabilitation program shall be paid for to the extent authorized under the City's Health insurance plan, whether the particular program is selected by the employee or the City.

XI. INVESTIGATION

- A. To ensure that illegal drugs and alcohol do not enter or affect the workplace, the City reserves the right to undertake reasonable searches of all vehicles, containers, lockers, or other items on City property in furtherance of this program. Individuals may be requested to display personal property for visual inspection.
- B. Searches for the purpose described herein will be conducted only where the City has reasonable suspicion that the employee has violated the City's Drug-Free Workplace Program, and that evidence of such misconduct may be found during the search. A substance abuse investigation report shall be completed within twenty-four (24) hours after any search conducted pursuant to this sub-section.
- C. Preventing a premises/vehicle search or refusing to display personal property for visual inspection pursuant to this section will be grounds for disciplinary action up to and including dismissal and/or denial of access to City premises.
- D. Searches of an employee's personal property will take place only in the employee's presence. All searches under this program will occur with the utmost discretion and consideration for the employee involved.
- E. Individuals may be required to empty their pockets, but under no circumstances will an employee be required to remove articles of clothing or be physically searched except by law enforcement personnel having lawful authority to do so.
- F. Because the City's primary concern is for the safety of its employees, the public and their working environment, the City will not normally seek prosecution in matters involving mere possession of illegal substances discovered solely as a result of a reasonable search under this section. However, the City will turn over all confiscated drugs and drug paraphernalia to the proper law enforcement authorities.

Further, the City reserves the right to cooperate with or enlist the services of proper law enforcement authorities in the course of any investigation.

XII. ARREST FOR DRUG-RELATED CRIME

A. As a condition of employment, each employee obligates himself or herself to notify his or her appropriate management representative of the arrest for any alleged violation of or conviction under any criminal drug statute, including but not limited to, offenses described in Section 316.193, Chapter 859 and Chapter 893, Fla. Stat. (1991). Except for the more immediate notice required under Article V(I) of this program, the employee shall give the required notice within 48 working hours of such event. Failure to notify will result in dismissal.

B. Arrests:

If an employee is arrested on a charge of commission of a drug-related crime, the City will perform a preliminary investigation of all of the facts and circumstances surrounding the alleged offense, and City officials may utilize the drug-testing procedures in accordance with this program. In most cases, the arrest for a drug-related crime, except off-duty alcohol use, will constitute reasonable suspicion of drug use under this program. However, information on drug test results shall not be released or used in any criminal proceeding against the employee. Information released contrary to this section shall be inadmissible as evidence in any such criminal proceeding. In conducting its own investigation the City shall use the following procedures:

During the preliminary investigation, an employee may be placed on leave with pay, if applicable. After the preliminary investigation is completed, but in no event later than 15 days after the employee's department head learns of the arrest, normal personnel procedures shall be implemented.

XIII. CONFIDENTIALITY

All information, interviews, reports, statements, memoranda and drug test results, written or otherwise, received by the City as a part of this drug testing program are confidential communications. Unless required by state or federal laws, rules or regulations, the City will not release such information without a written consent form signed voluntarily by the person tested, except when consulting with legal counsel in connection with action brought under or related to § 440.101-102, Fla. Stat., or when the information is relevant to the City's defense in a civil or administrative matter.

The provisions of §119.07 to the contrary notwithstanding:

A. All information, interview, reports, statement, memoranda, and drug test results, written or otherwise, received or produced as a result of a drug testing program are confidential communications and may not be used or received in evidence, obtained in discovery, or disclosed in any public or private proceedings, except in accordance

with this section or in determining compensability under Chapter 440 Florida Statutes.

B. Employers, laboratories, employees assistance programs, drug and alcohol rehabilitation programs, and their agents who receive or have access to information concerning drug test results shall keep all information confidential. Release of such information under any other circumstances shall be solely pursuant to written consent form signed voluntarily by the person tested, unless such release is compelled by a hearing officer or a court of competent jurisdiction pursuant to an appeal taken under this section, or unless deemed appropriate by a professional or occupational licensing board in a related disciplinary proceeding. The consent form must contain, at a minimum:

1. The name of the person who is authorized to obtain the information.
2. The purpose of the disclosure.
3. The precise information to be disclosed.
4. The duration of the consent.
5. The signature of the person authorizing release of the information.

C. Information on drug test results shall not be released or used in any criminal proceeding against the employee or job applicant. Information released contrary to this section shall be inadmissible as evidence in any such criminal proceedings.

D. Nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit the employer, agent of the employer, or laboratory conducting a drug test from having access to employee drug test information when consulting with legal counsel in connection with actions brought under or related to this section or when the information is relevant to its defense in a civil or administrative matter.

XIV. RECORDS AND TRAINING

A. Resource File

The City will maintain a current resource file of providers of employee assistance including alcohol and drug abuse programs, mental health providers, and various other persons, entities or organizations designed to assist employees with personal or behavioral problems. The City will inform employees and new hires about various employee assistance programs that the employer may have available. The information shall be made available at a reasonable time convenient to the City in a manner that permits discreet review by the employee. The City will provide the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of employee assistance programs and local alcohol and drug rehabilitation programs to employees and applicants.

B. Individual Test Results

1. The MRO shall be the sole custodian of individual positive test results.
2. The MRO shall retain the reports of individual positive test results for a period of five years.
3. The City shall keep confidential and retain for at least one (1) year an employee's challenge or explanation of a positive test result, the City's response thereto, and the report of positive result.
4. The City shall keep all negative test results for five (5) years.

C. General Records of the City

1. Records which demonstrate that the collection process conforms to all appropriate state or federal regulations shall be kept for three (3) years.
2. A record of the number of employees tested by type of test shall be kept for five (5) years.
3. Records confirming that managers, supervisors and employees have been trained under this program shall be kept for three (3) years.

D. Drug Training Program

1. The City shall establish and maintain a Drug Training Program as required by Chapter 440 Florida Statutes. The Program shall, at a minimum, include the following:
 - a. A written statement on file and available for inspection at its Human Resources Department outlining the Program;
 - b. An educational and training component for employees which addresses drugs; and
 - c. An educational and training component for all supervisory and managerial personnel which addresses drugs.
2. The educational and training components described in D.1.b and D.1.c above shall include the following:
 - a. The effects and consequences of drug use on personal health, safety and work environment.

- b. The manifestations and behavioral changes that may indicate drug use or abuse.
- c. Documentation of training given to employees, supervisory and management personnel.

E Comparable Procedures.

To the extent allowed by law and regulation, the City shall utilize 49 CFR, Part 40 procedures for workplace drug testing programs in lieu of the comparable procedures described herein, or incorporated by reference, when such comparable procedures are based upon the requirements of Fla. Admin. Code R. 59A-24.

All Code of Federal Regulations or State Statutes addressed in this document are available for review in the City of Gainesville's Human Resources Office.