1	RESOLUTION NO. <u>031007</u>
2	Adopted March 15, 2004
3	A RESOLUTION AMENDING RULE XXI
4	OF THE RULES OF PROCEDURE OF THE
5	CITY COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF
6	GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA; REMOVING THE PROHIBITION AGAINST EX PARTE
7	COMMUNICATIONS AND ESTABLISHING
8 9	A PROCESS TO DISCLOSE SUCH
0	COMMUNICAITONS; AND PROVIDING
1	AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE.
2	
13 14	WHEREAS, under the provisions of Section 2.06 Gainesville Charter, the City
15	Commission may determine its own rules of procedure.
6	WHEREAS, Rule XXI of the rules of procedure for the City Commission of the City of
17	Gainesville currently prohibits ex parte communication in connection with any quasi-judicial
8	matter.
9	WHEREAS, the Mayor and City Commission desire to allow ex parte communication
20	and remove the presumption of prejudice from ex parte communications in connection with any
21	quasi-judicial matters as expressly permitted by §286.0115(1), F.S.
22	NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COMMISSION OF THE
23	CITY OF GAINESVILLE:
24	SECTION 1. Rule XXI of the rules of the City Commission of the City of Gainesville,
25	Florida is hereby amended to read as follows:
26	RULE XXI
27	QUASI-JUDICIAL ACTIONS
28	Part I. Request for Hearing
29	(A) Quasi-Judicial Hearings before the Commission
30	The quasi-judicial hearings before the City Commission shall be either formal or information
31	hearings. A formal quasi-judicial hearing is a hearing where applicants and affected

parties have the rights and responsibilities of a party as set forth in Sections (B) - (D) of the rules of formal quasi-judicial procedure. An informal hearing is a hearing where the applicant and public may present testimony for or against a proposal before the Board without the procedures of a formal hearing.

Scope of Quasi-Judicial Proceedings

A quasi-judicial proceeding, either formal or informal, shall occur as provided by law.

(C) Selection of Hearing

 $x = x = \frac{x}{x} \cdot x$

(B)

All persons entitled to actual written notice of a matter before the City Commission, that is quasi-judicial may request a formal hearing before the City Commission by filing with the Clerk of the Commission the written request before the close of business at least seven (7) days prior to the City Commission meeting when the matter is scheduled to be heard. Persons who are not entitled to actual written notice but believe they are an "affected party", as defined in this rule, may request a formal hearing and determination of affected party status by filing with the Clerk of the Commission the written request for a formal hearing and an application for affected party status as provided in Part II of this rule, before the close of business at least seven (7) days prior to the City Commission meeting when the matter is scheduled to be heard. Failure to timely file such requests for a formal hearing shall set the matter for an informal quasi-judicial hearing.

Part II. Formal Quasi-Judicial Hearings Ex Parte Communications

A) Ex Parte Communication

Florida Statutes Section 286.0115(1) provides that any person who is not otherwise prohibited by the Gainesville Charter, statute or ordinance may discuss with any member of the City Commission the merits of any matter on which the City Commission may take action. The following procedures for ex parte communications are adopted pursuant to

§286.0115(1), F.S., and are intended to remove the presumption of prejudice arising from ex parte communications, as follows:

- The subject of any oral ex parte communication, together with the identity of
 the person, group or entity with whom the communication took place, shall be
 disclosed and made a part of the record on file with the Clerk of the
 Commission prior to final action on the matter, as further provided in this
 Rule.
- 2. Any written ex parte communication read by a member of the City
 Commission that relates to a quasi-judicial matter pending before the City
 Commission, shall be placed in and made a permanent part of the record on
 file with the Clerk of the Commission prior to final action on the matter, as
 further provided in this Rule.
- 3. Members of the City Commission may conduct investigations and site visits and may receive expert opinions regarding quasi-judicial action pending before the City Commission. The existence of such investigation, site visit or expert opinion shall be made a part of the record on file with the City prior to final action on the matter, as further provided in this Rule.

B) Time and Purpose of Disclosure

Disclosure shall occur as provided in Parts III and IV of this Rule. Such disclosures shall be made a part of the record so that persons with opinions contrary to those expressed in the ex parte communication are provided a reasonable opportunity to respond to or refute the ex parte communication.

C) Procedure for Disclosure

Members of the City Commission shall disclose ex parte communications by placing on the record of the pending matter the following:

1		<u>a.</u>	all ex	parte written communications, includ	ing ext	sert opinions, received and read.
2		<u>b.</u>	all ex	parte written responses to such comm	unicati	ons;
3		<u>c.</u>	the sul	oject of all ex parte oral communication	ons, inc	cluding expert opinions, and the
4		ide	entity o	f the person, group or entity with who	om the	communication took place; and
5		<u>d.</u>	the ex	istence of investigations or site visits.		
6	<u>D</u>) Basis	of Fina	l Decision		
7	5	All de	cisions	of the City Commission in a quasi-ju	idicial 1	matter must be supported by
8		substa	ıntial co	empetent evidence in the record pertin	nent to	the proceeding, irrespective of
9		such c	ommu	nications.		
10	E) Option	nal Par	ticipation		
11		This F	Rule do	es not require or obligate any membe	r of the	City Commission to engage in
12	ex parte communication on any matter and any participation or receipt of ex parte					
13		comm	unicati	ons in any quasi-judicial matter is pur	rely vo	untary and optional.
14	F) Code (2),	
15	_			he City Commission shall not be sub	ject to	Part III of Chapter 112, F.S. for
16	not complying with the requirements of this Part of these Rules.					
17		200.00		Part II <u>III.</u> Formal Quasi Judi		
18	(A)	Orde	r of Pro	esentation; Time Limits		
	(A)			rder of presentation, with correspond	ina tim	a limits for each presentation
19		(1)		-	ing um	e minus for each presentation,
20			are as	follows:		
21				Order	Max	imum Time Limit
22						(minutes)
23			1)	Introduction of the matter by staff	•	3
24		-	*2)	Petitioner	20	10
25			*3)	Staff presentation		10
26			*4)	Affected Party (if any) for	10	
27				(per person)	10	
28			*5)	Affected Party against (if any) again		
29			Jb ~^	(per person)	10	5
30			*6)	Rebuttal (Petitioner/Staff)		5

1 2 3			 Close of presentation by Petitioner, Staff and Affected Parties Public hearing (per person) Deliberation and vote of the Commission
4 5		(2)	Cross examination is limited to ten (10) minutes per witness.
6		(3)	The time limits set forth in Section (1) may be modified by the City Commission or
7			its own motion or upon request of a party to the proceedings. Said request shall
8			detail the modified time desired and the subjects to be discussed during the
9	5		additional time. A request for a modification of time should be considered by the
10			City Commission to assure all parties have an opportunity to participate without
11			undue repetition and delay.
12 13	*		esses may be presented during parts 2-6 of the presentation with cross- ination.
14 15	(B)	Affec	ted Party Defined; Determination
16		(1)	An affected party is any person who is entitled to actual written notice of a matter
17			before the Commission.
18		(2)	An affected party who is not entitled to actual written notice but who believes that
19			they have a special interest or would suffer an injury distinct in kind and degree from
20			that shared by the public at large may request affected party status by filing ar
21			application, as provided in Part I of this rule. The Commission will consider ar
22			application for affected party status prior to the commencement of the hearing. The
23			decision of the Commission shall be final.
24	(C)	Regis	tration of Affected Parties
25		In ord	ler to participate in the formal quasi-judicial hearing, all affected parties shall complete
26		the fo	orm prescribed by the Clerk of the Commission, stating their name and address and
27		other	pertinent information, and whether they support or oppose the matter or matter before
28		the C	ity Commission. The form shall be delivered to the City Commission's secretary at the

commencement of the hearing.

(D) Representation of Parties

Any party may be represented by an attorney. If an attorney represents a party or several parties, the attorney shall complete the form prescribed by the City Commission and identify the person or persons they represent and whether their client supports or opposes the matter before the City Commission. The form shall be delivered to the Clerk of the Commission at the commencement of the hearing proceeding.

(E) The Hearing

- The introduction of the case shall be presented by the Clerk of the Commission and include a brief description of the matter. This introduction shall not be considered evidence in the proceeding, and the Clerk of the Commission presenting the introduction shall not be subject to cross-examination by any party to the proceeding.
- The members of the City Commissioners shall disclose any ex parte communications that may have occurred and provide a reasonable opportunity for any person with an opinion contrary to that expressed in the ex parte communication to respond or refute the ex parte communication through the Mayor.
- 3) All parties may be collectively sworn by the Clerk of the Commission in the interest of time.
- The City Manager or designee shall present any staff, board or other report on the matter. Evidence before the Commission shall include, but not be limited to, an analysis which includes the consistency with the City's adopted codes, rules, policies or plans, as applicable, and how the matter does or does not meet the requirements of the such codes, rules, policies and plans and other applicable haws. Written reports and any other documentary evidence shall become a part of the record.

Evidence may be presented through oral testimony of witnesses or documentary evidence or both.

- 5) The City Commission may call any witness it deems necessary to reach a complete and informed decision.
- The examination of witnesses shall be conducted under oath by direct 6) examination on matters which are relevant and material to the issue or issues before the City Commission. After the conclusion of direct examination, the witness may be cross-examined by another party, or a member of the City Commissioner. All questions shall be directed through the Mayor and the witness shall answer the question unless the Mayor deems the question to be irrelevant or immaterial. Any commissioner or party may raise evidentiary objections. The inquiry under crossexamination shall be limited to matters raised in the direct examination of the witness. No re-direct shall be allowed unless requested by a party stating the desired area of inquiry and that request is approved by the Mayor. If re-direct is allowed, it shall be limited to questions of the witness on issues raised in the cross-examination. This provision shall not limit a member of the City Commissioner from questioning any person on matters relevant to the matter or petition. The Mayor or any City Commissioner may seek advice from the City Attorney on questions of evidence. During the presentation by the opponents or proponents of an issue before the City Commission, no one may present testimony or evidence which is unduly cumulative or repetitious of previously presented testimony or evidence by a fellow opponent or proponent.

(F) Public Hearing

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After the quasi-judicial hearing is completed, those members of the public who were not a party to the quasi-judicial hearing may be permitted to speak up to five (5) minutes per

person and present their testimony and evidence to the City Commission. No party or witness shall be allowed to speak during the public hearing portion of the proceedings.

3 (G) Continuances

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The City Commission may, in its discretion, at any time during the hearing, continue the hearing, and may request further information from any party.

(H) City Commission Deliberation

The City Commission shall then further deliberate a motion, if necessary, and reach a decision by voting on the motion. In reaching its decision the City Commission may only consider evidence presented at the hearing and base its decision on the competent, substantial evidence of record.

(I) City Commission Oral Order

The City Commission shall orally issue an order.

(J) City Commission Written Order

The order shall be reduced to writing and shall state whether the petition is granted or denied or granted with conditions. The order shall also specify any conditions, requirements or limitations on the approval of the matter. The written order shall be presented to the City Commission for approval at a special meeting or at the next regular meeting of the City Commission. The Mayor and the Clerk of the City Commission shall execute the order. Executed copies of the order shall be hand delivered or mailed to the parties.

Part H IV. Informal Quasi-Judicial Hearings

(A) Informal Quasi-Judicial Hearing Procedure

- 1) If no person files a timely request for a formal quasi-judicial hearing, the matter shall be set for an informal quasi-judicial hearing.
- 24 2) An informal hearing shall be presented to the City Commission in the following order:

1	a) Disclosure of any ex-parte communication and provide a reasonable
2	opportunity for any person with an opinion contrary to that expressed in the
3	ex parte communication to respond or refute the ex parte communication
4	through the Mayor.
5	a b) Staff presentation
6	b c) Petitioner or Applicant
7	e <u>d</u>) Public hearing
8	de) Deliberation and vote of the City Commission
9	3) Cross-examination of the witnesses is not permitted and deemed waived by
10	all persons or parties. This provision does not prohibit a City Commission member
11	from questioning any person relevant to the matter.
12	4) The City Manager or designee shall present any staff, board or other report
13	on the matter. Evidence before the Commission shall include, but not be limited to
14	an analysis which includes the consistency with the City's adopted codes, rules
15	policies or plans, as applicable, and how the matter or Petition does or does not meet
16	the requirements of such codes, rules, policies, plans and other applicable laws
17	written reports and any other documentary evidence shall become a part of the
18	record. Evidence may be presented through oral testimony of witnesses or
19	documentary evidence or both.
20	5) Any person may speak for or against the matter if they complete a
21	registration card at the meeting as provided by the Clerk of the Commission. The
22	Mayor may limit the time of any portion of an informal hearing to avoid
23	unnecessary repetition and delay.
24	6) After the public hearing portion, the City Commission shall deliberate and
25	vote, which shall constitute the oral order.

Part IV. Ex Parte Communications

2	1) — General
3	Ex parte communications are prohibited in connection with any quasi-judicial hearing under
4	Florida case law.
5	2) Procedures when an ex parte communication is received.
6	Should an ex parte communication be received by an individual commissioner the following
7	shall take place:
8	A. Written Communications - If a Commissioner receives a written "ex parte"
9	communication relating to a matter coming before the Commission, the member
10	should transmit the item to the Clerk of the Commission for inclusion in the official
11	records. These communications shall be forwarded to the parties as soon as
12	practicable before the hearing.
13	B. Oral Communications - As soon as it becomes apparent that an inadvertent oral
14	communication pertains to a matter coming before the Commission, the
15	Commissioner should explain to the person that the communications is improper and
16	that he or she is required to end the communication on that subject. At the time the
17	item comes up for discussion at the Commission meeting, the Commissioner should
18	report any attempted "ex parte" communication.
19	3) Party inquiry
20	Any party may ask questions to a Commissioner about any ex parte communications
21	directed through the Mayor.
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SECTION 2. This resolution shall become effective immediately upon adoption. Passed and adopted this 15th day of March, 2004. 2 5 Thomas D. Bussing 7 8 Approved as to form and legality: 9 ATTEST: 10 11 12 Clerk Of The Commission 13 Kurt M. Lannon 14

CODE: Words stricken are deleted; words underlined are additions.

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2	Adopted March 15, 2004						
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7	THE PROHIBITION AGAINST EX PARTE						
8	COMMUNICATIONS AND ESTABLISHING						
9	A PROCESS TO DISCLOSE SUCH COMMUNICAITONS; AND PROVIDING						
10 11	AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE.						
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15	Commission may determine its own rules of procedure.						
16	WHEREAS, Rule XXI of the rules of procedure for the City Commission of the City of						
17	Gainesville currently prohibits ex parte communication in connection with any quasi-judicial						
18	matter.						
19	WHEREAS, the Mayor and City Commission desire to allow ex parte communication						
20	and remove the presumption of prejudice from ex parte communications in connection with any						
21	quasi-judicial matters as expressly permitted by §286.0115(1), F.S.						
22	NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COMMISSION OF THE						
23	CITY OF GAINESVILLE:						
24	SECTION 1. Rule XXI of the rules of the City Commission of the City of Gainesville,						
25	Florida is hereby amended to read as follows:						
26	RULE XXI						
27	QUASI-JUDICIAL ACTIONS						
28	Part I. Request for Hearing						
29	(A) Quasi-Judicial Hearings before the Commission						
30	The quasi-judicial hearings before the City Commission shall be either formal or informal						

hearings. A formal quasi-judicial hearing is a hearing where applicants and affected

parties have the rights and responsibilities of a party as set forth in Sections (B) - (D) of the rules of formal quasi-judicial procedure. An informal hearing is a hearing where the applicant and public may present testimony for or against a proposal before the Board without the procedures of a formal hearing.

(B) Scope of Quasi-Judicial Proceedings

A quasi-judicial proceeding, either formal or informal, shall occur as provided by law.

(C) Selection of Hearing

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All persons entitled to actual written notice of a matter before the City Commission, that is quasi-judicial may request a formal hearing before the City Commission by filing with the Clerk of the Commission the written request before the close of business at least seven (7) days prior to the City Commission meeting when the matter is scheduled to be heard. Persons who are not entitled to actual written notice but believe they are an "affected party", as defined in this rule, may request a formal hearing and determination of affected party status by filing with the Clerk of the Commission the written request for a formal hearing and an application for affected party status as provided in Part II of this rule, before the close of business at least seven (7) days prior to the City Commission meeting when the matter is scheduled to be heard. Failure to timely file such requests for a formal hearing shall set the matter for an informal quasi-judicial hearing.

Part II. Formal Quasi-Judicial Hearings Ex Parte Communications

A) Ex Parte Communication

Florida Statutes Section 286.0115(1) provides that any person who is not otherwise prohibited by the Gainesville Charter, statute or ordinance may discuss with any member of the City Commission the merits of any matter on which the City Commission may take action. The following procedures for ex parte communications are adopted pursuant to

§286.0115(1), F.S., and are intended to remove the presumption of prejudice arising from ex parte communications, as follows:

- The subject of any oral ex parte communication, together with the identity of
 the person, group or entity with whom the communication took place, shall be
 disclosed and made a part of the record on file with the Clerk of the
 Commission prior to final action on the matter, as further provided in this
 Rule.
- Any written ex parte communication read by a member of the City
 Commission that relates to a quasi-judicial matter pending before the City
 Commission, shall be placed in and made a permanent part of the record on file with the Clerk of the Commission prior to final action on the matter, as further provided in this Rule.
- 3. Members of the City Commission may conduct investigations and site visits and may receive expert opinions regarding quasi-judicial action pending before the City Commission. The existence of such investigation, site visit or expert opinion shall be made a part of the record on file with the City prior to final action on the matter, as further provided in this Rule.

B) Time and Purpose of Disclosure

Disclosure shall occur as provided in Parts III and IV of this Rule. Such disclosures shall be made a part of the record so that persons with opinions contrary to those expressed in the ex parte communication are provided a reasonable opportunity to respond to or refute the ex parte communication.

C) Procedure for Disclosure

Members of the City Commission shall disclose ex parte communications by placing on the record of the pending matter the following:

1		<u>a. a</u>	ll ex p	parte written communications, including	ing ex	pert opinions, received and read;		
2		<u>b.</u> a	ıll ex p	parte written responses to such comm	unicat	ions;		
3	c. the subject of all ex parte oral communications, including expert opinions, and the							
4	identity of the person, group or entity with whom the communication took place; and							
5	d. the existence of investigations or site visits.							
6	<u>D</u>)	Basis of	Final	Decision				
7	All decisions of the City Commission in a quasi-judicial matter must be supported by							
8		substan	tial co	mpetent evidence in the record pertir	nent to	the proceeding, irrespective of		
9		such co	mmun	ications.				
10	<u>E</u>)	Optiona	al Par	ticipation				
11		This Ru	ile doe	es not require or obligate any member	r of th	e City Commission to engage in		
12	ex parte communication on any matter and any participation or receipt of ex parte							
13	communications in any quasi-judicial matter is purely voluntary and optional.							
14	<u>F)</u>	Code of	Ethic	<u>·s</u>				
15		Membe	rs of t	he City Commission shall not be sub	ject to	Part III of Chapter 112, F.S. for		
16		not com	plyin	g with the requirements of this Part o	f these	e Rules.		
17				Part II <u>III.</u> Formal Quasi Judi	cial H	earings		
18	(A)	Order	of Pre	sentation; Time Limits				
19		(1)	The on	rder of presentation, with correspond	ing tir	ne limits for each presentation,		
20		;	are as	follows:				
21				Order	Max	kimum Time Limit		
22				Oldor	11100	(minutes)		
23			1)	Introduction of the matter by staff		3		
24		,	*2)	Petitioner	20			
25			*3)	Staff presentation		10		
26		L	*4)	Affected Party (if any) for				
27				(per person)	10			
28			*5)	Affected Party against (if any) agai				
29				(per person)	10	_		
30			* 6)	Rebuttal (Petitioner/Staff)		5		

- 7) Close of presentation by Petitioner, Staff and Affected Parties
 8) Public hearing (per person) 5
 9) Deliberation and vote of the Commission
 4
 5 (2) Cross examination is limited to ten (10) minutes per witness.
 - (3) The time limits set forth in Section (1) may be modified by the City Commission on its own motion or upon request of a party to the proceedings. Said request shall detail the modified time desired and the subjects to be discussed during the additional time. A request for a modification of time should be considered by the City Commission to assure all parties have an opportunity to participate without undue repetition and delay.
- Witnesses may be presented during parts 2-6 of the presentation with crossexamination.

(B) Affected Party Defined; Determination

- (1) An affected party is any person who is entitled to actual written notice of a matter before the Commission.
- An affected party who is not entitled to actual written notice but who believes that they have a special interest or would suffer an injury distinct in kind and degree from that shared by the public at large may request affected party status by filing an application, as provided in Part I of this rule. The Commission will consider an application for affected party status prior to the commencement of the hearing. The decision of the Commission shall be final.

(C) Registration of Affected Parties

In order to participate in the formal quasi-judicial hearing, all affected parties shall complete the form prescribed by the Clerk of the Commission, stating their name and address and other pertinent information, and whether they support or oppose the matter or matter before the City Commission. The form shall be delivered to the City Commission's secretary at the commencement of the hearing.

(D) Representation of Parties

Any party may be represented by an attorney. If an attorney represents a party or several parties, the attorney shall complete the form prescribed by the City Commission and identify the person or persons they represent and whether their client supports or opposes the matter before the City Commission. The form shall be delivered to the Clerk of the Commission at the commencement of the hearing proceeding.

(E) The Hearing

- The introduction of the case shall be presented by the Clerk of the Commission and include a brief description of the matter. This introduction shall not be considered evidence in the proceeding, and the Clerk of the Commission presenting the introduction shall not be subject to cross-examination by any party to the proceeding.
- The members of the City Commissioners shall disclose any ex parte communications that may have occurred and provide a reasonable opportunity for any person with an opinion contrary to that expressed in the ex parte communication to respond or refute the ex parte communication through the Mayor.
- 3) All parties may be collectively sworn by the Clerk of the Commission in the interest of time.
- The City Manager or designee shall present any staff, board or other report on the matter. Evidence before the Commission shall include, but not be limited to, an analysis which includes the consistency with the City's adopted codes, rules, policies or plans, as applicable, and how the matter does or does not meet the requirements of the such codes, rules, policies and plans and other applicable haws. Written reports and any other documentary evidence shall become a part of the record.

Evidence may be presented through oral testimony of witnesses or documentary evidence or both.

- 5) The City Commission may call any witness it deems necessary to reach a complete and informed decision.
- The examination of witnesses shall be conducted under oath by direct 6) examination on matters which are relevant and material to the issue or issues before the City Commission. After the conclusion of direct examination, the witness may be cross-examined by another party, or a member of the City Commissioner. All questions shall be directed through the Mayor and the witness shall answer the question unless the Mayor deems the question to be irrelevant or immaterial. Any commissioner or party may raise evidentiary objections. The inquiry under crossexamination shall be limited to matters raised in the direct examination of the witness. No re-direct shall be allowed unless requested by a party stating the desired area of inquiry and that request is approved by the Mayor. If re-direct is allowed, it shall be limited to questions of the witness on issues raised in the cross-examination. This provision shall not limit a member of the City Commissioner from questioning any person on matters relevant to the matter or petition. The Mayor or any City Commissioner may seek advice from the City Attorney on questions of evidence. During the presentation by the opponents or proponents of an issue before the City Commission, no one may present testimony or evidence which is unduly cumulative or repetitious of previously presented testimony or evidence by a fellow opponent or proponent.

(F) Public Hearing

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After the quasi-judicial hearing is completed, those members of the public who were not a party to the quasi-judicial hearing may be permitted to speak up to five (5) minutes per

person and present their testimony and evidence to the City Commission. No party or witness shall be allowed to speak during the public hearing portion of the proceedings.

3 (G) Continuances

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The City Commission may, in its discretion, at any time during the hearing, continue the hearing, and may request further information from any party.

6 (H) City Commission Deliberation

The City Commission shall then further deliberate a motion, if necessary, and reach a decision by voting on the motion. In reaching its decision the City Commission may only consider evidence presented at the hearing and base its decision on the competent, substantial evidence of record.

(I) City Commission Oral Order

The City Commission shall orally issue an order.

(J) City Commission Written Order

The order shall be reduced to writing and shall state whether the petition is granted or denied or granted with conditions. The order shall also specify any conditions, requirements or limitations on the approval of the matter. The written order shall be presented to the City Commission for approval at a special meeting or at the next regular meeting of the City Commission. The Mayor and the Clerk of the City Commission shall execute the order. Executed copies of the order shall be hand delivered or mailed to the parties.

Part HH IV. Informal Quasi-Judicial Hearings

(A) Informal Quasi-Judicial Hearing Procedure

- 1) If no person files a timely request for a formal quasi-judicial hearing, the matter shall be set for an informal quasi-judicial hearing.
- 24 2) An informal hearing shall be presented to the City Commission in the following order:

-1	<u>a)</u>	Disclosure of any ex-parte communication and provide a reasonable
2		opportunity for any person with an opinion contrary to that expressed in the
3		ex parte communication to respond or refute the ex parte communication
4		through the Mayor.
5	a <u>b</u>)	Staff presentation
6	<u>ь с</u>)	Petitioner or Applicant
7	e <u>d</u>)	Public hearing
8	<u>d</u> <u>e</u>)	Deliberation and vote of the City Commission
9	3)	Cross-examination of the witnesses is not permitted and deemed waived by
10	all per	sons or parties. This provision does not prohibit a City Commission member
11	from o	questioning any person relevant to the matter.
12	4)	The City Manager or designee shall present any staff, board or other report
13	on the	matter. Evidence before the Commission shall include, but not be limited to
14	an an	alysis which includes the consistency with the City's adopted codes, rules,
15	policie	es or plans, as applicable, and how the matter or Petition does or does not meet
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17	writte	n reports and any other documentary evidence shall become a part of the
18	record	Evidence may be presented through oral testimony of witnesses or
19	docun	nentary evidence or both.
20	5)	Any person may speak for or against the matter if they complete a
21	registr	ration card at the meeting as provided by the Clerk of the Commission. The
22	Mayo	r may limit the time of any portion of an informal hearing to avoid
23	unnec	essary repetition and delay.
24	6)	After the public hearing portion, the City Commission shall deliberate and
25	vote, v	which shall constitute the oral order.

Part IV. Ex Parte Communications

2	1)	-General
3		Ex parte communications are prohibited in connection with any quasi-judicial hearing under
4		Florida case law.
5	2)	Procedures when an ex parte communication is received.
6		Should an ex parte communication be received by an individual commissioner the following
7		shall take place:
8	-	A. Written Communications - If a Commissioner receives a written "ex parte"
9		communication relating to a matter coming before the Commission, the member
10		should transmit the item to the Clerk of the Commission for inclusion in the official
l 1		records. These communications shall be forwarded to the parties as soon as
12		practicable before the hearing.
13	-	B. Oral Communications - As soon as it becomes apparent that an inadvertent oral
14		communication pertains to a matter coming before the Commission, the
15		Commissioner should explain to the person that the communications is improper and
16		that he or she is required to end the communication on that subject. At the time the
17		item comes up for discussion at the Commission meeting, the Commissioner should
18		report any attempted "ex parte" communication.
19	3)—	Party inquiry
20		Any party may ask questions to a Commissioner about any ex parte communications
21	directe	ed through the Mayor.
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23		
24		
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