PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT SERVICES DEPARTMENT PO Box 490, Station 11 Gainesville, FL 32627-0490

GAINE VILLE
every path starts with passion
FLORIDA

306 N.E. 6TH AVENUE P: (352) 334-5022 P: (352) 334-5023 F: (352) 334-2648

TO:

Historic Preservation Board

Item Number: 2

FROM:

Planning & Development Services Department

DATE: April 5, 2016

Staff

SUBJECT:

Petition HP-16-24. Daniel and Angel Schaffer, owners. Exterior

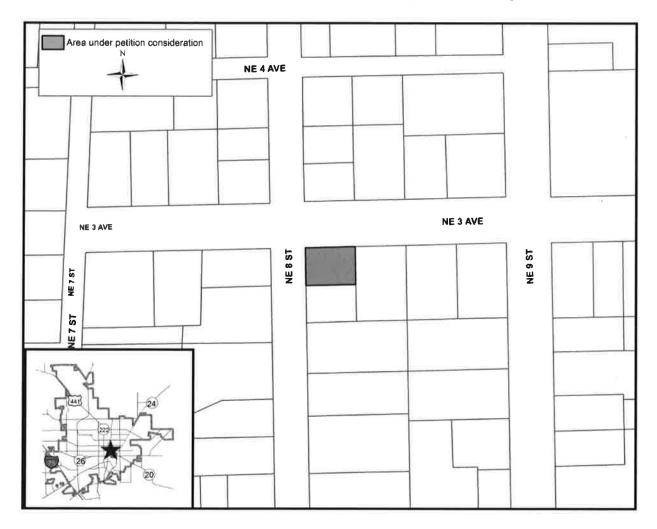
rehabilitation. Located at 201 NE 8th Street. This home is contributing to the

Northeast Residential Historic District.

Recommendation

Staff recommends approval of HP-16-24 with the following conditions:

1. Replacement windows be made of wood and match the original in material, size, general muntin/mullion proportion and configuration, and reflective qualities of the glass.



Project Description

The property is located at 201 NE 8th Street. The property is zoned RMF-5. The parcel (11940-000-000) is approximately .17 acres in size and is located in the Northeast Residential Historic District.

The proposed exterior rehabilitation includes:

- Replace broken asbestos siding shingles with 12"x24" Weatherside Purity Shingles;
- Remove 2 aluminum awning windows on the north elevation and infill with Weatherside Purity Shingles;
- * Replace remaining aluminum awning windows on north elevation;
- Replace all rotten house and window trim in-kind;
- * Replace 3 exterior doors Front door (to match existing) Fir 3-lite over 2 raised panels by Rogue Valley back & side doors Fir 15 lite;
- * Repair fascia/soffit in-kind, including restoring missing corbels;
- * Replace floorboards and stairs on rear porch;
- Repair or replace wood window screens.

Basis for Approval - Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation

Consideration of a Certificate of Appropriateness application is pursuant to Section 30-112 of the Land Development Code and the Secretary of Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation which serves as the basis for the City of Gainesville's *Historic Preservation Rehabilitation and Design Guidelines*. The Historic Preservation Board shall adhere to the preservation principles of maintaining historic fabric and compatibility with surrounding properties.

The *Historic Preservation Rehabilitation and Design Guidelines*, based on the Secretary of Interior Standards for Rehabilitation, which has become the authoritative guidelines for rehabilitation, list the following:

EXTERIOR FABRIC

Applicable Secretary Standards

- 2. The historic character of a property shall be retained and preserved. The removal of historic materials or alteration of features and spaces that characterize a property shall be avoided.
- 3. Each property shall be recognized as a physical record of its time, place and use. Changes that create a false sense of historical development, such as adding conjectural features or architectural elements from other buildings, shall not be undertaken.

- 7. Chemical or physical treatments, such as sandblasting, that cause damage to historic materials shall not be used. The surface cleaning of structures, if appropriate, shall be undertaken using the gentlest means possible.
- 9. New additions, exterior alterations or related new construction shall not destroy historic materials that characterize the property. The new work shall be differentiated from the old and shall be compatible with the massing, size, scale and architectural features to protect the historic integrity of the property and its environment.

Horizontal wood siding is the predominant exterior finish of residential buildings in Gainesville's Historic Districts. Wood siding is a character defining feature of frame vernacular buildings and many of the late nineteenth and early twentieth century styles found in the state such as the Queen Anne, Colonial Revival, and Craftsman Bungalow. Important characteristics of wood siding which should be considered in its repair or replacement are board size, width of exposure, length, and trim detail.

Probably the greatest threat to wood siding is the application of non-historic surface coverings such as aluminum and vinyl siding, stucco, and permastone. Application of these materials violates Standards 2 and 3. Standard 2 states that the removal or alteration of any historic material or distinctive architectural feature should be avoided when possible. Application of nonhistoric exterior finishes results in either the removal or covering of historical materials and details. Decorative trim around doors, windows, and under roof lines is frequently removed. Detailing of the wood itself, such as beveling or beading, is lost. Board width, length, and exposure are generally changed, thus, altering the scale and appearance of the building. Standard 3 states that historic buildings shall be recognized as products of their time and that alterations that have no historical basis shall be discouraged. Aluminum, vinyl, and permastone are clearly non-historic materials and violate this standard. Artificial siding also frequently damages the fabric underneath. It can trap moisture and encourage decay and insect infestation. Furthermore, despite manufacturer's claims, artificial siding requires maintenance. All materials have a limited life span and vinyl and aluminum are no exceptions. Within twenty years the finish of these materials will begin to deteriorate and weather, requiring painting, repair, or replacement.

In cases where artificial siding is already in place, its removal is not necessary under the guidelines. An owner may retain the material or remove it. If, however, the material is removed, it must be replaced with historically appropriate materials in accordance with Standard 9. Abrasive cleaning or paint removal are other threats to historic wooden siding and violate Standard 7. The proper method for paint removal is cleaning, light scraping, and sanding down to the next sound layer. If more intensive paint removal is required, the gentlest means possible should be used. Appropriate methods include a heat plate for flat surfaces such as siding, window sills and doors; an electric heat gun for solid decorative elements; or chemical dip stripping for detachable wooden elements such as shutters, balusters, columns, and doors when other methods are too laborious.

Harsh abrasive methods such as rotary sanding discs, rotary wire strippers, and sandblasting should never be used to remove paint from exterior wood. Such methods leave visible circular depressions in the wood; shred the wood; or erode the soft, porous fibers of the wood, leaving a permanently pitted surface. Harsh thermal methods such as hand-held propane or butane torches should never be used because they can scorch or ignite wood.

Wood

Wood: Weatherboard, novelty, drop, shingles and other wooden siding.

Identify, retain and preserve historic siding and its material, functional and decorative aspects such as masonry, rubble, clapboard, shiplap and novelty.

Masonry

Repair damaged masonry features by patching, piecing in, or consolidating to match original instead of replacing an entire masonry feature. Repair work should be done by hand in compliance with National Park Service Standards.

If cleaning is necessary, test the cleaner on a small, inconspicuous part of the building. Observe the test patch over a sufficient period of time in order to determine the gentlest cleaning method.

Compatibility of Materials and Textures

The relationship of material and texture of the facade of a building, structure or object shall be visually compatible with the predominant materials used in the buildings to which it is visually related. For instance, if wood siding is proposed for new construction, the dimensions of the siding should relate to the surrounding buildings. Stucco on concrete masonry unit construction may be appropriate if other architectural details such as window and door trim, door surrounds, and molded cornices are added to enhance the complexity of the design proposal, as is found on Mediterranean influence and Mission style buildings.

Recommended

- 1. Retain wooden materials and features such as siding, cornices, brackets, soffits, fascia, window architrave, and doorway pediments, wherever possible. These are essential components of a building's appearance and architectural style.
- 2. Repair or replace, where necessary, deteriorated material. New construction shall not destroy historic materials that characterize the property. The new work shall be differentiated from the old and shall be compatible with the massing, size, scale and architectural features to protect the historic integrity of the property and its environment.
- 3. Artificial siding may be permitted if the material is shown to be compatible in quality, shape and scale with the historic buildings.
- 4. The complexity of architectural articulation on surrounding historic buildings (i.e., bay windows, bracketing, belt courses, and window designs) should be reflected on the new buildings.
- 5. Wood is preferred siding material when replacing asbestos siding.
- 6. When repairing stucco, maintain the existing texture as well as the existing decorative elements or details around the windows, doors or roof lines.
- 7. Use of pervious sealants is acceptable.
- 8. Clean unpainted masonry with the gentlest effective means possible. The best method is low-pressure water wash (600-1000 pounds per square inch) with detergents and natural bristle brushes.

Not Recommended

- 1. The use of T111 vertical siding, diagonal siding, vinyl and aluminum siding is discouraged.
- 2. Do not cover exposed wood, masonry, stone or other surfaces with stucco unless historically documented.
- 3. Replacement wood siding should be consistent with the original in size, direction, materials and lap dimension. Original wall shingles should be maintained.
- 4. Synthetic and composition siding is generally not appropriate replacement material for historic buildings. On a case-by-case basis, however, such siding may be an acceptable alternative only if (1) the existing siding is so deteriorated or damaged that it cannot be repaired; (2) the substitute material can be installed without damaging or obscuring the architectural features of the building; and (3) the substitute material can match the historic material in size, profile and finish so that there is no change in the character of the building.
- 5. The use of Portland cement should be avoided when repointing brick unless technical reasons demand its use.
- 6. Avoid using cleaners that damage masonry or leave chemical residue. Do not clean marble or limestone with acid cleaners. Do not use abrasive cleaning methods such as sandblasting.
- 7. Do not paint unpainted masonry.
- 8. Avoid using high-pressure water wash which can damage the brick.

Staff Approval Guidelines

Staff can approve alterations to siding that utilizes compatible materials, matches existing depth and width and type of lap and approximates textures consistent with the historic building. Alterations to non-historic portions of contributing buildings can be approved by staff provided they are compatible in scale, design and materials.

Board Approval Guidelines

Wood siding for new additions should match existing materials, if present, in terms of lap width, type and depth.

When matching brick and tile work with new brick and tile work, care must be taken to match the color, texture, composition and size of the bricks or tile, the width or the joints between the bricks and tile, the color and tone of the mortar and the type of joint with the original.

Respectfully submitted,

Andrew Persons

Interim Principal Planner

Prepared by:

Salvatore J. Cumella

List of Exhibits

Exhibit 1 Photos

Exhibit 2 Materials

Exhibit 3 FL Master Site File (8AL673)

Exhibit 4 Elevations/ Floorplans

Exhibit 5 COA Application

Exhibit 1







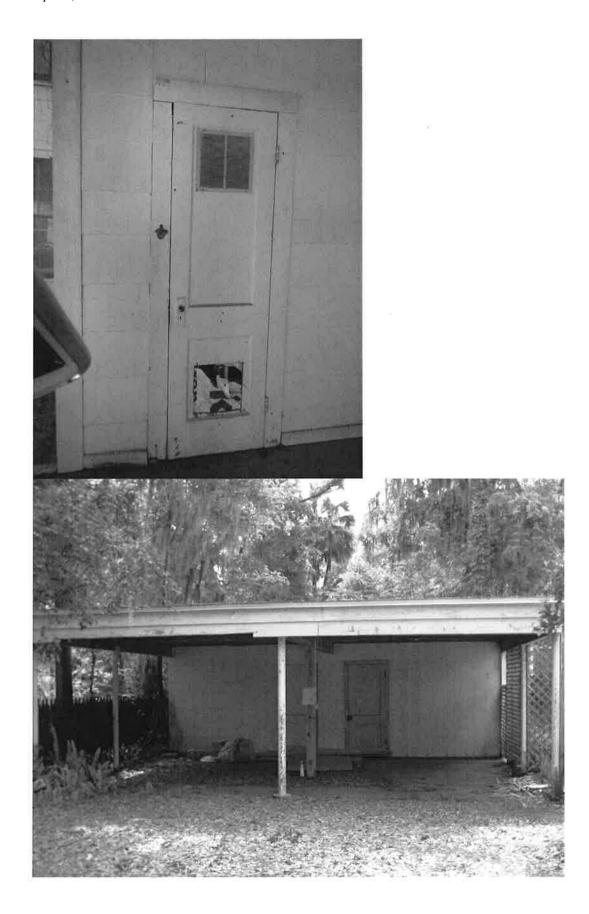


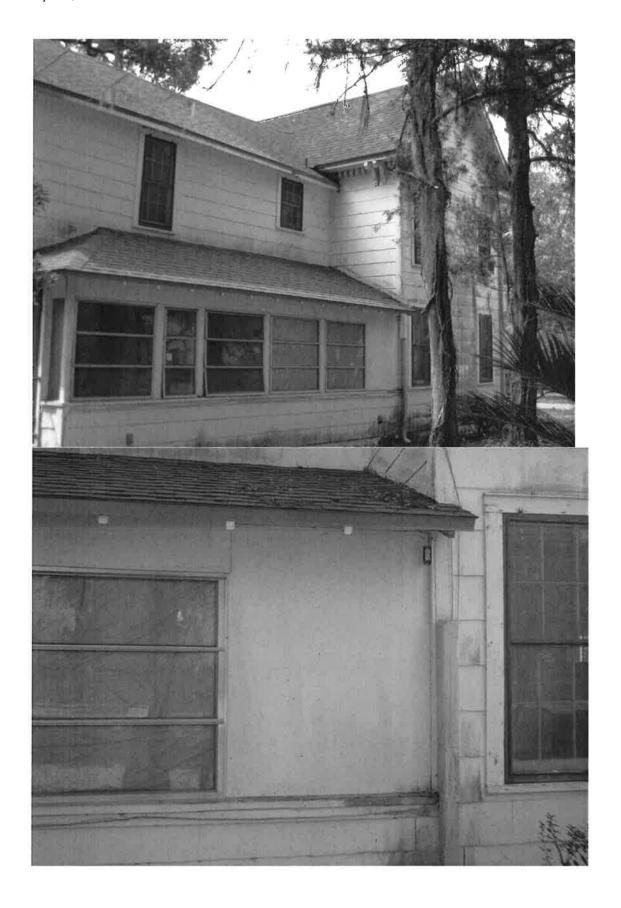




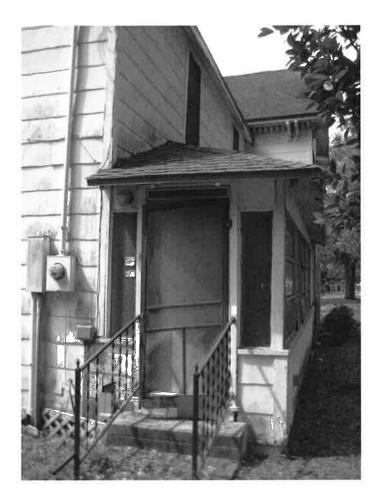








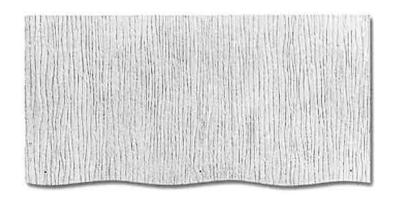


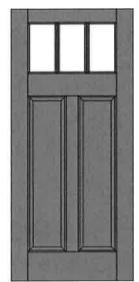






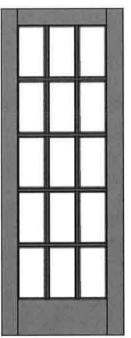
Purity(TM) Shingle - Wavy Edge w/Textured Surface - 12" x 24"





Front Door – Fir 3-lite over 2-raised panel pre-hung door

By Rogue Valley



Side and Back door – Fir 15-Lite

By Rogue Valley

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF STATE Division of Archives, History 11940 and Records Management DS MSP 3AAA 1-77

FLORIDA MASTER SITE FILE

Site Inventory Form

SEE SITE FILE STAFF FOR

	FUADAM	002
Site No.	BA1673	1009==

ORIGINAL	PHOTO(S) OR	MAP(S)	3116	Mo. DHID	[3] 1003==
Site Name 201 N.			Sur	vev Date 7804	820==
Instruction for locati	ng (or address)		.E. 8th St.		
		Gaine	sville, FL	32601	813==
Location:subdivis		1			868==
		block no		lot no.	
County: Alachua					808≖=
Owner of Site: Nar	me: <u>201 N</u>	E. 8th S	t.		
Address:	Gaine	sville, F	L 32601		
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Occupant Taxant	as Managari	191			
Occupant, Tenant, Name:	_				904==
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Type of Ownership	p_private_	848==	Hecolding Date		832==
Recorder:			2		
Name & Title:	Monroe, Eli:	zabeth B.	(Historic	Sites Speci	(alist) ;
Address:	FDAHRM				
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Threats to Site:					
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Deterioration ()		1878	Oredge ()		() 878==
Borrowing ()		5 878==			
Other (See Remarks)		<u> </u>			
Areas of Significan	nce: archi	tecture			910==
Significance:					
	This asbestos	siding o	covered Colo	nial Reviva	1
house rep	resents a typi	cal Gaine	sville dwel	ling of the	1910's.
It appears	s on the Sanbo	rn Map of	1913.		
					911==

Photographic Record Numbers HGI 1-32/17-H HGI 16-17

860==

ARCHITECT					872==
BUILDER					874==
STYLE AND/OR MODE	Colonial Revival (low)			964==	
PLAN TYPE	rectangular,	central hall			966==
EXTERIOR FABRIC(S)	asbestos sidí	ng			854==
STRUCTURAL SYSTEM(S)	wood frame				856==
FOUNDATION:	brick piers				942≈∞
ROOF TYPE:	gable				942==
SECONDARY ROOF STE	RUCTURE(S):				942==
CHIMNEY LOCATION:	interior, end				942==
WINDOW TYPE:	DHS 6/6	·			942==
CHIMNEY:	brick				882==
ROOF SURFACING:	composition				882==
INTERIOR WALLS:					882==
XRANAMENT XIND KARARON			bra	ckets	882==
ORNAMENT EXTERIOR	: 1 story, port	ico at entry	, denti	ls &	882==
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OTHER (SPECIFY)					954∞≈
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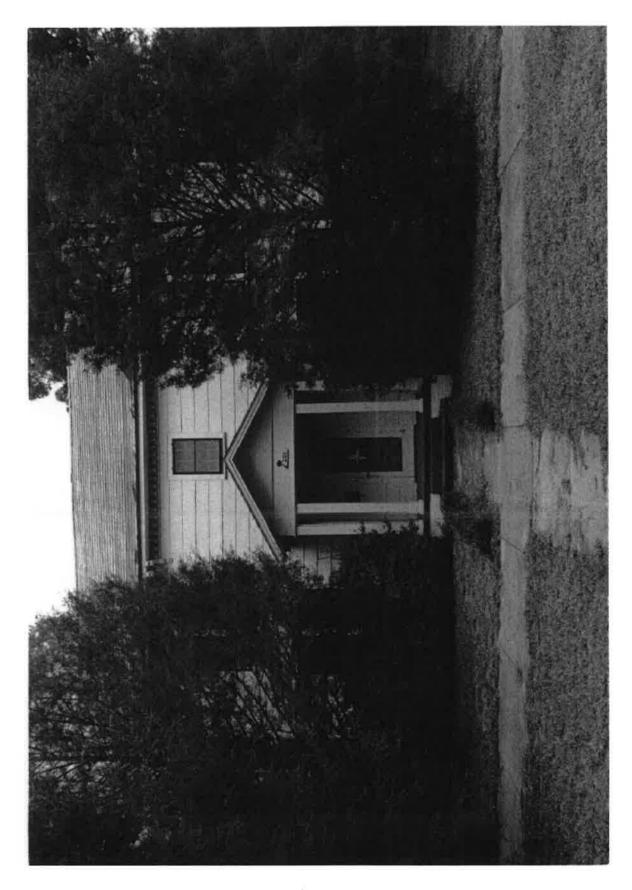
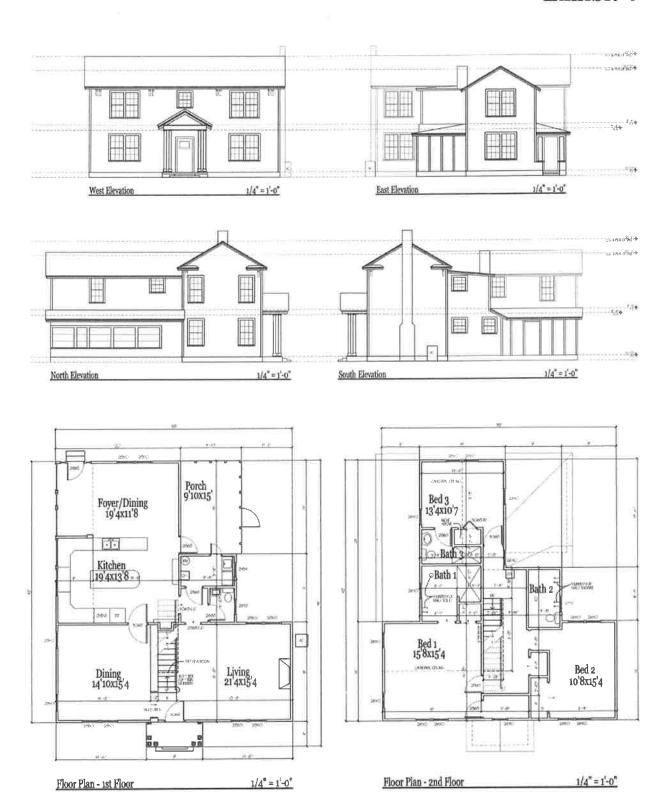


Exhibit 4





DID YOU REMEMBER?

CONTACT THE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICE FOR A PRELIMINARY DISSIGN REVIEW APPOINTMIENT, 334,5022

REVIEW THE CHREKLIST FOR A COMPLETE SUBMITTAL (If all requirements are not submitted it could delay your approval.)

PROVIDE LONIGINAL SET OF PLANS TO SCALE (no larger than 11° s 17°, writing to be legible). SDOWENG ALL DIMENSIONS AND SHIMALIKS

LIST IN DETAIL YOUR PROPOSED REPAIR AND/OR BENOWATHIN

ATTACH A SITE PLAN OF CERTIFIED SURVEY

PROVIDE PHOTOGRAPHS OF EXISTING CONDITIONS

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ARTICESON PROFESSIONAL SCH., TURN IN YOUR COMPLETED COA SPINACATION TO THE PLANNING COUNSDICTING BLYCK, THOSES симине В), Раз Анческой с PLUS, AND ESCH OF PURIC NOTICE, SIGN TO HE POSITIO TO DAYS IN ADVANCE OF YOR MELTING,

CHECKLIST REMINDER

MARI 3000 YOUR APPLICATION HAS ALL WITH REQUIREMENTS A PEACEMEN.

TABLERO TO TOURS COMPLETE THE APPLICATION, UTMPEN WITH THE INSTRUCTIONS, AND SUBMIT THE NAME SYSTEM TO CLASS MEATERS WILL RESULT IN DISPURCAL OF YORK PICTURES TO THE SENT MONDON MICHING



Planning & Development Services 306 N.E. 6th Avenue

Gainesville, Florida 32601

352,334,5022 Fax 352,334,3259

www.cityofgaineaville.org/planningdopartment

PROJECT TYPE: Addition () Alteration ()	Demoktion ()	New Construction in	Relocation =
Repair Fence in Romoof in Othor or			
PROJECT LOCATION:			
PROJECT LOCATION: Historic District: 201 NE 8	tigh		1
Site Address: 201 NE 60 1	2		
Tex Percei # 11940 - 000 - 0	000		

OWNER APPLICANT OR AGENT Schaffu ! Daniel Owner(s) Name

Corporation or Company Corporation or Company Street Address Street Address

Guiner la f City State Zip 3525055300

Harne Telephone Number 352 359 250 6 Cell Phone Number

agschafferw EMail Address

Fax Number

Homs Telephone Number Cell Phone Number

Fax Number

E-Mail Address

TO BE COMPLETED BY CITY STAFF (PRIOR TO SUBMITTAL AT PLANNING COUNTER)

HP#_16-24 n Staff Approval-No Fee (HP Planner Initial

Contributing Y N (Single-Family requiring Soard approval (the Pas Schools) Zoning PMF- S m Multi-Family requiring Board approval me residence

Pre-Conference Y N. g Ad Valorem Tax Exemption gas for admission Application Complete Y N ☐ After-The-Fact Certificate of Appropriateness (800 Foo birwhite)

EJ Account No. 001-660-6680-3405

Received By S □ Account No. 001-660-6680-1124 (Enterprise Zone) Date Received 3/1/10 D Account No. 001-660-6680-1125 (Enterprise-Credit)

Request for Modification of Setbacks N.V

Revised June 30, 2018

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

of the construction materials and site conditions as well as the surrounding context. The home has been vacent for about 10 years. The home being of primarity wood construc into basic disrepair. Lot soft wood rot. Damay Shingles on side of home. Windows that are not and year added to a porch on side of home are homble. All 3 exterior doors are damaged and well. The retirior siding is mildered and will be heplace or repair the definaged servens. wood rot. Damaged assistes 2. DESCRIBE THE PROPOSED PROJECT AND MATERIALS Describe the proposed project in terms of size, affected architectural elements, materials, and relationship to the existing structure(s). Attach further description sheets, if needed. DEMOLITIONS AND RELOCATIONS Especially important for demolitions, please identify any unique qualities of historic and/or architectural significance, the prevalence of these features within the region, county, or neighborhood, and feasibility of reproducing such a building, structure, or object. For demolitions, discuss measures taken to save the building/structure/object from collapse. Also, address whether it is capable of earning a reseanable economic return on its value. For relocations, address the context of the proposed future site and proposed measures to protect the physical integrity of the building.) Additional criteria for relocations and demolitions: Please describe the future planned use of the subject property once vacated and its effect on the historic context. MODIFICATION OF EXISTING ZONING REQUIREMENTS. Any change shall be based on competent demonstration by the petitioner of Section 30:112(d)(4)6. Please describe the zoning modification and attach completed, required forms.

1. DESCRIBE THE EXISTING CONDITIONS AND MATERIALS Describe the existing structure(s) on the subject properly in terms

DID YOU REMEMBER?

CHECK YOUR ZONING AND SECTRACKS FOR COMPLIANCE

REVIEW THE HISTORIC PRESERVATION RECLARELITATION AND DESIGN GUIDELINES

REVIEW THE SECRETARY OF INTERIOR'S STANDARDS FOR REHABILITYATION.

CHECK TO SEE BY YOU WOULD BE BLIGBLE FOR A TAX EXPMPTION FOR REHABILITATION OF A

HISTORIC PROPERTY

THE HPB MISHINGS ARE (103) MON2HRY AT CUY HALL, 200 BASIC

UNIVERSITY AVENUE, GAINESVILLE, FL 32601, CTTY DALL AUDITORIUM AT 5:30PM This scindical or medangs IS AVAILABLE ON THE

PLANNING DISPARTMENT VOURSTITE.

THE DISTORIC PRESERVATION. OFFICE STAFF CAN PROVIDE ASSESTANCE AND GUIDANCE ON THE HP BOARD'S REVIEW PROCESS, AND ARC AVAILABLE TO MERCI WITH PROPERTY OWNERS OR AGENTS. IF YOU NEED ASSISTANCE, PLEASE CONTACT THE HISTORIC PRESERVATION PLANNER AT (352) 334 5022 OR (352) 334-5023

PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES AND CONTACT

INFORMATION

PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES. WITO REQUIRE ASSISTANCE TO PAREKUPATE IN THE MEETING ARI: REQUESTED TO NOTIFY THE EQUAL OPPORTUNITY. DEPARTMENT AT 334-5051 (TDD 334 2069) AT (LEAS) 48 DOERS PRIOR TO THE MEGTING DATE.

DOW ALICEPTONAL INFORMATION, PLEASE CALL 334-5022.

OVERVIEW

The Historic Preservation Board (HPB) is an advisory board to the City of Gainesville's Commission composed of pitizens who voluntarily, without compensation commit their time and expertise to the stewardship of historic resources in our community.

The HPB approval is a procedure which occurs for alterations, construction, restorations, or other significant changes to the appearance of an structure in Gainesville's Historic Districts which have an impact on the significant historical, architectural, or cultural materials of the structure and/or the district. The City's historic review guidelines are available online at www.cityofgainesville.org/ planningdepartment and within the Land Development Code, Section 30-112.

After submission of an application, the Historic Preservation Planner prepares a written recommendation for the board meeting which addresses whether the proposed changes are compatible with the criteria of the SECRETARY OF INTERIOR'S STANDARDS FOR REHABILITATION and the City of Gamesville's HISTORIC PRESERVATION RUHABILITATION AND DESIGN CRIDICINES. Once staff has prepared and completed the staff report, an Agenda of the proposed meeting and the staff report will be posted online approximately 5 to 7 days prior to the HPB meeting and can be found at www.cityofga.nesville.org/planningdepartment - Citizen Advisory Boards - Historic Preservation Board.

Public notice signage is required to be posted at the proporty by the applicant no later than 10 day s prior to the scheduled Historic Preservation Board meeting. The notarized Public Notice Signage Affidevit must be submitted once the sign is posted.

The applicant and/or owner of the property should be present at the Historic Preservation Board meeting and be prapared to address inquiries from the board members and/or the general public. The HPB meeting is a quasi-judicial public hearing with procedural requirements. The review body may approve, approve with conditions, or deny projects. It is not necessary for owners to be present at the HPB meeting if your COA has been staff approved.

In addition to a Certificate of Appropriateness (COA), a building permit may be required for construction from the Building Department. This is a separate process with submittal requirements. Building permits will not be issued without proof of a COA and the Historic Preservation Planner signing the building permit, After the application approval, the COA is valid for one year.

Please post the certificate of APPROPRIATENESS at or near the front of the building.

CERTIFICATION

By SIGNING BIELOW, I CURTIFY THAT THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS APPLICATION IS TRUE AND CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AT THE TIME OF THE APPLICATION, I ACKNOWLEDGE THAT I ENDERSTAND AND HAVE COMPLIED WITH ALL OF THE SUBMITTAL

REQUIREMENTS AND PROCEDERES AND THAT THIS APPLICATION IS A COMPLETE SUBMITTAL I FURTHER UNDERSTAND THAT AN INCOMPLETE APPLICATION SUBMITTAL MAY CAUSE MY APPLICATION TO BE DEFERRED TO THE NEXT POSED DEADLINE DATE.

- 1. I/We hereby attest to the fact that the above supplied parcel number(s) and legal description(s) is (are) the true and proper identification of the area of this petition.
- 2. I/We authorize staff from the Planning and Development Services Department to enter onto the property in question during regular city business hours in order to take photos which will be placed in
- I/We understand that Certificates of Appropriateness are only valid for one year from Issuance.
- 4. It is understood that the approval of this application by the Historic Preservation Board or staff in no way constitutes approval of a Building Permit for construction from the City of Gainesville's **Building Department.**
- 5. The COA review time period will not commence until your application is deemed complete by staff and may take up to 10 days to process.
- 6. Historic Preservation Board meetings are conducted in a quasi-judicial hearing and as such ex-parte communications are prohibited (Communication about your project with a Historic Preservation Board member).

Shyda Schiffe