CITY OF GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA

Not to Exceed \$757,500,000 Utilities System Revenue Bonds, 2017 Series A

TWENTY-SEVENTH SUPPLEMENTAL UTILITIES SYSTEM REVENUE BOND RESOLUTION

Adopted September 21, 2017

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TWENTY-SEVENTH SUPPLEMENTAL UTILITIES SYSTEM REVENUE BOND RESOLUTION

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA FOR THE PURPOSE OF AUTHORIZING THE ISSUANCE, SALE, EXECUTION AND DELIVERY OF NOT TO EXCEED \$757,500,000 OF THE CITY OF GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA UTILITIES SYSTEM REVENUE BONDS, 2017 SERIES A AND WHEN COMBINED WITH THE CITY'S VARIABLE RATE UTILITIES SYSTEM REVENUE BONDS, 2017 SERIES B AND VARIABLE RATE UTILITIES SYSTEM REVENUE BONDS, 2017 SERIES C SHALL NOT EXCEED \$757,500,000 IN ORDER TO PROVIDE MONEYS FOR THE PAYMENT OF ALL OR A PORTION OF THE COST OF ACQUISITION OF THE GAINESVILLE RENEWABLE ENERGY CENTER AND THE CONSTRUCTION OF IMPROVEMENTS RELATED THERETO THAT WILL UPON SUCH ACOUISITION BECOME PART OF THE CITY'S COMBINED UTILITIES SYSTEM AND TO FUND NECESSARY RESERVES AND DEPOSITS RELATED THERETO AND PAYMENT OF COSTS OF ISSUANCE, AND DELEGATING THE AUTHORITY TO DETERMINE CERTAIN MATTERS IN CONNECTION THEREWITH; AUTHORIZING THE ACCEPTANCE OF A COMMITMENT FOR A MUNICIPAL BOND DEBT SERVICE RESERVE INSURANCE POLICY AND APPROVING THE FORM OF AUTHORIZING THE EXECUTION AND DELIVERY OF AN INSURANCE AGREEMENT IN CONNECTION THEREWITH; APPROVING NEGOTIATED SALE OF THE 2017 SERIES A BONDS AND APPROVING THE FORM, AND AUTHORIZING THE EXECUTION AND DELIVERY, OF PURCHASE CONTRACT WITH RESPECT THERETO. DELEGATING THE AUTHORITY TO DETERMINE CERTAIN MATTERS IN CONNECTION THEREWITH; APPROVING THE FORM, AUTHORIZING THE EXECUTION AND DELIVERY. OF A CONTINUING DISCLOSURE CERTIFICATE WITH RESPECT TO THE 2017 SERIES A BONDS; AUTHORIZING THE AUTHENTICATION AND DELIVERY OF THE 2017 SERIES A BONDS: AUTHORIZING THE PREPARATION AND DEEMING FINAL THE PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT AND EXECUTION AND DELIVERY OF A FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT EACH RELATING TO THE 2017 SERIES A BONDS AND AUTHORIZING CERTAIN CITY OFFICIALS TO TAKE ALL OTHER ACTIONS DEEMED NECESSARY OR ADVISABLE IN CONNECTION WITH THE ISSUANCE, SALE AND DELIVERY OF THE 2017 SERIES A BONDS: PROVIDING CERTAIN OTHER MATTERS IN CONNECTION THEREWITH; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

BE IT RESOLVED by the City Commission of the City of Gainesville, Florida (the "City") that:

ARTICLE I DEFINITIONS AND STATUTORY AUTHORITY

- **1.01. Supplemental Resolution.** This Resolution is supplemental to the Utilities System Revenue Bond Resolution adopted by the City on June 6, 1983, as amended, restated and supplemented, including inter alia, by the Amended and Restated Utilities System Revenue Bond Resolution adopted by the City on January 30, 2003, as amended (the "Master Resolution"). The Master Resolution as thereafter amended, restated and supplemented is hereinafter referred to as the "Bond Resolution."
- **1.02. Definitions.** 1. All terms which are defined in Section 101 of the Master Resolution shall have the same meanings, respectively, in this Resolution, unless otherwise defined herein.
- 2. In this Resolution, in addition to the terms elsewhere defined herein, the following terms shall have the meanings set forth below:
 - **"Asset Purchase Agreement"** shall mean the Asset Purchase Agreement between the City and Gainesville Renewable Energy Center, LLC related to the acquisition of the Gainesville Renewable Energy Center.
 - "Authorized Officer" or "Authorized Officers" means the "Authorized Officers of the City," as defined in the Bond Resolution.
 - **"Business Day"** shall mean a day other than (i) a Saturday, Sunday, legal holiday or day on which banking institutions in the city which the Paying Agent has designated as the location of its corporate trust offices are authorized or required by law or executive order to close, or (ii) a day on which the New York Stock Exchange is closed.
 - "Chief Financial Officer" shall mean the Chief Financial Officer for Utilities and who is the Utility Finance Director as referenced in the Bond Resolution.
 - "City" shall mean the City of Gainesville, Florida.
 - "City Attorney" shall mean the City Attorney, the Utilities Attorney or such other assistant City Attorney as designated by the City Attorney.
 - "Clerk" shall mean the Clerk of the City Commission or any Deputy Clerk of the City Commission or any Acting Clerk of the City Commission.
 - "Code" shall mean the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and any rules and applicable regulations thereunder in effect or proposed.
 - "Continuing Disclosure Certificate" shall mean the Continuing Disclosure Certificate to be executed in connection with the issuance of the 2017 Series A Bonds.
 - **"Delivery Date"** shall mean the date of the initial issuance and delivery of the 2017 Series A Bonds.

- **"DTC"** shall mean The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York, or its successors.
- "General Manager" shall mean the General Manager for Utilities, as designated by the City from time to time.
 - "Mayor" shall mean the Mayor or Mayor-Commissioner Pro Tempore.
- "Official Statement" shall mean the Official Statement of the City relating to the 2017 Series A Bonds referred to in Section 3.04 hereof.
- **"Preliminary Official Statement"** shall mean the Preliminary Official Statement of the City relating to the 2017 Series A Bonds referred to in Section 3.04 hereof.
- **"Purchase Contract"** shall mean the Bond Purchase Contract to be entered into between the City and the Underwriters in connection with the sale of the 2017 Series A Bonds.
- "Rebate Amount" means the excess of the future value, as of a computation date, of all receipts on nonpurpose investments (as defined in Section 1.148-3 of the Income Tax Regulations) over the future value, as of that date, of all payments on nonpurpose investments, but shall not include any amount exempted by Section 148(f) of the Code from payment to the United States.
- "Reserve Provider" shall mean Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. and its successors and assigns.
- "Resolution" shall mean this Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Utilities System Revenue Bond Resolution.
- **"Rule 15c2-12"** shall mean Rule 15c2-12, as amended, promulgated by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
- **"2017 Series A Bonds"** shall mean the City's Utilities System Revenue Bonds, 2017 Series A, authorized by Article II of this Resolution.
- **"2017 Series A Project"** means the acquisition of the Gainesville Renewable Energy Center as more particularly described on Exhibit A hereto, which upon such acquisition will become part of the System, together with such other improvements to the System financed with the proceeds of the 2017 Series A Bonds as more particularly described in Exhibit A attached hereto, together with any necessary reserves and deposits related thereto.
- **"2017 Series A Reserve Requirement"** shall mean, to the extent that the 2017 Series A Debt Service Reserve Subaccount is determined to be funded in accordance with Section 2.07 herein, the lesser of (1) the maximum annual principal and interest requirement for the 2017 Series A Bonds and any other Additionally Secured Series designated by a Supplemental Resolution to be secured by the 2017 Series A Debt

Service Reserve Subaccount, (2) 125% of the average annual principal and interest requirement for the 2017 Series A Bonds and any other Additionally Secured Series designated by a Supplemental Resolution to be secured by the 2017 Series A Debt Service Reserve Subaccount, and (3) 10% of the stated principal amount (or issue price if the issues have more than de minimis original issue discount or premium) (all within the meaning of the Code) of the 2017 Series A Bonds and any other Additionally Secured Series designated by a Supplemental Resolution to be secured by the 2017 Series A Debt Service Reserve Subaccount. Amounts scheduled on the first day of a Fiscal Year may be deemed payable as of the last day of the prior Fiscal Year.

"Underwriters" shall mean Goldman Sachs & Co., Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Barclays Bank, Plc, Wells Fargo Bank, National Association and Samuel A. Ramirez & Co., Inc., together with such other underwriters referred to in the Purchase Contract.

1.03. Authority for this Resolution. This Resolution is adopted (i) pursuant to the provisions of the Act and (ii) in accordance with Article II, Article X and Article XI of the Master Resolution, and other applicable provisions therein.

1.04. Findings. It is hereby ascertained, determined and declared that:

- 1. Pursuant to the Bond Resolution, the City may issue Bonds from time to time for the purpose, among others, of paying all or a portion of the Cost of Acquisition and Construction of the 2017 Series A Project, funding necessary reserves and paying costs of issuance related thereto.
- 2. The City has agreed pursuant to the Asset Purchase Agreement to purchase the Gainesville Renewable Energy Center ("GREC"), including tangible and intangible assets thereof, at a purchase price of \$750,000,000, subject to certain conditions precedent set forth therein.
- 3. The City has determined the purchase price of GREC based on arms-length negotiations with Gainesville Renewable Energy Center, LLC and such purchase price represents the fair market value of the assets being acquired.
- 4. The acquisition of GREC will result in significant cost savings to the System, provide greater flexibility to the System in its ability to provide power and fuel diversification and improve flexibility for the replacement of existing facilities that are approaching the end of their useful lives.
- 5. The City deems it necessary and in its best interest to issue and sell the 2017 Series A Bonds for the purpose of providing funds for the payment of all or a portion of the Cost of Acquisition and Construction of the 2017 Series A Project.
- 6. The complexity of the structuring of the 2017 Series A Bonds, current conditions in the market for obligations such as the 2017 Series A Bonds and the advantages of a more flexible financial plan make it necessary and in the best interests of the City that the 2017 Series A Bonds be sold on a negotiated basis to the Underwriters.

7. The City desires to delegate the award and sale of the 2017 Series A Bonds and certain other matters hereunder to the General Manager or the Chief Financial Officer or such other Authorized Officer within the parameters set forth in this Resolution.

ARTICLE II AUTHORIZATION OF 2017 SERIES A BONDS

2.01. Principal Amount, Designation of Series and Description of 2017 Series A Bonds. Pursuant to the provisions of the Bond Resolution, a Series of Bonds is hereby authorized in an aggregate principal amount, that together with other Bonds issued to finance the 2017 Series A Project, will not exceed \$757,500,000; provided, however, the aggregate principal amount of the Variable Rate Utilities System Revenue Bonds, 2017 Series B and Variable Rate Utilities System Revenue Bonds, 2017 Series A Project shall not exceed \$757,500,000. Such Bonds shall be designated as, and shall be distinguished from the Bonds of all other Series by the title, "Utilities System Revenue Bonds, 2017 Series A" with such additional identifying information as the General Manager may determine. Subject to the maximum principal amount set forth above, the actual aggregate principal amount of the 2017 Series A Bonds to be issued shall be determined by the General Manager or the Chief Financial Officer or such other Authorized Officer and execution of the Purchase Contract as provided herein shall be conclusive evidence of such approval.

If the date for the payment of principal of, or premium, if any, or interest on any 2017 Series A Bonds shall be a day other than a Business Day, then the date for such payment shall be the next succeeding Business Day, and payment on such day shall have the same force and effect as if made on the nominal date of payment.

The 2017 Series A Bonds shall be and have all the qualities and incidents of negotiable instruments under the laws of the State of Florida, and each successive Bondholder, in accepting any of the 2017 Series A Bonds, shall be conclusively deemed to have agreed that such 2017 Series A Bonds shall be and have all of the qualities and incidents of negotiable instruments under the laws of the State of Florida.

- **2.02. Purpose.** The 2017 Series A Bonds are being issued for the purposes of (1) providing for the payment of a portion of the Cost of Acquisition and Construction of the System, constituting the 2017 Series A Project, including necessary reserves and deposits related thereto, and (2) providing for the payment of the costs of issuance related to the 2017 Series A Bonds.
- 2.03. Maturities and Interest; Certain Determinations with Respect to the 2017 Series A Bonds. The 2017 Series A Bonds shall mature on such dates and in such respective principal amounts, and shall bear interest at such respective rate or rates per annum, payable semi-annually on each April 1 and October 1 commencing April 1, 2018, or such other date as may be set forth in the Purchase Contract. Fully registered 2017 Series A Bonds shall bear interest from the Delivery Date, or, if one or more payments of interest on the 2017 Series A Bonds has or have theretofore been made or duly provided for, from the most recent interest payment date to which such interest has been paid or duly provided for.

The General Manager or the Chief Financial Officer, or such other Authorized Officer, in reliance upon advice of the financial advisor to the System, is hereby directed and authorized to award the sale of the 2017 Series A Bonds to the Underwriters, and to approve the terms of the 2017 Series A Bonds, including, without limitation, the date thereof, the aggregate principal amount thereof, the interest rate or rates with respect thereto, whether such 2017 Series A Bonds shall be subject to redemption prior to maturity as provided in Article IV of the Master Resolution by operation of the Debt Service Fund from mandatory Sinking Fund Installments and/or serial bonds, the purchase price thereof, the maturity dates thereof and the redemption terms (including, without limitation, optional, mandatory and extraordinary) with respect thereto, all such terms to be set forth in the Purchase Contract; provided, however, the Purchase Contract shall not be executed by the General Manager or Chief Financial Officer or such other Authorized Officer unless the following conditions have been satisfied:

- (a) the aggregate principal amount of the 2017 Series A Bonds (without regard to net original issue premium or discount), together with the aggregate principal amount of the Variable Rate Utilities System Revenue Bonds, 2017 Series B and Variable Rate Utilities System Revenue Bonds, 2017 Series C issued to finance the 2017 Series A Project shall not exceed \$757,500,000;
- (b) the final maturity of the 2017 Series A Bonds shall not be later than October 1, 2047;
- (c) if the 2017 Series A Bonds shall be subject to optional redemption (i) the first optional call date shall not be later than October 1, 2027, and (ii) the highest Redemption Price at which the 2017 Series A Bonds may be so redeemed shall be not greater than 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption;
- (d) the purchase price for the 2017 Series A Bonds to be paid by the Underwriters pursuant to the Purchase Contract shall not be less than 97% of the original principal amount thereof (excluding original issue discount and original issue premium); and
- (e) the interest rate on the 2017 Series A Bonds shall not exceed the lesser of a true interest cost rate of 4% or the maximum rate permitted by law.
- **2.04.** Redemption Provisions for 2017 Series A Bonds. 1. The 2017 Series A Bonds may be subject to optional redemption prior to maturity at the option of the City, either as a whole or in part on the dates and at the Redemption Prices, if any, set forth in such 2017 Series A Bonds and in the Purchase Contract, in accordance with Section 2.03 hereof. The 2017 Series A Bonds may also be subject to redemption prior to maturity as provided in Article IV of the Master Resolution by operation of the Debt Service Fund from mandatory Sinking Fund Installments which for the 2017 Series A Bonds will match the mandatory redemption requirements for term bonds as set forth in the Purchase Contract. In any event, the portion of 2017 Series A Bonds to be redeemed in part shall be in principal amounts of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof.

- 2. Notwithstanding Section 405 of the Bond Resolution, notice of redemption of the 2017 Series A Bonds, may be given not more than sixty (60) days or less than twenty (20) days prior to the redemption date of the 2017 Series A Bonds, and such notice may be given electronically. Notwithstanding any other provision hereof, notice of optional redemption may be conditioned upon the occurrence or non-occurrence of such event or events as shall be specified in such notice of optional redemption and may also be subject to rescission by the City if expressly set forth in such notice.
- 3. Notwithstanding any provision contained in the Bond Resolution to the contrary, the City shall have the option to cause the 2017 Series A Bonds to be purchased in lieu of redemption on the applicable redemption date at a price equal to the then applicable redemption price, plus accrued interest thereon to, but not including, the date of such purchase. Such option may be exercised by delivery to the Paying Agent (if the Trustee is not the Paying Agent for such 2017 Series A Bonds) on or prior to the Business Day preceding the redemption date of a written notice of the City specifying that the 2017 Series A Bonds shall not be redeemed, but instead shall be subject to purchase pursuant to this paragraph with the moneys provided or to be provided by or on behalf of the City. Upon delivery of such notice, the 2017 Series A Bonds shall not be redeemed but shall instead be subject to mandatory tender at the redemption price on the date that would have been the redemption date.
- **2.05. Application of Proceeds of 2017 Series A Bonds.** In accordance with subsection (7) of paragraph 1 of Section 202 and paragraph 2 of Section 203 of the Master Resolution, the proceeds of the 2017 Series A Bonds, to the extent permitted under the Code and not otherwise provided by the City by certificate of the General Manager or Chief Financial Officer or such other Authorized Officer, delivered at or prior to the Delivery Date, together with certain legally available funds of the City, if any, shall be applied in the following manner:
- (A) An amount sufficient to pay costs of issuance of the 2017 Series A Bonds shall be deposited to the 2017 Project Account created pursuant to Section 2.06 hereof and applied to pay such costs (which any of such costs may be paid directly by the Underwriters).
- (B) The remaining proceeds shall be deposited into the 2017 Project Account hereafter created and shall be used to pay the Cost of Acquisition and Construction of the 2017 Series A Project, in accordance with the provisions of Section 503 of the Master Resolution and Section 2.06 below, and to fund such other reserves and deposits related thereto, all as provided in a certificate of the General Manager or Chief Financial Officer or such other Authorized Officer; provided, however, that in lieu of depositing all of such funds in the 2017 Project Account, the General Manager or Chief Financial Officer may direct the Underwriter to transfer a portion of such remaining proceeds by wire transfer directly to the Seller under the Asset Purchase Agreement to satisfy the City's obligations to pay the purchase price thereunder.

No proceeds of the 2017 Series A Bonds shall be deposited into the Rate Stabilization Fund.

2.06. 2017 Project Account. There is hereby created and established in the Construction Fund an account to be held by the City to be designated the "2017 Project Account" (the "2017 Project Account"). The 2017 Project Account shall be kept separate and apart from all other funds and accounts of the City and the moneys on deposit therein shall be withdrawn,

used and applied by the City solely for the payment of the Cost of Acquisition and Construction related to the 2017 Series A Project and the costs of issuance of the 2017 Series A Bonds.

Any funds on deposit in the 2017 Project Account that, in the opinion of the City, are not immediately necessary for expenditure, as herein provided, may be invested and reinvested in Investments Securities in accordance with Section 603 of the Bond Resolution. All income derived from investment of funds in the 2017 Project Account shall be deposited therein and shall be used for the payment of the Cost of Acquisition and Construction related to the 2017 Series A Project.

Any liquidated damages or settlement payments received by the City as a result of the breach by any contractor, subcontractor or supplier working on or supplying goods related to the 2017 Series A Project of any representation, warranty or performance guaranty shall be deposited therein and shall be used to pay costs associated with the 2017 Series A Project.

Upon completion of the 2017 Series A Project, notwithstanding anything in the Master Resolution to the contrary, any amounts then remaining in the 2017 Project Account and not reserved by the City for the payment of any remaining Cost of Acquisition and Construction related to the 2017 Series A Project may be deposited into the Debt Service Account and used to pay debt service on the 2017 Series A Bonds next coming due, or to purchase or redeem 2017 Series A Bonds in the manner that the 2017 Series A Bonds are permitted to be purchased or redeemed under the terms of the Master Resolution, or may be used for any other lawful purpose to the extent the City receives an opinion of Bond Counsel that such use shall not, in and of itself, cause interest on the 2017 Series A Bonds to be includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes.

2.07. Debt Service Reserve Account. There is hereby established and created the "2017 Series A Debt Service Reserve Subaccount" (the "2017 Series A Reserve Subaccount") in the Debt Service Reserve Account in the Debt Service Fund to be held by the Trustee, to secure the 2017 Series A Bonds together with any other Bonds designated to be secured thereby by a Supplemental Resolution. The 2017 Series A Bonds shall not be secured by any other account or subaccount in the Debt Service Reserve Account.

To the extent that the 2017 Series A Debt Service Reserve Subaccount is funded in an amount equal to the 2017 Series A Debt Service Reserve Requirement, in accordance with the terms hereof, the 2017 Series A Bonds shall be an Additionally Secured Series. The Debt Service Reserve Requirement for the 2017 Series A Bonds shall equal zero (\$0) Dollars unless, the General Manager or the Chief Financial Officer or such other Authorized Officer shall determine, in consultation with the financial advisor to the System, that funding the 2017 Series A Reserve Subaccount in an amount equal to the 2017 Series A Reserve Requirement is necessary and beneficial to the City and to the marketing of the 2017 Series A Bonds. If the Debt Service Reserve Requirement for the 2017 Series A Bonds shall be greater than zero (\$0) Dollars as provided herein, an amount equal to the 2017 Series A Reserve Requirement shall be deposited into the 2017 Series A Reserve Subaccount on the date of the issuance and delivery of the 2017 Series A Bonds, provided, however, in lieu of maintaining all or a portion of the moneys or investments required to be maintained in the 2017 Series A Reserve Subaccount, there may be credited to said subaccount the Debt Service Reserve Surety Policy (as defined below).

The City has received a commitment from the Reserve Provider to issue its Municipal Bond Debt Service Reserve Insurance Policy (the "Debt Service Reserve Surety Policy") in an amount equal to the 2017 Series A Reserve Requirement on the date of the issuance and delivery of the 2017 Series A Bonds. Subject to the provisions set forth herein, the General Manager, the Chief Financial Officer or such other Authorized Officer, is hereby authorized to execute the Insurance Agreement, a form of which is attached as Exhibit "F" hereto (the "Insurance Agreement"), for and on behalf of the City pursuant to the terms hereof and of the Insurance Agreement and the Clerk is hereby authorized to attest such signature to the extent required by the form of the Insurance Agreement, subject to the approval of the City Attorney as to form and legality.

If the Debt Service Reserve Surety Policy is deposited into the 2017 Series A Reserve Subaccount, notwithstanding, anything to the contrary in the Master Resolution the deposits required under Section 505 of the Master Resolution shall be made by the City on or before five (3) Business Days preceding the last business day of each month.

ARTICLE III APPROVAL OF DOCUMENTS

- 3.01. Authorization and Approval of Negotiated Sale of the 2017 Series A Bonds and Execution of the Purchase Contract; Delegation of Authority to Determine Certain Matters in Connection Therewith. The form of the Purchase Contract substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit B is hereby approved, subject to such changes, insertions and omissions and such filling of blanks therein as may be approved and made in such Purchase Contract by the General Manager, the Chief Financial Officer or any other Authorized Officer, executing the same, in a manner consistent with the provisions of this Resolution and subject to the terms hereof, such execution to be conclusive evidence of such approval. Upon compliance with the provisions in Section 2.03 herein and receipt of a disclosure statement and truth-inbonding statement from the representative of the Underwriters meeting the requirements of Section 218.385, Florida Statutes, and subject to the other provisions of this Resolution, the Authorized Officer signing the same, with the advice of the financial advisor to the System, is hereby authorized and directed to accept the offer of the Underwriters to purchase the 2017 Series A Bonds, upon the terms, conditions and redemption provisions set forth in the Purchase Contract. Subject to the provisions set forth herein, the General Manager, the Chief Financial Officer or such other Authorized Officer, is hereby authorized to execute the Purchase Contract for and on behalf of the City pursuant to the terms hereof and of the Purchase Contract and the Clerk is hereby authorized to attest such signature to the extent required by the form of the Purchase Contract, subject to the approval of the City Attorney as to form and legality.
- **3.02. Authorization of Authentication.** U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee under the Bond Resolution, is hereby requested and authorized to authenticate the 2017 Series A Bonds in the aggregate principal amount determined as provided in Section 2.03 hereof, and to deliver such Bonds to or on behalf of the Underwriters, upon payment for the account of the City of the sum specified in the Purchase Contract pursuant to the terms of the Bond Resolution and the Purchase Contract. U.S. Bank National Association is hereby requested to execute an acceptance of the office of Paying Agent for the 2017 Series A Bonds in substantially the form attached hereto as Exhibit C.

- **3.03. Preliminary Official Statement**. The City hereby authorizes the distribution and use of a Preliminary Official Statement in substantially the form attached hereto as Exhibit D in connection with offering the 2017 Series A Bonds for sale. If between the date hereof and the mailing of the Preliminary Official Statement, it is necessary to make insertions, modifications or changes in the Preliminary Official Statement, the General Manager or the Chief Financial Offer are each hereby authorized to approve such insertions, changes and modifications. The General Manager or the Chief Financial Offer (or their designee) are each hereby authorized to deem the Preliminary Official Statement "final" within the meaning of Rule 15c2-12(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in the form as mailed. Execution of a certificate by the General Manager or the Chief Financial Offer deeming the Preliminary Official Statement "final" as described above shall be conclusive evidence of the approval of any insertions, changes or modifications.
- **3.04. Official Statement**. Subject in all respects with the satisfaction of the conditions set forth in Section 2.03 hereof, the General Manager or such other Authorized Officer is authorized and directed to execute and deliver said Official Statement in the name and on behalf of the City, and thereupon to cause such Official Statement to be delivered to the Underwriters with such changes, amendments, modifications, omissions and additions as may be approved by such Authorized Officers executing the same. Said Official Statement, including any such changes, amendments, modifications, omissions and additions as approved by such Authorized Officers and the information contained therein are hereby approved and authorized to be used in connection with the sale of the 2017 Series A Bonds to the public. Execution by said Authorized Officers of the Official Statement shall be deemed to be conclusive evidence of approval of such changes.
- **3.05.** Secondary Market Disclosure. The City hereby covenants and agrees that, in order to provide for compliance by the Underwriters with the secondary market disclosure requirements of Rule 15c2-12 of the Security and Exchange Commission (the "Rule"), the City will comply with and carry out all of the provisions of the Continuing Disclosure Certificate to be executed by the City, as it may be amended from time to time in accordance with the terms thereof. The Continuing Disclosure Certificate shall be substantially in the form of Exhibit E with such changes, amendments, modifications, omissions and additions as shall be approved by the General Manager or such other Authorized Officer, who is hereby authorized to execute and deliver such certificate. Execution by such Authorized Officer shall be deemed to be conclusive evidence of approval of such changes. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Resolution, failure of the City to comply with such Continuing Disclosure Certificate shall not be considered an event of default under the Bond Resolution; provided, however, any 2017 Series A Bondholder may take such actions as may be necessary and appropriate, including seeking mandamus or specific performance by court order, to cause the City to comply with its obligations under this Section 3.05 and the Continuing Disclosure Certificate. For purposes of this Section 3.05, "2017 Series A Bondholder" shall mean any person who (A) has the power, directly or indirectly, to vote or consent with respect to, or to dispose of ownership of, any 2017 Series A Bonds (including persons holding 2017 Series A Bonds through nominees, depositories or other intermediaries), or (B) is treated as the owner of any 2017 Series A Bond for federal income tax purposes.
- **3.06.** Execution and Delivery of 2017 Series A Bonds and Related Documents. The Mayor of the City is hereby authorized to execute the 2017 Series A Bonds on behalf of the City,

subject to the approval of the City Attorney as to form and legality; provided, however, that the 2017 Series A Bonds shall be executed and delivered pursuant to the Master Resolution and applicable law. The Authorized Officers, collectively or individually, upon satisfaction of the conditions set forth herein, are hereby authorized to execute the Purchase Contract, the Continuing Disclosure Certificate, the Insurance Agreement and the Official Statement on behalf of the City, each subject to completion thereof, and with such changes therein as the officer(s) executing the same may approve as necessary and desirable and in the best interests of the City, such approval to be evidenced by the execution and delivery thereof, subject to the approval of the City Attorney as to form and legality. The City Clerk is hereby authorized to cause the seal of the City to be affixed to each of the 2017 Series A Bonds and the foregoing documents and to attest the same. Such officers are each hereby authorized to deliver such Bonds and documents on behalf of the City. The Authorized Officers, individually and collectively and the officers, attorneys and other agents or employees of the City are each hereby authorized to do all acts and things required of them by the Bond Resolution, the Official Statement, or the Purchase Contract or desirable or consistent with the requirements of the Bond Resolution, the Official Statement or the Purchase Contract for the full punctual and complete performance of all the terms, covenants and agreements contained herein or in the 2017 Series A Bonds, the Bond Resolution, the Official Statement, the Purchase Contract and the Insurance Agreement and each Authorized Officer, employee, attorney and officer of the City is hereby authorized and directed to execute and deliver any and all papers and instruments, and to be and cause to be done any and all acts and things necessary or proper for carrying out the transactions contemplated hereunder.

3.07. Further Actions. Each Authorized Officer is hereby authorized and empowered to execute and deliver or cause to be executed and delivered such other documents and opinions and to do all such acts and things as may be necessary or desirable in connection with the adoption of this Resolution and the approval, execution and delivery of the Purchase Contract, the Continuing Disclosure Certificate, the Insurance Agreement and the carrying out of their terms and the terms of the Bond Resolution; the issuance, sale, execution and delivery of the 2017 Series A Bonds, and the use of the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement.

ARTICLE IV ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE 2017 SERIES A BONDS

- **4.01. Minimum Denominations, Dates, Numbers and Letters.** The 2017 Series A Bonds shall be dated as of their date of issuance, shall be issued in the form of fully registered Bonds in the denomination of \$5,000 principal amount or any integral multiple thereof, shall be numbered consecutively from one upward in order of maturity within a series and preceded by the letter "R," with such additional identifying information as the General Manager may determine, and shall bear interest from their date or dates of issuance payable on such dates as provided in Section 2.03 hereof. Interest on the 2017 Series A Bonds will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve-30 day months.
- **4.02. Designation of the 2017 Series A Bonds as Book Entry Bonds; Appointment of Securities Depository for the 2017 Series A Bonds.** 1. Except as provided in paragraph 4 below, the 2017 Series A Bonds are hereby authorized to be and shall be issued as Book Entry Bonds within the meaning of and subject to Section 309 of the Master Resolution.

- 2. DTC is hereby appointed as the initial Securities Depository for the 2017 Series A Bonds.
- 3. The 2017 Series A Bonds of each Series initially shall be issued in the form of a separate single, fully registered Bond in the amount of each separate stated maturity (and, if applicable, each interest rate within a maturity) of the 2017 Series A Bonds, as applicable, registered in the name of Cede & Co. ("Cede"), as nominee of DTC. So long thereafter as DTC serves as Securities Depository for the 2017 Series A Bonds, the registered holder of all 2017 Series A Bonds shall be, and each of the 2017 Series A Bonds shall be registered in the name of, Cede, as nominee of DTC. Upon delivery by DTC to the Trustee of written notice to the effect that DTC has determined to substitute a new nominee in place of Cede, and subject to the transfer provisions of the Bond Resolution, the word "Cede" in this Resolution shall refer to such new nominee of DTC. So long as any of the 2017 Series A Bonds is registered in the name of Cede, as nominee of DTC in its capacity as Securities Depository for the 2017 Series A Bonds, all payments with respect to the principal or Redemption Price of, and interest on, such 2017 Series A Bond and all notices with respect to such 2017 Series A Bond shall be made or given to DTC as provided in the procedures of DTC as in effect from time to time.
- 4. With respect to the 2017 Series A Bonds registered in the registration books kept by the Bond Registrar in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC, the City and the Bond Registrar shall have no responsibility or obligation to any direct or indirect participant in the DTC book-entry program (a "Participant"). Without limiting the immediately preceding sentence, the City and the Bond Registrar shall have no responsibility or obligation with respect to (A) the accuracy of the records of DTC, Cede & Co. or any Participant with respect to any ownership interest on the 2017 Series A Bonds, (B) the delivery to any Participant or any other person other than a 2017 Series A Bondholder, as shown in the registration books kept by the Bond Registrar, of any notice with respect to the 2017 Series A Bonds, including any notice of redemption, or (C) the payment to any Participant or any other person, other than a 2017 Series A Bondholder, as shown in the registration books kept by the Bond Registrar, of any amount with respect to principal, interest or redemption premium, if any, of the 2017 Series A Bonds. The City and the Bond Registrar may treat and consider the person in whose name each 2017 Series A Bond is registered in the registration books kept by the Bond Registrar as the Holder and absolute owner of such 2017 Series A Bond for the purpose of payment of principal, interest or redemption premium, if any, with respect to such 2017 Series A Bond, for the purpose of giving notices of redemption and other matters with respect to such 2017 Series A Bond, for the purpose of registering transfers with respect to such 2017 Series A Bond, and for all other purposes whatsoever. The Bond Registrar shall pay all principal, interest or redemption premium, if any, of the 2017 Series A Bonds only to or upon the order of the respective Owners, as shown in the registration books kept by the Bond Registrar, or their respective attorneys duly authorized in writing, as provided herein and in the Bond Resolution and all such payments shall be valid and effective to fully satisfy and discharge the City's obligations with respect to payment of principal, interest or redemption premium, if any, of the 2017 Series A Bonds to the extent of the sum or sums so paid. No person other than a Holder of Bonds, as shown in the registration books kept by the Bond Registrar, shall receive a certificated 2017 Series A Bond evidencing the obligation of the City to make payments of principal, interest or redemption premium, if any, pursuant to the provisions hereof.

- 5. (a) DTC may determine to discontinue providing its services as Securities Depository for the 2017 Series A Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice thereof to the City or the Trustee. Upon the discontinuance of the services of DTC as Securities Depository for the 2017 Series A Bonds pursuant to the preceding sentence, the City may within 90 days thereafter appoint a substitute securities depository which, in the opinion of the City, is willing and able to undertake the functions of Securities Depository under the Bond Resolution upon reasonable and customary terms. If no such successor can be found within such period, the 2017 Series A Bonds no longer shall be restricted to being registered in the registration books kept by the Bond Registrar in the name of a Securities Depository.
- (b) In the event that the 2017 Series A Bonds no longer shall be restricted to being registered in the registration books kept by the Bond Registrar in the name of a Securities Depository as provided in subparagraph (a) of this paragraph 5, (i) the City shall execute and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver, upon presentation and surrender of the 2017 Series A Bonds as requested by the Securities Depository therefor of like Series, aggregate principal amount, maturity and interest rate, in authorized denominations, to the identifiable beneficial owners in replacement of such beneficial owners' beneficial ownership interests in such 2017 Series A Bonds and (ii) the Bond Registrar shall notify the Paying Agents that the 2017 Series A Bonds no longer are restricted to being registered in the registration books kept by the Bond Registrar in the name of a Securities Depository.
- **4.03. Place of Payment and Paying Agents.** Except as provided in subsection 5 of Section 309 of the Master Resolution and paragraph 3 of Section 4.02 hereof, the principal and Redemption Price of the 2017 Series A Bonds shall be payable at the designated corporate trust office of U.S. Bank National Association, and such institution is hereby appointed Paying Agent for the 2017 Series A Bonds. Except as provided in subsection 5 of Section 309 of the Master Resolution and paragraph 3 of Section 4.02 hereof, the principal and Redemption Price of the 2017 Series A Bonds also shall be payable at any other place which may be provided for such payment by the appointment of any other Paying Agent or Paying Agents as permitted by the Bond Resolution. Except as provided in paragraph 3 of Section 4.02 hereof, interest on the 2017 Series A Bonds shall be payable by check or draft of the Trustee or wire transfer (or other electronic payment method), as Paying Agent, mailed to the persons entitled thereto at the addresses of such persons shown on the registration books of the City kept for that purpose at the designated corporate trust office of the Trustee, as Bond Registrar.
- **4.04.** Tax Covenants Relating to the 2017 Series A Bonds. It is the intention of the City and all parties under its control that the interest on the 2017 Series A Bonds issued hereunder be and remain excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes and to this end the City hereby represents to and covenants with each of the holders of the 2017 Series A Bonds issued hereunder that it will comply with the requirements applicable to it contained in Section 103 and Part IV of Subchapter B of Chapter 1 of Subtitle A of the Code to the extent necessary to preserve the exclusion of interest on the 2017 Series A Bonds issued hereunder from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Specifically, without intending to limit in any way the generality of the foregoing, the City covenants and agrees:
- (A) to the extent required by the Code, to make or cause to be made all necessary determinations and calculations of the Rebate Amount and required payments of the Rebate Amount:

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- (B) to set aside sufficient moneys from the Revenues to timely pay the Rebate Amount to the United States of America;
- (C) to pay, at the times and to the extent required under the Code, the Rebate Amount to the United States of America from the funds described in (B) above;
- (D) to maintain and retain all records pertaining to the Rebate Amount with respect to the 2017 Series A Bonds issued hereunder and required payments of the Rebate Amount with respect to the 2017 Series A Bonds for at least six years after the final maturity of the 2017 Series A Bonds or such other period as shall be necessary to comply with the Code;
- (E) to refrain from taking any action that would cause the 2017 Series A Bonds issued hereunder to become arbitrage bonds under Section 148 of the Code; and
- (F) to refrain from using proceeds of the 2017 Series A Bonds issued hereunder in a manner that would cause the 2017 Series A Bonds or any of them to be classified as private activity bonds under Sections 141(a) and/or 141(d) of the Code.

The City understands that the foregoing covenants impose continuing obligations of the City that will exist as long as the requirements of Section 103 and Part IV of Subchapter B of Chapter 1 of Subtitle A of the Code are applicable to the 2017 Series A Bonds.

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Bond Resolution, the obligation of the City to pay the Rebate Amount to the United States of America and to comply with the other requirements of this Section shall survive the defeasance or payment in full of the 2017 Series A Bonds.

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Bond Resolution to the contrary, (a) upon the City's failure to observe or refusal to comply with the above covenants, the Holders of the 2017 Series A Bonds, or the Trustee acting on their behalf, shall be entitled to the rights and remedies provided to Bondholders under the Bond Resolution, other than the right (which is hereby abrogated solely in regard to the City's failure to observe or refusal to comply with the covenants of this Section) to declare the principal of all 2017 Series A Bonds then outstanding, and the interest accrued thereon, to be due and payable and (b) neither the Holders of the Bonds of any Series other than the 2017 Series A Bonds, nor the Trustee acting on their behalf, shall be entitled to exercise any right or remedy provided to Bondholders under the Bond Resolution based upon the City's failure to observe, or refusal to comply with, the above covenants.

ARTICLE V FORM OF 2017 SERIES A BONDS

5.01. Form of 2017 Series A Bonds; Trustee's Certificate of Authentication. Subject to the provisions of the Bond Resolution, the form of the 2017 Series A Bonds and the Trustee's certificate of authentication shall be of substantially the following tenor with such omissions, insertions, and variations as may be necessary and desirable, and as may be authorized or permitted by the Bond Resolution and approved by the Mayor and the Trustee:

At such times as the 2017 Series A Bonds are restricted to being registered in the registration books kept by the Bond Registrar in the name of a Securities Depository, each 2017 Series A Bond shall contain or have endorsed thereon the following legend:

AS PROVIDED IN THE RESOLUTION REFERRED TO HEREIN, UNTIL THE TERMINATION OF THE SYSTEM OF BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY TRANSFERS THROUGH THE DEPOSITORY TRUST COMPANY, NEW YORK, NEW YORK (TOGETHER WITH ANY SUCCESSOR SECURITIES DEPOSITORY APPOINTED PURSUANT TO THE RESOLUTION, "DTC"), NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION RESOLUTION TO THE CONTRARY, (A) THIS BOND MAY BE TRANSFERRED, IN WHOLE BUT NOT IN PART, ONLY TO A NOMINEE OF DTC, OR BY A NOMINEE OF DTC TO DTC OR A NOMINEE OF DTC, OR BY DTC OR A NOMINEE OF DTC TO ANY SUCCESSOR SECURITIES DEPOSITORY OR ANY NOMINEE THEREOF AND (B) A PORTION OF THE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF THIS BOND MAY BE PAID OR REDEEMED WITHOUT SURRENDER HEREOF TO THE PAYING AGENT. DTC OR A NOMINEE, TRANSFEREE OR ASSIGNEE OF DTC OF THIS BOND MAY NOT RELY UPON THE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT INDICATED HEREON AS THE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT HEREOF OUTSTANDING AND THE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT HEREOF OUTSTANDING AND UNPAID SHALL FOR ALL PURPOSES BE THE AMOUNT DETERMINED IN THE MANNER PROVIDED IN THE RESOLUTION.

In addition, so long as DTC shall serve as Securities Depository for the 2017 Series A Bonds, each 2017 Series A Bond shall contain or have endorsed thereon the following legend, which legend the City hereby determines to be necessary or desirable:

UNLESS THIS BOND IS PRESENTED BY AN AUTHORIZED OFFICER OF DTC (A) TO THE BOND REGISTRAR FOR REGISTRATION OF TRANSFER OR EXCHANGE OR (B) TO THE PAYING AGENT FOR PAYMENT OF PRINCIPAL OR REDEMPTION PRICE, AND ANY BOND ISSUED IN REPLACEMENT HEREOF OR SUBSTITUTION HEREFOR IS REGISTERED IN THE NAME OF DTC OR ITS NOMINEE OR SUCH OTHER NAME AS REQUESTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF DTC AND ANY PAYMENT IS MADE TO DTC OR ITS NOMINEE, ANY TRANSFER, PLEDGE OR OTHER USE HEREOF FOR VALUE OR OTHERWISE BY OR TO ANY PERSON IS WRONGFUL BECAUSE ONLY THE REGISTERED OWNER HEREOF, CEDE & CO., AS NOMINEE OF DTC, HAS AN INTEREST HEREIN.

Ma D	Ф	
No. R	Φ	

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA STATE OF FLORIDA CITY OF GAINESVILLE UTILITIES SYSTEM REVENUE BOND, 2017 SERIES A

<u>INTEREST RATE</u> <u>MATURITY DATE</u> <u>ORIGINAL ISSUE DATE</u> <u>CUSIP</u>

Registered Owner:

Principal Amount: DOLLARS

THE CITY OF GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA (herein called the "City"), a municipal corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Florida, acknowledges itself indebted to, and for value received, hereby promises to pay to the Registered Owner (named above) or registered assigns, on the Maturity Date (stated above), but solely from the funds pledged therefor, upon presentation and surrender of this bond at the office of U.S. Bank National Association (such bank and any successor thereto being referred to herein as the "Paying Agent"), the Principal Amount (stated above) in any coin or currency of the United States of America which at the time of payment is legal tender for the payment of public and private debts, and to pay, but solely from the funds pledged therefor, interest on such Principal Amount in like coin or currency from the Original Issue Date (stated above), or, if one or more payments of interest has or have theretofore been made or duly provided for, from the most recent interest payment date to which interest has been paid or duly provided for, payable on April 1 and October 1 in each year commencing _____ 1, 20___, at a rate per annum equal to the Interest Rate (stated above), until the City's obligation with respect to the payment of such Principal Amount shall be discharged. The interest so payable, and punctually paid or duly provided for, on any interest payment date will, as provided in the Resolution hereinafter referred to, be paid to the person in whose name this bond is registered at the close of business on the Regular Record Date for such interest, which shall be the 15th day (whether or not a business day) of the calendar month next preceding such interest payment date, such payment to be made by check or draft or wire transfer (or other electronic payment method) of the Trustee hereinafter referred to, as Paying Agent, mailed to such person at the address shown on the registration books of the City kept for that purpose at the principal offices of the Trustee, as Bond Registrar. However, so long as this bond shall be restricted to being registered in the registration books of the City in the name of the Securities Depository (as defined in the Resolution) for this bond, the provisions of the Resolution governing Book Entry Bonds (as defined in the Resolution) shall govern the manner of payment of the principal or redemption price of, and interest on, this bond. Any such interest not so punctually paid or duly provided for shall forthwith cease to be payable to the person in whose name this bond is registered on the Regular Record Date, and shall be paid, in the manner described above, to the person in whose name this bond is registered at the close of business on a Special Record Date for the payment of such defaulted interest to be fixed by the Trustee, notice whereof shall be given to holders of bonds of the series of which this bond is one not less than 10 days prior to such Special Record Date.

This bond is one of a duly authorized series of bonds of the City designated as its "Utilities System Revenue Bonds, 2017 Series A" (herein sometimes called the "2017 Series A Bonds"), in the aggregate principal amount of \$______ issued pursuant to Chapter 90-394, Laws of Florida, 1990, as amended, and other applicable provisions of law (herein called the "Act") and under and pursuant to a resolution of the City, adopted June 6, 1983, entitled "Utilities System Revenue Bond Resolution," including as amended and restated by the Amended and Restated Utilities System Bond Resolution adopted by the City on January 30, 2003 (the "Bond Resolution"), as amended, restated and supplemented, including as supplemented by a resolution supplemental thereto authorizing, among others, the 2017 Series A Bonds (collectively with the Bond Resolution, the "Resolution"). As provided in the Resolution, bonds, notes or other evidences of indebtedness of the City may be issued from time to time pursuant to supplemental resolutions in one or more series, in various principal amounts, may mature at different times, may bear interest at different rates and may otherwise vary as in the Resolution provided. The aggregate principal amount of bonds, notes or other evidences of indebtedness which may be issued under the Resolution is not limited except as provided in the Resolution, and all bonds, notes or other evidences of indebtedness issued and to be issued under the Resolution are and will be equally secured by the Trust Estate (as hereinafter defined) and covenants made therein, except as otherwise expressly provided or permitted in the Resolution. All such bonds, notes or other evidences of indebtedness issued under and pursuant to the Resolution, as the same may be amended and supplemented from time to time, are hereinafter called the "Bonds".

As provided in the Resolution, the Bonds are direct and special obligations of the City payable solely from and secured as to payment of the principal or redemption price thereof, and interest thereon, in accordance with their terms and the provisions of the Resolution solely by (i) the proceeds of the sale of the Bonds, (ii) the Revenues (as defined in the Resolution) and (iii) all Funds established by the Resolution [(other than the Debt Service Reserve Account in the Debt Service Fund and any fund which may be established pursuant to paragraph 2 of Section 502 of the Resolution)], including the investments and income, if any, thereof (collectively, the "Trust Estate"), subject only to the provisions of the Resolution permitting the application thereof for the purposes and on the terms and conditions set forth in the Resolution. Copies of the Resolution are on file at the office of the City and at the Corporate Trust Office of U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee under the Resolution, or its successor as Trustee (herein called the "Trustee") and reference is made to the Resolution and any and all supplements thereto and modifications and amendments thereof and to the Act for a description of the security interest, pledge and assignment and covenants securing the Bonds, the nature, extent and manner of enforcement of such pledge, the rights and remedies of the holders of the Bonds with respect thereto, the terms and conditions upon which the Bonds are issued and may be issued thereunder, and for the other terms and provisions thereof.

To the extent and in the manner permitted by the terms of the Resolution, the provisions of the Resolution, or any resolution amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto, may be modified or amended by the City, with the written consent of the holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of such Bonds then outstanding under the Resolution as is provided in the Resolution, and, in case such modification or amendment would change the terms of any

sinking fund installment, with such consent of the holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of the Bonds of the particular series and maturity entitled to such sinking fund installment then outstanding; provided, however, that, if such modification or amendment will, by its terms, not take effect so long as any Bonds of any specified like series and maturity remain outstanding under the Resolution, the consent of the holders of such Bonds shall not be required and such Bonds shall not be deemed to be outstanding for the purpose of the calculation of As provided in the Resolution (and unless otherwise provided in a outstanding Bonds. supplemental resolution), if Credit Enhancement (as defined in the Resolution) is provided with respect to the Bonds of any series, or a maturity within a series (or, if applicable, an interest rate within a maturity), if not in default in respect of any of its obligations with respect to such Credit Enhancement, the provider of such Credit Enhancement for, and not the actual holders of, such Bonds shall be deemed to be the holder of such Bonds at all times for the purpose of giving such consent. No such modification or amendment shall permit a change in the terms of redemption or maturity of the principal of any outstanding Bond or of any installment of interest thereon or a reduction in the principal amount or redemption price thereof or in the rate of interest thereon without the consent of the holder of such Bond, or shall reduce the percentages or otherwise affect the classes of Bonds the consent of the holders of which is required to effect any such modification or amendment, or shall change or modify any of the rights or obligations of any Fiduciary (as defined in the Resolution) without its written assent thereto. Pursuant to the provisions of the Resolution, the holders of any Bonds may include the initial holders thereof, regardless of whether such Bonds are being held for resale.

This bond is transferable, as provided in the Resolution, only upon the books of the City kept for that purpose at the above-mentioned office of the Trustee, as Bond Registrar, by the registered owner hereof in person, or by such owner's duly authorized attorney, upon surrender of this bond together with a written instrument of transfer satisfactory to the Bond Registrar duly executed by the registered owner or such owner's duly authorized attorney, and thereupon a new fully registered bond or bonds, without coupons, and in the same aggregate principal amount, shall be issued to the transferee in exchange therefor as provided in the Resolution, and upon payment of the charges therein prescribed. The City, the Trustee, the Bond Registrar and the Paying Agent may deem and treat the person in whose name this bond is registered as the absolute owner hereof for the purpose of receiving payment of, or on account of, the principal or redemption price hereof and interest due hereon and for all other purposes.

The 2017 Series A Bonds are issuable in the form of fully registered bonds in the denominations of \$5,000 or any multiple of \$5,000 in excess thereof.

[Sinking fund redemption provisions to be inserted here, if applicable]

[The 2017 Series A Bonds [maturing on and after ______1, 20__] [also] are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the election of the City, on and after ______1, 20___, as a whole or in part at any time, at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.]

If less than all of the 2017 Series A Bonds of like maturity are to be redeemed, the particular 2017 Series A Bonds or portions of such Bonds of such maturity (or Sinking Fund Installment) shall be selected by the Trustee in accordance with the Resolution.

The 2017 Series A Bonds are payable upon redemption at the above-mentioned office of the Paying Agent. Notice of redemption, setting forth the place of payment, shall be given by first-class mail, postage prepaid, to the registered owners of the 2017 Series A Bonds not less than 20 days nor more than 60 days before the redemption date, but the failure to give notice by mail, or any defect in such notice, to the registered owner of any 2017 Series A Bond will not affect the validity of the proceedings for the redemption of any other 2017 Series A Bonds. If notice of redemption shall have been given as aforesaid and shall not have been rescinded or ceased to be in effect, the 2017 Series A Bonds or portions thereof specified in said notice shall become due and payable on the redemption date therein fixed, and if, on the redemption date, moneys for the redemption of all the 2017 Series A Bonds and portions thereof to be redeemed, together with interest to the redemption date, shall be available for such payment on said date, then from and after the redemption date interest on such 2017 Series A Bonds or portions thereof so called for redemption shall cease to accrue and be payable.

This Bond does not constitute a general indebtedness or a pledge of the full faith and credit of the City within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory provision or limitation of indebtedness. It is expressly agreed by the holders of this bond that (a) no holder shall ever have the right, directly or indirectly, to require or compel the exercise of the ad valorem taxing power of the City for the payment of the principal of or interest on this bond or the making of any payments provided for in the Resolution, and (b) this Bond and the obligation evidenced thereby shall not constitute a lien upon any property of or in the City, but shall constitute a lien only on the Trust Estate in the manner provided in the Resolution.

It is hereby certified and recited that all conditions, acts and things required by law and the Resolution to exist, to have happened and to have been performed precedent to and in the issuance of this bond, exist, have happened and have been performed and that the issue of Bonds of which this is one, together with all other indebtedness of the City, complies in all respects with the applicable laws of the State of Florida including, particularly, the Act.

This bond shall not be entitled to any benefit under the Resolution or be valid or become obligatory for any purpose until this bond shall have been authenticated by the execution by the Trustee of the Trustee's Certificate of Authentication hereon.

By acceptance hereof, the Registered Owner shall be deemed to have irrevocably consented in writing to the amendments to the Bond Resolution as set forth in Resolution No. _____ adopted on ______, 2017 and incorporating by reference the Second Amended and Restated Bond Resolution.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, THE CITY OF GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA has caused this bond to be signed in its name and on its behalf by the manual or facsimile signature of its Mayor, and its corporate seal (or a facsimile thereof) to be hereunto affixed, imprinted, engraved or otherwise reproduced and attested by the manual or facsimile signature of its Clerk of the Commission.

	THE CITY OF GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA
Dated:	Mayor
Attested:	
Clerk of the Commission	Approved as to Form and Legality:
	City Attorney
	ATE OF AUTHENTICATION (RIES A BONDS)

TRUSTEE'S CERTIFICATE OF AUTHENTICATION

This bond is one of the bonds described in the within-mentioned Resolution.

U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, Trustee

By:		
•	Authorized Officer	

ARTICLE VI MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

6.01. Acceptance of Prospective Amendments. The City on the date hereof has adopted a resolution amending and restating the Bond Resolution. By acceptance of a 2017 Series A Bond, the holder thereof shall be deemed to have irrevocably consented in writing to the amendments as set forth in a Resolution adopted by the City on the date hereof and incorporating by reference the Second Amended and Restated Utilities System Revenue Bond Resolution.

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Master Resolution, to the extent permitted by law, at the time of issuance or remarketing of Bonds under the Master Resolution, a broker, dealer or municipal securities dealer, serving as underwriter or remarketing agent for such

Bonds, or as agent for or in lieu of Holders of the Series Bonds, may provide consent to amendments to the Master Resolution pursuant to Section 1003 of the Master Resolution.

- **6.02. Severability**. If any one or more of the covenants, agreements or provisions of this Resolution should be held to be contrary to any express provision of law or to be contrary to the policy of express law, though not expressly prohibited, or to be against public policy, or should for any reason whatsoever be held invalid, then such covenants, agreements, or provisions of, and in no way affect the validity of, all the other provisions of the Bond Resolution or of the 2017 Series A Bonds.
- **6.03. Effective Date.** This Resolution shall take effect immediately after its adoption by the City Commission of the City and the filing of a copy thereof certified by an Authorized Officer with the Trustee.

Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Utilities System Revenue Bond Resolution approved and adopted September 21, 2017.

	CITY OF GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA
	Mayor
ATTESTED:	
Clerk of the Commission	
	Approved as to Form and Legality:
	City Attorney

#51510729_v9 136433-12

EXHIBIT A

2017 SERIES A PROJECT

The acquisition of the Gainesville Renewable Energy Center consisting of all Purchased Assets (as defined in the Asset Purchase Agreements), together with the acquisition and construction of improvements and equipment related thereto.

Such other projects included in the System's Capital Improvement Plan.

EXHIBIT B PURCHASE CONTRACT

\$[____]
CITY OF GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA
UTILITIES SYSTEM REVENUE BONDS,
2017 SERIES A

CONTRACT OF PURCHASE

[_____], 2017

The Honorable Mayor and Commissioners City of Gainesville, Florida City Hall 200 East University Avenue Gainesville, Florida 32601

Honorable Mayor and Commissioners:

The undersigned, Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC, acting for and on behalf of ourselves and Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, Barclays Capital Inc., Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and Ramirez & Co., Inc. (herein collectively, including the Representative (defined below), called the "Underwriters"), offer to enter into this Contract of Purchase (the "Purchase Contract") with you (the "City") which, upon acceptance, will be binding upon the City and upon the Underwriters. Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC has been duly authorized by the other Underwriters to execute this Purchase Contract as their representative (the "Representative"). This offer is made subject to the City's acceptance on or before 11:59 p.m., New York City time, on the date hereof or on such other date as shall be agreed to by the City and the Representative, and if not so accepted, will be subject to withdrawal by the Underwriters upon notice delivered to the City at any time prior to the acceptance hereof by the City. Capitalized terms used herein and not defined shall have the meanings given to such terms in the Preliminary Official Statement (as defined below).

1. Purchase, Sale and Delivery of the 2017 Series A Bonds.

(a) Subject to the terms and conditions and in reliance upon the representations,
warranties and agreements herein set forth, the Underwriters, jointly and severally, hereby agree
to purchase from the City, and the City hereby agrees to sell to the Underwriters, all (but not less
than all) of its (a) \$[] Utilities System Revenue Bonds, 2017 Series A (the "2017 Series A
Bonds"). The 2017 Series A Bonds will be dated, bear interest at the rates per annum and mature
on the dates and in the amounts and will be subject to redemption as set forth in Exhibit A
attached hereto. The purchase price for the 2017 Series A Bonds, representing a par amount of
\$[], plus [net] original issue premium/discount of \$[], less the underwriters' discount
of \$[], shall be \$[].

The City also anticipates that its Variable Rate Utilities System Revenue Bonds, 2017 Series B in a principal amount of \$_____ and its Variable Rate Utilities System Revenue Bonds, 2017 Series C, in a principal amount of \$______, (collectively, the "2017 Series B/C Bonds"), to be payable from and secured by a pledge of and lien on the Trust Estate, will be issued simultaneously with the 2017 Series A Bonds pursuant to separate Contracts of Purchase (collectively, the "Series B/C Purchase Contract").

- The 2017 Series A Bonds shall be substantially in the form described in, shall be issued and secured under the provisions of, and shall be payable as provided in, the Utilities System Revenue Bond Resolution adopted by the City on June 6, 1983 (the "Original Resolution"), as amended, supplemented and restated, including as supplemented by a resolution entitled "Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Utilities System Revenue Bond Resolution" (the "Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Resolution") authorizing the 2017 Series A Bonds duly adopted by the City on [_____, 2017 [and further amended by Resolution No. ____, adopted by the City on , 2017, incorporating by reference a Resolution entitled "Currently Effective Amendatory Resolution" (the "Amendatory Resolution"), pursuant to which the City, with the consent of the Trustee, has amended the Original Resolution in certain respects in accordance with Section 1002 of the Original Resolution (the Original Resolution as so supplemented and amended through and including the date hereof being herein called the "Resolution"). The 2017 Series A Bonds are authorized to be issued pursuant to Chapter 166, Part II, Florida Statutes (the "Act"), the Resolution, and the Charter of the City (the "Charter"). The 2017 Series A Bonds will be direct and special obligations of the City payable solely from the Trust Estate (as defined in the Resolution) pledged therefor under the Resolution subject to the priorities described in the Resolution.
- (c) The 2017 Series A Bonds will be issued to (a) finance all or a portion of the costs of acquisition of the Gainesville Renewable Energy Center Power Generation Station ("GREC Biomass Plant"), (b) fund required reserves, if any, and (b) pay costs of issuance of the 2017 Series A Bonds. The City will acquire and control the operation of the GREC Biomass Plant pursuant to [(x)] an Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of _______, 2017, by and between the City and Gainesville Renewable Energy Center, LLC ("GREC LLC") (the "Asset Purchase Agreement") [and (y) an Operating Agreement, dated as of _______, 2017, by and between the City and NAES Corporation ("NAES") (the "Operating Agreement" and, together with the Asset Purchase Agreement, the "Transaction Documents")].
- (d) The Preliminary Official Statement of the City, dated [October __], 2017 (including all appendices thereto, and as it may be supplemented or amended) relating to the 2017 Series A Bonds is herein called the "Preliminary Official Statement". The City represents that it has deemed the Preliminary Official Statement "final as of its date" within the meaning of paragraph (b)(1) of Rule 15c2-12 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended ("Rule 15c2-12"), except for the omission of not more than the following information: offering price(s), interest rates(s), selling compensation, aggregate principal amount, principal amount per maturity, delivery date(s) and other terms of the 2017 Series A Bonds depending on such matters.
- (e) The City shall prepare and deliver to the Underwriters, as promptly as practicable, but in any event not later than seven business days from the date hereof, a final official statement

relating to the 2017 Series A Bonds in substantially the form of the Preliminary Official Statement, with such changes and amendments as may be agreed to by the City and the Representative, in such quantities as the Representative may reasonably request in order to allow the Underwriters to comply with paragraph (b)(4) of Rule 15c2-12 and the rules of the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (the "MSRB") (such official statement, including the cover page and Appendices thereto, as the same may be supplemented or amended pursuant to clause (l) below, is herein referred to as the "Final Official Statement"). In addition, the City will provide, subject to customary disclaimers regarding the transmission of electronic copies, an electronic copy of the Final Official Statement to the Underwriters in the currently required designated electronic format stated in MSRB Rule G-32 and the EMMA Dataport Manual (as defined below). The parties agree that the format in which the Preliminary Official Statement was delivered meets such electronic format requirements.

(f) Within one (1) business day after receipt of the Final Official Statement from the City, but by no later than the Closing Date (as defined below), the Representative shall, at its own expense, submit the Final Official Statement to EMMA (as defined below). The Representative will comply with the provisions of MSRB Rule G-32, including without limitation the submission of Form G-32 and the Final Official Statement and notify the City of the date on which the Final Official Statement has been filed with EMMA.

"EMMA" means the MSRB's Electronic Municipal Market Access system, or any other electronic municipal securities information access system designated by the MSRB for collecting and disseminating primary offering documents and information.

"EMMA Dataport Manual" means the document(s) designated as such published by the MSRB from time to time setting forth the processes and procedures with respect to submissions to be made to the primary market disclosure service of EMMA by underwriters under Rule G-32(b).

- (g) The City hereby authorizes the Underwriters to use and distribute the Preliminary Official Statement, the Final Official Statement, the Resolution and this Purchase Contract and all information contained in each thereof in connection with the offer and sale of the 2017 Series A Bonds.
- (h) The City acknowledges and agrees that (i) the purchase and sale of the 2017 Series A Bonds pursuant to this Purchase Contract is an arm's-length commercial transaction between the City and the Underwriters, (ii) in connection with such transaction, each Underwriter is acting solely as a principal and not as an advisor (including, without limitation, a Municipal Advisor (as such term is defined in Section 975(e) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act)), an agent or a fiduciary of the City, (iii) the Underwriters have not assumed (individually or collectively) a fiduciary responsibility in favor of the City with respect to the offering of the 2017 Series A Bonds or the process leading thereto (whether or not any Underwriter, or any affiliate of an Underwriter, has advised or is currently advising the City on other matters) or any other contractual obligation to the City except the obligations expressly set forth in this Purchase Contract, (iv) the Underwriters have financial and other interests that differ from those of the City and (v) the City has consulted with its own legal and

financial advisors to the extent it deemed appropriate in connection with the offering of the 2017 Series A Bonds.

- (i) The Underwriters, subject to Section 3 herein, intend to make a bona fide initial public offering of all the 2017 Series A Bonds at prices no higher than, or yields not lower than, those shown in the Final Official Statement. Subject to Section 3 herein, the Underwriters reserve the right to lower such initial offering prices as they deem necessary in connection with the marketing of the 2017 Series A Bonds. Subject to Section 3 herein, the Underwriters may offer and sell the 2017 Series A Bonds to certain dealers (including dealers depositing the 2017 Series A Bonds into investment trusts) and others at prices lower than the initial public offering price or prices set forth in the Final Official Statement. Subject to Section 3 herein, the Underwriters also reserve the right to: (i) over-allot or effect transactions which stabilize or maintain the market price of the 2017 Series A Bonds at levels above those that might otherwise prevail in the open market and (ii) discontinue such stabilizing, if commenced, at any time without prior notice.
- (j) The Representative has wire transferred to the City at or prior to the execution hereof by the City \$[____] (the "Good Faith Deposit") as security for the performance by the Underwriters of their obligations to accept delivery of and pay for the 2017 Series A Bonds at the Closing Date in accordance with the provisions of this Purchase Contract. The Good Faith Deposit will be applied (exclusive of any interest earned on the Good Faith Deposit) as a credit towards the purchase price for the 2017 Series A Bonds. In the event the City does not accept this offer, or upon the City's failure to deliver the 2017 Series A Bonds at the Closing Date for reasons other than a default by the Underwriters, or if the conditions to the obligations of the Underwriters contained in this Purchase Contract shall be unsatisfied (unless waived by the Underwriters), or if such obligations shall be terminated by the Underwriters for any reason permitted by this Purchase Contract, such Good Faith Deposit plus interest earned thereon by the City shall be immediately returned to the Representative. In the event that the Underwriters fail (other than for a reason permitted under this Purchase Contract) to accept delivery of and pay for the 2017 Series A Bonds at the Closing hereinafter referred to, such sum shall constitute full liquidated damages for such failure and for any and all defaults hereunder on the part of the Underwriters, and shall constitute a full release and discharge of all claims and rights hereunder of the City against the Underwriters. Except as set forth in Section 4 hereof, no party hereto shall have any further rights against any other hereunder. It is understood by both the City and the Underwriters that actual damages in the circumstances as described in the preceding sentence may be difficult or impossible to compute; therefore, the funds represented by the Good Faith Deposit are a reasonable estimate of the liquidated damages in this type of situation. Accordingly, the Underwriters hereby waive any right to claim that the City's actual damages are less than such amount, and the City's acceptance of this offer shall constitute a waiver of any right the City may have to additional damages from the Underwriters.

(k) [Reserved].

(l) The City further agrees that if on or prior to the 25th day after the "end of the underwriting period," as such expression is used in Rule 15c2-12, the City becomes aware of any fact or event which might or would cause the Final Official Statement, as then supplemented or amended, to contain any untrue statement of a material fact or to omit to state a material fact

required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading, the City will notify the Representative thereof and, if in the opinion of the City or the Representative such event or events described in any such notice require a supplement or amendment to the Final Official Statement, the City will supplement or amend the Final Official Statement in a manner approved by the City and the Representative (such approvals not to be unreasonably delayed or withheld) and will thereafter until the end of such 25-day period provide the Representative with copies of the Final Official Statement, as so amended or supplemented, in sufficient quantities to allow the Underwriters to comply with the requirements referred to in paragraph (e) of this Section 1, subject to Section 4 hereof as to the payment of the expenses therefor. Unless otherwise provided in writing by the Representative to the City on the Closing Date that the Underwriters retain directly, or as a member of an underwriting syndicate, an unsold balance of the 2017 Series A Bonds, the end of the underwriting period shall be the Closing Date, but in no event later than 90 days after the Closing Date.

(m) At 10:00 a.m., New York City time, on [November __], 2017 or at such earlier or later time or date as shall be agreed upon by the Representative and the City (such time and date being herein referred to as the "Closing Date"), the City will deliver or cause to be delivered to or on behalf of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), on behalf of the Underwriters, the 2017 Series A Bonds in definitive form (all 2017 Series A Bonds bearing CUSIP numbers), duly executed by the City, and authenticated by U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee (the "Trustee"), and the City will deliver to the Representative at such location as shall be agreed upon by the City and the Representative, the other documents herein mentioned; the Underwriters will accept such delivery and pay the purchase price of the 2017 Series A Bonds as set forth in paragraph (a) of this Section 1 by wire transfer of federal funds for the purchase of the 2017 Series A Bonds, in an amount equal to the difference between said purchase price and the amount of the Good Faith Deposit (such delivery and payment being hereinafter referred to as the "Closing").

Copies of the 2017 Series A Bonds, as duly executed by the City but prior to authentication, shall be made available to the Representative not later than one business day before the Closing Date for the purpose of inspection. The 2017 Series A Bonds of each Series shall be issued initially in the form of a separate, fully registered bond in the amount of each separate stated maturity thereof, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC.

2. Representations, Warranties and Agreements of the City.

The City hereby represents and warrants to and agrees with the Underwriters that:

(a) The City is duly organized and validly existing as a municipal corporation under the Constitution and laws of the State of Florida, including the Charter, and has, and at the Closing Date will have, full legal right, power and authority (i) to enter into this Purchase Contract and a Continuing Disclosure Certificate, dated the Closing Date, relating to the 2017 Series A Bonds in substantially the form attached to the Final Official Statement (the "Continuing Disclosure Certificate" and, together with this Purchase Contract, the "City Documents") and the [Transaction Documents], (ii) to adopt the Resolution, (iii) to pledge the Trust Estate as set forth in the Resolution, (iv) to issue, sell and deliver the 2017 Series A Bonds to the Underwriters pursuant to the Resolution, as provided herein, (v) to operate the System (as

defined in the Resolution) and conduct the business thereof as set forth in and contemplated by the Final Official Statement, and (vi) to carry out, give effect to and consummate the transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement, this Purchase Contract, the Resolution, the Preliminary Official Statement, the Final Official Statement and the Continuing Disclosure Certificate;

- (b) The City has complied, and will at the Closing Date be in compliance, in all material respects with the Charter, the Act, the Constitution of the State of Florida and the Resolution as directly or indirectly affects the issuance of the 2017 Series A Bonds or the validity thereof, the validity or adoption of the Resolution, or the execution and delivery of the 2017 Series A Bonds, this Purchase Contract, the Final Official Statement, the Continuing Disclosure Certificate, and the [Transaction Documents], or other instruments contemplated by any of such documents to which the City is a party, and compliance with the provisions of each thereof;
- (c) The City has duly and validly adopted the Resolution, has duly authorized and approved the execution and delivery of the 2017 Series A Bonds, this Purchase Contract, the Final Official Statement, the Continuing Disclosure Certificate, and the [Transaction Documents] and has duly authorized and approved the performance by the City of its obligations contained in, and the taking of any and all action as may be necessary to carry out, give effect to and consummate the transactions contemplated by, each of said documents, and at the Closing Date the 2017 Series A Bonds, the Resolution, this Purchase Contract, the Continuing Disclosure Certificate, and the [Transaction Documents] will constitute the valid, legal and binding obligations of the City enforceable against the City in accordance with their respective terms, subject to the effect of, and restrictions and limitations imposed by or resulting from, bankruptcy, insolvency, debt adjustment, moratorium, reorganization or other similar laws affecting creditors' rights and judicial discretion and the valid exercise of the sovereign police powers of the State of Florida and the constitutional power of the United States of America, and the Resolution will be in full force and effect;
- The City is not in breach of or in default under any constitutional provision, (d) applicable law or administrative rule or regulation of the State of Florida, the United States, or of any department, division, agency or instrumentality of either thereof or any applicable court or administrative decree or order, or any loan agreement, note, ordinance, resolution, indenture, contract, agreement or other instrument to which the City is a party or by which the City or any of the property or assets of the System is otherwise subject or bound which in any material way, directly or indirectly, affects the issuance of the 2017 Series A Bonds, or the validity thereof, the validity or adoption of the Resolution, or the execution and delivery of the 2017 Series A Bonds, this Purchase Contract, the Final Official Statement, the Continuing Disclosure Certificate, or the [Transaction Documents], or other instruments contemplated by any such documents to which the City is a party, and compliance with the provisions of each thereof will not conflict with or constitute a breach of or default under any constitutional provision, applicable law or administrative rule or regulation of the State of Florida, the United States, or of any department, division, agency or instrumentality of either thereof, or any applicable court or administrative decree or order, or any loan agreement, note, ordinance, resolution, indenture, contract, agreement or other instrument to which the City is a party or by which the City or any of the property or assets of the System is otherwise subject or bound;

- (e) All approvals, consents, authorizations, elections and orders of or filings or registrations with any governmental authority, legislative body, board, agency or commission having jurisdiction which would constitute a condition precedent to, or the absence of which would materially adversely affect, the due performance by the City of its obligations under the Resolution, the 2017 Series A Bonds, this Purchase Contract, the Continuing Disclosure Certificate, and the [Transaction Documents], have been obtained and are in full force and effect, except for such approvals, consents and orders as may be required under the "Blue Sky" or securities laws of any state in connection with the offering and sale of the 2017 Series A Bonds;
- (f) The 2017 Series A Bonds, the Resolution, the Continuing Disclosure Certificate, and the [Transaction Documents], conform to the descriptions thereof contained in the Preliminary Official Statement and to be contained in the Final Official Statement, and the 2017 Series A Bonds, when delivered in accordance with the Resolution and paid for by the Underwriters on the Closing Date as provided herein, will be validly issued and outstanding direct and special obligations of the City entitled to all the benefits and security of the Resolution;
- The Preliminary Official Statement (except for the omission of not more than the (g) following information: offering price(s), interest rates(s), selling compensation, aggregate principal amount, principal amount per maturity, delivery date(s) and other terms of the 2017 Series A Bonds depending on such matters) as of its date and (as supplemented pursuant to Section 1(1)) as of the date of this Purchase Contract is, and the Final Official Statement will be, as of the date of its delivery to the Underwriters and (as supplemented pursuant to Section 1(1)) as of the Closing Date, true, correct and complete in all material respects and the Preliminary Official Statement (except for the omission of not more than the following information: offering price(s), interest rates(s), selling compensation, aggregate principal amount, principal amount per maturity, delivery date(s) and other terms of the 2017 Series A Bonds depending on such matters) as of its date and (as supplemented pursuant to Section 1(1)) as of the date of this Purchase Contract did not and the Final Official Statement will not, as of the date of its delivery to the Underwriters and (as supplemented pursuant to Section 1(1)) as of the Closing Date, contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they are made, not misleading;
- (h) The Resolution creates a legally valid and binding pledge of the Trust Estate, subject only to the provisions of the Resolution permitting the application thereof on the terms and conditions set forth in the Resolution;
- (i) Except as described in the Preliminary Official Statement and as may be described in the Final Official Statement, no action, suit or proceeding, at law or in equity, and to the knowledge of the City, no inquiry or investigation before or by any court, public board or body, is pending or, to the knowledge of the City, threatened or notice received of any investigation by a regulatory agency, in any way affecting the existence of the City or the titles of its officers to their respective offices, or seeking to prohibit, restrain or enjoin the issuance, sale or delivery of the 2017 Series A Bonds or the application of the proceeds of the 2017 Series A Bonds or the collection or application of the Revenues (as defined in the Resolution) of the System as described in the Preliminary Official Statement and as will be described in the Final

Official Statement, or the pledge of the Trust Estate pursuant to the Resolution, or in any way contesting or affecting the validity or enforceability of the 2017 Series A Bonds, the Resolution, this Purchase Contract, the Continuing Disclosure Certificate or the [Transaction Documents], or any action of the City contemplated by any of said documents, or in any way contesting the completeness or accuracy of the Preliminary Official Statement or the Final Official Statement or the powers of the City or its authority with respect to the 2017 Series A Bonds, the adoption of the Resolution or the execution and delivery of this Purchase Contract, the Continuing Disclosure Certificate or the [Transaction Documents], or any action of the City contemplated by any of said documents, or which would adversely affect the exclusion of interest paid on the 2017 Series A Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes, nor, to knowledge the City, is there any basis therefor;

- (j) The City will furnish such information, execute such instruments and take such other action in cooperation with the Representative as the Representative may reasonably request to qualify the 2017 Series A Bonds for offer and sale under the "Blue Sky" or other securities laws and regulations of such states and other jurisdictions of the United States as the Representative may designate; provided that in connection therewith the City shall not be required to file a general consent to service of process or qualify to do business in any jurisdiction;
- (k) The audited financial statements of the System for the periods ended September 30, 2016 and September 30, 2015 heretofore delivered to the Underwriters and contained in the Preliminary Official Statement and the Final Official Statement as Appendix B-1 thereto and the unaudited financial statements of the System for the [__-month] periods ended [______, 2017 and ______, 2016] heretofore delivered to the Underwriters and contained in the Preliminary Official Statement and the Final Official Statement as Appendix B-2 thereto, in each case, fairly present the financial position of the System as of the dates indicated and the results of its operations for the periods specified, and such financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles consistently applied during the periods involved, except as otherwise expressly stated in the notes thereto;
- (l) The City has the legal authority to apply the proceeds of the 2017 Series A Bonds for the purposes contemplated by the Resolution, the Preliminary Official Statement, the Final Official Statement and the City Documents, including for the payment or reimbursement of incidental expenses in connection with the marketing, issuance and delivery of the 2017 Series A Bonds to the extent required;
- (m) Except as disclosed in the Preliminary Official Statement and the Final Official Statement, as required by rule of the Office of Financial Regulation within the Florida Financial Services Commission (the "FFSC"), the City is not and has not been in default on any bond issued since December 31, 1975 that would be considered material by a reasonable investor; and
- (n) Any certificate signed by the General Manager for Utilities, or other authorized official or individual of the City, shall be deemed a representation and warranty by the City to the Underwriters as to the statements made therein.

3. Establishment of Issue Price

- (a) The Representative, on behalf of the Underwriters, agrees to assist the City in establishing the issue price of the 2017 Series A Bonds and shall execute and deliver to the City at Closing an "issue price" or similar certificate, together with the supporting pricing wires or equivalent communications, substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit B, with such modifications as may be appropriate or necessary, in the reasonable judgment of the Representative, the City and Bond Counsel, to accurately reflect, as applicable, the sales price or prices or the initial offering price or prices to the public of the 2017 Series A Bonds. [All actions to be taken by the City under this section to establish the issue price of the 2017 Series A Bonds may be taken on behalf of the City by the City's municipal advisor identified herein and any notice or report to be provided to the City may be provided to the City's municipal advisor.]
- (b) The City will treat the first price at which 10% of each maturity of the 2017 Series A Bonds (the "10% test") is sold to the public as the issue price of that maturity (if different interest rates apply within a maturity, each separate CUSIP number within that maturity will be subject to the 10% test). At or promptly after the execution of this Purchase Contract, the Representative shall report to the City the price or prices at which the Underwriters have sold to the public each maturity of 2017 Series A Bonds. If at that time the 10% test has not been satisfied as to any maturity of the 2017 Series A Bonds, the Representative agrees to promptly report to the City the prices at which 2017 Series A Bonds of that maturity have been sold by the Underwriters to the public. That reporting obligation shall continue, whether or not the Closing Date has occurred, until the 10% test has been satisfied as to the 2017 Series A Bonds of that maturity or until all 2017 Series A Bonds of that maturity have been sold to the public.

(c) The Representative confirms that:

- (i) any agreement among underwriters, any selling group agreement and each retail distribution agreement (to which the Representative is a party) relating to the initial sale of the 2017 Series A Bonds to the public, together with the related pricing wires, contains or will contain language obligating each Underwriter, each dealer who is a member of the selling group, and each broker-dealer that is a party to such retail distribution agreement, as applicable, to (A) report the prices at which it sells to the public the unsold 2017 Series A Bonds of each maturity allotted to it until it is notified by the Representative that either the 10% test has been satisfied as to the 2017 Series A Bonds of that maturity or all 2017 Series A Bonds of that maturity have been sold to the public and (B) comply with the hold-the-offering-price rule, if applicable, in each case if and for so long as directed by the Representative and as set forth in the related pricing wires, and
- (ii) any agreement among underwriters relating to the initial sale of the 2017 Series A Bonds to the public, together with the related pricing wires, contains or will contain language obligating each Underwriter that is a party to a retail distribution agreement to be employed in connection with the initial sale of the 2017 Series A Bonds to the public to require each broker-dealer that is a party to such retail distribution agreement to (A) report the prices at which it sells to the public the unsold 2017 Series A Bonds of each maturity allotted to it until it is notified by the Representative or the

Underwriter that either the 10% test has been satisfied as to the 2017 Series A Bonds of that maturity or all 2017 Series A Bonds of that maturity have been sold to the public and (B) comply with the hold-the-offering-price rule, if applicable, in each case if and for so long as directed by the Representative or the Underwriter and as set forth in the related pricing wires.

- (d) The Underwriters acknowledge that sales of any 2017 Series A Bonds to any person that is a related party to an Underwriter shall not constitute sales to the public for purposes of this section. Further, for purposes of this section:
 - (i) "public" means any person other than an underwriter or a related party,
 - (ii) "underwriter" means (A) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the City (or with the lead underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the 2017 Series A Bonds to the public and (B) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (A) to participate in the initial sale of the 2017 Series A Bonds to the public (including a member of a selling group or a party to a retail distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the 2017 Series A Bonds to the public),
 - (iii) a purchaser of any of the 2017 Series A Bonds is a "related party" to an underwriter if the underwriter and the purchaser are subject, directly or indirectly, to (i) at least 50% common ownership of the voting power or the total value of their stock, if both entities are corporations (including direct ownership by one corporation of another), (ii) more than 50% common ownership of their capital interests or profits interests, if both entities are partnerships (including direct ownership by one partnership of another), or (iii) more than 50% common ownership of the value of the outstanding stock of the corporation or the capital interests or profit interests of the partnership, as applicable, if one entity is a corporation and the other entity is a partnership (including direct ownership of the applicable stock or interests by one entity of the other), and
 - (iv) "sale date" means the date of execution of this Purchase Contract by all parties.
- 4. Conditions to the Obligations of the Underwriters and the City. (a) The obligations of the Underwriters to accept delivery of and pay for the 2017 Series A Bonds on the Closing Date shall be subject, at the option of the Underwriters, to the accuracy in all material respects of the representations and warranties on the part of the City contained herein as of the date hereof and as of the Closing Date, to the accuracy in all material respects of the statements of the officers and other officials of the City made in any certificates or other documents furnished pursuant to the provisions hereof, to the performance by the City of its obligations to be performed hereunder at or prior to the Closing Date and to the following additional conditions:
- (b) At the Closing Date, (i) the Resolution shall have been duly adopted, and the Resolution, the 2017 Series A Bonds, this Purchase Contract, the Continuing Disclosure Agreement, and the [Transaction Documents] shall be in full force and effect in accordance with

their respective terms, and shall not have been repealed, amended, modified or supplemented, except as may have been agreed to in writing by the Representative, and there shall have been taken in connection therewith, with the issuance of the 2017 Series A Bonds, and with the transactions contemplated thereby, and by this Purchase Contract, all such actions, as, in the opinion of Holland & Knight LLP, Lakeland, Florida ("Bond Counsel"), shall be necessary and appropriate for the issuance of the 2017 Series A Bonds (excluding securities law matters with respect thereto); (ii) all conditions precedent to the issuance of the 2017 Series B/C Bonds shall have been satisfied in the opinion of Bond Counsel and the Representative; and (iii) all conditions precedent to the acquisition of the GREC Biomass Plant shall have been satisfied, other than the funding of the Purchase Price under the Asset Purchase Agreement;

- (c) At the Closing Date, the Final Official Statement shall not have been amended, modified or supplemented, except as may have been agreed to in writing by the Representative;
- (d) Between the date hereof and the Closing Date, the market price or marketability of the 2017 Series A Bonds, at the initial offering yields set forth in Exhibit A hereto, shall not have been materially adversely affected, in the judgment of the Representative (evidenced by a written notice to the City terminating the obligation of the Underwriters to accept delivery of and pay for the 2017 Series A Bonds), by reason of any of the following:
 - legislation enacted by or introduced in or favorably reported to either the (1) House of Representatives or the Senate of the United States, or recommended for passage by the President of the United States, or a decision rendered by a court established under Article III of the Constitution of the United States or by the Tax Court of the United States, or an order, ruling, regulation or official statement (final, temporary or proposed) issued or made (i) by or on behalf of the Treasury Department of the United States or the Internal Revenue Service, with the purpose or effect, directly or indirectly, of imposing Federal income taxation upon the Revenues or upon such interest as would be received by the holders of the 2017 Series A Bonds, or (ii) by or on behalf of the Securities and Exchange Commission or any other governmental agency having jurisdiction of the subject matter, to the effect that obligations of the general character of the 2017 Series A Bonds are not exempt from registration under, or other requirements of, the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or that the Resolution is not exempt from qualification under, or other requirements of, the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended, or that the offering or sale of the 2017 Series A Bonds, or obligations of the general character of the 2017 Series A Bonds, including any or all underlying arrangements as contemplated hereby or by the Final Official Statement, otherwise is or would be in violation of the Federal securities laws as amended and then in effect:
 - (2) the declaration of war or engagement in major hostilities (or the escalation of any hostilities existing on the date hereof) by the United States or the occurrence of any other national or international emergency or calamity relating to the effective operation of the government of or the financial community of the United States, it being agreed that no such situation currently exists;
 - (3) the declaration of a general banking moratorium by Federal, New York or Florida authorities or a material disruption in commercial banking or securities settlement

or clearance services shall have occurred, or the general suspension of trading on any national securities exchange shall have occurred;

- (4) the imposition by the New York Stock Exchange or other national securities exchange, or any governmental authority, of any material restriction not now in force with respect to the 2017 Series A Bonds or obligations of the general character of the 2017 Series A Bonds or securities generally, or the material increase of any such restrictions now in force, including those relating to the extension of credit by, or to the net capital requirements of, underwriters;
- (5) the withdrawal or downgrading by a national rating agency of any longterm credit rating without credit enhancement, of any Bonds (as defined in the Resolution);
- (6) the adoption of any amendment to the Federal or Florida Constitution, decision by any Federal or Florida court, or enactment by any Federal or Florida legislative body materially adversely affecting the validity or enforceability of this Purchase Contract, the 2017 Series A Bonds or the Resolution;
- (7) any event occurs, or information becomes known, which would prevent any conditions precedent and Closing Actions required by the terms of the Asset Purchase Agreement from being satisfied or waived on the Closing Date (other than the failure of the Underwriters to fund the purchase of the 2017 Series A Bonds pursuant to this Purchase Contract), or the failure of the City to issue the 2017 Series B/C Bonds on or before the Closing Date; or
- (8) any event occurring, or information becoming known, which makes untrue in any material respect any statement or information contained in the Final Official Statement, or has the effect that the Final Official Statement contains any untrue statement of a material fact or omits to state a material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading;
- (e) At or prior to the Closing Date, the Representative shall have received two counterpart originals of the following documents, in each case satisfactory in form and substance to the Representative:
 - (1) The Final Official Statement, executed on behalf of the City by the General Manager for Utilities;
 - (2) A copy of the Resolution, certified by the Clerk of the Commission that it is a true, correct and complete copy of the one duly adopted or authorized by the City and that it has not been amended, modified or rescinded and is in full force and effect as of the Closing Date;
 - (3) The unqualified approving opinion of Bond Counsel, dated the Closing Date and addressed to the City, in substantially the form attached as Appendix E to the Final Official Statement (the "Bond Opinion");

- (4) An opinion of Bond Counsel, dated the Closing Date and addressed to the Representative, in the form attached hereto as Exhibit C;
- (5) An opinion of Bryant Miller Olive P.A., Tampa, Florida, in its role as disclosure counsel ("Disclosure Counsel"), dated the Closing Date and addressed to the Representative, in the form attached hereto as <u>Exhibit D</u>;
- (6) An opinion, dated the Closing Date and addressed to the Representative, of Nixon Peabody LLP, New York, New York counsel for the Underwriters, in form and substance satisfactory to the Representative;
- An opinion, dated the Closing Date and addressed to the City, Bond Counsel and the Representative, of the office of the City Attorney, which may state that except as otherwise stated, it is limited to the laws of the State of Florida, to the effect that (i) the City is a municipal corporation of the State of Florida duly organized and validly existing under the Constitution and laws of the State of Florida, including the Charter, and has full legal right, power and authority (a) to enter into this Purchase Contract, the [Transaction Documents], and the Continuing Disclosure Certificate and to adopt the Resolution, (b) to issue, sell and deliver the 2017 Series A Bonds to the Underwriters as provided in this Purchase Contract, (c) to pledge the Trust Estate as set forth in the Resolution, (d) to operate the System, and to levy, collect, receive, hold and apply rates and charges for the services provided from the System, as provided in the Resolution, and (e) to carry out, give effect to and consummate the transactions contemplated by this Purchase Contract, the Resolution, the Asset Purchase Agreement, and the Continuing Disclosure Certificate; (ii) by official action of the City, the City has duly adopted the Resolution, has duly authorized and approved the execution and delivery of the 2017 Series A Bonds, this Purchase Contract, the Continuing Disclosure Certificate, the [Transaction Documents], and the Final Official Statement and the consummation by it of all other transactions contemplated by this Purchase Contract, and the 2017 Series A Bonds, the Resolution, the Continuing Disclosure Certificate, the [Transaction Documents], and this Purchase Contract constitute legal, valid and binding obligations of the City enforceable in accordance with the terms thereof: (iii) except as described in the Final Official Statement, there is no action, suit or proceeding, at law or in equity, and, to the best of such counsel's knowledge, after due inquiry, there is no inquiry or investigation, before or by any court, public board or body, or investigation by any regulatory agency for which such counsel has received notice, pending or, to the best of such counsel's knowledge, after due inquiry, threatened in any way affecting the existence of the City or the titles of its officers to their respective offices, or seeking to prohibit, restrain or enjoin the issuance, sale or delivery of the 2017 Series A Bonds or the collection or application of the Revenues of the System or the pledge of the Trust Estate pursuant to the Resolution, or in any way contesting or affecting the validity or enforceability of the 2017 Series A Bonds, the Resolution, this Purchase Contract, the [Transaction Documents], or the Continuing Disclosure Certificate or any action of the City contemplated by any of said documents, or contesting in any way the completeness or accuracy of the Final Official Statement or any supplement or amendment thereto, or contesting the powers of the City or its authority with respect to the 2017 Series A Bonds, the adoption of the Resolution, or the execution and delivery of this Purchase Contract,

the [Transaction Documents], or the Continuing Disclosure Certificate or any action of the City contemplated by any of said documents, nor to such counsel's knowledge is there any basis therefor; (iv) compliance by the City with the provisions of the Resolution, this Purchase Contract or the other instruments contemplated by any of such documents to which the City is a party will not conflict with or constitute a breach of any constitutional provision or applicable law of the State of Florida, the United States, or any department, division, agency or instrumentality of the United States; and (v) during the course of serving as counsel to the City in connection with the issuance of the 2017 Series A Bonds, and without having undertaken to determine independently or assuming any responsibility for the accuracy, completeness or fairness of the statements contained in the Final Official Statement, no facts came to the attention of the attorneys in the office of the City Attorney rendering legal services in connection with the issuance of the 2017 Series A Bonds which caused the office of the City Attorney to believe that the Final Official Statement as of its date and as of the Closing Date (except for any CUSIP numbers, financial, accounting, statistical or economic, engineering or demographic data or forecasts, numbers, charts, tables, graphs, estimates, projections, assumptions or expressions of opinion, any management discussion and analysis or any information about book-entry, DTC, ratings, rating agencies, provider of a reserve surety policy, if any, and the information contained under the caption "UNDERWRITING" and in Appendices B-1, B-2, C-1, C-2, D and E to the Final Official Statement, included or referred to therein, which the office of the City Attorney may expressly exclude from the scope of this paragraph and as to which no opinion or view need be expressed) contained or contains any untrue statement of a material fact or omitted or omits to state any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading (the opinions set forth in clauses (i) and (ii) above being subject to the effect of, and restrictions and limitations imposed by or resulting from, bankruptcy, insolvency, debt adjustment, moratorium, reorganization or other similar laws affecting creditors' rights and judicial discretion and the valid exercise of the sovereign police powers of the State of Florida and of the constitutional power of the United States of America);

(8) A certificate or certificates, dated the Closing Date and signed by the General Manager for Utilities, to the effect that (i) the representations and warranties of the City contained herein are true and correct in all material respects on and as of the Closing Date with the same effect as if made on the Closing Date; (ii) no event has occurred since the date of the Final Official Statement which should be disclosed in the Final Official Statement so that it does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements and information therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; (iii) except as disclosed in the Final Official Statement, nothing has occurred since September 30, 2016 which would have a material effect on the financial condition of the System; and (iv) the City has complied with all agreements and satisfied all the conditions precedent except funding requirements on its part to be performed or satisfied under this Purchase Contract, the Asset Purchase Agreement, or otherwise [at or prior] to the Closing Date (other than the funding of the Purchase Price under the [Transaction Documents]);

- (9) An executed copy of the Continuing Disclosure Certificate, in substantially the form attached as Appendix F to the Final Official Statement;
- (10) An executed copy of the procedures letter, dated the date hereof, from Purvis, Gray and Company LLP, independent certified public accountants, addressed to the City and the Underwriters, and in form and substance acceptable to the Representative, relating to the financial statements of the City appearing in the Final Official Statement and related matters:
- (11) A Tax Certificate relating to the 2017 Series A Bonds in substance and form satisfactory to Bond Counsel;
 - (12) A copy of the Blanket Letter of Representations to DTC;
- (13) Letters from Moody's Investors Service Inc., Standard & Poor's Rating Services, a Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC business and Fitch Ratings evidencing ratings of "[__]," "[__]" and "[__]", respectively, for the 2017 Series A Bonds;
 - (14) [An executed copy][Executed copies] of the [Transaction Documents];
- (15) Copies of required regulatory consents of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission authorizing the sale of the GREC Biomass Plant, including the Section 203 Order;
- (16) Such additional legal opinions, certificates, instruments and other documents as the Representative may reasonably request to evidence the truth and accuracy, as of the date hereof and as of the Closing Date, of the City's representations and warranties contained herein and of the statements and information contained in the Final Official Statement, and the due performance or satisfaction by the City at or prior to the Closing Date of all agreements then to be performed and all conditions then to be satisfied by the City in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby and by the Resolution and the Final Official Statement;
- (f) The City shall perform or has performed at or prior to the Closing Date all of its obligations required under or specified in this Purchase Contract, the Final Official Statement and the Resolution to be performed by the City at or prior to the Closing Date; and
- (g) Subsequent to the respective dates as of which information is given in the Final Official Statement, except as contemplated in the Final Official Statement, there shall not have been any material decrease in assets or any other material change in the Revenues of the System or the Funds (as defined in the Resolution) or accounts established in the Resolution.

If any of the conditions to the obligations of the Underwriters contained in this Section or elsewhere in this Purchase Contract shall not have been satisfied when and as required herein, all obligations of the Underwriters hereunder may be terminated by the Representative at, or at any time prior to, the Closing Date by written notice to the City.

5. Expenses.

- (a) The Underwriters shall be under no obligation to pay, and the City shall pay or cause to be paid (out of the proceeds of the 2017 Series A Bonds or any other legally available funds of the System) all expenses incident to the performance of the City's obligations hereunder including, but not limited to, the cost of printing, executing and delivering the 2017 Series A Bonds to or on behalf of DTC; the cost of preparation, printing (and/or word processing and reproduction), distribution and delivery of the Resolution, the Preliminary Official Statement, up to [500] copies of the Final Official Statement and all other agreements and documents contemplated hereby or used in connection with the marketing and sale of the 2017 Series A Bonds and any drafts thereof in reasonable quantities as requested by the Representative; the fees and disbursements of Bond Counsel, Disclosure Counsel, engineers, accountants, financial advisors and any other experts or consultants retained in connection with the issuance of the 2017 Series A Bonds; fees charged by the rating agencies for rating the 2017 Series A Bonds; and any other expenses not specifically enumerated in paragraph (b) of this Section incurred in connection with issuance of the 2017 Series A Bonds.
- (b) The City shall be under no obligation to pay, and the Underwriters shall pay, the cost of preparation, printing (and/or word processing and reproduction), distribution and delivery of the agreement among underwriters, the selling group agreement, the "Blue Sky" memoranda and this Purchase Contract; expenses to qualify the 2017 Series A Bonds for sale under any "Blue Sky" laws; fees and disbursements of Underwriters' counsel; and all other expenses incurred by the Underwriters in connection with their public offering and distribution of the 2017 Series A Bonds not specifically enumerated in paragraph (a) of this Section, including the fees and disbursements of their counsel.
- 6. Notices. Any notice or other communication to be given to the City under this Purchase Contract may be given by delivering the same in writing to the City in care of the Utilities System, 301 S.E. Fourth Avenue, P.O. Box 147117, Gainesville, Florida, 32614-7117, Attention: General Manager for Utilities; and any notice or other communication to be given to the Underwriters under this Purchase Contract may be given by delivering the same in writing to Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC, 200 West Street, New York, NY 10282, Attention: Jill Toporek, Managing Director.
- 7. <u>Immunity of Officers and Employees</u>. No recourse may be had for the payment of the principal, premium, if any, or interest on the 2017 Series A Bonds or for any claim based thereon or upon any representation, obligation, covenant or agreement in this Purchase Contract against any present or future officer, member, employee, director or agent of the City, under any rule of law or equity, statute or constitution, or by the enforcement of any assessment or penalty or otherwise, and all such liability of any such officers, members, employees, directors or agents as such, is hereby expressly waived and released as a condition of and consideration for the execution of this Purchase Contract.
- **8.** Parties in Interest. This Purchase Contract is made solely for the benefit of the City and the Underwriters (including successors or assigns of any Underwriter) and no other person shall acquire or have any right hereunder or by virtue hereof. The term "successors or

assigns" as used in this Section and Section 11 shall not include any purchaser, as such purchaser, from any of the several Underwriters of the 2017 Series A Bonds.

- **9.** <u>Survival of Representations and Warranties</u>. The representations and warranties of the City, set forth in or made pursuant to this Purchase Contract, shall not be deemed to have been discharged, satisfied or otherwise rendered void by reason of the Closing or termination of this Purchase Contract and regardless of any investigations or statements as to the results thereof made by or on behalf of the Underwriters and regardless of delivery of and payment for the 2017 Series A Bonds.
- 10. <u>Counterparts</u>. This Purchase Contract may be executed in several counterparts, which together shall constitute one and the same instrument.
- 11. <u>Florida Law Governs</u>. The validity, interpretation and performance of this Purchase Contract shall be governed by the laws of the State of Florida.
- **12.** Entire Agreement. This Purchase Contract when accepted by you in writing as heretofore specified shall constitute the entire agreement between us and is made solely for the benefit of the City and the Underwriters (including the successors or assigns of any Underwriter). No other person shall acquire or have any right hereunder or by virtue hereof.
- 13. <u>Effectiveness</u>. This Purchase Contract shall become effective and binding upon the respective parties hereto upon the execution of the acceptance by the City and shall be valid and enforceable as of the time of such acceptance.
- **14.** <u>Truth-In-Bonding Statement</u>. The City of Gainesville, Florida is proposing to issue \$[____] of debt for the purposes of providing funds to finance the acquisition of the GREC Biomass Plant, to fund required reserves if any, and to pay certain costs of issuance. This debt is expected to be repaid over a period of approximately [___] years. At the interest rates set forth in <u>Exhibit A</u> hereto, total interest paid over the life of the debt will be \$[___].

The source of repayment or security for this debt is the net revenues of the System. Authorizing this debt or obligation will result in an average of approximately \$[____] per year of the revenues of the System not being available to finance the other services of the System each year for approximately [___] years.

[Remainder of page intentionally left blank; signatures appear on the following page]

Very truly yours,

GOLDMAN SACHS & CO. LLC
MERRILL LYNCH, PIERCE, FENNER &
SMITH INCORPORATED
BARCLAYS CAPITAL INC.
WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL
ASSOCIATION
CITIGROUP GLOBAL MARKETS INC.
RAMIREZ & CO., INC.

By: GOLDMAN SACHS & CO. LLC

By:

Jill Toporek

Managing Director

Accepted, 2017	
CITY OF GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA	
By: Chief Financial Officer, Utilities	
APPROVED AS TO FORM AND LEGALITY	:
By: Utilities Attorney	

[Signature Page of Contract of Purchase]

MATURITIES, AMOUNTS, INTEREST RATES AND YIELDS

Maturity
October 1, Amount Interest Rate Yield %

\$_____% Term Bond due October 1, 20___ - Yield ____% C \$______% Term Bond due October 1, 20___ - Yield ____% C

C Yield to par call date of October 1, 20__.

Redemption Provisions

Optional Redemption. The 2017 Series A Bonds maturing on or before October 1, 20_ will not be subject to redemption prior to maturity. The 2017 Series A Bonds maturing on and after October 1, 20_ will be subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the City on and after October 1, 20_ as a whole or in part at any time, at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

If less than all of the 2017 Series A Bonds maturing on and after October 1, 20__ are to be so redeemed, the City may select the Series and the maturity or maturities to be redeemed.] If less than all of the 2017 Series A Bonds of any Series and maturity are to be redeemed, the particular 2017 Series A Bonds or portions of such Bonds of such Series and maturity shall be selected by the Trustee in such manner as the Trustee in its discretion may deem fair and appropriate. The portion of any 2017 Series A Bonds Bond of a denomination of more than \$5,000 to be redeemed will be in the principal amount of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof, and in selecting portions of such Bonds for redemption the Trustee will treat each such Bond as representing that number of such Bonds of \$5,000 denomination which is obtained by dividing the principal amount of such Bond to be redeemed in part by \$5,000.

Sinking Fund Redemption. The 2017 Series A Bonds maturing October 1, 20__ will be subject to redemption through mandatory sinking fund installments on October 1 in the years and in the amounts shown below, at 100% of the principal amount of such 2017 Series A Bonds to be redeemed plus accrued interest, if any, to the redemption date:

20__ Maturity
Year
(October 1) Amount

*

* Maturity

The particular 2017 Series A Bonds maturing on October 1, 20__ or portions thereof to be redeemed through mandatory sinking fund installments shall be selected by the Trustee in the manner described in the Final Official Statement. So long as a book-entry system is used for determining ownership of the 2017 Series A Bonds, DTC or its successor and Direct Participants and Indirect Participants will determine the particular ownership interests of 2017 Series A Bonds maturing October 1, 20__ to be redeemed through mandatory sinking fund installments.

In determining the amount of 2017 Series A Bonds maturing on October 1, 20__ to be redeemed with any sinking fund installment, there will be deducted the principal of any 2017 Series A Bonds of such maturity which have been purchased, to the extent permitted by the Resolution, with amounts in the Debt service Account (exclusive of amounts deposited from proceeds of Bonds). In addition, if there is any redemption or purchase of any 2017 Series A

Bonds maturing October 1, 20__ with amounts other than moneys on deposit in the Debt Service Account, such 2017 Series A Bonds may be credited against any future sinking fund installment established for the 2017 Series A Bonds of such maturity, as specified by the City at any time.

The 2017 Series A Bonds maturing October 1, 20__ will be subject to redemption through mandatory sinking fund installments on October 1 in the years and in the amounts shown below, at 100% of the principal amount of such 2017 Series A Bonds to be redeemed plus accrued interest, if any, to the redemption date:

Year
(October 1) Amount

*
Final Maturity

The particular 2017 Series A Bonds maturing October 1, 20_ or portions thereof to be redeemed through mandatory sinking fund installments shall be selected by the Trustee in the manner described in the Final Official Statement. So long as a book-entry system is used for determining ownership of the 2017 Series A Bonds, DTC or its successor and Direct Participants and Indirect Participants will determine the particular ownership interests of 2017 Series A Bonds maturing October 1, 20_ to be redeemed through mandatory sinking fund installments.

In determining the amount of 2017 Series A Bonds maturing October 1, 20__ to be redeemed with any sinking fund installment, there will be deducted the principal of any 2017 Series A Bonds of such maturity which have been purchased, to the extent permitted by the Resolution, with amounts in the Debt Service Account (exclusive of amounts deposited from proceeds of Bonds). In addition, if there is any redemption or purchase of any 2017 Series A Bonds maturing October 1, 20__ with amounts other than moneys on deposit in the Debt Service Account, such 2017 Series A Bonds may be credited against any future sinking fund installment established for the 2017 Series A Bonds of such maturity, as specified by the City at any time.

FORM OF ISSUE PRICE CERTIFICATE

\$ []	
CITY OF GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA	\
UTILITIES SYSTEM REVENUE BON	DS
2017 SERIES A	

ISSUE PRICE CERTIFICATE

The undersigned, on behalf of Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC (the "Representative"), on behalf of itself and Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, Barclays Capital Inc., Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and Ramirez & Co., Inc. (collectively, the "Underwriting Group"), hereby certifies as set forth below with respect to the sale and issuance of the above-captioned obligations (the "Bonds").

1. Sale of the Bonds. As of the date of this certificate, for each Maturity of the Bonds, the first price at which at least 10% of such Maturity of the Bonds was sold to the Public is the respective price listed in Schedule A.

2. Defined Terms.

- (a) *Issuer* means the City of Gainesville, Florida.
- (b) *Maturity* means Bonds with the same credit and payment terms. Bonds with different maturity dates, or Bonds with the same maturity date but different stated interest rates, are treated as separate maturities.
- (c) Public means any person (including an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation) other than an Underwriter or a related party to an Underwriter. The term "related party" for purposes of this certificate means any two or more persons who have greater than 50 percent common ownership, directly or indirectly.
- (d) *Underwriter* means (i) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the Issuer (or with the lead underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, and (ii) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (i) of this paragraph to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public (including a member of a selling group or a party to a retail distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public).

The representations set forth in this certificate are limited to factual matters only. Nothing in this certificate represents the Representative's interpretation of any laws, including specifically Sections 103 and 148 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the Treasury Regulations thereunder. The undersigned understands that the foregoing information will be relied upon by the Issuer with respect to certain of the representations set forth in the Tax and Non-Arbitrage Certificate and Agreement and with respect to compliance with the federal income tax rules affecting the Bonds, and by Holland & Knight LLP in connection with rendering its opinion that the interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes, the preparation of Internal Revenue Service Form 8038-G, and other federal income tax advice it may give to the Issuer from time to time relating to the Bonds.

GOLDMAN SACHS & CO. LLC

By:	 	 	
Name:	 	 	

Dated: [ISSUE DATE]

SCHEDULE A

SALE PRICES

(Attached)

FORM OF BOND COUNSEL SUPPLEMENTAL OPINION

, 20	017
Goldman Sach as Representa	s & Co., tive of the Underwriters
	\$ City of Gainesville, Florida Utilities System Revenue Bonds, 2017 Series A
Ladies and Ger	ntlemen:
Gainesville, Fl	ve acted as Bond Counsel in connection with the issuance and sale by the City of lorida (the "Issuer") of its \$ Utilities System Revenue Bonds, 2017 (2017 Series A Bonds"). At your request, we render this supplemental opinion to
same meaning Bond Resolution and Restated U	ns used herein in capitalized form and not otherwise defined herein shall have the as ascribed to them under the Amended and Restated Utilities System Revenue on, adopted by the Issuer on January 30, 2003, as amended by the First Amended Utilities System Revenue Bond Resolution adopted on January 30, 2003 and the ctive Amendatory Resolution adopted on, 2017 (collectively, the
and limitations hereof pertaini inconsistent he	inions expressed herein are supplemental to and are subject to all qualifications s contained in our Bond Counsel Opinions rendered to the Issuer as of the date ing to the 2017 Series A Bonds (the "Bond Counsel Opinions") except as they are brewith. You are hereby entitled to rely on the Bond Counsel Opinion as though were addressed to you.
2017 Series A respect thereto information ur BONDS," and C-1 and C-2 t summarize por fair summarized the	be reviewed the statements contained in the final Official Statement relating to the Bonds dated, 2017, and included in the closing transcript with be used the sub-caption "Book-Entry Only System") and "SECURITY FOR THE the description of the Resolution and the Springing Amendments in Appendices thereto, and are of the opinion that insofar as such statements or descriptions to rtions of the Resolution and the 2017 Series A Bonds, such statements constitute of those portions of the Resolution and the 2017 Series A Bonds purported to be therein. We have also reviewed the statements contained in the section captioned PTION" and are of the opinion that the statements contained therein are accurate.

We have not reviewed any electronic version of the Official Statement and have assumed for purposes of this letter that any such revision is identical in all respects to the printed version.

Other than as set forth above, we express no opinion with respect to the accuracy, completeness, fairness or sufficiency of the Official Statement referred to above or to the statistical or financial data contained therein, or any exhibits or attachments thereto.

This letter is furnished by us solely for your benefit in connection with the provisions of the Purchase Contract and may not be relied upon by any other persons.

No attorney-client relationship has existed or exists between our firm and any other parties involved in the transaction related to the issuance of the Bonds or by virtue of this letter.

Sincerely yours,

HOLLAND & KNIGHT LLP

FORM OF DISCLOSURE COUNSEL OPINION

	, 2017	
City of Gaine Gainesville, l	esville, Florida Florida	
Re:	\$ Utilities Syst	_ City of Gainesville, Florida tem Revenue Bonds, 2017 Series A (the "Bonds")

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as Disclosure Counsel to the City of Gainesville, Florida (the "Issuer") in connection with the issuance of the above-captioned obligations (the "Bonds") which are today being delivered to Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC and Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated (collectively, "Co-Senior Managers"), on behalf of themselves, Barclays Capital Inc., Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and Ramirez & Co., Inc. (the "Underwriters"). In such capacity, we have reviewed such proceedings, records, certificates, documents and questions of law as we have considered necessary to enable us to render this opinion.

To the extent that the opinions expressed herein relate to or are dependent upon the determination that (i) the proceedings and actions relating to the authorization, execution, issuance, delivery and sale of the Bonds are lawful and valid under the Constitution and laws of the State of Florida, including Chapter 166, Part II, Florida Statutes, the municipal charter of the Issuer and other applicable provisions of law and pursuant to the Amended and Restated Utilities System Revenue Bond Resolution adopted by the Issuer on June 6, 1983, as amended, supplemented and restated (the "Resolution"), including as amended by Supplemental Resolution No. ___ adopted by the Issuer on September ___, 2017, and as supplemented by the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Utilities System Revenue Bond Resolution No. __- adopted by the Issuer on September ___, 2017, (ii) the Bonds are valid and legally binding obligations of the Issuer enforceable in accordance with their terms, or (iii) interest on the Bonds is excluded from the gross income of the owners of the Bonds for federal income tax purposes, or other tax consequences of owning the Bonds, we understand that you are relying upon the opinions delivered to you on the date hereof of Nicolle M. Shalley, Esq., as Issuer's Counsel ("Issuer's Counsel") and Holland & Knight LLP, as Bond Counsel ("Bond Counsel"), and, with your permission, we have assumed the accuracy of such opinions, have made no independent determination thereof and no opinion is expressed herein as to such matters.

Because the primary purpose of our professional engagement as your counsel was not to establish factual matters and because of the wholly or partially nonlegal character of many of the determinations involved in the preparation of the Preliminary Official Statement dated _______, 2017 related to the Bonds (the "Preliminary Official Statement") and the Official Statement dated _______, 2017 related to the Bonds (the "Official Statement"),

we are not passing on and do not assume any responsibility for, except as set forth below, the accuracy, completeness or fairness of the statements contained in the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement (including any appendices, schedules and exhibits thereto) and we make no representation that we have independently verified the accuracy, completeness or fairness of such statements. Our engagement has necessarily involved a review of certain demographic, financial, statistical and operating data or information; however, we express no opinion regarding the accuracy and completeness of any such information.

We have generally reviewed information furnished to us by, and have participated in telephone conferences and meetings with, representatives of the Issuer, the Issuer's Counsel, Bond Counsel, the financial advisor to the Issuer, the Underwriters, and others, in which such contents of the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement and related matters were discussed. We have reviewed information concerning the Issuer's audited financial statements with respect to the System and meeting minutes and other materials we deemed relevant. With your permission, we have relied upon certificates of officials of the Issuer and others, and upon certain other opinions, certificates and/or letters delivered in connection with the issuance of the Bonds, including, without limitation, those received from Bond Counsel and Issuer's Counsel. In addition, we have reviewed such proceedings, records, certificates, documents and questions of law as we have considered necessary to enable us to render this opinion.

Based on the foregoing assumptions and reliances, and subject to the qualifications stated herein, we are of the opinion that:

- 1. Based solely upon our review and discussions noted above, and in reliance upon the accuracy of the information contained in the aforementioned certificates, letters and opinions, but without having undertaken any independent investigation or verification of such information, nothing has come to the attention of the attorneys in our firm rendering legal services in accordance with this representation which leads us to believe that the Preliminary Official Statement (but only as of its date) or the Official Statement contains any untrue statement of a material fact or omits to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; provided, however, that we express no opinion regarding historical or projected financial information, demographic, statistical or operating data or information included in the Preliminary Official Statement or the Official Statement, including but not limited to appendices, schedules and exhibits thereto, or any information about The Depository Trust Company and its book-entry system of registration.
- 2. The Bonds are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the Resolution is exempt from qualification under the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended. The opinions expressed herein are predicated upon present law, facts and circumstances, and we assume no affirmative obligation to update the opinions expressed herein if such laws, facts or circumstances change after the date hereof or of any subsequent events or developments which might affect the opinions expressed herein. The opinions expressed herein represent professional judgment, and are not a guarantee of result.

The opinions expressed herein are limited to the laws of the State of Florida and the United States of America.

This opinion letter may be relied upon by you only and only in connection with the transaction to which reference is made above and may not be used or relied upon by any other person for any purposes whatsoever without our prior written consent. This opinion letter is not rendered to, and may not be relied upon by, holders or owners of the Bonds. The opinions expressed herein are limited to the matters set forth herein, and to the documents referred to herein and do not extend to any other agreements, documents or instruments executed by the Issuer, and no other opinion should be inferred beyond the matters expressly stated herein.

Respectfully submitted,

BRYANT MILLER OLIVE P.A.

EXHIBIT C

ACCEPTANCE OF OFFICE OF PAYING AGENT

_____, 2017

Dear Sirs:	
The undersigned hereby accepts the dutie Utilities System Revenue Bonds, 2017 Series A of imposed upon the undersigned by the Utilities System dopted June 6, 1983, as amended, restated and Amended and Restated Utilities System Revenue January 30, 2003, as amended.	stem Revenue Bond Resolution of the City supplemented, including inter alia, by the
	U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
	By:

EXHIBIT D PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT

PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT DATED OCTOBER __, 2017

NEW ISSUE – BOOK-ENTRY ONLY

See "RATINGS" herein

In the opinion of Holland & Knight LLP, Bond Counsel, assuming compliance with certain arbitrage rebate and other tax requirements referred to herein, under existing law, interest on the 2017A Bonds is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes and will not be treated as an item of tax preference in computing the alternative minimum tax on individuals and corporations. Interest on the 2017A Bonds will, however, be taken into account in computing an adjustment made in determining a corporate 2017A Bondholder's alternative minimum tax based on such 2017A Bondholder's adjusted current earnings, and holders of 2017A Bonds could be subject to the consequences of other provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, as further described herein. See "TAX EXEMPTION" herein.

City of Gainesville, Florida
Utilities System Revenue Bonds,
2017 Series A



Dated: Date of Delivery Due: October 1, as shown on the inside cover page

The City of Gainesville, Florida (the "City") is issuing its Utilities System Revenue Bonds, 2017 Series A (the "2017A Bonds") as fully registered bonds, which initially will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"). Individual purchases will be made in book-entry form only in denominations as described herein. Purchasers of the 2017A Bonds (the "Beneficial Owners") will not receive physical delivery of the 2017A Bonds. Transfer of beneficial ownership in the 2017A Bonds will be effected through DTC's book-entry system as described herein. As long as Cede & Co. is the Registered Owner as nominee of DTC, principal and interest payments will be made directly to such Registered Owner which will in turn remit such payments to the Participants (as defined herein) for subsequent disbursement to the Beneficial Owners.

The 2017A Bonds are being issued pursuant to the authority of and in full compliance with the Amended and Restated Utilities System Revenue Bond Resolution adopted by the City on June 6, 1983, as amended, supplemented and restated (the "Resolution"), including as amended by Supplemental Resolution No. __-_ adopted by the City on September __, 2017, and as supplemented by the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Utilities System Revenue Bond Resolution No. __-_ adopted by the City on September __, 2017 (the "Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Resolution"), authorizing the 2017A Bonds; Chapter 166, Part II, Florida Statutes; and the Charter. Resolution No. ___-_ adopted by the City on September __, 2017 contains certain amendments to the Resolution which will become effective only after consents of the holders of at least a majority of the principal amount of Outstanding Bonds and of certain parties have been obtained (the "Springing Amendments"). See "SPRINGING AMENDMENTS" herein, "APPENDIX C-1 – Composite of the Resolution" and "APPENDIX C-2 – Springing Amendments to the Resolution" attached hereto for a more complete description of such amendments. By purchasing the 2017A Bonds, the Registered Owners and Beneficial Owners thereof shall be deemed to have consented in writing to such Springing Amendments as further described herein.

The 2017A Bonds are being issued by the City for the primary purpose of (i) financing a portion of the costs of acquisition of the Gainesville Renewable Energy Center Power Generation Station (the "GREC Biomass Plant"), (ii) funding required reserves, if any, and (iii) paying costs of issuance.

The 2017A Bonds will bear interest from their dated date payable each April 1 and October 1, commencing April 1, 2018. Principal of the 2017A Bonds is payable, when due, to Cede & Co. as the Registered Owner by U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, Paying Agent and Bond Registrar. All payments of principal of, redemption premium, if applicable, and interest on the 2017A Bonds shall be payable in lawful money of the United States of America.

Certain of the 2017A Bonds will be subject to redemption prior to maturity as described herein.

THE 2017A BONDS WILL NOT CONSTITUTE A GENERAL INDEBTEDNESS OR A PLEDGE OF THE FULL FAITH AND CREDIT OF THE CITY WITHIN THE MEANING OF ANY CONSTITUTIONAL OR STATUTORY PROVISION OR LIMITATION OF INDEBTEDNESS. NO HOLDER OF THE 2017A BONDS WILL HAVE THE RIGHT, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, TO REQUIRE OR COMPEL THE EXERCISE OF THE AD VALOREM TAXING POWER OF THE CITY FOR THE PAYMENT OF THE PRINCIPAL OF OR INTEREST ON THE 2017A BONDS OR THE MAKING OF ANY PAYMENTS UNDER THE RESOLUTION. THE 2017A BONDS AND THE OBLIGATIONS EVIDENCED THEREBY WILL NOT CONSTITUTE A LIEN ON ANY PROPERTY OF OR IN THE CITY, OTHER THAN THE TRUST ESTATE.

This cover page contains certain information for quick reference only. It is not, and is not intended to be, a summary of this issue. Investors must read the entire Official Statement to obtain information essential to making an informed investment decision.

The 2017A Bonds are offered when, as, and if issued and received by the Underwriters, subject to the opinion on certain legal matters relating to their issuance by Holland & Knight LLP, Lakeland, Florida, Bond Counsel. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the City by Nicolle M. Shalley, Esq., City Attorney and Bryant Miller Olive P.A., Tampa, Florida, Disclosure Counsel to the City and for the Underwriters by Nixon Peabody LLP, New York, New York. PFM Financial Advisors LLC, Charlotte, North Carolina is Financial Advisor to the City in regard to the issuance of the 2017A Bonds. It is expected that the 2017A Bonds in definitive form will be available for delivery to the Underwriters in New York, New York at the facilities of DTC on or about November ___, 2017.

Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC

BofA Merrill Lynch

Barclays	Wells Fargo Securities	Citigroup	Ramirez & Co., Inc.
Dated:	, 2017		
*Preliminary, subject	et to change.		

MATURITIES, AMOUNTS, INTEREST RATES, YIELDS AND INITIAL CUSIP NUMBERS

\$____*

Utilities System Revenue Bonds, 2017 Series A \$____* Serial Bonds

Maturity		Interest		Initial
(October 1)	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Yield</u>	CUSIP No.**

\$ *	_% Term Bonds due October 1, 20*, Yield _	%, Initial CUSIP No	**
\$ *	_% Term Bonds due October 1, 20*, Yield _	%, Initial CUSIP No	**

^{*} Preliminary, subject to change.

^{**} The City is not responsible for the use of the CUSIP Numbers referenced herein nor is any representation made by the City as to their correctness. The CUSIP Numbers provided herein are included solely for the convenience of the readers of this Official Statement.

RED HERRING LANGUAGE:

This Preliminary Official Statement and the information contained herein are subject to completion or amendment. Under no circumstances shall this Preliminary Official Statement constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, nor shall there be any sale of the 2017A Bonds in any jurisdiction in which such offer, solicitation or sale would be unlawful prior to registration, qualification or exemption under the securities laws of such jurisdiction. The City has deemed this Preliminary Official Statement "final," except for certain permitted omissions, within the contemplation of Rule 15c2-12 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

CITY OF GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA

CITY OFFICIALS

David Arreola Harvey M. Budd Charles E. Goston Adrian Hayes-Santos Harvey Ward	Mayor Commissioner At Large, Commissioner Commissioner Commissioner Commissioner At Large, Commissioner
	CHARTER OFFICERS
Carlos L. Holt Torey L. Alston Kurt M. Lannon Nicolle M. Shalley, Esq	City Manager City Auditor Equal Opportunity Director Clerk of the Commission City Attorney UTILITIES SYSTEM
Thomas R. Brown, P.E. Gary L. Baysinger Justin M. Locke Anthony Cunningham William J. Shepherd Dino De Leo J. Lewis Walton	General Manager for Utilities Chief Operating Officer Energy Delivery Officer Chief Financial Officer Water/Wastewater Officer Chief Customer Officer Energy Supply Officer Chief Business Services Officer Utilities Attorney**

BOND COUNSEL

Holland & Knight LLP Lakeland, Florida

DISCLOSURE COUNSEL

Bryant Miller Olive P.A. Tampa, Florida

FINANCIAL ADVISOR

PFM Financial Advisors LLC Charlotte, North Carolina

^{*}Also a Charter Officer.

^{**}Reports to and works under the direction and supervision of the City Attorney.

No dealer, broker, salesman or other person has been authorized by the City to give any information or to make any representations in connection with the 2017A Bonds other than as contained in this Official Statement, and, if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the City. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, nor shall there be any sale of the 2017A Bonds by any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful for such person to make such offer, solicitation or sale. The information set forth herein has been obtained from the City, DTC and other sources which are believed to be reliable, but which is not guaranteed as to accuracy by, and is not to be construed as a representation by the City, with respect to any information provided by others. The information and expressions of opinion stated herein are subject to change, and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall create, under any circumstances, any implication that there has been no change in the matters described herein since the date hereof. The Underwriters have reviewed the information in this Official Statement in accordance with and as part of their responsibilities to investors under the federal securities laws as applied to the facts and circumstances of this transaction, but the Underwriters do not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information. This Official Statement is submitted in connection with the sale of the 2017A Bonds referred to herein and may not be reproduced or used, in whole or in part, for any other purpose.

IN CONNECTION WITH THIS OFFERING, THE UNDERWRITERS MAY OVERALLOT OR EFFECT TRANSACTIONS THAT STABILIZE OR MAINTAIN THE MARKET PRICE OF THE 2017A BONDS AT LEVELS ABOVE THAT WHICH MIGHT OTHERWISE PREVAIL IN THE OPEN MARKET. SUCH STABILIZING, IF COMMENCED, MAY BE DISCONTINUED AT ANY TIME. THE UNDERWRITERS MAY OFFER AND SELL THE BONDS TO CERTAIN DEALERS, INSTITUTIONAL INVESTORS, BANKS OR OTHERS AT PRICES LOWER OR HIGHER THAN THE PUBLIC OFFERING PRICES STATED ON THE INSIDE COVER PAGE HEREOF AND SAID PUBLIC OFFERING PRICES MAY BE CHANGED FROM TIME TO TIME BY THE UNDERWRITERS.

All summaries set forth or incorporated herein of documents and agreements are qualified in their entirety by reference to such documents and agreements, and all summaries herein of the 2017A Bonds are qualified in their entirety by reference to the form thereof included in the aforesaid documents and agreements.

The City maintains a website. However, the information presented therein is not part of this Official Statement and should not be relied upon in making investment decisions with respect to the 2017A Bonds. The reference to internet websites in this Official Statement are shown for reference and convenience only. Unless explicitly stated to the contrary, the information contained within the websites is not incorporated herein by reference and does not constitute part of this Official Statement.

NO REGISTRATION STATEMENT RELATING TO THE 2017A BONDS HAS BEEN FILED WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION (THE "SEC") OR WITH ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION. IN MAKING ANY INVESTMENT DECISION, INVESTORS MUST RELY ON THEIR OWN EXAMINATIONS OF THE CITY AND THE TERMS OF THE OFFERING, INCLUDING THE MERITS AND RISKS INVOLVED. THE 2017A BONDS HAVE NOT BEEN APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED BY THE SEC OR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION OR REGULATORY AUTHORITY. THE FOREGOING AUTHORITIES HAVE NOT PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY MAY BE A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

CERTAIN STATEMENTS INCLUDED OR INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE IN THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT CONSTITUTE FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS. SUCH STATEMENTS 25642/006/01221605.DOCXv10

GENERALLY ARE IDENTIFIABLE BY THE TERMINOLOGY USED, SUCH AS "PLAN," "EXPECT," "ESTIMATE," "BUDGET" OR OTHER SIMILAR WORDS. THE ACHIEVEMENT OF CERTAIN RESULTS OR OTHER EXPECTATIONS CONTAINED IN SUCH FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS INVOLVE KNOWN AND UNKNOWN RISKS, UNCERTAINTIES AND OTHER FACTORS THAT MAY CAUSE ACTUAL RESULTS, PERFORMANCE OR ACHIEVEMENTS DESCRIBED TO BE MATERIALLY DIFFERENT FROM ANY FUTURE RESULTS, PERFORMANCE OR ACHIEVEMENTS EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED BY SUCH FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS. THE CITY DOES NOT PLAN TO ISSUE ANY UPDATES OR REVISIONS TO THOSE FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS IF OR WHEN ITS EXPECTATIONS OR EVENTS, CONDITIONS OR CIRCUMSTANCES ON WHICH SUCH STATEMENTS ARE BASED OCCUR, SUBJECT TO ANY CONTRACTUAL OR LEGAL RESPONSIBILITIES TO THE CONTRARY.

THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT DOES NOT CONSTITUTE A CONTRACT BETWEEN THE CITY AND ANY ONE OR MORE OF THE OWNERS OF THE 2017A BONDS.

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APPENDIX F

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OFFICIAL STATEMENT relating to

\$_____*

CITY OF GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA Utilities System Revenue Bonds, 2017 Series A

INTRODUCTORY STATEMENT

General

This Official Statement, which includes the cover page and inside cover page hereof and the appendices attached hereto, provides certain information in connection with the sale by the City of Gainesville, Florida (the "City") of its \$_____* Utilities System Revenue Bonds, 2017 Series A (the "2017A Bonds"). Definitive copies of all reports and documents not reproduced in this Official Statement may be obtained from the Utilities Administration Building, 301 SE 4th Avenue, Gainesville, Florida 32601. The City can be contacted by telephone at (352) 334-5000. The City, located in Alachua County in north-central Florida (the "County"), is a municipal corporation of the State of Florida (the "State"), organized and existing under the laws of the State including the Chapter 90-394, Laws of Florida, 1990, as amended (the "Charter"). The City-owned utilities do business as Gainesville Regional Utilities ("Gainesville Regional Utilities" or "GRU").

The 2017A Bonds are being issued pursuant to the authority of and in full compliance with the Amended and Restated Utilities System Revenue Bond Resolution adopted by the City on June 6, 1983, as amended, supplemented and restated (the "Resolution"), including as amended by Supplemental Resolution No. __-_ adopted by the City on September __, 2017, and as supplemented by the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Utilities System Revenue Bond Resolution No. __-_ adopted by the City on September __, 2017 (the "Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Resolution"), authorizing the 2017A Bonds; Chapter 166, Part II, Florida Statutes; and the Charter. Resolution No. ___-_ adopted by the City on September __, 2017 contains certain amendments to the Resolution which will become effective only after consents of the holders of at least a majority of the principal amount of Outstanding Bonds and of certain parties have been obtained (the "Springing Amendments"). See "SPRINGING AMENDMENTS" herein, "APPENDIX C-1 – Composite of the Resolution" and "APPENDIX C-2 – Springing Amendments to the Resolution" attached hereto for a more complete description of such amendments. By purchasing the 2017A Bonds, the Registered Owners and Beneficial Owners thereof shall be deemed to have consented in writing to such Springing Amendments as further described herein.

U.S. Bank National Association, currently is Trustee, Paying Agent and Bond Registrar under the Resolution.

Concurrently with the issuance of the 2017A Bonds, the City is separately issuing \$_____* aggregate principal amount of its Variable Rate Utilities System Revenue Bonds, 2017 Series B (the "2017B Bonds") [and \$_____* aggregate principal amount of its Variable Rate Utilities System Revenue Bonds, 2017 Series C (the "2017C Bonds, and together with the 2017B Bonds, the "2017B/C Bonds")]. The

^{*}Preliminary, subject to change.

2017A Bonds and the 2017B/C Bonds are collectively hereafter referred to as the "2017 Bonds." As of the date of this Official Statement, there were \$_____ aggregate principal amount of Bonds Outstanding (as defined herein) under the Resolution, which does not include any of the 2017 Bonds.

The 2017 Bonds will constitute "Bonds" within the meaning of the Resolution. The 2017 Bonds, the Bonds Outstanding on the date of this Official Statement and any additional Bonds (excluding Subordinated Indebtedness) which may be issued in the future under the Resolution are referred to herein collectively as the "Bonds." See "APPENDIX C-1 – COMPOSITE OF THE RESOLUTION." The 2017B/C Bonds are being sold in a private transaction and are not being offered hereby.

In addition to its Outstanding Bonds, as of the date of this Official Statement, the City also had outstanding \$50,900,000 in aggregate principal amount of its Utilities System Commercial Paper Notes, Series C (the "Series C CP Notes"). The Series C CP Notes are authorized to be issued in an aggregate principal amount outstanding at any time not to exceed \$85,000,000. The City also has authorized the issuance of its Utilities System Commercial Paper Notes, Series D (the "Series D Taxable CP Notes" and, together with the Series C CP Notes, the "CP Notes"), which are authorized to be issued in an aggregate principal amount outstanding at any time not to exceed \$25,000,000. As of the date of this Official Statement, the City had outstanding \$8,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of its Series D Taxable CP Notes. The CP Notes constitute Subordinated Indebtedness under (and as defined in) the Resolution, and are issued pursuant to the Amended and Restated Subordinated Utilities System Revenue Bond Resolution adopted by the City on December 8, 2003, as heretofore amended, supplemented and restated. Subordinated Indebtedness is subordinate in all respects to Bonds issued under the Resolution.

For a more detailed discussion of the City's outstanding debt, see "OUTSTANDING DEBT" herein. APPENDIX D hereto shows total debt service requirements on all Bonds Outstanding as of the date of this Official Statement and does not include debt service on the CP Notes. The Resolution provides for the issuance of additional Bonds in accordance with the terms of the Resolution. For a discussion of additional Bonds which may be issued in the future, see "APPENDIX C-1 – COMPOSITE OF RESOLUTION – Additional Bonds" and "THE SYSTEM - Additional Financing Requirements" herein.

The City and the System

For general information with respect to the City see "APPENDIX A – General Information Regarding the City" attached hereto. For information with respect to the electric system, natural gas system, water system, wastewater system and telecommunications system owned by the City and operated as a single combined public utility (the "System"), including the service areas, history, organization, operations and management, regulatory matters, capital improvement program, additional financing requirements and historical financial information, see "THE SYSTEM" herein.

Other

Certain capitalized terms used in this Official Statement have the same meanings assigned to such terms in the Resolution, except as otherwise indicated herein. See "APPENDIX C-1 – Composite of the Resolution – Definitions" and "APPENDIX C-2 – Springing Amendments to the Resolution" attached hereto.

There follows in this Official Statement brief descriptions of the security for the Bonds, the 2017A Bonds, the System, the City, the County, the Resolution and certain financial statements. All descriptions

of documents contained herein are only summaries and are qualified in their entirety by reference to each such document. Copies of such documents may be obtained from the City.

PURPOSE OF FINANCING

Plan of Finance

The 2017A Bonds will be issued (i) to finance a portion of the costs of the acquisition by the City of the Gainesville Renewable Energy Center Power Generation Station (the "GREC Biomass Plant"), (ii) to fund required reserves, if any, and (iii) to pay costs of issuance of the 2017A Bonds.

Concurrently with the issuance of the 2017A Bonds, the City is separately issuing the [2017B/C Bonds], bearing interest at a [weekly?] rate for [weekly rate periods?] to finance the remaining portion of costs of acquisition of the GREC Biomass Plant. [The City expects to enter into a variable-to-fixed interest rate swap agreement with the notional amount of the swap as scheduled to amortize at the same times and in the same amounts as the 2017C Bonds. The counterparty to such swap relating to the 2017C Bonds will be determined at the time of marketing of those bonds. See "THE SYSTEM—Ratings Triggers and Other Factors That Could Affect the System's Liquidity, Results of Operations or Financial Condition—Liquidity Support for the System's Variable Rate Bonds" and "—Interest Rate Swap Transactions" herein for more information.] [The issuance of the 2017A Bonds is contingent upon the simultaneous issuance of the 2017B/C Bonds as well as contingent upon the closing of the acquisition of the GREC Biomass Plant.]

The following table shows the estimated sources and use of funds necessary to accomplish the proposed plan of financing for the acquisition of the GREC Biomass Plant:

Sources of Funds:

Principal Amount of the 2017A Bonds Principal Amount of the 2017B Bonds [Principal Amount of the 2017C Bonds] \$

Total Sources

Use of Funds:

Costs of Acquisition of GREC Biomass Plant [Reserve Account Deposit] (1)
Costs of Issuance

\$750,000,000.00

Total Uses

(1) [At the time of marketing of the 2017A Bonds, the City will make a decision on whether to fund the Debt Service Reserve Account or a subaccount therein, and, if so funded, in what amount and whether it will be funded with a reserve account insurance policy.]

GREC Biomass Plant

The GREC Biomass Plant is an approximately 102.5 MW net wood-fired facility located on property leased from the City by the owner of GREC Biomass Plant, Gainesville Renewable Energy Center, LLC ("GREC LLC"). All of the output of the GREC Biomass Plant is currently sold to GRU pursuant to a long-

term power purchase agreement described below and referred to herein as the "PPA". The GREC Biomass Plant uses advanced combustion technology in which biomass materials are burned in a fluidized bed boiler under controlled, low emissions conditions to generate steam, which in turn drives a turbine/generator that converts the power into electricity. The GREC Biomass Plant is more particularly described below in "THE SYSTEM – The Electric System – Energy Supply System – Power Purchase Arrangements – Gainesville Renewable Energy Center."

GREC Power Purchase Agreement

The PPA with GREC LLC contains provisions entitling GREC LLC to exercise certain rights based upon the System's creditworthiness.

Pursuant to the PPA, the System is required to pay or provide GREC LLC with a security deposit equal to \$40 million as security for the System's performance of its obligations under the PPA (the "Purchaser's Performance Security"), if the System has a senior unsecured debt rating below "A-" from S&P or below "A3" from Moody's. At the sole discretion of the System, such security deposit may be in the form of an interest bearing cash account, an irrevocable direct pay letter of credit, or a performance bond. In the event the System's senior unsecured debt has an S&P credit rating of "A-" or above or a Moody's credit rating of "A3" or above, then the City's obligations to provide the Purchaser's Performance Security no longer shall be required.

Additionally, the PPA provides that the City is required to provide GREC LLC, if reasonably requested, with performance assurances if there is a material adverse change in (i) the business, assets, operation or financial condition of the System taken as a whole or (ii) the ability of the System to pay or perform its material obligations under the PPA in accordance with the terms thereof. Failure to provide such assurances would constitute a "Purchaser Event of Default" and would provide GREC LLC with the right to terminate the PPA.

The City, in consultation with its auditors, concluded that the PPA with GREC LLC should be classified for accounting purposes as a "capital lease." Accordingly, beginning in fiscal year ended September 30, 2014, a capital lease liability and a related asset of the PPA with GREC LLC was recorded in the financial statements for approximately \$1 billion.

As described below, GREC LLC and the City are parties to an Asset Purchase Agreement dated as of ______, 2017 by and between the City and GREC LLC (the "Asset Purchase Agreement"), as more particularly described below under "—Summary of Asset Purchase Agreement", pursuant to which the parties are working to close on the sale of GREC Biomass Plant from GREC LLC to the City. If the sale closes, at closing, GREC LLC's right, title, interest, obligations and responsibilities under the PPA will be assigned to the City and will immediately be unilaterally terminated by the City and the City will own the GREC Biomass Plant.

Background of the Acquisition

In 2006, in anticipation of regulatory challenges and in response to community interest, carbon management became a major consideration in energy supply planning for GRU. GRU, as part of its integrated resource planning and its long-term strategy, began to explore ways to hedge against the potential future carbon tax and cap-and-trade programs. In March 2007, the City Commission reviewed the results of numerous planning studies and public workshops and the results of a series of market

solicitations for additional resources. GRU based on a variety of factors determined that it could best meet a portion of its future electric capacity and energy delivery requirements by entering into a long-term contract for the purchase of power generated from renewable energy sources. To that end, in 2009, the City executed a power purchase agreement (the "PPA"), between the City and GREC LLC which expires in 2043. Pursuant to the terms of the PPA, GREC LLC was to build, own, and operate the GREC Biomass Plant and GRU was to purchase all the available energy, delivered energy and environmental attributes of GREC Biomass Plant. The GREC Biomass Plant began commercial operation on December 17, 2013.

The pricing elements for energy under the PPA fall into two general categories. The fixed component includes a non-fuel energy charge and a fixed operating and maintenance charge that are due to GREC LLC from GRU subject to certain standards of reliability and availability. These fixed, minimum payments are owed by GRU to GREC LLC regardless of whether any power is actually required or taken by GRU. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, the minimum, annual fixed payment by GRU under the PPA was approximately \$73 million (which includes property taxes). Over the remaining term of the PPA, these fixed costs are estimated to be approximately \$1.7 billion over the remaining life of the contract. The second cost category is the variable costs associated with delivering energy from the GREC Biomass Facility, such as fuel and additional operations and maintenance costs

In recent years, the reduction in the cost of natural gas, a slower growth in load than forecasted, an evolving legislative and regulatory environment, and energy efficiency increases, among other factors, the need for energy from the GREC Biomass Plant has become less economical. Despite the cost of fuel and operations under current market conditions resulting in the GREC Biomass Plant being more costly to operate than other currently available fuel alternatives, GRU continues to consider the GREC Biomass Plant to be a useful long-term strategic energy resource, and expects it will continue to play an integral part in its long-term strategy to hedge against any potential future carbon tax and trade programs. Moreover, GRU has determined that direct ownership of the GREC Biomass Plant and its related assets by GRU would provide significant operational and capital cost savings to its customers, both immediately and over the longer-term. In furtherance of these strategic and operational benefits, the City and GREC LLC have agreed to the acquisition of the GREC Biomass Plant by GRU for a contract price of \$750 million pursuant to the Asset Purchase Agreement, as more particularly described below under "—Summary of Asset Purchase Agreement".

Benefits of the Acquisition and Terminating the Power Purchase Agreement

Strategic Advantages

GRU management believes that the acquisition of the GREC Biomass Plant offers several strategic advantages that are in the best financial interests of GRU and its ratepayers:

- 1. Termination of the PPA (see "—Benefits of Terminating the Power Purchase Agreement" below for a description of resulting operational flexibility;
- 2. An immediate reduction of operating costs and an immediate one-time reduction of electric rates of approximately [8%*] addressing the City's policy for rate competitiveness;

^{*}Preliminary, subject to change.

- 3. The realization of future annual cash flow savings from the elimination of the minimum annual payments under the PPA, compared to the estimated annual debt service on the 2017 Bonds:
- 4. The flexibility to operate the GREC Biomass Plant as a strategic reliability hedge, based on the market cost of power, cost of fuel, and operating and maintenance requirements of the GREC Biomass Plant;
- 5. A reduction of long-term contractual obligations on GRU's balance sheet of approximately \$1 billion in exchange for adding approximately [\$665/\$685] million of long-term debt; and
- 6. The final resolution of all on-going arbitration between the City and GREC LLC, described herein under "LITIGATION".

Operational Flexibility

GRU management believes that termination of the PPA in connection with the acquisition of the GREC Biomass Plant offers operational flexibility that is in the best financial interests of GRU and its ratepayers, including:

- 1. GRU will no longer have to coordinate for the planned dispatch of the GREC Biomass Plant as mandated by the PPA. Rather, GRU can optimize the mix of generating resources and market purchased to meet the necessary demand in the most cost-effective manner.
- 2. Prior to the termination of the PPA, GRU must dispatch the plant at 70MWs, which is a large percentage of GRU's overall load and has proven difficult to manage across the generation fleet. The larger block size of 70 MWs prevents the use of other GRU generating resources or market purchases that could provide energy at a savings compared to the energy from the GREC Biomass Plant. A smaller blocksize, such as 50MWs or lower, allows GRU to better optimize its fleet to more economically meet the requisite demand with multiple generation resources fueled by less expensive coal, natural gas, biomass and market purchases.
- 3. Prior to the termination of the PPA, GRU cannot schedule any shutdowns during the summer period. This means that if the GREC Biomass Plant starts the summer season, it must remain "On" for the duration of the summer season. Terminating the PPA eliminates this operational inflexibility and financial burden. Additionally, GRU has the ability to manage the GREC Biomass Plant such that for certain periods of the year, if the GREC Biomass Plant is not expected to be operational, staffing levels can be significantly reduced for a period of time. The current PPA requires a full workforce compliment whether the GREC Biomass Plant is operating or in stand-by mode.
- 4. The GREC Biomass Plant is adjacent to GRU's current Deerhaven facilities. While staffing decisions are still to be determined, it is likely that cost-effective synergies can be achieved through more thoughtful and integrated staffing, maintenance and operations of the plants, taking advantage of economies of scale and scope.
- 5. Prior to the termination of the PPA, GREC LLC manages the fuel procurement process with its staff. GRU believes that these contracts can be better managed with current staff of GRU while eliminating the "margin" that GREC LLC currently applies to fuel procurement. Additionally, the current PPA requires a minimum fuel inventory of 15 days. GRU could manage the fuel inventory more opportunistically.
- 6. The PPA currently treats the property taxes on the GREC Biomass Plant as a reimbursable expense. Termination of the PPA and GRU's resulting ownership eliminates the direct payment of property taxes.

7. GRU control of the GREC Biomass Plant's dispatch and the expected reduction in the 70MW block size enables GRU to make more cost-effective market purchases of energy when market prices are below GRU's cost of delivering energy.

In sum, the ownership and operation of the GREC Biomass Plant will provide the City and GRU management with more decision making agility and autonomy to act in the best financial interests of the System and the rate-payers.

Impact on Debt Service Coverage

For information on the effect of the acquisition of the GREC Biomass Plant on projected debt service coverage levels as a result of the issuance of the 2017 Bonds, see "THE SYSTEM – Summary of Combined Net Revenues" herein. Based on historical information, GRU expects an improvement to the fixed charge coverage ratio and a reduction in the debt service coverage metric upon closing this transaction. The capital improvement program for the Electric System currently does not take into account any possible increases in capital program costs resulting from any such purchase. For more information about the capital improvement program for the Electric System, see "THE SYSTEM – The Electric System—Capital Improvement Program" herein.

Summary of Asset Purchase Agreement

The following is a summary description of certain provisions of the Asset Purchase Agreement. This description has been provided by the City for inclusion in this Official Statement and is not intended to be a full statement of the terms of the Asset Purchase Agreement and accordingly is qualified by reference to the Asset Purchase Agreement, a copy of which is available upon request from the City. See "INTRODUCTORY STATEMENT – General" above. All of the discussion under this caption is qualified by reference to such Asset Purchase Agreement and is subject to the full text of such Agreement. Certain capitalized terms used in this summary have the same meanings assigned to such terms in the Asset Purchase Agreement, except as otherwise indicated herein.

The Asset Purchase Agreement, between the City and GREC LLC, became effective on ______, 2017. The Asset Purchase Agreement establishes a contract purchase price of \$750 million for (i) the Purchased Assets (defined in the Asset Purchase Agreement to include spare parts and fuel; contracts; certain intellectual property and IT assets; tangible personal property; governmental approvals; deposits/credits/advance payments; rights under existing transferable warranties and licenses; certain books and records; claims/counterclaims; and goodwill associated with such assets) and (ii) Assumed Liabilities (defined in the Asset Purchase Agreement to include those related to the Assigned Contracts; certain Taxes; Permitted Liens; GRU's ownership post-closing; and GRU's Environmental Responsibilities), together with (iii) a fuel price adjustment to be made at closing based on the amount of fuel stock in relation to the Minimum Fuel Requirement.

The purchase does not include (i) Excluded Assets (defined in the Asset Purchase Agreement as accounts and notes receivable prior to closing; cash/bank accounts/securities of GREC LLC; non-Assigned Contracts; all non-scheduled intellectual property; documents and records having to do with the legal, organization or financial condition of GREC LLC, or its research and development and legal files; non-scheduled records; insurance policies of GREC LLC; tax assets of GREC LLC; non-scheduled suits/claims; GREC LLC Credit Support; mobile phones of Project staff; Excluded Information of GREC LLC; computers,

email servers, and documents that are not necessary for the operation of the Project; and rights of GREC LLC under the Transaction Documents) and (ii) Excluded Liabilities (defined in the Asset Purchase Agreement as trade accounts payable of GREC LLC to third parties post-closing; pre-closing liabilities of Assigned Contracts; any liabilities arising out of the Excluded Assets; Tax liabilities, including recapture of Cash Grant; environmental liabilities of GREC LLC pre-closing; and GRU's responsibilities under pre-existing agreements between GRU and GREC LLC.)

As of the date of the Official Statement, the parties are currently in the Pre-Closing Period (defined in the Asset Purchase Agreement as the time between the Effective Date of the Asset Purchase Agreement and closing or termination of the Asset Purchase Agreement.) Pursuant to the terms of the Asset Purchase Agreement, during the Pre-Closing Period, the arbitration described below under "LITIGATION" remains stayed and the parties covenant to use Commercially Reasonable Efforts to cause certain Conditions Precedent to be satisfied. The Conditions Precedent must be satisfied or waived in order to trigger each party's obligation to close the transaction. The Conditions Precedent are: (a) performing all Closing Actions (delivering documents necessary to transfer assets, paying the purchase price less pay-off of GREC LLC debt and escrow amounts, delivering the Settlement Agreement and General Release as to American Arbitration Association Case No. 01-16-0000-8157 and General Release as to the Power Purchase _____, 2017 between the City and GREC LLC (the "Settlement and Release Agreement") that provides for dismissal of the arbitration and assignment of GREC LLC's right, title and interest to, in and under the PPA (including GREC's liabilities and obligations arising under or relating to the PPA) to the City, releasing of GREC LLC Credit Support and delivering the Escrow Agreement that secures certain post-closing obligations of GREC LLC described below); (b) obtaining all governmental approvals, including that GREC LLC must obtain a Section 203 order from the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission authorizing the sale of the GREC Biomass Plant as it has a value in excess of \$10,000,000; (c) obtaining all third party consents; (d) the absence of any legal order that would prevent the closing; (e) affirming that all representations and warranties remain true and correct; (f) affirming that all Covenants have been performed/complied with; (g) delivering all certificates regarding closing actions, representations/warranties and authorization; (h) GREC LLC required to furnish non-tax certificate; (i) GREC LLC has furnished pay-off letters; (j) GREC LLC delivers its books/records; (k) GREC LLC delivers bonds/escrows securing permitted tax and mechanics liens; and (l) GRU closes on the sale of its 2017 Bonds (see "-- Plan of Finance" above) and receives the funds therefrom in an amount equal to the purchase price.

[Within three (3) business days after the satisfaction or waiver of the Conditions Precedent and Closing Actions, the parties are obligated to close the purchase transaction. In the event the parties do not close on or before November 24, 2017, either party may terminate the Asset Purchase Agreement.] At closing, \$18.750 million of the GREC LLC's proceeds will be placed with a third-party escrow agent for a period of 1 year from the date of closing to provide security for the GREC LLC's indemnification of the GRU for a period of 1 year from the date of closing against losses that arise from the Excluded Liabilities (described above in this Section) and from GREC LLC's Surviving Representations (which are: GREC LLC had the power and authority to consummate the transaction and each document was duly authorized by GREC LLC; consummation of transaction did not violate GREC LLC's charter, contracts or law; there were no pending or threatened legal proceedings challenging the validity of and resulting in an order preventing the consummation of the transaction or that would have a Material Adverse Effect; GREC LLC held good and valid title to the personal property, free of liens; no pending or threatened legal proceedings with respect to the assets that would have a Material Adverse Effect; taxes have/will be filed and paid, no pending audits, no liens or rulings and GRU not responsible for recapture liability; GREC LLC's obligations for environmental matters, including investigation or remedial action, all approvals are in full

force and effect, no pending claims, not subject to any orders/judgments; and there are no operational defects in the biomass facility that would have a Material Adverse Effect.)

In addition, GRU will indemnify GREC LLC for a period of 1 year from the date of closing against losses that arise from the GRU's Surviving Representations (which are: GRU had the power and authority to consummate the transaction and each document was duly authorized by the GRU; consummation of the transaction did not violate the GRU's charter, contracts or law; and there were no pending or threatened legal proceedings challenging the validity of and resulting in an order preventing the consummation of the transaction).

The closing of the acquisition of the GREC Biomass Plant is subject to the satisfaction of a number of conditions precedent that must be met and such purchase, which GRU believes is probable, is not guaranteed to occur. As described above, in the event that GRU and GREC LLC are unable to close on the acquisition transaction on or before November 24, 2017, either party may terminate the Asset Purchase Agreement and the 2017 Bonds (see "—Plan of Finance" above) will not be issued.

By placing an order with the Underwriters for the purchase of the 2017A Bonds, a purchaser of the 2017A Bonds acknowledges and agrees that the 2017A Bonds will only be issued if all of the conditions precedent in the Asset Purchase Agreement are satisfied or waived and the 2017B Bonds [and the 2017C Bonds] are issued.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

This Official Statement contains forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements include, among other things, statements concerning sales, customer growth, economic recovery, current and proposed environmental regulations and related estimated expenditures, access to sources of capital, financing activities, start and completion of construction projects, plans for new generation resources, estimated sales and purchases of power and energy, and estimated construction and other expenditures. In some cases, forward-looking statements can be identified by terminology such as "may," "will," "could," "should," "expects," "plans," "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "projects," "predicts," "estimated," "scheduled," "potential," or "continue" or the negative of these terms or other similar terminology. These forward-looking statements are based largely on the City's current expectations and are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, some of which are beyond the City's control. There are various factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those suggested by the forward-looking statements. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that such indicated results will be realized. These factors include, but are not limited to:

the impact of recent and future federal and state regulatory changes or judicial opinions, including legislative and regulatory initiatives regarding deregulation and restructuring of the electric utility industry, implementation of the 2005 Energy Policy Act (hereinafter defined), the Clean Power Plan (as hereinafter defined), environmental laws and regulations affecting water quality, coal combustion byproducts, and emissions of sulfur dioxide, nitrogen oxides, greenhouse gases ("GHG"), particulate matter and hazardous air pollutants including mercury, financial reform legislation, and also changes in tax and other laws and regulations to which the System is subject, as well as changes in application of existing laws and regulations;

- current and future litigation, regulatory investigations, proceedings, or inquiries;
- the effects, extent, and timing of the entry of additional competition in the markets in which the System operates;
- variations in demand for products and services of the System, including those relating to weather, the general economy and recovery from the recent recession, population and business growth (and declines), and the effects of energy and resource conservation measures;
- available sources and costs of fuels;
- effects of inflation;
- ability to control costs and avoid cost overruns during the development and construction
 of facilities, including those relating to unanticipated conditions encountered during
 construction, risks of non-performance or delay by contractors and subcontractors and
 potential contract disputes;
- investment performance of the System's invested funds;
- advances in technology;
- the ability of counterparties of the City to make payments as and when due and to perform as required;
- the direct or indirect effect on the System's business resulting from terrorist incidents and the threat of terrorist incidents, including cyber intrusion;
- interest rate fluctuations and financial market conditions and the results of financing efforts, including the System's credit ratings;
- the impacts of any potential U.S. credit rating downgrade or other sovereign financial issues, including impacts on interest rates, access to capital markets, impacts on currency exchange rates, counterparty performance, and the economy in general;
- the ability of the System to obtain additional capacity at competitive prices;
- the ability of the System to dispose of surplus capacity at competitive prices;
- the ability of the System to mitigate the cost impacts associated with integrating additional generating capacity into the System's energy supply portfolio;
- catastrophic events such as fires, earthquakes, explosions, floods, hurricanes, droughts, pandemic health events such as influenzas, or other similar occurrences;
- the direct or indirect effects on the System's business resulting from incidents affecting the U.S. electric grid or operation of generating resources;
- the effect of accounting pronouncements issued periodically by standard-setting bodies;
 and

• other factors discussed elsewhere herein including the Appendices attached hereto, such as potential legislation for the creation of a utility authority (see "THE SYSTEM—General – Legislative Matters" and "THE SYSTEM—Factors Affecting the Utility Industry" herein).

The City expressly disclaims any obligation to update any forward-looking statements. Prospective purchasers of the 2017A Bonds should make a decision to purchase the 2017A Bonds only after reviewing this entire Official Statement (including the Appendices attached hereto) and making an independent evaluation of the information contained herein, including the possible effects of the factors described above.

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OUTSTANDING DEBT

The following table sets forth the outstanding debt of the City issued for the System as of October 1, 2017.

Outstanding Debt of the City Issued for the System

As of October 1, 2017

	(Unaudited)				
	Interest	Due Dates	Principal		
Description	Rates	(October 1)	Outstanding		
Utilities System Revenue Bonds					
2005 Series A	4.75%	2029 - 2036	\$405,000		
2005 Series B (federally taxable)	$5.31\%^{(1)(2)}$	2018 - 2021	13,990,000		
2005 Series C	$Variable^{(1)(2)}$	2026	26,225,000		
2006 Series A	$Variable^{(1)(2)}$	2026	18,410,000		
2007 Series A	$Variable^{(1)(2)}$	2036	136,545,000		
2008 Series A (federally taxable)	$5.27\%^{(1)(2)}$	2018 - 2020	16,475,000		
2008 Series B	$Variable^{(1)(2)}$	2038	90,000,000		
2009 Series B (federally taxable) ⁽⁶⁾	4.597 – 5.655%	2018 - 2039	147,905,000		
2010 Series A (federally taxable)(6)	5.874%	2027 - 2030	12,930,000		
2010 Series B (federally taxable) ⁽⁶⁾	6.024%	2034 - 2040	132,445,000		
2010 Series C	5.00 - 5.25%	2018 - 2034	13,025,000		
2012 Series A	2.50 - 5.00%	2021 - 2028	81,860,000		
2012 Series B	Variable ⁽³⁾	2042	100,470,000		
2014 Series A	2.50% - 5.00%	2021 - 2044	37,835,000		
2014 Series B	3.125 - 5.00%	2018 - 2036	24,900,000		
Total Utilities System Revenue Bonds			\$853,420,000		
Utilities System Commercial Paper Notes					
Series C	Variable ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	(4)	\$45,000,000		
Series D	Variable	(5)	8,000,000		
Total Subordinated Bonds			\$53,000,000		

[Footnotes appear on following page]

- (1) See Note 9 to the audited financial statements of the System for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2016 included as APPENDIX B-1 to this Official Statement for a discussion of the various risks borne by the City relating to interest rate swap transactions.
- See "THE SYSTEM Management's Discussion of System Operations Ratings Triggers and Other Factors That Could Affect the System's Liquidity, Results of Operations or Financial Condition Interest Rate Swap Transactions" herein for a discussion of the related interest rate swap.
- The interest rates on the 2012 Series B Bonds are hedged, in part, by the 2005 Series C Swap Transaction and the 2006 Series A Swap Transaction. See notes (1) and (2) above.
- The Series C CP Notes will mature no more than 270 days from their date of issuance, but in no event later than October 5, 2022, unless such outside maturity date is amended under the Series Bond Resolution.
- The Series D CP Notes will mature no more than 270 days from their date of issuance, but in no event later than June 14, 2030, unless such outside maturity date is amended under the Series Bond Resolution.
- These bonds were issued as "Build America Bonds." The City received subsidy payments equal to a percentage of interest payments from the United States Treasury. No assurance can be provided that the City will continue to receive such subsidy payments or that future legislation, clarification or amendments to the Code will not reduce or eliminate such subsidy payments expected to be received by the City. See APPENDIX C-2 attached hereto for a description of how the Springing Amendments will impact how subsidy payments are treated for purposes of the Resolution.

APPENDIX D attached hereto shows total debt service requirements on all Bonds Outstanding as of October 1, 2016 and does not include debt service on the CP Notes.

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ESTMATED SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS

The estimated sources and uses of the proceeds of the 2017A Bonds are estimated to be as follows:

SOURCES OF FUNDS	
Principal Amount of 2017A Bonds	\$
Plus/Less: Net Original Issue Premium/Discount	
TOTAL SOURCES	\$
USES OF FUNDS	
Deposit to Construction Fund for Payment of Costs of Acquisition	
of the GREC Biomass Plant ⁽¹⁾	\$
Payment of Costs of Issuance ⁽²⁾	
TOTAL USES	\$

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See "PURPOSE OF FINANCING – Plan of Finance" herein. The balance of the \$750 million purchase price for the acquisition will be funded from the proceeds of the 2017B Bonds [and the 2017C Bonds] as described in "PURPOSE OF FINANCING – Plan of Finance" above.

Includes legal and financial advisory fees, underwriters' discount, printing costs, rating agency fees and other costs of issuance of the 2017A Bonds, including the costs of a reserve account surety policy, if any.

The following table shows debt service on the 2017A Bonds issued pursuant to the Resolution:

DEBT SERVICE SCHEDULE FOR 2017A BONDS

Bond Year Ended			Total
October 1	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Debt Service(1)

Total

⁽¹⁾ See "THE SYSTEM – Summary of Combined Net Revenues" herein for more information about debt service coverage.

See APPENDIX D attached hereto for more information regarding debt service on all Bonds Outstanding following issuance of the 2017 Bonds.

SECURITY FOR THE BONDS

Pledge Under the Resolution

All Bonds issued under the Resolution, including the 2017A Bonds, are direct and special obligations of the City payable solely from and secured as to the payment of the principal and premium, if any, and interest thereon, in accordance with their terms and the provisions of the Resolution by (i) proceeds of the sale of the Bonds, (ii) Revenues and (iii) all Funds established by the Resolution (other than the Debt Service Reserve Account in the Debt Service Fund which secures only certain designated Series of Bonds and any fund which may be established pursuant to the Resolution for decommissioning and certain other specified purposes), including the investments and income, if any, thereof (collectively, the "Trust Estate"), and the Trust Estate is pledged and assigned to the Trustee for the benefit of the holders of the Bonds, in each case subject to the provisions of the Resolution permitting the application thereof for the purposes and on the terms and conditions set forth in the Resolution. [The 2017A Bonds are not secured by the Debt Service Reserve Account or any subaccounts therein.]

THE BONDS DO NOT CONSTITUTE A GENERAL INDEBTEDNESS OR A PLEDGE OF THE FULL FAITH AND CREDIT OF THE CITY WITHIN THE MEANING OF ANY CONSTITUTIONAL OR STATUTORY PROVISION OR LIMITATION OF INDEBTEDNESS. NO HOLDER OF THE BONDS WILL HAVE THE RIGHT, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, TO REQUIRE OR COMPEL THE EXERCISE OF THE AD VALOREM TAXING POWER OF THE CITY FOR THE PAYMENT OF THE PRINCIPAL OF OR INTEREST ON THE BONDS OR THE MAKING OF ANY PAYMENTS UNDER THE RESOLUTION. THE BONDS AND THE OBLIGATIONS EVIDENCED THEREBY DO NOT CONSTITUTE A LIEN ON ANY PROPERTY OF OR IN THE CITY, OTHER THAN THE TRUST ESTATE. THE CITY MAY ISSUE, PURSUANT TO THE RESOLUTION, ADDITIONAL BONDS AND PARITY HEDGING CONTRACT OBLIGATIONS ON A PARITY BASIS WITH THE BONDS. See "THE SYSTEM - Additional Financing Requirements" herein for a discussion of the City's present intentions with respect to the issuance of additional Bonds and Subordinated Indebtedness.

Rates, Fees and Charges

The City shall at all times establish and collect rates, fees and charges for the use or the sale of the output, capacity or service of the System which, together with other available Revenues, are reasonably expected to yield Net Revenues which shall be equal to at least 1.25 times the Aggregate Debt Service for the forthcoming 12-month period and, in any event, as shall be required, together with other available funds, to pay or discharge all other indebtedness, charges and liens whatsoever payable out of Revenues under the Resolution; provided, however, that any Principal Installment which is a Refundable Principal Installment may be excluded from Aggregate Debt Service for purposes of the foregoing but only to the extent that the City intends to pay such Principal Installment from sources other than Revenues. Promptly upon any material change in the circumstances which were contemplated at the time such rates, fees and charges were most recently reviewed, but not less frequently than once in each Fiscal Year, the City shall review the rates, fees and charges so established and shall promptly revise such rates, fees and charges as necessary to comply with the foregoing requirements, provided that such rates, fees and charges shall in any event produce moneys sufficient to enable the City to comply with all its covenants under the Resolution.

No free service or service otherwise than in accordance with the established rates, fees and charges shall be furnished by the System, which rates, fees and charges shall not permit the granting of preferential rates, fees or charges among the users of the same class of customers. If and to whatever extent the City

receives the services and facilities of the System, it shall pay for such services and facilities according to the City's established rate schedule, and the amounts so paid shall be included in the amount of Revenues.

In estimating Aggregate Debt Service on any Variable Rate Bonds, Parity Commercial Paper Notes or Parity Medium-Term Notes for purposes of first paragraph above, the City shall be entitled to assume that such Variable Rate Bonds, Parity Commercial Paper Notes or Parity Medium-Term Notes will bear such interest rate or rates as the City shall determine; provided, however, that the interest rate or rates assumed shall not be less than the interest rate borne by such Variable Rate Bonds, Parity Commercial Paper Notes or Parity Medium-Term Notes, as the case may be, at the time of determination of Aggregate Debt Service. See "APPENDIX C-1 – Composite of the Resolution" attached hereto.

Additional Bonds; Conditions to Issuance

The City may issue additional Bonds for the purpose of paying all or a portion of the Cost of Acquisition and Construction of the System or for the purpose of refunding Outstanding Bonds. All Series of such Bonds will be payable from the same sources and secured on a parity with all other Series of Bonds. Set forth below are certain conditions applicable to the issuance of additional Bonds.

<u>Historical Debt Service Coverage</u>. The issuance of any Series of additional Bonds (except for Refunding Bonds) is conditioned upon the delivery by an Authorized Officer of the City of a certificate to the effect that, for any period of twelve consecutive months within the most recent eighteen months preceding the issuance of Bonds of such Series, as determined from the financial statements of the System, Net Revenues were at least equal to 1.25 times the Aggregate Debt Service during such twelve-month period in respect of the then Outstanding Bonds.

<u>Projected Debt Service Coverage</u>. The issuance of any Series of additional Bonds (except for Refunding Bonds) is further conditioned upon the delivery by the City of a certificate of an Authorized Officer of the City to the effect that, for each fiscal year in the period beginning with the year in which the additional Series of Bonds is to be issued and ending on the later of (a) the fifth full fiscal year thereafter or (b) the first full fiscal year in which less than 10% of the interest coming due on Bonds estimated by the City to be Outstanding is to be paid from Bond proceeds, Net Revenues are estimated to be at least equal to 1.40 times the Adjusted Aggregate Debt Service for each such fiscal year. For purposes of estimating future Net Revenues, the City may base its estimate upon such factors as it shall consider reasonable.

<u>No Default</u>. In addition, additional Bonds (except for Refunding Bonds) may be issued only if the City certifies that no Event of Default exists under the Resolution or that any such Event of Default will be cured through application of the proceeds of such Bonds.

<u>Refunding Bonds</u>. 1. One or more series of Refunding Bonds may be issued at any time to refund any Outstanding Bonds. Refunding Bonds shall be issued in a principal amount sufficient, together with other moneys available therefor, to accomplish such refunding and to make the deposits in the Funds and Accounts under the Resolution required by the provisions of the Supplemental Resolution authorizing such Bonds.

2. Refunding Bonds of each Series shall be authenticated and delivered by the Trustee only upon receipt by the Trustee (with copies of all documents to the Co-Trustee, if any), in addition to the documents required by the Resolution, of:

- (a) Instructions to the Trustee, satisfactory to it, to give due notice of redemption, if applicable, of all the Bonds to be refunded on a redemption date or dates specified in such instructions;
- (b) If the Bonds to be refunded are not by their terms subject to redemption or paid at maturity within the next succeeding 60 days, instructions to the Trustee, satisfactory to it, to give due notice of defeasance in the manner provided for in the Resolution or the Supplemental Resolution authorizing the Bonds of the Series being refunded; and
- (c) Either (i) moneys (including moneys withdrawn and deposited pursuant to the Resolution) in an amount sufficient to effect payment at the applicable Redemption Price of the Bonds to be redeemed and at the principal amount of the Bonds to be paid at maturity together with accrued interest on such Bonds to the redemption date or maturity date, as applicable, which moneys shall be held by the Trustee or any one or more of the Paying Agents in a separate account irrevocably in trust for and assigned to the respective Holders of the Bonds to be refunded, or (ii) Defeasance Securities in such principal amounts, of such maturities, bearing such interest, and otherwise having such terms and qualifications and any moneys, as shall be necessary to comply (x) with the provisions of the Resolution, which Defeasance Securities and moneys shall be held in trust and used only as provided in the Resolution or (y) the provisions relating to defeasance of the Bonds being refunded set forth in the Supplemental Resolution authorizing the Bonds of the Series being refunded, as applicable, which Defeasance Securities and moneys shall be held in trust and used only as provided in said provisions.

The proceeds, including accrued interest, of the Refunding Bonds of each Series shall be applied simultaneously with the delivery of such Bonds for the purposes of making deposits in such Funds and Accounts under the Resolution as shall be provided by the Supplemental Resolution authorizing such Series of Refunding Bonds and shall be applied to the refunding purposes thereof in the manner provided in said Supplemental Resolution.

<u>Subordinated Indebtedness</u>. The City may also issue Subordinated Indebtedness under the Resolution without compliance with any of the above conditions. References herein and in the Resolution to Bonds do not include such Subordinated Indebtedness.

There are certain Springing Amendments to the covenants related to the issuance of additional Bonds, including with respect to the issuance of Refunding Bonds, described above which will go into effect after the requisite consents have been obtained. These amendments, with respect to additional Bonds, modify the historical and projected debt service coverage tests. See "SPRINGING AMENDMENTS", "APPENDIX C-1 – Composite of the Resolution" and "APPENDIX C-2 Springing Amendments to the Resolution" attached hereto for a description of the applicable Springing Amendments to the Resolution.

Operation and Maintenance of the System

The City shall at all times use its best efforts to operate or cause to be operated the System properly and in an efficient and economical manner, consistent with Prudent Utility Practice, and shall use its best efforts to maintain, preserve, reconstruct and keep the same or cause the same to be so maintained, preserved, reconstructed and kept, with the appurtenances and every part and parcel thereof, in good repair, working order and condition, and shall from time to time make, or use its best efforts to cause to be made, all necessary and proper repairs, replacements and renewals so that at all times the operation of the System may be properly and advantageously conducted.

Flow of Funds Under the Resolution

The City has covenanted to deposit all Revenues of the System to the credit of the Revenue Fund. Each month, the City is to pay from the Revenue Fund amounts necessary to meet Operation and Maintenance Expenses for such month. After such payment, the City is to pay from the Revenue Fund, in the following order of priority, amounts, if any, budgeted or otherwise necessary for the Rate Stabilization Fund, amounts required for the Debt Service Account in the Debt Service Fund and amounts, if any, required for credit to any separate subaccount established in the Debt Service Reserve Account in the Debt Service Fund for a particular Series of Bonds, amounts, if any, required for the Subordinated Indebtedness Fund, and amounts to be deposited in the Utilities Plant Improvement Fund. The balance of any moneys remaining in the Revenue Fund after the required payments have been made can be used by the City for any other lawful purpose, provided that all current payments have been made and the City has otherwise fully complied with the Resolution. All amounts held in any Funds under the Resolution may be invested in Investment Securities; such investments will be valued at the amortized cost thereof. The 2017A Bonds will not be secured by the Debt Service Reserve Account or any subaccount therein.

For a more extensive discussion of the terms and provisions of the Resolution, the levels at which the funds and accounts established thereby are to be maintained and the purposes to which moneys in such funds and accounts may be applied, see "APPENDIX C-1 – Composite of the Resolution" attached hereto. Additionally, there are certain amendments which will go into effect relating to the flow of funds after the requisite consents have been obtained. See "SPRINGING AMENDMENTS", "APPENDIX C-1 – Composite of the Resolution" and "APPENDIX C-2 Springing Amendments to the Resolution" attached hereto for a description of the applicable Springing Amendments to the Resolution.

Debt Service Reserve Account

[At the time of marketing of the 2017A Bonds, the City will make a decision on whether to fund the Debt Service Reserve Account or a subaccount therein, and, if so funded, in what amount and whether it will be funded with a reserve account insurance policy.]

SPRINGING AMENDMENTS

The City desires to implement Springing Amendments which, upon becoming effective, will modify certain provisions of the Resolution in the future. Specifically, the Second Amended and Restated Utilities System Bond Resolution adopted by the City on , 2017 contains amendments that will only become effective upon receipt of the written consent of holders of at least a majority of the principal amount of Outstanding Bonds and of the following other parties: the Trustee and certain Credit Enhancers, liquidity providers or swap counterparties. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Resolution, to the extent permitted by law, at the time of issuance or remarketing of Bonds under the Resolution, a broker, dealer or municipal securities dealer, serving as underwriter or remarketing agent for such Bonds, or as agent for or in lieu of Holders of a particular Series of Bonds, may provide consent to amendments to the Resolution pursuant to Section 1003 of the Resolution. The principal amount of 2017 Bonds (including the 2017B Bonds [and the 2017C Bonds] also) constitutes __% of principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds, and the City intends to obtain additional consents as additional new money, mandatory tenders upon the expiration of certain liquidity providers and Refunding Bonds are issued. No assurance can be given as to when the Springing Amendments will become effective. For a complete description of such Springing Amendments see "APPENDIX C-2 - Springing Amendments to the Resolution" attached hereto.

By purchasing the 2017A Bonds, the Registered Owners and Beneficial Owners thereof shall be deemed to have consented in writing to such Springing Amendments as described in "APPENDIX C-2 – DESCRIPTION OF SPRINGING AMENDMENTS" attached hereto.

PROSPECTIVE PURCHASERS OF THE 2017A BONDS SHOULD REVIEW THE SPRINGING AMENDMENTS IN "APPENDIX C-2 – SPRINGING AMENDMENTS TO THE RESOLUTION" ATTACHED HERETO FOR THE COMPLETE TEXT OF THE ABOVE-REFERENCED AMENDMENTS.

THE 2017A BONDS

General

The 2017A Bonds will be dated the date of delivery thereof, will bear interest from their date of delivery at the rates per annum set forth on the inside cover page of this Official Statement, payable on April 1 and October 1 of each year, commencing April 1, 2018, and will mature on October 1 in the years and in the principal amounts set forth on the inside cover page of this Official Statement. The 2017A Bonds will be issued in fully registered form in principal denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof and, when issued, will be initially registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"). See "-- Book-Entry Only System" below.

Book-Entry Only System

THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION CONCERNING THE DEPOSITORY TRUST COMPANY ("DTC") AND DTC'S BOOK-ENTRY ONLY SYSTEM HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM SOURCES THAT THE CITY BELIEVES TO BE RELIABLE. THE CITY TAKES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE ACCURACY THEREOF.

SO LONG AS CEDE & CO. IS THE REGISTERED OWNER OF THE 2017A BONDS, AS NOMINEE OF DTC, CERTAIN REFERENCES IN THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT TO THE 2017A BONDHOLDERS OR REGISTERED OWNERS OF THE 2017A BONDS SHALL MEAN CEDE & CO. AND WILL NOT MEAN THE BENEFICIAL OWNERS OF THE 2017A BONDS. THE DESCRIPTION WHICH FOLLOWS OF THE PROCEDURES AND RECORD KEEPING WITH RESPECT TO BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP INTERESTS IN THE 2017A BONDS, PAYMENT OF INTEREST AND PRINCIPAL ON THE 2017A BONDS TO DIRECT PARTICIPANTS (AS HEREINAFTER DEFINED) OR BENEFICIAL OWNERS OF THE 2017A BONDS, CONFIRMATION AND TRANSFER OF BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP INTERESTS IN THE 2017A BONDS, AND OTHER RELATED TRANSACTIONS BY AND BETWEEN DTC, THE DIRECT PARTICIPANTS AND BENEFICIAL OWNERS OF THE 2017A BONDS IS BASED SOLELY ON INFORMATION FURNISHED BY DTC. ACCORDINGLY, THE CITY NEITHER MAKES NOR CAN MAKE ANY REPRESENTATIONS CONCERNING THESE MATTERS.

DTC will act as securities depository for the 2017A Bonds. The 2017A Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered 2017A Bonds certificate will be issued for each maturity of the 2017A Bonds in the aggregate principal amount thereof, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world's largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.6 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments from over 100 countries that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). The Direct Participants and the Indirect Participants are collectively referred to herein as the "DTC Participants." DTC has an S&P Global Inc. ("S&P") rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its DTC Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of 2017A Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the 2017A Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each 2017A Bondholder ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the 2017A Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in the 2017A Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the 2017A Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all 2017A Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of the 2017A Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the 2017A Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such 2017A Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of 2017A Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the 2017A Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the security documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of 2017A Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the 2017A Bonds for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative,

Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the Bond Registrar and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the 2017A Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the City as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts 2017A Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Payment of principal and interest on the 2017A Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the City, on the payment date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by DTC Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such DTC Participant and not of DTC or the City, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal and redemption proceeds to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the City, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

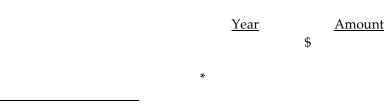
DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the 2017A Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the City. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, the 2017A Bonds are required to be printed and delivered.

The City may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry-only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, 2017A Bonds certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

Redemption Provisions

Optional Redemption. The 2017A Bonds maturing before October 1, 20___ will not be subject to redemption prior to maturity. The 2017A Bonds maturing on and after October 1, 20___ will be subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the City on and after October 1, 20___ as a whole or in part at any time, at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

Sinking Fund Redemption. The 2017A Bonds maturing October 1, 20___ will be subject to redemption through mandatory sinking fund installments on October 1 in the years and in the amounts shown below, at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount of such 2017A Bonds to be redeemed plus accrued interest, if any, to the redemption date:



*Final Maturity.

The 2017A Bonds maturing October 1, 20___ will be subject to redemption through mandatory sinking fund installments on October 1 in the years and in the amounts shown below, at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount of such 2017A Bonds to be redeemed plus accrued interest, if any, to the redemption date:

		<u>Year</u>	Amount
			\$
	*		
*Final Maturity.			

The 2017A Bonds maturing October 1, 20___ and 20___ or portions thereof to be redeemed through mandatory sinking fund installments shall be selected by the Trustee in the manner described above under "Redemption Provisions – *Optional Redemption.*" So long as a book-entry system is used for determining ownership of the 2017A Bonds, DTC or its successor and Direct Participants and Indirect Participants will determine the particular ownership interests of 2017A Bonds maturing October 1, 20___ and 20___ to be redeemed through mandatory sinking fund installments.

In determining the amount of 2017A Bonds maturing October 1, 20___ and 20___ to be redeemed with any sinking fund installment, there will be deducted the principal of any 2017A Bonds of such maturity which have been purchased, to the extent permitted by the Resolution, with amounts in the Debt Service Account (exclusive of amounts deposited from proceeds of 2017A Bonds). In addition, if there is any redemption or purchase of any 2017A Bonds maturing October 1, 20__ and 20__ with amounts other than moneys on deposit in the Debt Service Account, such 2017A Bonds may be credited against any future sinking fund installment established for the 2017A Bonds of such maturity, as specified by the City at any time.

Notice of Redemption

The Trustee shall give notice, in the name of the City, of the redemption of such 2017A Bonds, which notice shall specify the Series and maturities and interest rates within maturities, if any, of the 2017A Bonds to be redeemed, the redemption date and the place or places where amounts due upon such redemption will be payable and, if fewer than all of the 2017A Bonds of any like and maturity and interest rate within maturities are to be redeemed, the letters and numbers or other distinguishing marks of such 2017A Bonds so to be redeemed, and, in the case of 2017A Bonds to be redeemed in part only, such notice shall also specify the respective portions of the principal amount thereof to be redeemed. Such notice shall be mailed by first class mail, postage prepaid, or electronically, not less than 20 nor more than 60 days before the redemption date, to the Registered Owners of any 2017A Bonds or portions of 2017A Bonds which are to be redeemed, at their last addresses, if any, appearing upon the registry books. Failure to give notice by mail, or any defect in such notice, shall not affect the validity of the proceedings for the redemption of 2017A Bonds. Notwithstanding any other provision in the Resolution, notice of optional redemption may be conditioned upon the occurrence or non-occurrence of such event or events as shall be specified in such notice of optional redemption and may also be subject to rescission by the City if expressly set forth in such notice.

Purchase in Lieu of Redemption

Notwithstanding any provision contained in the Resolution to the contrary, the City shall have the option to cause the 2017A Bonds to be purchased in lieu of redemption on the applicable redemption date at a price equal to the then applicable redemption price, plus accrued interest thereon to, but not including, the date of such purchase. Such option may be exercised by delivery to the Paying Agent (if the Trustee is not the Paying Agent for such 2017A Bonds) on or prior to the Business Day preceding the redemption date of a written notice of the City specifying that the 2017A Bonds shall not be redeemed, but instead shall be subject to purchase pursuant to this paragraph with the moneys provided or to be provided by or on behalf of the City. Upon delivery of such notice, the 2017A Bonds shall not be redeemed but shall instead be subject to mandatory tender at the redemption price on the date that would have been the redemption date.

Selection of 2017A Bonds to be Redeemed

If fewer than all of the 2017A Bonds of like maturity or interest rate within a maturity of any Series shall be called for prior redemption, the particular 2017A Bonds or portions of 2017A Bonds to be redeemed shall be selected by the Trustee in such manner as the Trustee in its discretion may deem fair and appropriate; provided, however, that for any Bond of a denomination of more than the minimum denomination for such Series, the portion of such Bond to be redeemed shall, unless otherwise specified in the Supplemental Resolution relating to such Series, be in a principal amount equal to such minimum denomination or an integral multiple thereof, and that, in selecting portions of such 2017A Bonds for redemption, the Trustee shall treat each such Bond as representing that number of 2017A Bonds of such minimum denomination which is obtained by dividing the principal amount of such Bond to be redeemed in part by the amount of such minimum denomination.

Negotiability, Transfer and Registry

The 2017A Bonds shall be transferable only upon the books of the City, which shall be kept for such purposes at the office of the Bond Registrar, by the Registered Owner thereof in person or by such owner's attorney duly authorized in writing, upon surrender thereof together with a written instrument of transfer satisfactory to the Bond Registrar duly executed by the Registered Owner or such owner's duly authorized attorney. Upon the transfer of any such Bond the City shall issue in the name of the transferee a new 2017 A Bond or 2017A Bonds of the same aggregate principal amount and Series, maturity and interest rate as the surrendered Bond.

The City and each Fiduciary may deem and treat the person in whose name any Bond shall be registered upon the books of the City as the absolute owner of such Bond, whether such Bond shall be overdue or not, for the purpose of receiving payment of, or on account of, the principal and Redemption Price, if any, of and interest on such Bond and for all other purposes, and all such payments so made to any such Registered Owner or upon such owner's order shall be valid and effectual to satisfy and discharge the liability upon such Bond to the extent of the sum or sums so paid, and neither the City nor any Fiduciary shall be affected by any notice to the contrary. The City agrees to indemnify and save the Trustee harmless from and against any and all loss, cost, charge, expense, judgment or liability incurred by it, acting in good faith and without negligence under the Resolution, in so treating such Registered Owner.

Payment of Interest on 2017A Bonds; Interest Rights Reserved

Interest on any Bond which is payable, and is punctually paid or duly provided for, on any interest payment date shall be paid to the person in whose name that Bond is registered at the close of business on the date (hereinafter the "Regular Record Date") which, unless otherwise provided in the Supplemental Resolution authorizing such Bond, is the 15th day of the calendar month next preceding such interest payment date.

Any interest on any Bond which is payable, but is not punctually paid or duly provided for, on any interest payment date (hereinafter "Defaulted Interest") shall forthwith cease to be payable to the Registered Owner on the relevant Regular Record Date by virtue of having been such owner; and such Defaulted Interest shall be paid by the City to the persons in whose names the 2017A Bonds are registered at the close of business on a date (hereinafter the "Special Record Date") for the payment of such Defaulted Interest, which shall be fixed in the following manner. The City shall notify the Trustee in writing of the amount of Defaulted Interest proposed to be paid on each Bond and the date of the proposed payment, and at the same time the City shall deposit with the Trustee an amount of money equal to the aggregate amount proposed to be paid in respect of such Defaulted Interest or shall make arrangements satisfactory to the Trustee for such deposit prior to the date of the proposed payment, such money when deposited to be held in trust for the benefit of the persons entitled to such Defaulted Interest as in provided in the Resolution. Thereupon the Trustee shall fix a Special Record Date for the payment of such Defaulted Interest which shall be not more than 15 nor less than 10 days prior to the date of the proposed payment and not less than 10 days after the receipt by the Trustee of the notice of the proposed payment. The Trustee shall promptly notify the City of such Special Record Date and, in the name and at the expense of the City, shall cause notice of the proposed payment of such Defaulted Interest and the Special Record Date therefor to be mailed, first class postage prepaid, to each Bondholder at such Bondholder's address as it appears in the books of the City kept at the office of the Bond Registrar, not less than 10 days prior to such Special Record Date.

Subject to the foregoing provisions of the Resolution, each Bond delivered under the Resolution upon transfer of or in exchange for or in lieu of any other Bond shall carry the rights to interest accrued and unpaid, and to accrue, which were carried by such other Bond.

THE CITY

General

The City, home of the University of Florida, is located in North Central Florida midway between Florida's Gulf and the Atlantic coast. The City is approximately 125 miles north of Tampa, approximately 110 miles northwest of Orlando and approximately 75 miles southwest of Jacksonville. The Bureau of Economic and Business Research at the University of Florida estimated a 2016 population of 257,062 in the Alachua County (the "County") with an estimated 128,612 persons resided within the City limits as of April 2016. The economic base of Gainesville consists primarily of light industrial, commercial, health care and educational activities. The University of Florida is the State's oldest university and, with approximately 50,000 students, is one of the largest universities in the nation.

For additional information with respect to the City and the County, see APPENDIX A attached hereto.

Government

The City is governed by the City Commission, which currently consists of seven members. Four are elected from single member districts and three are elected Citywide. The Mayor is elected by the residents of the City.

The following are the current members of the City Commission:

	Term
	<u>Expires</u>
Mayor Lauren Poe	May 2019
Commissioner David Arreola, District 3	May 2020
Commissioner Harvey M. Budd, At-Large	May 2018
Commissioner Charles E. Goston, District 1	May 2018
Commissioner Adrian Hayes-Santos, District 4	May 2019
Commissioner Harvey Ward, District 2	May 2020
Commissioner Helen K. Warren, At-Large	May 2020

THE SYSTEM

General

Under its home rule powers and pursuant to the Charter, the City owns and operates the System, which provides the City and certain unincorporated areas of the County with electric, natural gas, water, wastewater, and telecommunications service (including certain utility services to the University of Florida). The System also provides wholesale wastewater service to the City of Waldo. Natural gas service is also provided to retail customers within the corporate limits of the City of Alachua, Florida ("Alachua"), and the City of High Springs, Florida ("High Springs"). All facilities of the System are owned and operated by the City. The System is governed by the City Commission.

The electric system was established in 1912 to provide street lighting and electric service to the downtown area. Continuous expansion of the electric system and its generating capacity has resulted in the electric system serving an average of 94,795 customers in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016 and having a maximum net summer generating capacity of 525 MW.

The natural gas system was acquired from the Gainesville Gas Company in 1990 to provide gas distribution throughout the City. The gas system served an average of 34,496 customers in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016.

The water and wastewater systems were established in 1891 to provide water and wastewater service to the City. The water and wastewater systems served an average of 71,546 and 64,781 customers, respectively, in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016. The water system has a nominal capacity of 54 million gallons per day ("Mgd") and the wastewater system has a treatment capacity of 22.4 Mgd annual average daily flow ("AADF").

The telecommunications system, GRUCom, was established in 1995 to provide communication services to the Gainesville area in a manner that would minimize duplication of facilities, maximize interconnectivity, simplify access, and promote the evolution of new technologies and business opportunities. GRUCom operates a state-of-the-art fiber optic network and current product lines include

telecommunications transport services, Internet access services, communication tower antenna space leasing services, and public safety radio services. GRUCom served an average of 6,472 Internet access customer connections and 152 dial-up customers in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016.

Utility Advisory Board

On November 19, 2015 the City Commission enacted Ordinance No. 140384 which created a new utility advisory board (the "Utility Advisory Board") to advise and make recommendations to the City Commission on all aspects of governance of the System's electric, gas, telecommunications, water and wastewater utilities. The Utility Advisory Board is comprised of seven members appointed by the City Commission, all of whom reside within the System's service area and receive utility service from GRU. The Utility Advisory Board serves as an advisor to the City Commission on all policy and governance decisions to be made by the City Commission regarding utility services; serves as a channel of communications between the City Commission, utility staff and the utility customers; and considers and makes recommendations regarding proposed changes in fees, rates, or charges for utility services. The Utility Advisory Board has no rate setting authority. However, since July 18, 2017, the City Commission and Utility Advisory Board have been holding joint meetings to study and evaluate whether to vest the Board with some level of final decision-making authority. Any such changes in decision-making authority with respect to utility matters would require revisions to the City Code of Ordinances and may, depending on the extent of the changes, require revisions to the City Charter.

Legislative Matters Affecting the City

On February 9, 2017, State Representative Chuck Clemons, Sr. filed House Bill 759 which would change the governance of the City's utilities. The bill generally proposes a voter referendum to amend the City's Charter by creating a utility authority that is a unit of the City, with a non-salaried five member board appointed by the City Commission. The utility authority board would replace the City Commission as the governing body vested with final decision making authority over certain utility matters including, but not limited to, the authority to employ a utilities manager, set rates, and reduce over time the percentage of revenue (up to 3% each year) that is transferred from the System to the City's General Fund.

House Bill 759 was approved by both the House and Senate and was signed into law by the Governor on June 6, 2017. The referendum is scheduled for November, 2018. The City is unable to predict whether or not such referendum will be approved.

The City and the System may, from time to time in the future, be subject to changes in laws or regulations, many of which are beyond the control of the City, and which could have an effect on the existence, governance, revenues, management, operations and finances of the City and the System.

Management of the System

The daily operations of the System are managed by the General Manager for Utilities. In addition to the General Manager for Utilities, key members of the System's leadership team include five operational managers, a Chief Operating Officer, the Chief Financial Officer and the Utilities Attorney. The operational managers consist of an Energy Delivery Officer, Water/Wastewater Officer, Chief Customer Officer, Energy Supply Officer and a Chief Business Services Officer.

Mr. Edward J. Bielarski, Jr., General Manager for Utilities, joined the System as a Charter Officer and General Manager in June of 2015. Mr. Bielarski has over 20 years of experience in the utility industry,

having worked with Constellation Energy Group (Maryland) as a Project General Manager and a Project Chief Financial Officer, and Lehigh County Authority (Pennsylvania) as a Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer. As a Charter Officer, he reports directly to the seven-member City Commission and to the Utilities Advisory Board. Mr. Bielarski currently serves on the Board of Directors for The Energy Authority, Inc. (TEA) and the Florida Reliability Coordinating Council (the "FRCC"). In his role as General Manager, Mr. Bielarski oversees all operations of the combined electric, natural gas, water, wastewater and telecommunications utilities. Principal responsibilities include management for all planning, administration, customer service, engineering, organizational development, construction and operations for all utility responsibility areas in accordance with City policies. Additionally, he oversees the preparation and administration of the annual budget and is responsible for policy development and the implementation of policies adopted by the City Commission.

Mr. Thomas R. Brown, P.E., Chief Operating Officer, joined the System in September of 2015 and was appointed to this role in July 2016. Mr. Brown has worked as an energy industry executive for 37 years, including most recently as the Vice President/Commercial Manager of Leidos-Plainfield Renewable Energy in Plainfield, Connecticut. He also served in executive management positions with Cogentrix, El Paso Merchant Energy and Ridgewood Power Corporation. Mr. Brown holds a Master of Business Administration degree from Indiana University of Pennsylvania and a Bachelor of Science degree in Mechanical Engineering from Pennsylvania State University, and is a registered Professional Engineer. In his current role, Mr. Brown oversees and manages the System's Energy Supply, Energy Delivery, and Water/Wastewater business operations.

Mr. Gary L. Baysinger, Energy Delivery Officer, joined the System in 2006. He was appointed interim Energy Delivery Officer in January 2016 and was made permanent in January 2017. Mr. Baysinger previously served as Work & Resource Management Manager and holds a Bachelor of Science in Industrial Engineering from Kent State University. Mr. Baysinger currently serves as Vice-Chair of the Florida Society of Maintenance and Reliability Professionals and maintains CMRP and CMM credentials. As the Energy Delivery Officer, Mr. Baysinger oversees the construction, operation and maintenance of the System's electric transmission and distribution facilities and the natural gas transmission and distribution facilities, and is also responsible for operations engineering, system control, substations and relay/control, City gate stations, electric and gas metering, and field services.

Mr. Justin M. Locke, Chief Financial Officer, joined the System in October 2015. Mr. Locke has worked in the utilities industry for more than 20 years, including most recently as Vice President of Finance at CPS Energy in San Antonio, Texas. He also served as Business Manager and CFO of Guadalupe Valley Electric Cooperative, and Director of Finance and CFO of the Brownsville Public Utilities Board. A graduate of Rice University's Executive Education program, he also holds a degree in Finance and Risk Management from St. Mary's University, San Antonio. Mr. Locke is responsible for the accounting and finance departments, which maintain the financial integrity of the combined System.

Mr. Anthony Cunningham, P.E., Water/Wastewater Officer, has been with the System for over 15 years, was appointed to his position in 2016 and previously served as Water/Wastewater Engineering Director. Mr. Cunningham's entire 22 year professional career has been in the water and wastewater industry including 7 years as a consulting civil engineer at Causseuax & Ellington, Inc. He has held various positions through his years at the System including; Strategic Planning Engineer, Senior Environmental Engineer, Acting Water Distribution and Wastewater Collection Director, and Engineering Director. He holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Engineering from the University of Florida and is a registered Professional Engineer in the State of Florida. Mr. Cunningham is responsible for planning, directing,

coordinating and administering all activities and personnel of the Water and Wastewater Department. He directs the design, construction, operation and maintenance of all the water and wastewater systems to deliver safe, reliable, and competitively priced services.

Mr. William J. Shepherd, Chief Customer Officer, has been with the System for over 23 years, was appointed to his position in September 2015 and previously served as the Director of Customer Operations. The majority of Mr. Shepherd's career has been in Energy and Business services where he has played a critical part in the design and development of the System's nationally recognized energy efficiency programs. Mr. Shepherd holds a Masters of Business Administration from the University of Florida and a Bachelor of Science in Aeronautical Science from Embry Riddle Aeronautical University, and is a Certified Energy Manager (CEM). Mr. Shepherd is responsible for customer service, billing, collections, mail services, quality control, facilities, purchasing, cashiers, energy and business services, and new services.

Mr. Dino De Leo, Energy Supply Officer, joined the System in September 2006 and formerly served as Production Assurance Support Director. Mr. De Leo was appointed interim Energy Supply Officer in February 2016 and was made permanent in January 2017. Mr. De Leo has worked as an executive in the energy industry for over 36 years and, prior to joining GRU, served in various leadership roles in the US Navy Submarine force where he retired after 26 years of service in 2006. He holds a Bachelor of Science in Nuclear Engineering from the University of Florida, a Bachelor of Science in Business Administration degree from Columbia College and a Master of Business Administration from Brenau University. Mr. De Leo is responsible for planning, directing, coordinating and administering all activities and personnel for the System's Energy Supply Department including the System's power generation functions, a power engineering group, and a fuels management group including the design, construction, operation, and maintenance of related systems, projects, and contracts. He also assists with risk management oversight on an executive team and acts as the System's Energy Supply Department's liaison with local, state, and federal agencies.

Mr. J. Lewis Walton, Chief Business Services Officer, joined the System in March 2008, and has more than 20 years of experience developing, implementing, marketing and managing customer-driven products and services in both competitive markets and the utility industry. Before his appointment to Chief Business Services Officer in September 2015, Mr. Walton served progressively as Marketing & Communications Manager, Director of Marketing and Business Solutions, and most recently as Chief of Staff for GRU's combined utility systems. Mr. Walton holds a Communications Degree from Auburn University and previous to his arrival at GRU, progressed through various operations, sales, marketing, and management positions at both Roadway Package Systems, which is now FedEx Ground, and at Lee County Electric Cooperative in Southwest Florida. Mr. Walton oversees the planning, operations and administration of GRUCom, the System's competitive fiber optic telecommunications unit, as well as the natural gas marketing program, economic development and development of ancillary products and services for the combined System.

Nicolle M. Shalley, Esq., City Attorney, has been with the City Attorney's Office since 2006 and has been the City Attorney and supervisor of the Utilities Attorney since October 2012.

Keino Young, Esq., Utilities Attorney, has been with the City since April, 2017. The Utilities Attorney works under the direction and supervision of the City Attorney.

Labor Relations

The System presently employs approximately 850 persons. All personnel are City employees and are solely under the management of the City. Florida law prohibits public employees from striking.

The City has historically maintained good labor relations with respect to the System. Approximately 560 of the System's employees are represented by Local No. 3170 of the Communications Workers of America (the "CWA"). The current agreements with the CWA (Non-Supervisory and Supervisory), expires on December 31, 2018.

Permits, Licenses and Approvals

Management believes that all principal permits, licenses and approvals required to construct and operate the System's facilities have been acquired. Management further believes that the System is operating in compliance in all material respects with all such permits, licenses and approvals and with all applicable federal, state and local regulations, codes, standards and laws.

The Electric System

Service Area

The System provides retail electric service to customers in the Gainesville urban area, which includes the City and a portion of the surrounding unincorporated area. Wholesale electric services are currently provided to Alachua and the City of Winter Park, Florida ("Winter Park"). See "-- Energy Sales – *Retail and Wholesale Energy Sales*" below. The electric facilities of the System currently serve approximately 124.5 square miles of the County, and approximately 77% of the population of the County, including the entire City, with the exception of the University of Florida campus, which is served principally by Duke. Electric service is also provided in the unincorporated areas of the County by Duke, Clay Electric Cooperative ("Clay"), Florida Power & Light Company ("FPL"), and Central Florida Electric Cooperative, Inc. The System has a territorial agreement with Clay which establishes a service boundary between the two utilities in the unincorporated areas of the County in order to clearly delineate, for existing and future service, those areas to be served by the System and those areas to be served by Clay. This agreement has been approved by the Florida Public Service Commission (the "FPSC") through 2017 and is currently in negotiations for further extension.

Customers

The System has experienced modest growth in customers averaging 0.06% per year since 2012. The following tabulation shows the average number of electric customers for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2012 through and including September 30, 2016.

	Fiscal Years ended September 30,							
	2012	2012 2013 2014 2015 2016						
Retail Customers (Average):								
Residential	82,039	82,440	83,117	83,796	84,069			
Commercial and Industrial	10,423	10,467	10,602	10,677	10,726			
Total	92,462	94,473	94,795					

Of the 94,795 customers in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, 10,726 commercial and industrial customers provided approximately 56% of revenues from retail energy sales.

Energy Sales

The Energy Authority

TEA is a Georgia nonprofit corporation founded by publicly-owned utilities in 1997 to maximize the value of their generation and energy resources in a competitive wholesale market. The System became an equity member of TEA on May 1, 2000. Other equity members include City Utilities of Springfield, Missouri, Cowlitz County Public Utility District, JEA (Jacksonville), the Municipal Electric Authority of Georgia ("MEAG Power"), Nebraska Public Power District, South Carolina Public Service Authority, and American Municipal Power. TEA has offices in Jacksonville, Florida and Seattle, Washington and provides power marketing, trading, and risk management services throughout most of the United States.

TEA currently works with over 50 public power clients that represent 24,000 MW of peak demand and 30,000 MW of installed generation capacity across the U.S. TEA manages a diverse generation portfolio that has proven advantageous in terms of market presence. Operations include the purchase and sale of power, transmission capacity acquisition and scheduling, natural gas and oil purchase and transportation, and financial trading and hedging under strictly observed risk policies.

Other than for retail load and applicable pre-existing bi-lateral long-term wholesale power agreements, TEA markets the System's generating resources in real-time, day-ahead, and longer-term power markets up to twelve months ahead. TEA also purchases all of the System's natural gas and optimizes the System's gas transportation entitlements. TEA's ability to execute energy transactions on behalf of the System includes arranging for any transmission services required to accommodate such transactions. Each transaction is accomplished through the execution of a letter of commitment between the System and TEA for a specific capacity amount and duration, and with negotiated terms and prices. Examples of these power sales include short-term, emergency and economy sales, ranging from a period of months to a single hour. TEA also executes and manages financial hedges for its members, primarily in the form of NYMEX natural gas futures and options. TEA constantly monitors the credit of counterparties and manages credit security requirements on behalf of the System as well as other TEA members.

TEA settles the transactions it makes for its members under terms set forth in settlement procedures adopted by its Board of Directors. The excess (or deficiency) of TEA's revenues over (or under) its costs also are allocated among its members pursuant to such procedures.

The System provides guarantees to TEA and to TEA's banks to secure letters of credit issued by the banks to cover purchase and sale contracts for electric energy, natural gas and related transmission. In accordance with the membership agreement between the System and its joint venture members and with the executed guaranties delivered to TEA and to TEA's banks, the System's aggregate obligation for electric energy marketing transactions entered into by TEA on behalf of its members was \$9.6 million as of September 30, 2016. The System's aggregate obligation for TEA's natural gas marketing transactions, under similar agreements and executed guaranties as of September 30, 2016 and 2015, was \$13.5 million and \$7.4 million respectively.

For a discussion of the System's investment in TEA and its commitments to TEA as of September 30, 2016 and 2015, see Note 3 to the audited financial statements of the System "Investment in The Energy Authority" referenced in APPENDIX B-1 attached hereto. See also "-- Energy Supply System – Fuel Supply – Natural Gas" below for additional discussion of TEA's role in supplying natural gas for the System.

With support from TEA, GRU explored the benefits and consequences of combining GRU's generation with that of another entity and economically dispatching the combined fleet through coordinated dispatch. The coordinated dispatch model allows JEA (also part owner of TEA) and GRU to dispatch their generation fleets as if they were one. The most economical units can supply power to meet the combined demand.

The coordinated dispatch model creates another option to provide power at a lower price point, but is not an obligation. GRU and JEA would dispatch their two systems as one and establish day-ahead (and in the potential future, week-ahead and month-ahead transactions) schedules for power flows between the entities. The pricing of the power flowing during each hour is determined by the avoided cost of the entity selling the power plus a margin. The margin is determined by the savings between dispatching the systems separately versus together.

The analysis of the benefits showed the ability to reduce JEA's production cost by running their fleet at a point of better thermal efficiency when serving part of the GRU demand. GRU's savings were the result of serving load with lower-cost power generated by JEA, rather than from its own fleet. The agreement was signed in March 2016 and coordinated dispatch began in May 2016. As of February 2017, GRU has realized approximately \$1.8 million in savings as a result of the agreement.

Retail and Wholesale Energy Sales

In the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, the System sold 2,018,118 megawatt hours (MWh) of electric energy to its retail and firm wholesale customers (excluding interchange and economy sales). The System currently has a firm "all requirements" wholesale sales contract with Alachua. This contract, which originated in 1988, was renewed April 1, 2016 for a term of seven years. "All requirements" services include control area voltage and frequency regulation and all other ancillary services. The following table shows the System's sales in MWh and average use of electricity, in kilowatt hours (kWh) by customer class, for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2012 through September 30, 2016. Year-to-year variability is due

primarily to the effects of weather on heating and cooling loads. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, there was a 4.3% increase in residential MWh sales from the prior year.

The contract with Alachua includes management of Alachua's 0.019% share of the St. Lucie Unit project, as well as, compliance responsibilities of the North American Electric Reliability Corporation, Inc. ("NERC"). During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, the System sold 133,040 MWh to Alachua and received \$8,632,823 in revenue from those sales, which represented approximately 6.6% of total energy sales (excluding interchange sales) and 3.2% of total sales revenues.

Retail and Wholesale Energy Sales

Fiscal Years ended September 30,

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Energy Sales-MWh:	_		<u> </u>		
Residential	753,513	752,131	771,884	792,704	819,431
General Service, Large					
Power and Other	945,131	937,112	941,578	951,412	977,797
Firm Wholesale ⁽¹⁾	193,717	130,990	119,447	190,103	220,890
Total	1,892,361	1,820,233	1,832,909	1,934,219	2,018,118
Average Annual Use per Custon	ner–kWh:				
Residential	9,185	9,123	9,287	9,460	9,747
General Service, Large					
Power and Other	90,686	89,530	88,811	89,109	91,161

The decrease in Firm Wholesale from 2012 and 2013 is a result of the expiration of the Seminole Electric Cooperative Inc. "all-requirements" contract. Sales to the City of Winter Park began January 2015.

Pursuant to Florida's Interlocal Cooperation Act of 1969, Chapter 163, Florida Statutes, the System entered into an Interlocal Agreement with Winter Park on February 24, 2014, effective January 1, 2015 and expiring on December 31, 2018. Pursuant to this Agreement, the System has agreed to sell 10 MW of capacity and the associated energy on a 7 day/24 hours a day "must-take" basis, except that Winter Park may designate up to 500 hours per year during which the "must-take" quantity may be 5 MW.

Interchange and Economy Wholesale Sales

The System has participated in short-term power sales to other utilities through TEA where market opportunities exist. Due to new natural gas-fired generation in the market, and low and stable natural gas prices, these opportunities are limited. In recent years, net revenues from interchange sales as reflected in the following table have been modest.

Net Revenues from Interchange and Economy Wholesale Sales⁽¹⁾ (Fiscal Years ended September 30) (dollars in thousands)

	2012	2013	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
Net Revenues (Loss)	(\$693)	\$123	\$673	\$369	\$126
D (T.1E) (
Percent of Total Electric					
System Net Revenues	0.0%	0.1%	0.9 %	0.5%	0.2%

⁽¹⁾ Variable in nature due to regional capacity availability, weather effects on demand and fuel price volatility.

Interchange and Economy Wholesale Purchases

Interchange and economy wholesale purchases made when power is available from the market at prices below the System's production costs are among the factors that allow the System to assure competitive power costs for retail and firm wholesale customers. Purchases of less than a duration of 24 months are made through TEA. Longer-term contracts are negotiated by the System's staff. The benefits of the System's purchases are passed on to retail and firm wholesale customers by affecting the fuel and purchased power adjustment portion of their rates (see "– Rates – Electric System" below). In the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, 21% of power for retail and wholesale sales was obtained through non-firm off-system purchases, allowing customers to benefit from less expensive gas-fired power available for purchase from the market.

Renewable Energy

Energy Supply System

Generating Facilities

The System owns generating facilities having a net summer continuous capability of 520.5 MW. In addition, the System has exclusive rights to the 102.5 MW capacity and energy from GREC LLC. Combined PPA entitlements and System owned generation total 623 MW of net dispatchable summer continuous capacity. The System also is entitled to the capacity and non-dispatchable energy from a landfill gas to energy plant of approximately 3.0 MW. These facilities are connected to the Florida Grid and to the

System's service territory over 138 kilovolt ("kV") and 230 kV transmission facilities that include three interconnections with Duke and one interconnection with FPL.

See also "-- Energy Sales – *Interchange and Economy Wholesale Purchases*" above for a discussion of certain power purchases employed to allow the System to assure competitive power costs.

The Generating Facilities are set forth in the following table and described herein.

Fxisting Gener	rating Facilities	Fi	ıels	Net Summer Capability
Plant Name	Unit No.	Primary	Alternative	(MW)
JRK Station		<i>y</i>		(=:=::)
<u>, </u>	Steam Unit 8	Waste Heat	_	36
	Combustion Turbine 4	Natural Gas	Distillate Fuel Oil	72
				108
Deerhaven Generating S	<u>tation</u>			
· ·	Steam Unit 2	Bituminous Coal	_	228
	Steam Unit 1	Natural Gas	Residual Fuel Oil	75
	Combustion Turbine 3	Natural Gas	Distillate Fuel Oil	71
	Combustion Turbine 2	Natural Gas	Distillate Fuel Oil	17.5
	Combustion Turbine 1	Natural Gas	Distillate Fuel Oil	17.5
				409
South Energy Center				
	SEC-1	Natural Gas	_	3.5
T . 10 ID				
<u>Total Owned Resources</u>				520.5
Plant Entitlement(1)	GREC	Biomass		102.5
riant Entitiement	GREC	Diomass	_	102.5
				623
Baseline Landfill		Landfill Gas	_	3
				626.0
Total Purchased Power				
Renewable Resources				728.5

⁽¹⁾ Upon acquisition, GREC becomes an owned resource and not a plant entitlement.

JRK Station – The John R. Kelly Station (the "JRK Station") is located in downtown Gainesville. The JRK Station consists of one combined cycle combustion turbine ("CC1") unit with a net summer generation capability of 108 MW. CC1's primary fuel is natural gas and the alternate fuel is #2 oil. The addition of 102.5 MW of biomass power to the System's generation mix by the PPA with GREC LLC originally resulted in a long range forecast of lower capacity factors for CC1. However, as natural gas prices have generally been lower, CC1 operates more as a baseload unit. That theme was true in fiscal year 2015-16 and continues in fiscal year 2016-17.

Deerhaven – The Deerhaven Generating Station ("Deerhaven" or "DGS") is located approximately six miles northwest of the City and encompasses approximately 3,474 acres, which provides room for future

expansion as well as a substantial natural buffer. The DGS consists of two steam turbines and three combustion turbines with a cumulative net summer capability of 409 MW. Unit 1 (DH 1) is a conventional steam unit with a net summer capability of 75 MW. Its primary fuel is natural gas and its alternate fuel is #6 oil. Unit 2 ("DH 2") is a coal-fired, conventional steam unit with a net summer capability of 228 MW. Two combustion turbines are rated at 17.5 MW each and the third combustion turbine at 71 MW. All three combustion turbines have natural gas as their primary fuel and #2 oil as an alternate fuel.

DH 2 was the first zero liquid discharge power plant built east of the Mississippi River. No industrial wastewater or contact storm water leaves the site. Brine salt by-product from process water treatment is transported off site to a Class III landfill due to capacity constraints. The Deerhaven site has a coal combustion products/coal combustion residuals ("CCP"/"CCR") landfill that provides disposal capacity for CCR, fly and bottom ash, as well as flue gas scrubber by-product from the air quality control system ("AQCS"). DH 2 has an AQCS consisting of an electrostatic precipitator and fabric filter for particulate control, a dry circulating scrubber for sulfur dioxide ("SO2"), acid gas, and mercury ("Hg") reduction, and a selective catalytic reduction ("SCR") system for reduction of the oxides of nitrogen ("NOx") to meet or exceed regulatory requirements.

Since 2009, the operational mode of DH 2 has shifted from a high capacity factor base load to deep load cycling operation. This is the result of many factors including: flat megawatt-hour sales, the availability of low cost gas and the addition of 102.5 MW of biomass power from the GREC Biomass Plant to the System's generation mix. A cost of cycling engineering study has been performed to accurately determine the long term maintenance cost resulting from this operational mode. The costs are utilized in both long range generation planning and short term unit commitment. Additionally, operational and physical changes necessary to reduce the cost of this mode of operation have been identified and are in various stages of implementation. The findings of the cycling engineering study have been incorporated into the budget and reflected in the CIP.

To assure reliability, considerable investment continues to be made in both physical components and control systems. In addition, the System has invested in a full scale, high fidelity simulator for operator training and control logic quality control. During fiscal year 2017, the System projects to spend approximately \$1.5 million on decommissioning the Circulating Dry Scrubber ("CDS") that was installed in 2009 due to structural integrity issues. This environmental control equipment was replaced with upgraded structural support and a corrosion/erosion resistance liner that is made of C-276 alloy. The replacement and upgrades was completed before the summer peak season and cost the System approximately \$5.2 million that will better ensure the long-term reliability of the environmental control equipment. GRU is currently coordinating with City of Gainesville Risk Management on an insurance claim related to the failure of the Deerhaven Unit #2 CDS. With intentions to recover the cost of the CDS decommissioning (approximately \$1.5 million), and the erection of vessel to the original design specifications (approximately \$4 million). In parallel, GRU is coordinating with outside counsel on possible litigation with the CDS Original Equipment Manufacturer (Babcock Power) related to the recovery of cost that may not be recovered by our insurance claim.

Crystal River 3-[Nicolle/Keino, Nixon asks what are your thoughts in terms of deleting this section?] Crystal River 3 ("CR-3") is a retired nuclear powered electric generating unit which had a net summer capability of 838 MW, located on the Gulf of Mexico in Citrus County, Florida, approximately 55 miles southwest of Gainesville. Duke was the majority owner. In February of 2013, Duke announced that CR-3 would be permanently shut down and retired. The System owned a 1.4079% ownership share of CR-3 equal to approximately 12.7 MW (11.846 MW delivered to the System). In 2012, the minority owners,

including the System, agreed to have the Florida Municipal Power Agency ("FMPA") represent their interests in negotiating a settlement with Duke for damages resulting from the premature retirement of CR-3. Duke maintained insurance for property damage and incremental costs of replacement power resulting from prolonged accidental outages from Nuclear Electric Insurance, LTD. ("NEIL"). The System has received its allocated insurance proceeds of \$1,308,211, of which \$660,951 was credited on invoices.

FMPA, on behalf of the minority owners, negotiated a settlement with Duke. The settlement was executed by all parties with an effective date of September 26, 2014. The settlement transferred all of the System's ownership interests in CR-3 and the requisite Decommissioning Funds to Duke. In October 2014, the System received reimbursement of \$219,706 in operation and maintenance expenses forgiven by the settlement. The ownership transfer was approved by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (the "NRC") on May 20, 2015. Upon the NRC's approval of ownership transfer, the minority owners received certain cash settlements and Duke agreed to be responsible for all future costs and liabilities relating to CR-3 including decommissioning costs. On October 30, 2015, the transfer of ownership interests in CR-3 closed, and the System received a settlement of \$9.56 million as a minority owner of CR-3 and \$618,534 as a former purchaser of power from CR-3. Consequently, CR-3 is not shown on the table of generating facilities.

For further discussion regarding CR-3, see Note 5 to the audited financial statements of the System "Jointly Owned Electric Plant" referenced in APPENDIX B-1 attached hereto.

South Energy Center – The South Energy Center is a combined heat and power facility dedicated to serve a 500,000 square foot, 200-bed teaching hospital with Level I trauma center belonging to UF Health/Shands Teaching Hospital and Clinics ("UF Health") at the University of Florida. The South Energy Center provides for all of the hospital's energy needs for electricity, steam, and chilled water. The South Energy Center is also responsible for providing medical gas infrastructure.

The South Energy Center provides the hospital with a highly redundant electric microgrid that is capable of operating either grid-connected or grid-independent to meet 100% of the hospital's needs. The South Energy Center has two grid connections for normal power, and a 3.5 MW on-site combustion turbine to provide full standby power to the hospital and energy center, as well as a planned 2.25 MW fast-start diesel generator to provide code-compliant essential power for the hospital. The combustion turbine is installed in a combined-heat-and-power configuration and is typically run base-loaded to provide export power to the grid and steam to the hospital. All plant systems for electric, chilled water, and steam have high levels of equipment redundancy to minimize the potential of an outage. During 2016, the South Energy Center provided 1.5% of the System's generation.

The South Energy Center is owned and operated by the System, and provides services under a 50-year "cost plus" contract with UF Health. The medical campus has been master planned for 3,000,000 square feet of facilities at build out, the timing of which is contingent upon future economic conditions. In August 2013, UF Health advised the System of its commitment to construct an additional hospital tower of similar size next to the existing tower, approximately doubling the loads served by the South Energy Center. The South Energy Center Phase II may also provide services to customers other than UF Health. Construction commenced on the new hospital and the System's infrastructure in late 2014 and completion is expected in December 2017.

The System is currently adding energy and thermal capacity to the South Energy Center to serve a new 500,000 square foot cardiovascular and neuromedicine hospital tower under construction. As part of this expansion, the System is adding a 7.4 MW natural gas-fired reciprocating engine, a 3,000 ton chiller, a

3 MW diesel-fired engine, and ancillary equipment. The cost for this capacity addition will be approximately \$30 million. All capital and operating costs associated with this capacity addition will be recovered under the System's long-term contract with UF Health. The System's capacity additions will be completed in summer 2017, while the new hospital tower will open in December 2017.

<u>Power Purchase Arrangements</u>

For information about the City's proposed purchase of the GREC Biomass Plant by the City, see "PURPOSE OF FINANCING" herein.

Gainesville Renewable Energy Center – The City has a PPA for all the available energy, delivered energy and environmental attributes from GREC LLC, a 102.5 MW biomass fuel generating facility, located on property leased from the City at the DGS site. The fuel supply is primarily forest residuals left in the field after normal timber harvesting as well as materials from urban forestry and suitable sources of clean wood, and biomass such as pallets, and mill residues. Such fuel is in accordance with the strict sustainability standards of the PPA. The GREC Biomass Plant began commercial operation on December 17, 2013 ("COD"). The pricing elements for energy under the PPA include four components: (a) a non-fuel energy charge ("NFEC"); (b) a fixed operating and maintenance charge ("FOM"); (c) the fuel cost; and (d) a variable operating and maintenance charge ("VOM"). The NFEC and FOM charges constitute approximately 65% of the total cost (assuming 90% availability and capacity factors) and are fixed over the term of the PPA. Fuel cost is based on actual costs with gain sharing when the actual cost is lower than target, which it has been since COD. The VOM charge escalates according to a consumer price index. The PPA provides liquidated damages for performance below contractual levels of reliability. If the unit is unavailable, the PPA is constructed such that there will be no cost to the City, other than reimbursement of ad valorem taxes.

The GREC Biomass Plant is a merchant power plant within the City's NERC Balancing Authority. This imposes regulatory responsibilities on both GREC LLC and the System. Pursuant to the rights and obligations of the PPA and regulatory requirements of NERC, the City has sole control of the dispatch of the GREC Biomass Plant. The GREC Biomass Plant is equipped with Best Available Control Technology ("BACT") air emission controls including; dry sorbent injection, selective catalytic reduction of NOx and fabric filters for particulate control. The type of fuel to be employed makes it unnecessary to control SO₂ or mercury. The GREC Biomass Plant received its Title V Operating Air Emissions Permit effective January 1, 2015, which must be renewed every five years.

The recent decline in the costs of natural gas and coal have made CC1 and DH2 more cost beneficial than the GREC Biomass Plant. As such, when the City has the authority under the PPA to do so, the City has directed the GREC Biomass Plant remain in standby and it is anticipated that GRU will continue to do so, unless the GREC Biomass Plant is needed for reasons of System reliability or when System demand and economics dictate otherwise. Even when the GREC Biomass Plant is in standby, the City pays significant monthly availability charges to GREC LLC. For more information, see "-- SUMMARY OF COMBINED NET REVENUES" below.

Pursuant to the PPA, GREC LLC may not sell the GREC Biomass Plant, either directly or indirectly, through a change of control of GREC LLC during the term of the PPA unless GREC LLC has complied with the following: prior to selling the GREC Biomass Plant, GREC LLC must give notice to the City of GREC LLC's intent to sell the GREC Biomass Plant and the City has 60 days from such notice to prepare an offer (the "First Offer") to purchase the GREC Biomass Plant. GREC LLC must negotiate in good faith exclusively

with the City for a minimum of 30 days from receipt of the First Offer to attempt to reach agreement on the terms of a purchase. If the City and GREC LLC cannot reach an agreement on sale terms within the 30 days of receipt of the First Offer, then GREC LLC is provided 360 days from the date of the City delivering the First Offer to close on a sale of the GREC Biomass Plant to an unaffiliated third party for a price and for terms that are no less than the price and no more onerous than the terms of the City's First Offer. GREC LLC has not provided such notice to the City and as disclosed in "PURPOSE OF FINANCING" herein, GREC LLC and the City are parties to the Asset Purchase Agreement pursuant to which the parties are working to close on the sale of the GREC Biomass Plant from GREC LLC to the City. If the sale closes, at closing, GREC LLC's right, title, interest, obligations and responsibilities under the PPA will be assigned to the City and will immediately be unilaterally terminated by the City and the City will own the GREC Biomass Plant.

Baseline Landfill – The System entered into a fifteen-year contract for the entire output (3 MW) of electricity generated from landfill gas derived from the Baseline Landfill in Marion County, Florida, which was placed in service in December 2008. The Baseline Landfill is actively expanding and additional capacity is projected for the future. Power from the Baseline Landfill is wheeled to the System over Duke's transmission system.

Fuel Supply

The objectives of the System's fuel procurement and management strategy are: (1) diversification of fuel mix and fuel sources, (2) continuous improvement of delivered fuel cost through innovative contract procurement and the use of short-term suppliers, (3) optimization of the quality of fuel and market price to achieve environmental compliance in the most effective and competitive manner possible, (4) reduction in the impact of price volatility in fuel markets through physical and financial risk management of the fuel supply portfolio and (5) participation in joint procurement programs with other municipal systems to maximize the price benefits of volume purchasing. The flexibility afforded by these actions allows the System to take advantage of changes in relative fuel prices and strategically adjust its use of coal, natural gas or fuel oil to optimize its fuel costs. For fiscal year 2016, net energy for load ("NEL") was served as follows: coal 20.66%; biomass 0.86%; natural gas 54.53%; landfill gas 1.19%; solar 1.14%; oil 0.01%. The remainder of NEL was served by spot purchase power. The System, as both a buyer in the fuel markets and a producer of power, hedges risk and volatility by the use of futures and options. The System's hedging activities are primarily limited to natural gas futures and options. The System's exposure to financial market risk through hedging activity is limited by a written policy and procedure, oversight by a committee of senior division managers, financial control systems, and reporting systems to the General Manager for the System.

Coal – The System currently owns a fleet of 111 aluminum rapid-discharge rail cars that are in continuous operation between the DGS and the coal supply regions. Coal inventory at the Deerhaven Generating Station ("DGS") is maintained at approximately 40-50 day supply, based on projected burn, anticipated disruptions in coal supply or rail transportation, or short-term market pricing fluctuations. The System's coal procurement considers both short-term and long-term fuel supply agreements with reputable coal producers. This strategy allows the System to reduce supply risk, decrease price volatility, insulate customers from short-term price swings, and exert better control over the quality of coal delivered. The strategy also retains opportunities for cost savings through spot purchases, the ability to evaluate new coal sources through test burns, or to take advantage of a producer's excess coal production capacity. Typically, the System maintains 70-75% of its coal supply under one to three year term contracts and the remainder under short-term contracts of one year or less. The System does not currently have an active contract for

the supply of coal. The System has a long-term transportation contract for coal with CSX Transportation that expires in 2019. A consultant that specializes in fuel transportation and logistics has been retained to explore additional transport options and finalize the rail renegotiation strategy. Effective October 2014, the City Commission instituted a policy prohibiting the procurement of coal from mountain top removal (MTR) sources unless a 5% savings over deep mined coal is achieved by doing so, which policy has not had a material impact on the System to date.

See also "Ratings Triggers and Other Factors That Could Affect the System's Liquidity, Results of Operations or Financial Condition - Coal Supply Agreements" herein.

Natural Gas - Natural gas supply for both the electric system and the natural gas distribution system is transported to the System by Florida Gas Transmission ("FGT") under long-term contracts for daily firm pipeline transport capacity. The contracts are priced under transportation tariffs filed with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC"). The System's natural gas supplies are transported from Gulf Coast producing regions in Texas, Louisiana, Mississippi and Alabama. Natural gas volumes greater than the System's firm transportation contract entitlements are supplied either through interruptible transportation capacity or through the use of excess delivered capacity from other suppliers on FGT, as arranged by TEA which has combined purchasing power to ensure capacity. For fiscal year 2016, the System consumed 11,346,889 million British thermal units ("MMBtu") of natural gas in electric generation and 2,060,554 MMBtu for the gas distribution system. The average cost of gas delivered to the System was \$3.14/MMBtu. The System analyzes, investigates, and participates in opportunities to hedge its natural gas requirements as well as provide greater reliability of supply and transportation for customers. These opportunities include pipeline tariff discussions and negotiations, review of potential liquefied natural gas projects and supply offers, review of potential long-term purchases, natural gas supply baseload contracts, and the purchase and sale of financial NYMEX commodity contracts and options. TEA is a market participant that provides comprehensive energy trading, analysis, strategies and recommendations to the System's Risk Oversight Committee ("ROC"). TEA is responsible for the procurement of daily physical volumes and management of pipeline transportation entitlements, as well as the execution of financial hedging transactions on the System's behalf. ROC provides direction and oversight on hedging to TEA. See "Energy Sales – *The Energy Authority*" above.

Oil – At current and projected price levels, the System's oil capable units are not projected to operate on fuel oil except in emergency backup modes. For fiscal year 2016, fuel oil accounted for approximately 0.01% of net generation. This level of contribution is not projected to change in the near term. When it does become necessary to replenish inventory for any unit, the System seeks to control the costs by purchasing forward supply at fixed prices and timing market entry points to take advantage of favorable pricing trends.

Transmission System, Interconnections and Interchange Agreements

The System's transmission system infrastructure consists of approximately 117.2 circuit miles operated at 138 kV and 2.5 circuit miles operated at 230 kV. There are four interconnections with the Florida transmission grid thereby connecting the System to Duke to the west and south as well as FPL to the east. Specifically, there are three (3) interconnections with Duke: one at their Archer Substation at 230 kV and two at their Idylwild Substation at 138 kV. There is also one interconnection to FPL's Hampton Substation at 138kV. The Hague transmission switching station was constructed to serve as the interconnection point to the GREC Biomass Plant. The transmission system has ample interconnection capacity to import sufficient power from the State grid system to serve native load under normal circumstances.

The System's 138 kV transmission system encircles its service area and connects three transmission switching stations, six loop-fed distribution substations, and four radial-fed distribution substations. This configuration provides a high degree of reliability to serve the System's retail load, delivering wholesale power to Alachua and providing transmission service to a portion of Clay's service territory.

The System is a member of the Florida Reliability Coordinating Council (the "FRCC"), which is a not-for-profit company incorporated in the State of Florida. The purpose of the FRCC is to ensure and enhance the reliability and adequacy of bulk electricity supply in Florida. As a member of FRCC, the System participates in sharing reserves for reliability purposes with other generating utilities in Florida, resulting in a substantial reduction in the amount of reserves required for proper operation and reliability.

FRCC serves as a regional entity with delegated authority from the North American Electric Reliability Corporation ("NERC") for the purposes of proposing and enforcing reliability standards within the FRCC Region. The area of the State of Florida that is within the FRCC Region is peninsular Florida east of the Apalachicola River, which area is under the direction of the FRCC Reliability Coordinator.

Electrical Distribution

All of the System's distribution substations are served from the 138 kV transmission system. The System is a 12.47 kV distribution system. If the transmission line supplying a radial-fed distribution substation should fault, the retail loads affected can be served by remote and field actuated switching to adjacent and unaffected distribution circuits. Additional substations have been planned near and within the northern and eastern quadrants of the System's service area to serve load growth in those areas and improve system reliability and resiliency.

The transmission and distribution facilities are fully modeled in a geographical information system ("GIS"). The GIS is integrated with the System's outage management system to enable the linkage of customer calls to specific devices. This integration promotes enhanced and expedited service restoration. Integrated software systems are also used extensively to assign loads to specific circuits, planning distribution and substation system improvements, and supporting restoration efforts resulting from extreme weather. In addition, greater than 60% of the distribution system's circuit miles are underground, which is among the highest percentages in Florida.

Capital Improvement Program

The System's current six-year electric capital improvement program requires approximately \$393 million in capital expenditures between fiscal years ended September 30, 2018 through and including 2022 and does not include the GREC Biomass Plant which become the responsibility of the City after the acquisition. A breakdown of the categories included in the six-year capital improvement program is outlined below and reflects the approved program from the fiscal year 2017 budget process. The South Energy Center expansion at Shands is included in the 2017 budget and is anticipated to cost approximately \$30 million in capital through completion in 2018.

Electric Capital Improvement Program

Fiscal Years ended September 30,

		risear rears chaea september 50,					
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Generation and Control	\$11,073,913	\$9,320,426	\$6,191,721	\$4,715,250	\$5,794,981	\$37,096,290	
Transmission and Distribution	16,156,908	16,840,426	29,434,143	32,630,854	13,349,919	108,412,250	
Miscellaneous and Contingency	10,899,838	8,576,448	4,422,826	8,519,511	954,544	41,373,168	
Total	\$38,130,659	\$34,737,301	\$40,048,690	\$45,865,614	\$28,099,444	\$186,881,708	

Loads and Resources

A summary of the System's generating resources and firm interchange sales compared to historical and projected capacity requirements is provided below:

	Net Summer System	Firm Interchange	Peak	Plannin	Projected g Reserve argin
Fiscal	Capability	Sales	Load		
Year	$(MW)^{(1)}$	(MW)	$(MW)^{(2)}$	MW	Percent
Historical					
2012	667	0	415	252	61
2013	657	0	416	241	58
2014	645	0	409	236	58
2015	645	0	421	228	56
2016	645	0	428	223	54
Projected					
2017	645	0	437	227	52
2018	645	0	444	222	50
2019	645	0	438	215	49
2020	645	0	441	216	49

Based upon summer ratings. A purchase of 50 MW of firm baseload capacity ended December 31, 2013. Imported firm capacity has been adjusted for losses in the table above. No additional FIT solar capacity was added after 2013. 10MW of FIT solar capacity are represented in the table above but are not included in the existing generating facilities. The GREC Biomass Plant is 102.5 MW are included in projected values. Does not include Solar FIT.

Summer peak forecast historically incorporated the System's aggressive conservation and DSM plan. In 2014, conservation planning was reduced significantly, which lessened the impact on peak loads. The plan continues to include conservation incentive retail rates and distributed renewable resources as with fewer incentive and information programs related to appliance and end use efficiency. The summer peak forecast presented here also includes Alachua all-requirements wholesale contract which is given the same precedence as native load.

Mutual Aid Agreement for Extended Generation Outages

The System has entered into a mutual aid agreement for extended generation outages with six other consumer-owned generating utilities in north central Florida and Georgia. Participating with the System in this agreement are FMPA, JEA, Lakeland Electric, Orlando Utilities Commission, the City of Tallahassee, and MEAG Power. Participants have committed to provide replacement power in the event of a long-term (two to twelve month) outage of one of the baseload generating units designated under the agreement. Each utility will provide a pro-rata share of the replacement power and will be reimbursed at an indexed price of coal assuming a heat rate of 11,000 BTU/kWh and an indexed price for gas assuming a heat rate of 9,250 BTU/kWh. The System has designated 100 MW of the capacity of DH 2 and 100 MW of the capacity at JRK Station to be covered under the agreement. The current agreement was renewed for an additional 5-year term beginning October 1, 2017. To date, the System has provided aid under this agreement, but has never requested aid pursuant to this agreement.

Future Power Supply

<u>General</u>

While the System's existing generating units can maintain a 15% reserve margin through at least 2022, if all generating units are available, the reserve margin can fall from 40+% to a generation deficit with the loss of the System's largest unit, DH 2. As such, power supply planning must address this first contingency event. The reliability of the System's generating sources and the availability of purchased power have been such that the System has never had to declare a generation deficiency. The next scheduled retirement of a generating facility is DH 1 in 2022. Management's strategy to maintain competitive power costs is to maintain the System's status as a self-generating electric utility with a diverse fuel supply that is hedged with a renewable PPA portfolio and meets all environmental standards and expectations of the local community. The ability to be self-generating has proven itself to be a powerful hedge against market volatility while maximizing reliability for native load. Important aspects of this strategy are the management of potentially stranded costs, maintenance of adequate transmission capacity, use of financial as well as physical techniques to hedge fuel costs, and long-term management of pipeline and rail transportation contracts and capacity. Upon the purchase of the GREC Biomass Plant, GRU will continue to have sufficient generating capacity and will not need to acquire any additional capacity resources for several years. However, GRU has found it to be in its best economic interests to manage its power needs through the generation of power with its existing facilities and to acquire/utilize purchased energy supply, if there is a cost benefit.

The Planning Process

The primary factors currently affecting the utility industry include environmental regulations, restructuring of the wholesale energy markets, the formation of independent bulk power transmission systems, the formation of an Electric Reliability Organization ("ERO") under FERC jurisdiction, and the increasing strategic and price differences among various types of fuels. No state or federal legislation is pending or proposed at this time for retail competition in Florida. The purpose of the planning process is to develop a plan to best meet the System's obligation to the reliability and security of the bulk electric system ("BES") of the State of Florida and best serve the needs of the System's customers, the most significant of which being competitive pricing of services. The System's current coal transportation contract expires December 31, 2019. Although negotiation strategies and additional options are being explored, the as-delivered cost of coal is anticipated to significantly increase. Compliance with some elements of the

EPA Clean Power Plan may also impact future power supply planning regarding the System (see "— Factors Affecting the Utility Industry -- Climate Change" below). The year 2020 characterizes a time frame and does not limit considerations of future events.

At last review, the Power 2020 plan raised questions that go beyond the current options being considered. As a result, TEA was chosen to create an Integrated Resource Plan ("IRP") to help model a better answer to some of the unknowns going forward. Using modeling algorithms, the IRP will take a look at the aspects of the system requirements and provide recommendations for the best path forward. That path may include, amongst other strategies, additional generation, import capability, and demand side management, to accomplish the needs of the System. Delivery of the final report and recommendations is expected by September 2017.

In the fall of 2016, GRU applied for a Point-to-Point Transmission Service Request ("TSR") with Duke Energy Florida ("DEF") and Florida Power & Light ("FPL") with the intent of obtaining worst-case costs and facility upgrades necessary to provide GRU with 340MW of firm power service from either provider. The amount of 340MW was chosen as the "upper envelope" of import power needs in the event GRU retires all native generation with the exception of the GREC Biomass Plant. Based on the study results, DEF concluded that extensive projects work must be completed in the 10 year planning horizon and provided a non-binding estimate of \$400 million to mitigate impacts on the DEF system. FPL, based on its own TSR results, provided a non-binding estimate of \$75.5 million for its own required system upgrades and identified multiple third party impacts, confirming DEF's findings. Should GRU pursue large firm power purchases, third party impacts (such as the need to acquire right of way for transmission lines) shall be reassessed in a coordinated study with the FRCC TWG.

Solar FIT

The System became the first utility in the nation to adopt a European-style solar FIT in March 2009. The System purchases 100% of the electricity produced by a photovoltaic ("PV") solar system, which is delivered directly to the System's distribution system. What distinguishes a European-style FIT from any other FIT are the following three factors: (a) the price paid per kWh is designed to allow the owner/operator to earn a profit (the System applied a 5% internal rate of return after taxes to a reference system design); (b) the tariff is fixed over a sufficient period of time by a contract that is designed to promote investment (the System provides a twenty-year fixed price power purchase agreement); and (c) there are distinctions between different types of projects in terms of the price paid (in the case of the System, there are different rates for building/pavement mount and green field ground mount systems). FIT can be applied to any form of renewable energy, but the System chose to focus on solar. The System acquires all the environmental attributes of the solar energy purchased under the FIT, such as renewable energy credits and carbon offsets. The System stopped accepting new installations after 2013; however, approximately 23.3 MW of solar PV capacity was installed and continues to supply energy to the System.

Solar Net Metering

Net metering systems generally consist of solar panels, or other renewable energy generators, connected to a public utility power grid. The surplus power produced is transferred to the grid, allowing customers to offset the cost of power drawn from the utility. The net meter system includes both residential and commercial customers. To date, approximately 2.9 MW of solar PV capacity have been installed.

The Water System

The water system currently includes 1,146 miles of water transmission and distribution lines throughout the Gainesville urban area, 16 water supply wells located in a protected well field, and one treatment plant (the "Murphree Plant") possessing a rated peak day capacity of 54 Mgd. Treatment processes include lime-softening, recarbonation, filtration, chlorination and fluoridation. The Murphree Plant's design allows for expansion to at least 60 Mgd of capacity at the plant site without interruption of treatment or service. The System renewed its consumptive use permit ("CUP") in September 2014 which will expire on September 10, 2034. The water system also includes a total of 19.5 million gallons of water storage capacity, comprised of pumped ground storage and elevated tanks.

Service Area

The water system serves customers within the City limits and in the immediate surrounding unincorporated area. Comprehensive land use plans for the Gainesville urban area mandate connection of new construction to the water system for all but very low density residential developments. Much of the water system's growth is in areas served by Clay for electricity or redevelopment of areas with higher density development. The area presently served includes approximately 118 square miles and approximately 75% of the County's total population. The University of Florida and a small residential development in Alachua are the only wholesale water sales customers.

Customers

The System has experienced average customer growth of 0.8% per year over the last five years. The System has extension policies and connection fees for providing water supply services to new developments appropriately designed to assure that new customers do not impose rate pressure on existing customers. The following tabulation shows the average number of water customers for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2012 through and including 2016.

	Fiscal Years ended September 30,							
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016			
Customers (Average)	69,329	69,847	70,300	70,903	71,546			

Most of the System's individual water customers are residential. Commercial and industrial customers comprised approximately 8.7% of the 71,546 average customers in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, and 62% of all water sales revenues were from residential customers.

Water Treatment and Supply

The System's water supply is groundwater obtained from a well field tapping into a confined portion of the Floridan aquifer. Groundwater is treated at the Murphree Plant prior to distribution and eventual use. Water treatment and supply facilities are planned based on the need to provide reserve capacity under extreme conditions of extended drought, with attendant maximum demands for water and lowered aquifer water levels. Under these design conditions, current water treatment and supply facilities are adequate through at least 2034. No limitation of supply imposed by the aquifer's sustained yield has been identified by groundwater studies to date.

Water treatment at the Murphree Plant consists of softening to protect the distribution system and improve customer satisfaction, fluoridation for improved cavity protection in young children, filtration, and chlorination for protection from microbial contamination. Specific treatment processes include sulfide oxidation, lime softening, pH stabilization, filtration, fluoridation, and chlorination. Treated water is collected in a clearwell for transfer to ground storage reservoirs prior to distribution. The filter system has been upgraded with two additional filter cells to provide additional treatment capacity. The System has been upgrading plant components that are outdated or at or near the end of the operating lives in order to ensure the reliability and longevity of the plant. One such upgrade is replacing the electrical system at the water plant. This project will replace the original large electrical equipment, generator, conductors, and construct a new electrical building at the plant. The original equipment which was installed in 1974 has reached the end of its serviceable life and requires replacement to ensure the continued reliable operation of the Murphree Plant. The cost of the project is approximately \$11 million and is included in the System's 6 year capital budget.

Raw water requirements for the water system are supplied by sixteen deep wells drilled into the Floridan aquifer. Vertical turbine pumps raise the water and deliver it to the Murphree Plant for treatment. In 2000, the System, along with the local water management districts, purchased a conservation easement over 7,000 acres of silvicultural property immediately to the north and northwest of the Murphree Plant. The conservation easement provides protection to the System's sixteen existing wells and will accommodate the construction of additional wells. Existing and future wells within the conservation easement are anticipated to yield a minimum of 60 Mgd of water supply to match the long-term future treatment capacity of the Murphree Plant site.

The System's groundwater withdrawals are permitted through the St. Johns River Water Management District ("SJRWMD") and Suwannee River Water Management District ("SRWMD"). The SJRWMD and the SRWMD have adopted a 20-year water supply plan through 2035. The intent of the water supply planning process is to ensure adequate water supply on a long-term basis while protecting natural resources. Computer groundwater modeling performed to date by the water management districts indicates that there may be future constraints on groundwater supplies. One of the regulatory constraints used by the water management districts and the Florida Department of Environmental Protection ("FDEP") to protect water bodies is the "minimum flows and levels" ("MFL") program. The water management districts and the FDEP have developed and are continuing to develop MFL for individual springs, lakes and rivers to ensure that they are not adversely impacted by groundwater withdrawals. The water management districts are developing refined groundwater models to better define and evaluate potential constraints for both water supply planning and the MFL program. The System is participating in both the model development and MFL development efforts. The System is required to comply with existing and future MFLs and with water supply plans which may result in increased costs to the System. The System will comply with its consumptive use permit and meet the System's future water supply needs primarily through a combination of increased water conservation efforts and an increased use of reclaimed water.

The Cabot/Koppers Superfund site is located approximately 2 miles to the southwest of the Murphree Plant. The site includes two properties: The Cabot Carbon area, covering 50 acres on the eastern side of the site and The Koppers area, covering 90 acres on the western side of the site. The Cabot property was used primarily for producing charcoal and pine products. The Koppers property was used for wood treating. Both production facilities are owned by corporations unrelated to the System.

The EPA placed the site on the National Priorities List under the Superfund program in 1984 because of contaminated soil and groundwater resulting from facility operations. The EPA then issued a

Record of Decision ("ROD") for the site in 1990 which described the plan for cleaning up the site. Actions were taken in the 1990's to contain and partially remove contamination at the site. The presence of protective geologic confining layers over the aquifer has greatly impeded the migration of contamination. However, additional investigations of the site since 2001, conducted at the urging of the System, the County and members of the community, have indicated that additional measures are needed to contain the contamination and clean up the site to ensure that the water supply is protected. Although the System is not a potentially responsible party ("PRP") for this site, it has been and intends to continue being highly proactive in protecting the City's water supply. The System has actively participated as a stakeholder working with the EPA and the PRPs for the site (Beazer East, Inc. and Cabot Corporation) to develop remediation plans. The System has assembled a team of experts in the groundwater contamination field to assist and advise the System, and to assist the System in interacting with the EPA and the PRPs to ensure that the appropriate steps are taken. The System regularly tests both the raw and finished water at the well field and there has been no trace of contamination. Based on the System's request, an extensive Floridan aquifer groundwater monitoring network has been constructed at the Koppers portion of the site and is routinely monitored.

In February 2011, the EPA issued a second ROD which described additional cleanup actions needed at the site. The ROD includes a multiple barrier approach for containing contamination at the Koppers portion of the site: (1) areas containing creosote will be treated with two different in situ treatment technologies to immobilize the creosote; (2) a slurry wall will be constructed around the most contaminated areas; and (3) contaminated groundwater from the Floridan aquifer below the site is being pumped and treated. The EPA and Beazer East, Inc., the PRP for the Koppers portion of the site, have entered into a consent decree which requires the PRP to implement the remediation described in the ROD. The consent decree has been approved by the federal district court. The consent decree has not had a material adverse effect on the System or its financial condition. Beazer is currently implementing the cleanup plan per the ROD and it is anticipated that the cleanup of the Koppers portion of the site will be completed by 2021. The System and its expert consultants are continuing to be highly engaged in the design and implementation of the cleanup site.

Additional cleanup measures will also be implemented for the Cabot portion of the site. These measures will include construction of subsurface slurry walls around contaminated areas and may include additional soil removal. It is anticipated that remediation of this site will also be completed by 2021.

The System performs routine monitoring of drinking water quality at the Murphree Plant and in the water distribution system in accordance with the EPA and state regulations including EPA Lead and Copper Rule. The System has been in compliance with the Lead and Copper Rule since its inception 26 years ago. The drinking water supply does not contain lead. Also, since the drinking water supply comes from a limestone aquifer, the water is naturally non-corrosive which protects against lead leaching into the water from plumbing fixtures.

Transmission and Distribution

The water transmission system consists primarily of cast and ductile iron water mains from 10 to 36 inches in diameter providing a hydraulically looped system. The Murphree Plant high service pumps and the Santa Fe Repump station and two elevated storage tanks provide water flow and pressure stabilization throughout the service area. The water distribution system consists primarily of cast iron, ductile iron, and polyvinyl chloride ("PVC") water mains from 2 to 8 inches in diameter and covers a service area of approximately 118 square miles. The System not only installs new water distribution system

additions, but also approves plans for and inspects private developers' water distribution systems which ultimately are deeded over to the System to become an integral part of the System's overall distribution system. The System monitors pressure in several locations throughout the distribution system to ensure that adequate pressures are maintained. In addition, the System utilizes a computer model to assess future conditions and to ensure that system improvements are constructed to ensure adequate pressures in the future.

Capital Improvement Program

The System's current six-year water capital improvement program requires approximately \$63.3 million in capital expenditures for the fiscal years of September 30, 2017 through and including 2022. A breakdown of the categories included in the six-year capital improvement program is outlined below and reflects the approved program from the fiscal year 2017 budget process.

Water Capital Improvement Program

	2018	<u>2019</u>	2020	2021	2022	<u>Total</u>
Plant Improvements	\$9,256,879	\$5,820,698	\$2,051,367	\$3,206,379	\$2,689,503	\$23,024,826
Transmission and Distribution	3,500,838	4,113,215	3,092,360	7,056,662	6,924,218	24,687,292
Miscellaneous and Contingency	4,445,110	4,252,865	2,170,775	2,855,517	3,708,507	17,432,774
Total	\$17,202,827	\$14,186,778	\$7,314,502	\$13,118,558	\$13,322,228	\$65,144,893

The Wastewater System

The wastewater system serves most of the Gainesville urban area and consists of 635 miles of gravity sewer collection system, 168 pump stations with 142 miles of associated force main, and two major wastewater treatment plants with a combined treatment capacity of 22.4 Mgd AADF.

All of the effluent from the plants is beneficially reused either for aquifer recharge through recharge wells or groundwater recharge systems, environmental restoration, irrigation, or industrial cooling. The System is continuing to expand its reuse systems at both of its treatment plants in order to conserve groundwater resources and provide additional effluent disposal capacity expansion.

Service Area

The wastewater system service area is essentially the same as the water system service area. Similar to the water system, extension policies and connection fees for providing wastewater facilities and service to new customers are appropriately designed to protect existing customers from rate pressure that would result from adding new customers to the wastewater system. Comprehensive land use plans for the Gainesville urban area mandate connection of new construction to the wastewater system for all but very low density residential developments. Much of the wastewater system's growth is in areas served by Clay for electricity or redevelopment of areas with higher density development. The System also provides wholesale wastewater service to the City of Waldo. The wastewater system does not serve the majority of the University of Florida campus.

Customers

The System has experienced average customer growth of 0.9% per year over the last five years. The following tabulation shows the average number of wastewater customers, including reclaimed water customers, for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2012 through and including 2016.

		Fiscal Years ended September 30,						
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016			
Customers (Average)	62,536	63,001	63,501	64,121	64,781			

The composition of the System's wastewater customers is predominantly residential. Commercial and industrial customers comprised approximately 6.7% of the 64,781 average customers in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, and residential customers were the source of 68% of all the wastewater system's revenues in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016.

In 2011, the System executed an agreement with the City of Waldo, Florida ("Waldo") to provide Waldo with wastewater service on a wholesale basis. Waldo currently provides wastewater service to approximately 850 of its residents. Waldo constructed a lift station and force main which collects Waldo's raw wastewater and discharges it to one of the System's existing lift stations. The facilities provide adequate capacity for Waldo to more than double its service population with future growth, which will in turn result in more revenue opportunities for the System.

Treatment

The wastewater system currently includes two major wastewater treatment facilities, the Main Street Water Reclamation Facility (the "MSWRF") and the Kanapaha Water Reclamation Facility (the "KWRF"). Currently, these facilities have a combined capacity of 22.4 Mgd AADF, which is sufficient capacity to meet projected demands through at least 2034. Although these facilities receive flow from adjacent but distinct collection areas, a pump station that allows wastewater to be routed to either the MSWRF or KWRF allows treatment capacity at both facilities to be fully utilized.

The MSWRF has a treatment capacity of 7.5 Mgd AADF and was upgraded in 1992 to include advanced tertiary activated sludge treatment process units. The new facilities include effluent filtration, gravity belt sludge thickeners, and major improvements to plant headworks to control odors and improve plant reliability. Existing sludge treatment facilities are adequate to meet current federal sludge regulations. Effluent from the MSWRF is discharged to the Sweetwater Branch and must meet requirements of the FDEP for discharge to Class III surface waters. The MSWRF is in compliance with its National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System ("NPDES") permit. The MSWRF NPDES permit is a 5-year permit that expires March 18, 2020.

In addition, the MSWRF includes a reclaimed water pumping station and distribution system. The reclaimed water distribution system currently includes a pipeline, which provides reclaimed water to the South Energy Center where it is then used for process cooling and irrigation. See "- The Electric System – Energy Supply System – *Generating Facilities – South Energy Center*" above. This pipeline also provides reclaimed water for pond augmentation and irrigation at the Depot Park Project (MGP remediation site) (see "- The Natural Gas System – Manufactured Gas Plant" below) and at the System's Innovation Energy Center chilled water facility (see " - Management's Discussion of System Operations – Competition" herein).

The pipeline will also provide reclaimed water for other irrigation and cooling uses that develop near the pipeline corridor.

Under the FDEP Total Maximum Daily Load ("TMDL") regulations, FDEP assesses the water quality in water bodies and sets requirements for reduction in pollutant sources. FDEP adopted a TMDL in January 2006 which requires reductions in total nitrogen discharges from the MSWRF and other nitrogen sources. Florida's TMDL regulations allow the FDEP to negotiate basin management plans involving all of the parties affecting the water bodies. Subsequent to the adoption of this TMDL, the FDEP promulgated its Numeric Nutrient Criteria ("NNC") Rule effective September 17, 2014. The System will achieve its TMDL limits and comply with the NNC Rule by implementing a cooperative environmental restoration project known as the Paynes Prairie Sheetflow Restoration project. The combination of the project and the reclaimed water distribution (described above) will allow the System to beneficially reuse 100% of the MSWRF effluent.

The MSWRF NPDES permit requires the Paynes Prairie Sheetflow Restoration project be fully operational and comply with TMDL requirements by April 2019. Construction of the project was completed in 2016 and is in the start-up phase of operation, which is anticipated to last for five years. It is expected to be fully compliant with all criteria, as required, by April 2019. In conjunction with the project, the System is currently working with the FDEP to establish site specific criteria for the Sweetwater Branch Creek in accordance with the NNC Rule. The System is following established procedures for developing site specific criteria. However, the System also has a backup plan in the unlikely event that it was not able to obtain site specific criteria. The backup plan would consist of the construction of an \$8 million pipeline which would meet numeric nutrient criteria.

Another regulatory change that the System has responded to is the reuse of biosolids generated from the wastewater treatment process. Prior to 2016, the System beneficially reused its biosolids through Class B land application in accordance with FDEP and EPA requirements. However, changes in local land use ordinances made it necessary to transition to a new program that includes biosolids dewatering and use of a contractor that will process the biosolids to produce a fertilizer product. The System has completed construction on the dewatering facilities and other plant improvements to facilitate dewatering at a cost of \$17 million and is currently in full operation. In addition, enhanced screening facilities at the KWRF were replaced to reduce solids entering the plant and thereby reducing wear and tear on the new dewatering equipment.

The KWRF is permitted to discharge into a potable zone of the Floridan aquifer. Construction was completed in June 2004 to provide a capacity of 14.9 Mgd AADF. The KWRF has two distinct treatment processes incorporated into its design: a modified Ludzack-Ettinger Treatment process and a carrousel advanced wastewater treatment activated sludge system. The treatment processes conclude with filtration and disinfection prior to discharge into aquifer recharge wells and a reclaimed water distribution system. The disinfection system was recently modified to meet more stringent regulatory limits. The System consistently meets the required primary and secondary drinking water standards for discharge to recharge wells as set forth in its NPDES permit.

The MSWRF East Train rehabilitation project is scheduled to be completed in or before fiscal year 2021 at an estimated cost of \$3.3 million, and is part of the six-year capital improvements program. The east train is the oldest treatment train at the MSWRF, originally installed in the 1960's. The mechanical components in the east train have signs of deterioration and the aerators are nearly 40 years old. This

rehabilitation project will replace the clarifier mechanism, electrical gears, control panels, PLC, aerators and rehabilitate the concrete basin structure.

The Southwest Reuse Project distributes reclaimed water from the KWRF to commercial and residential customers for landscape irrigation and golf course irrigation. The System also has numerous "aesthetic water features," which provide a public amenity and wildlife habitat in addition to recharging the aquifer. All reclaimed water not reused directly recharges the Floridan aquifer through deep recharge wells that discharge to a depth of 1,000 feet.

In the fiscal years ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, the System delivered approximately 2.9 Mgd AADF and 2.3 Mgd AADF, respectively, of reclaimed water. The regional water management districts encourage the use of reclaimed water to reduce demands on groundwater. The FDEP encourages reuse as an environmentally appropriate means of effluent disposal.

Wastewater Collection

The wastewater gravity collection system consists of 15,309 manholes with 635 miles of gravity sewer, 50% of which consists of vitrified clay pipe. New facilities are primarily constructed of PVC high density polyethylene ("HDPE") pipe. The System maintains three television sealing and inspection units which are routinely employed in inspecting new additions to the System to ensure they meet specifications of the System and in inspecting older lines. The television inspections allow the System to identify segments of piping which have high infiltration and inflow or structural concerns. These pipes are restored through a process known as slip-lining, in which a cured in place fiberglass sleeve is installed in the pipe. The System performs slip-lining using its own crews. In addition, the System routinely utilizes contractors to perform slip-lining of longer segments of piping. As a result of the use of slip-lining, infiltration and inflow to the System are not excessive.

The force main system which routes flow to the treatment plant consists of 168 pump stations and over 142 miles of pipe. Existing lines less than 12 inches in diameter are generally constructed of PVC pipe and existing lines 12 inches in diameter and over are generally constructed of ductile iron pipe. For new construction, force mains 16 inches and smaller are generally constructed of PVC or HDPE. The System has instituted a preventative maintenance program to assure long life and efficiency at all pumping stations.

Capital Improvement Program

The System's current six-year wastewater capital improvement program requires approximately \$101.7 million in capital expenditures for the fiscal years ending September 30, 2017 through and including 2022. A breakdown of the categories included in the six-year capital improvement program is outlined below and reflects the approved program from the fiscal year 2017 budget process.

Wastewater Capital Improvement Program

			1	,		
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>Total</u>
Plant Improvements	\$7,032,487	\$9,609,452	\$6,602,751	\$6,713,100	\$5,894,425	\$35,852,215
Reclaimed Water	1,166,552	860,065	726,134	260,703	331,561	3,345,016
Collection System	9,164,348	9,737,492	10,192,891	10,868,415	14,467,130	54,430,275
Miscellaneous and Contingency	5,366,141	5,315,592	2,699,641	3,551,353	4,621,598	21,554,326
Total	\$22,729,529	\$25,522,602	\$20,221,416	\$21,393,571	\$25,314,714	\$115,181,832

The Natural Gas System

The natural gas system was acquired in January 1990 and since then has met the System's customers' preferences for natural gas as a cooking and heating fuel as well as provided a cost-effective DSM program alternative. The natural gas system consists primarily of underground gas distribution and service lines, six points of delivery or interconnections with FGT, and metering and measuring equipment. Liquid propane ("LP") systems are utilized for new developments that are beyond the existing natural gas distribution network. As the natural gas system is expanded, the LP systems and customer appliances are converted from LP to natural gas.

Service Area

The natural gas system services customers within the City limits and in the surrounding unincorporated area. The natural gas system covers approximately 115 square miles and provides service to 30% of the County's population. In addition, the natural gas system serves customers within the city limits of Alachua and High Springs. The franchise agreement with Alachua expired on November 10, 2007. The terms and conditions of the expired franchise remain in effect and negotiations for an extended franchise are in process. Service has continued uninterrupted and the customer base continues to expand in that community. Service provided to Alachua represents approximately 6% of total retail gas sales of the System. The System has also entered into franchise agreements to provide natural gas to the City of Archer ("Archer") and Hawthorne and has ongoing negotiations to receive a franchise agreement in Newberry. To date, there are no budgeted funds or anticipated timelines for capital infrastructure developments into Archer or Hawthorne.

Customers

The following tabulation shows the average number of natural gas customers for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2012 through and including 2016. Over 90% of new single family developments in the Gainesville urban area have been connected to the System over this period.

	Fiscal Years ended September 30,						
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016		
Customers (Average)	33,264	33,465	33,780	34,152	34,496		

The composition of the System's natural gas customers is predominantly residential. Commercial and industrial customers comprised approximately 4.7% of the 34,496 average customers served in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, while approximately 95.3% were residential customers.

Natural Gas Supply

Natural gas is procured and delivered in much the same manner as the System's electric generation operations. TEA purchases the commodity, optimizes pipeline capacity entitlements, and executes physical and financial hedging strategies on behalf of the System as it does for electric operations. The non-coincident occurrences of electric system and gas retail distribution ("LDC") system peak demands provide opportunities to switch electric fuels to free up pipeline capacity for the LDC and/or manage pipeline entitlements to enhance the reliability and cost performance of the gas system. The average cost of gas delivered to the System for the natural gas distribution system in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016 was \$3.33/MMBtu. Fuel costs for the natural gas system differ from those of the electric system only in that the gas system has no fuel switching capability and must carry sufficient pipeline reserve capacity to meet peak demands, resulting in higher delivered fuel costs.

Natural Gas Distribution

The natural gas system consists of 783 miles of gas distribution mains. The predominant and standard pipe materials in service are polyethylene (589 miles) and coated steel (190 miles). All coated steel pipelines are cathodically protected using magnesium anodes. The distribution system is comprised of 6.2 miles of uncoated steel and black plastic. The balance of the distribution system is comprised of 6.2 miles of uncoated steel and black plastic. The replacement of these two pipeline materials has been programmed within the immediate planning/construction horizon and will be completed by the end of fiscal year 2018.

Manufactured Gas Plant

The City's natural gas system originally distributed blue water gas, which was produced in town by gasification of coal using distillate oil. Although manufactured gas was replaced by pipeline gas around 1960, coal residuals and spilt fuel contaminated soils at and adjacent to the manufactured gas plant ("MGP") site. When the natural gas system was purchased, the System assumed responsibility for the investigation and remediation of environmental impacts related to the operation of the former MGP. The System has pursued recovery for the MGP from past insurance policies and, to date, has recovered \$2.2 million from such policies. Site investigations on properties affected by MGP residuals have been completed and the System has completed limited removal actions. The System has received final approval of its proposed overall Remedial Action Plan which will entail the excavation and landfilling of impacted soils at a specially designed facility. This plan was implemented pursuant to a Brownfield Site Rehabilitation Agreement with the State. Following remediation, the property was redeveloped by the City as a park with stormwater ponds, nature trails, and recreational space, all of which were considered in the remediation plan's design. The duration of the groundwater monitoring program and that timeframe is open to the results of what the sampling data shows.

Based upon GRU's analysis of the cost to clean up this site, GRU has accrued a liability to reflect the costs associated with the cleanup effort. During fiscal years ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, expenditures which reduced the liability balance were approximately \$1.0 million and \$1.1 million, respectively. The reserve balance at September 30, 2016 and 2015 was approximately \$629,000.

GRU is recovering the costs of this cleanup through customer charges. A regulatory asset was established for the recovery of remediation costs from customers. Through fiscal years ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, customer billings were \$1.1 million and \$1.2 million, respectively and the regulatory asset balance was \$14 million and \$15 million, respectively.

Although some uncertainties associated with environmental assessment and remediation activities remain, GRU believes that the current provision for such costs is adequate and additional costs, if any, will not have an adverse material effect on GRU's financial position, results of operations, or liquidity.

Capital Improvement Program

The System's current six-year natural gas capital improvement program requires approximately \$26.2 million in capital expenditures during the fiscal years ended September 30, 2017 through and including 2022. A breakdown of the categories included in the six-year capital improvement program is outlined below and reflects the approved program from the fiscal year 2017 budget process.

Gas Capital Improvement Program

		Fiscal Years ended September 30,					
	2018	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	2022	<u>Total</u>	
Distribution Mains	\$920,537	\$1,053,458	\$1,050,368	\$1,235,537	\$1,844,857	\$6,104,757	
Meters, Services and Regulators	580,933	615,079	493,497	907,772	1,172,253	3,769,534	
Miscellaneous and Contingency	1,392,727	1,379,207	847,336	1,122,254	1,470,120	6,211,645	
Total	\$2,894,197	\$3,047,744	\$2,391,201	\$3,265,564	\$4,487,230	\$16,085,936	

GRUCom

The System has been providing retail telecommunications services since 1995 under the brand "GRUCom." Services provided by GRUCom include data transport services to other local businesses, government entities, local and inter-exchange carriers, and Internet service providers. Additional services provided by GRUCom include tower space leases for wireless personal communications (cellular telephone) providers, public safety radio services for all the major public safety agencies operating in the County and collocation services in the System's central office. GRUCom is licensed by the FPSC as an Alternative Access Vendor and as an Alternative Local Exchange Carrier.

Service Area

GRUCom provides telecommunications and related services to customers located primarily in the Gainesville urban area and holds telecommunications licenses that allow it to provide telecommunication services throughout the state. GRUCom operates network connections to interface with all major Interexchange Carriers ("IXC") who maintain facilities in the County, as well as interconnections with both of the County's two incumbent local exchange carriers. The System, through interlocal agreements, also provides public safety radio services across the entire County.

Services Provided

The services provided by GRUCom fall primarily into the following five major product lines: telecommunications services; Internet access services; communication tower antenna space leasing; public safety radio services; and collocation services.

The telecommunications services provided by GRUCom are primarily Private Line and Special Access transport circuits (both described below) delivered in whole, or in part, on the GRUCom fiber optic network. These high bandwidth circuits are capable of carrying voice, data or video communications.

Private Line circuits are point-to-point, unswitched channels connecting two or more customer locations with a dedicated communication path. Special Access circuits are also unswitched and provide a dedicated communication path, but these circuits connect a customer location to the Point of Presence of another telecommunications company. GRUCom transport services are provided at various levels ranging from 1.5 megabits per second ("Mbps") to 10 gigabit per second ("Gbps"). Part of GRUCom's business strategy is to use unbundled network elements from the incumbent local exchange carrier, AT&T, in anticipation of fiber extensions to specific service locations. GRUCom also uses the fiber optic network to provide multiple classes of Internet access services. Business Internet and Dedicated Internet Access ("DIA") class service connections are offered at access speeds ranging from 10 Mbps up to 10 Gbps. High speed residential Internet access is offered in participating multi-dwelling communities at speeds up to 1 Gbps under the brand name GATOR NET. In 2017, GRUCom upgraded its GATORNET services to deliver Symmetrical bandwidth, a first in the Gainesville area. Additionally, GRUCom offers dial-up Internet access services under the brand name GRU.Net. The dial-up access speeds available are 56 kilobits per second ("Kbps"). Additionally, between now and September 30, 2018 GRUCom will be replacing legacy telecommunications equipment with the latest technology equipment to provide enhanced telecommunication services.

GRUCom operates eleven communications towers in the Gainesville area and leases antenna space on these towers as well as on two of the System's water towers, for a total of thirteen antenna attachment sites. Two of the five transmitter sites for the countywide public safety radio system are also located on these communications towers. Wireless communications service providers lease space on the towers and, in most cases, also purchase fiber transport services from GRUCom to receive and deliver traffic at the towers. GRUCom provides transport services that carry a substantial portion of cell phone traffic in the Gainesville urban area. The GRUCom public safety radio system began operation in 2000. These services are provided over Federal Communications Commission ("FCC")-licensed 800 MHz frequencies, utilizing a trunked radio system that is compliant with the current frequency allocations enacted by the FCC in 2010 to accommodate personal communication services ("PCS") providers. The trunked radio system meets current industry standards for interagency operability. The trunked radio system consists of 22 trunked voice frequencies. Antenna sites are linked to the network controller and various dispatch centers utilizing GRUCom's transport services.

Customers

GRUCom's customer base is growing as the fiber optic network is expanded and new product offerings are introduced. Customer types vary for each GRUCom business activity.

GRUCom's fiber transport customers include other land-line telecommunications companies, cellular telecommunications companies, private commercial and industrial businesses, federal, state and local governmental agencies, public and private schools, public libraries, Santa Fe College, the University of Florida, UF Health and the University of Florida Health Science Center. As of September 30, 2016, GRUCom had a total of 498 transport circuits in service.

Dedicated Internet access services are provided to other Internet service providers, local businesses and organizations, and participating multi-dwelling complexes. Dial-up Internet access services are provided to the general public in the local calling area. As of September 30, 2016, GRUCom had 6,472 Internet access customer connections, while dial-up customers totaled 152. GRUCom tower space leasing services are used primarily by wireless providers, which include cellular telephone and PCS companies. As of September 30, 2016, GRUCom executed 32 tower leases, for space on eleven of its thirteen antenna attachment sites with eight different lessees, including national and regional cellular service providers.

Public safety radio system customers consist solely of government entities due to restrictions on the use of the frequencies allocated to the System under licenses issued by the FCC. The primary radio system users include: the System, the Gainesville Police Department, the Gainesville Fire Rescue Department, the Gainesville Regional Transit System, the City's Public Works Department, the University of Florida Police Department, the Santa Fe College Police Department, the City of Alachua Police Department, the City of High Springs Police Department, the County's Sheriff's Office, the County's Fire Rescue Operations and the County's Public Works Departments. These users have entered into service agreements which are valid through 2020, with minimum commitments for the number of users and monthly fees per user established for voice and dispatch subscriber units. The public safety radio system is operated by GRUCom on an enterprise basis, but an interagency Radio Management Board has been established to govern user protocols, monitor system service levels, and review system changes that could increase rates. The public safety radio system was designed to accommodate additional participants, and the contract with each participating agency provides incentives to allow the System to expand. Currently, the public safety radio system is in full operation with 2,628 subscriber units in service. Negotiations are underway with the current Radio System Users to provide for upgrading the radio system with technology that will provide for user needs well into the next decade, ongoing negotiations for a system upgrade to the public safety radio system may lead to some capital investment to the System in late 2017 or early 2018.

> GRUCom Projected Revenue and Customer Count Does not include projections for products and services under development

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	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Telecom and Data								
Service Sales	\$ 7,744,161	\$ 8,276,037	\$ 8,678,576	\$ 9,236,042	\$ 9,910,564	\$10,590,704	\$11,271,774	\$11,971,075
TRS Sales	1,773,462	1,755,042	1,736,814	1,718,776	1,700,924	1,683,258	1,665,776	1,648,475
Tower Leasing Sales	1,730,339	1,740,843	1,783,253	1,826,788	1,871,480	1,917,360	1,964,464	2,012,823
Non-Standard Sales								
(Non-Recurring)	38,758	35,000	35,000	35,000	35,000	35,000	35,000	35,000
Total Revenue	\$11,286,720	\$11,806,922	\$12,233,644	\$12,816,606	\$13,517,968	\$14,226,322	\$14,937,014	\$15,667,373
Projected Business Customer Count Projected Residential Retail Internet	252	263	277	328	429	528	627	726
Customer Count	176	96	96	96	96	96	96	96

Description of Facilities

As of September 30, 2016, GRUCom had 512.5 miles of fiber optic cable installed throughout Gainesville and the County. The fiber strand count included in the cable depends on service requirements for the particular area and ranges from 12 to 144 strands. The fiber is installed in a ringed topology consisting of a backbone loop and several subtending rings. Service is provisioned on the network in two ways: for services requiring transmission through Synchronous Optical Network standard protocol, GRUCom has deployed equipment manufactured by Ciena (primarily); and for services requiring transmission through Ethernet standard protocol, GRUCom uses equipment manufactured by Cisco and Telco System. GRUCom is in the process of retiring the Cisco Systems equipment and migrating all Ethernet to the Telco System's transmission platform. The Telco Systems equipment will enable GRUCom to provide multi-protocol line switching functionality and reduce network infrastructure equipment complexity. The Ethernet protocol provides GRUCom with increased flexibility for managing bandwidth delivered to the customer. The maximum transport speed currently utilized in the fiber optic network is 10 Gbps, which is enough bandwidth to deliver more than 125,000 simultaneous phone calls (as an illustration). Bandwidth on this network is a function of the electronic equipment utilized and, with technologies such as dense wave division multiplexing, expansion of the transport capability of the

network is virtually unlimited. To exchange network traffic, GRUCom also is interconnected with other major telecommunications companies serving the Gainesville area.

The public radio system employs a Motorola 800 MHz simulcast system configured with six transmit and receive tower sites including 22 simulcast voice and two additional mutual aid channels. GRUCom has begun the process of migrating to the P25 protocol.

GRUCom maintains a point-of-presence at the Telx Group, Inc. collocation and interconnection facility located in Atlanta, Georgia (the "Telx ATL1 data center"). The Telx ATL1 data center provides access to hundreds of leading domestic and international carriers as well as physical connection points to the world's telecommunications networks and internet backbones. Atlanta, Georgia is a major fiber interconnection point from Florida to New York and the ATL1 data center sits on top of most of the fiber. GRUCom maintains an ultra-high bandwidth backbone transmission interconnection on diverse routes between Gainesville and the ATL1 data center to provide highly reliable Internet access to customers in Gainesville. GRUCom is also a member of the Telx Internet Exchange ("TIE"), a separate peering point in the ATL1 data center. The TIE allows GRUCom to quickly and easily exchange Internet protocol ("IP") traffic directly with over 60 of the world's largest Internet Service Providers ("ISPs"), Content Providers, Gaming Providers and Enterprises, including companies such as Google, Netflix, Apple, McAfee Akami, Hurricane Electric (a major Internet service), Sprint, Level 3 and several other Internet service providers. TIE participants can route IP traffic efficiently, providing faster, more reliable and lower-latency internet or voice over Internet protocol ("VoIP") access to their customers, by bypassing intermediate router points so that Internet traffic may have direct access to destination networks.

GRUCom maintains a second point-of-presence at the Network Access Point of the Americas ("NOTA") collocation and interconnection facility which is located in Miami, Florida. NOTA is one of the most significant telecommunications projects in the world. The Tier-IV facility was the first purpose-built, carrier-neutral Network Access Point and is the only facility of its kind specifically designed to link Latin America with the rest of the world. NOTA is located in downtown Miami in close proximity to numerous other telecommunications carrier facilities, fiber loops, international cable landings and multiple power grids. More than 160 global carriers exchange data at NOTA including seven Tier-1 world-wide Internet service providers. GRUCom maintains an ultra-high bandwidth backbone transmission interconnection between Gainesville and NOTA, separate from the ATL1 data center interconnection circuits, which allows GRUCom to maintain a second, fully diverse data gateway and exchange to further enhance the reliability of the Internet services provided to customers in Gainesville. In Miami, GRUCom is also connected to the FL-IX Peering facility to provide additional and duplicate peering points with various ISPs including Content Providers, Gaming Providers and enterprises similar to the YIE connection in Atlanta.

GRUCom is developing a third point-of-presence in Jacksonville. Currently, GRUCom has dual 10G circuits and a 1G circuit for several customers. This point-of-presence will be expanded to mirror other circuits as service demand expands. Further negotiations are underway to expand the P-25 system to provide for user needs well into the next decade.

Capital Improvement Program

The System's current six-year GRUCom capital improvement program requires approximately \$19.5 million in capital expenditures for years ended September 30, 2017 through and including 2022. A

breakdown of the categories included in the six-year capital improvement program is outlined below and reflects the approved program from the fiscal year 2017 budget process.

GRUCom Capital Improvement Program

		Fiscal Years ended September 30,					
	2018	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>Total</u>	
GRUCom Systems	\$3,279,419	\$797,585	\$714,590	\$947,019	\$1,240,168	\$6,978,781	
Special Project	429,294	362,140	-	-	-	791,434	
General Plant	80,156	41,978	37,610	49,806	65,131	274,682	
Miscellaneous and Contingency	253,918	303,872	271,991	359,867	471,085	1,660,734	
Total GRUCom	\$4,042,788	\$1,505,575	\$1,024,191	\$1,356,693	\$1,776,384	\$9,705,631	
Total Construction	\$85,000,000	\$79,000,000	\$71,000,000	\$85,000,000	\$73,000,000	\$393,000,000	

Rates

General

In general, the rates of municipal electric utilities in Florida are established by the governing bodies of such utilities. The governing bodies of municipal water, wastewater and natural gas utilities in Florida have exclusive jurisdiction over the setting of rates for said systems, subject only to certain statutory restrictions upon water and wastewater rates outside the municipal corporate limits. Commission's sole authority to set the level of the rates and charges of the System is constrained by the Resolution to set rates that comply with the rate covenant in the Resolution and takes into account recommendations of the Utilities Advisory Board regarding proposed changes in fees, rates, or charges for utility services. See "-Utilities Advisory Board" above and "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS - Rate Covenant" herein. Future projected revenue requirement changes provided in this Official Statement have been developed by the System's staff based on the most recent forecasts and operation projections available. Under Chapter 366, Florida Statutes, the FPSC has jurisdiction over municipal electric utilities only to prescribe uniform systems and classifications of accounts, to require electric power conservation and reliability, to regulate electric impact fees, to establish rules and regulations regarding cogeneration, to approve territorial agreements, to resolve territorial disputes, to prescribe rate structures, to prescribe and enforce safety standards for transmission and distribution facilities and to prescribe and require the periodic filing of reports and other data. Pursuant to the rules of the FPSC, rate structure is defined as "... . the classification system used in justifying different rates and, more specifically the rate relationship between various customer classes, as well as the rate relationship between members of a customer class." However, the FPSC and the Florida Supreme Court have determined that, except as to rate structure, the FPSC does not have jurisdiction over municipal electric utility rates. The FPSC also has the authority to determine the need for certain new transmission and generation facilities.

Although the rates of the System are not subject to federal regulation, the National Energy Act of 1978 contains provisions which require the City to hold public proceedings to consider and determine the appropriateness of adopting certain enumerated federal standards in connection with the establishment of its retail electric rates. Such proceedings have been completed and the results currently are reflected in the System's policies and electric rate structure.

Electric System

Each of the System's various rates for electric service consists of a "base rate" component and a "fuel and purchased power adjustment" component. The base rates are evaluated annually and adjusted as required to fund projected revenue requirements for each fiscal year. The fuel and purchased power adjustment clause provides for increases or decreases in the charge for electric energy to cover increases or decreases in the cost of fuel and purchased power to the extent such cost varies from a predetermined base of 6.5 mills per kWh. The current fuel and purchased power adjustment formula is a one-month forward-looking projected formula which is based on a true-up calculation, from the second month preceding the billing month, based on actual fuel costs valued on a weighted average accounting basis, including purchased power, and the upcoming month's estimates of fuel and purchased power costs.

The table below presents electric system base rate revenue requirements, fuel and purchased power adjustment requirements and total bill changes since 2012 and Management's most recent projections of future base rate revenue requirements, fuel and purchased power adjustment and total residential bill changes.

Electric System Base Rate Revenue, Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment Revenue and Total Bill Changes

Historical (Fiscal Year Beginning):	Percentage Base Rate Revenue Increase/(Decrease) ⁽¹⁾	Percentage Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment Revenue Increase/(Decrease) ⁽²⁾	Total Bill Percentage Increase/(Decrease)(3)
October 1, 2012	0.00%	(4.70)%	(1.90)%
October 1, 2013	(5.60)	37.20	9.20
October 1, 2014	(8.50)	17.00	2.70
October 1, 2015	0.00	(6.70)	$(5.20)^{(3)}$
October 1, 2016	0.00	(3.70)	(2.00)
Projected (Fiscal Year Beginning): ⁽⁴⁾			
October 1, 2017	2.00%	7.10%	0.50%
October 1, 2018	3.00	2.00	2.50
October 1, 2019	4.00	2.00	2.90
October 1, 2020	2.00	2.00	2.00
October 1, 2021	1.00	2.00	1.50

Change in overall non-fuel revenues collected from all retail customer classes from billing elements, including monthly service charges, kWh energy usage charges, and demand charges for the rate classes with demand metered separately from energy (General Service Demand and Large Power rate categories). Fuel revenue requirements are collected as a uniform charge on all kWh of energy used. Increases or decreases are applied to billing elements to reflect the most recent cost of service studies and to yield the overall revenue requirement.

The electric and natural gas systems use amounts on deposit in a reserve known as the "fuel adjustment levelization balance" that the System accumulates. The balance of the reserve as of June 30, 2017, was negative \$1,678,145 for both electric and natural gas combined. The balance of this fund is anticipated to carry a balance of approximately 5% of the annual fuel expense budget on an average year.

In 2014, the City Commission approved the addition of an Economic Development Rate for new and existing general service demand and large power commercial electric customers of the System in an effort to attract large, regionally competitive new commercial customers and incentivize local growth. Approval of the applicable changes to the City Code of Ordinances occurred in November 2014. The Economic Development rate allows for a 5-year, 20% discount to the base rate portion of the electric bill of a new customer who adds a load of at least 100,000 kWh per month or a 15% discount to the base rate

⁽²⁾ Historical fuel revenue increase represents the change in weighted average retail fuel adjustment.

Based on monthly bill at 1,000 kwh.

All changes in the System's revenue requirements are subject to approval by the City Commission, which usually occurs in conjunction with its approval of the System's annual budget. Does not take into account GREC Biomass Plant acquisition.

portion of the electric bill of an existing customer who increases its baseline usage by a minimum of 20%. There is no discount on the fuel adjustment portion of the bill under this program, but the addition of load will distribute the fixed costs of the GREC Biomass Plant across a greater number of kWh, lowering the fuel adjustment for all customers. This program is base revenue neutral during the five year discount period, with additional base revenues after the discount ends. The System does not have any customers currently participating in this program.

Public roadways in Gainesville and in portions of the unincorporated areas of the County within the System's service territory are served by streetlights operated and maintained by the System, which bills the appropriate jurisdiction for payment. Currently, the City of Gainesville General Fund (the "General Fund") pays for streetlights in Gainesville. Pursuant to a 1990 agreement, the General Fund reimburses the Board of County Commissioners of the County to, in effect, pay for the streetlights in such portions of the unincorporated areas served by the System.

Rates and Charges for Electric Service

The electric rates, effective October 1, 2017, are provided below by class of service. Though the rates are functionally unbundled, they are commonly presented in a bundled format.

Residential Standard Rate

Customer charge, per month	\$14.25
First 850 kWh, Total charge per kWh	\$0.044
All kWh per month over 850, Total charge per kWh	\$0.066

Non-Residential General Service Non-Demand Rates

Customers in this class have not established a demand of 50 kW. Charges for electric service are:

Customer charge, per month	\$29.50
First 1,500 kWh per month, Total charge per kWh	\$0.070
All kWh per month over 1,500, Total charge per kWh	\$0.103

Non-Residential General Service Demand Rates

Customers in this class have established a demand of between 50 and 1,000 kW. Charges for electric service are:

Customer charge, per month	\$100.00
Total Demand charge, per kW	\$8.50
Total Energy charge, per kWh	\$0.0412

Non-Residential Large Power Rates

Customers in this class have established a demand of 1,000 kW or greater. Charges for electric service are:

Customer charge, per month	\$350.00
Total Demand charge, per kW	\$8.50
Total Energy charge, per kWh	\$0.037

Customers in all classes are charged a fuel and purchased power adjustment. Chapter 203, Florida Statutes, imposes a tax at the rate of 2.5% on the gross receipts received by a distribution company for utility services that it delivers to retail consumers in the state of Florida and requires that the distribution company report and remit its Florida Gross Receipts tax to the Florida Department of Revenue on a monthly basis. All non-exempt customers residing within the City's corporate limits pay a utility tax (public service tax) of 10% on portions of their bill. All non-exempt customers not residing within the City's corporate limits are assessed a surcharge of 10% and also pay a County utility tax of 10% on portions of their bill. All non-residential taxable customers pay a State sales tax of 6.95% on portions of their bill. The minimum bill is the customer charge plus any applicable demand charge. The billing demand is defined as the highest demand (integrated for 30 minutes) established during the billing month. The City's codified rate ordinances include clauses providing for primary service metering discounts and facilities leasing adjustment.

Comparison with Other Utilities

The table below shows the average monthly bills for electric service for certain selected Florida electric utilities, including the System. Residential bills are commonly compared at 1,000 kWh in Florida, however GRU's customers typically average closer to 800 kWh per month.

Comparison of Monthly Electric Bills(1)

		General Service		
			Demand	Large Power
	Residential	Non-Demand	30,000 kWh	430,000 kWh
	<u>1,000 kWh</u>	<u>1,500 kWh</u>	75 kW	<u>1,000 kW</u>
Gainesville Regional Utilities	\$131.55	\$239.50	\$4,073.50	\$54,810.00
Kissimmee Utility Authority	\$ 95.69	\$156.15	\$2,638.39	\$36,086.42
Orlando Utilities Commission	\$106.00	\$165.22	\$2,574.60	\$35,172.40
Lakeland Electric	\$ 97.27	\$141.99	\$2,315.99	\$32,012.45
Tampa Electric Company	\$108.18	\$169.63	\$2,605.79	\$35,686.07
City of Tallahassee	\$108.88	\$141.54	\$2,675.65	\$36,389.20
JEA	\$108.50	\$155.64	\$2,715.10	\$37,886.50
Ft. Pierce Utilities Authority	\$115.84	\$182.93	\$3,140.85	\$46,937.20
Ocala Electric Authority	\$112.60	\$166.86	\$2,860.31	\$41,107.43
Clay Electric Cooperative, Inc.	\$109.90	\$168.05	\$2,728.25	\$35,806.00
City of Vero Beach	\$116.08	\$181.11	\$3,222.05	\$45,444.30
Duke(Energy Florida	\$121.17	\$185.39	\$2,812.75	\$39,329.77
Florida Power & Light Company	\$105.98	\$158.79	\$2,578.45	\$35,882.27
Gulf Power Company	\$135.83	\$196.26	\$2,951.81	\$41,552.85

Rates in effect for June 2017 applied to noted billing units, ranked by residential bills. Includes 6% franchise fees for investor-owned utilities FPL, Gulf Power Company, TECO and Duke. Excludes utility taxes, sales taxes and surcharges.

Source: Prepared by the Finance Department of the System based upon published base rates and charges for the time period given with fuel costs provided by personal contact with utility representatives unless otherwise published.

Water and Wastewater System

The table below presents water system revenue requirements and total residential bill changes since 2012 and Management's most recent projections of future revenue requirements and total bill changes. The percentage increases shown represent the aggregate amount required to fund increases in projected revenue requirements for the water system.

Water System
Revenue Requirement and Total Bill Changes

	Percentage	
	Revenue Requirement	Total Bill
	Increase ⁽¹⁾	Increase ⁽²⁾
Historical		
October 1, 2012	3.50%	4.80%
October 1, 2013	3.85	10.20
October 1, 2014	3.75	1.90
October 1, 2015	3.75	10.40
October 1, 2016	3.00	2.20
Projected(3)		
October 1, 2017	0.00%	0.00%
October 1, 2018	0.00	0.00
October 1, 2019	0.00	0.00
October 1, 2020	0.00	0.00
October 1, 2021	0.00	0.00

Change in overall revenue requirements collected from all retail customer classes from billing elements, including monthly customer service charges and water usage charges. Increases are applied to billing elements to reflect the most recent cost of service study and to yield the overall revenue requirement.

The table below presents wastewater system revenue requirements and total residential bill changes since fiscal year 2012 and Management's most recent projections of future revenue requirement and total bill changes. The percentage increases shown represent the aggregate amount required to fund increases in projected revenue requirements for the wastewater system.

⁽²⁾ Based on monthly bill at 7 Kgal.

All changes in the System's revenue requirements are subject to approval by the City Commission, which usually occurs in conjunction with its approval of the System's annual budget.

Wastewater System Revenue Requirement and Total Bill Changes

	Percentage	
	Revenue Requirement	Total Bill
	Increase ⁽¹⁾	Increase ⁽²⁾
Historical		
October 1, 2012	3.00%	4.60%
October 1, 2013	2.40	1.70
October 1, 2014	4.85	4.00
October 1, 2015	4.85	3.30
October 1, 2016	3.00	1.50
Projected ⁽³⁾		
October 1, 2017	0.00%	0.00%
October 1, 2018	0.00	0.00
October 1, 2019	0.00	0.00
October 1, 2020	4.00	4.00
October 1, 2021	4.00	4.00

Change in overall revenue requirements collected from all retail customer classes from billing elements, including monthly customer service charges and wastewater usage charges (as a function of water usage). Increases are applied to billing elements to reflect the most recent cost of service study and to yield the overall revenue requirement.

Rates and Charges for Water and Wastewater Services

Total water and wastewater system revenues are derived from two basic types of charges which reflect costs: (a) monthly service charges and (b) connection charges. The current schedule of fees, rates and charges, combined with other revenues for the water and wastewater systems, provides sufficient funds to meet all operation and maintenance expenses, prorated debt service, and internally generated capital expense. The connection charges are designed to provide for the capital costs associated with the water and wastewater system expansion. Growth in retail revenues due to projected customer growth provides for all other increased costs.

Residential customers are subject to inverted block rates. As of October 1, 2015, the first tier pricing is applied to the first 4,000 gallons used, the second tier pricing is applied to usage between 5,000 and 16,000 gallons, and the third tier pricing is applied to usage above 16,000 gallons. A three block/tier billing structure has been in place since 2001. Over time the thresholds for quantities of water billed in each block has been lowered to current break points.

The City Commission also adopted a new Multi-Family water rate as part of the fiscal year 2015 budget. The pricing for the usage charge is the same as the second tier of the three tier residential rate.

⁽²⁾ Based on monthly bill at 7 Kgal.

All changes in the System's rates are subject to approval by the City Commission, which usually occurs in conjunction with its approval of the System's annual budget.

The University of Florida is charged different rates than other customers because of the City's commitment not to receive General Fund transfers from sales to the University of Florida and because the University of Florida owns and maintains its own on-campus water distribution system. The General Fund transfer policy reflects a historical commitment which enticed the University of Florida to locate in the City of Gainesville in the early 1900's. In October 1999, the University of Florida water rates were indexed to non-residential water rates. Specifically, the off-campus price was established at 89% of the published System price. The on-campus price was 78% of the off-campus price. In 2004, the University of Florida rates became cost-of-service based.

Monthly Service Charges

Monthly customer charges are levied for the actual units of service rendered to individual customers. Customers pay a rate per thousand gallons of water consumed or wastewater treated, and all customers pay a monthly customer charge, as shown on Table 1 below. All wastewater customers are subject to rate surcharges for wastewater discharges which exceed normal domestic strength. Commercial customers are billed 95% of their water usage as wastewater while residential customers have individual maximum charges, established by consumption during non-irrigating seasons, to eliminate non-returned water from their wastewater bill. Table 2 below lists the charges for water and wastewater service that will become effective October 1, 2017. These rates are unchanged from fiscal year 2017.

Table 1. Monthly Water Customer Charge by Meter Size

Meter Size	Monthly Customer Charge
5/8" and ¾"	\$ 9.45
1"	9.65
1.5"	12.50
2"	20.00
3"	74.00
4"	100.00
6"	140.00
8"	200.00
10"	275.00

Table 2. Current Monthly Charges For Water and Wastewater Services

Water Rates:

Residential

Custo	omer Billing Charge	Based on meter size
Cons	umption Rate:	
	1,000 to 4,000 gallons	\$2.45 per 1,000
		gallons
	5,000 to 16,000 gallons	\$3.75 per 1,000

gallons

Commercial

Customer Billing Charge Based on meter size
Consumption Rate \$3.85 per 1,000
gallons

University of Florida

Customer Billing Charge Based on meter size

Consumption Rate:

gallons

City of Alachua $^{(1)}$

Customer Billing Charge Based on meter size
Consumption Rate \$1.62 per 1,000
gallons

Wastewater Rates:

Residential and Commercial

The System provides wholesale water service to Alachua for resale to four locations.

Wastewater rates apply to all metered water consumption up to a specified maximum. The residential maximum is established for each customer based upon its winter (December or January) maximum water consumption. The non-residential maximum is 95% of metered water use.

Comparison with Other Cities

The System's average water and wastewater charges in effect for the month of October 2017 are compared to those for thirteen other Florida cities (also based on rates in effect for June 2017) in the table below.

Comparison of Monthly Residential Water and Wastewater⁽¹⁾

	<u>Water</u>	Wastewater	<u>Total</u>
Gainesville Regional Utilities	\$30.50	\$53.20	\$83.70
Winter Haven	\$26.72	\$46.27	\$72.99
Orange County	\$16.26	\$41.94	\$58.20
Ocala	\$16.64	\$44.57	\$61.21
Lakeland	\$22.60	\$45.62	\$68.22
Orlando	\$13.71	\$50.37	\$64.08
Tampa	\$21.04	\$44.08	\$65.12
Jacksonville	\$23.37	\$46.33	\$69.70
Pensacola (ECUA)	\$28.18	\$49.86	\$78.04
Tallahassee	\$21.69	\$55.61	\$77.30
St. Augustine	\$35.35	\$45.95	\$81.30
Ft. Pierce	\$38.73	\$53.73	\$92.46
Lake City	\$34.84	\$63.12	\$97.96
Daytona Beach	\$41.95	\$65.04	\$106.99

⁽¹⁾ Comparisons are based on 7,000 gallons of metered water and 7,000 gallons of wastewater treated and rates in effect for June 2017. Excludes all taxes, surcharges, and franchise fees. Sorted in ascending order by total charges.

Source: Prepared by the Finance Department of the System based upon published rates and charges and/or personal contact with utility representatives of the applicable system.

<u>Surcharge</u>

Non-exempt water customers residing within the City's corporate limits are assessed a 10% utility tax. Non-exempt water customers residing outside the City's corporate limits are assessed a 25% surcharge and pay a 10% County utility tax. There is no utility tax on wastewater. However, non-exempt wastewater customers residing outside the City's corporate limits are assessed a 25% surcharge. Effective October 1, 2001, water and wastewater connection charges were subject to the 25% surcharge imposed on non-exempt customers not residing within the City's corporate limits. This surcharge on connection fees was suspended for fiscal year 2015 and was re-implemented in fiscal year 2016.

Connection Charge Methodology

Beginning October 1, 2016 GRU made a change in its assessment of connection charges to more equitably distribute the costs of demand on the System to each customer based on their anticipated demand on the System. The change is intended to be revenue neutral for the System. New single family connections and small non-residential connections will continue to pay a Minimum Connection Charge, which is similar to how GRU currently charges for these small connections. Larger non-residential connections, with an estimated use greater than 280 gallons per day, will pay a flow-based connection charge. Multi-

family connections will continue to pay flow-based connection charges and are not affected by these changes.

Calculation of the estimated average water use for a non-residential customer is based on the total square footage of the business multiplied by the water use coefficient to obtain gallons per day. If the average water use is estimated to be 280 gpd or less the Minimum Connection Charge will be assessed. If the water use is estimated to be greater than 280 gpd the customer will pay a flow-based connection charge.

Effective October 1, 2016, transmission and distribution/collection system connection charges for individual lots are \$448 to connect to the water system and \$744 to connect to the wastewater system. Water and wastewater plant connection charges for individual lots are \$675 and \$2,554, respectively. The water meter installation charge is \$677 for a typical single family dwelling (requiring 3/4 inch meter). The total water system connection charges for a typical single family dwelling (requiring 3/4 inch meter) are \$1,800 for new water service and the total wastewater connection charges are \$3,298 for new wastewater service. Total water and wastewater connection charges for a typical single family dwelling are \$5,098. Also, there is a 25% surcharge applied to new connections located outside of the incorporated area of the City.

<u>Infrastructure Improvement Area</u>

The System's water and wastewater extension policy requires that new development projects pay the cost for the infrastructure improvements needed to serve them. Under this policy, developers typically design and install most of these improvements, with the System's review and approval, as part of the design and construction for their development projects. In some cases, the System may construct these improvements, with the developer reimbursing the System for the cost.

The City Commission, by adoption of Ordinance No. 110541 on April 7, 2016, established the "Innovation District Infrastructure Improvement Area." Within the designated area, the System developed a master plan for major water distribution and wastewater collection capacity improvements needed to facilitate current and anticipated future development. The System is constructing these improvements according to the master plan. The System has constructed \$1.26 million in water system improvements and \$1.02 million in wastewater collection system improvements as of the date of this Official Statement. The cost for these improvements will be recovered through "infrastructure improvement area user fees" which new development projects pay at the time of connection to the System. These user fees are calculated for each development project based on the size of the project and type of project. The user fees are set based on recovering the System's expenditures with interest over a 20 year period. The City Commission enacted Ordinance No. 160725 on March 16, 2017 increasing the fees for the improvement area.

Natural Gas System

Each of the System's various rates for natural gas service consists of a "base rate" component and a "purchased gas adjustment" component. The base rates are evaluated annually and adjusted as required to fund projected revenue requirements for each fiscal year. The purchased gas adjustment clause provides for increases or decreases in the charge for natural gas to cover increases or decreases in the cost of gas delivered to the System. The current purchased gas adjustment is calculated with a formula using a one-month forward-looking projection and a true-up of the second month preceding the actual fueling cost in the billing month.

The table below presents natural gas system base rate revenue requirements, purchased gas adjustment and total bill changes since 2012 and Management's most recent projections of future base rate revenue requirements, purchased gas adjustment and total residential bill changes. The percentage

changes shown represent the aggregate amount required to fund changes in projected non-fuel and purchased gas revenue requirements for the natural gas system.

Natural Gas System Base Rate Revenue Purchased Gas Adjustment and Total Bill Changes

		Percentage	
	Percentage Base	Purchased Gas	
	Rate Revenue	Adjustment Revenue	Total Bill
	Increase/(Decrease)(1)	Increase/(Decrease)(2)	Increase/(Decrease)(3)
Historical			
October 1, 2012	0.00%	(24.30)%	(9.50)%
October 1, 2013	0.85	0.00	(0.60)
October 1, 2014	$4.25^{(4)}$	4.10	3.90
October 1, 2015	4.75	(36.40)	8.30
October 1, 2016	9.00	(13.10)	4.40
Projected ⁽⁴⁾			
October 1, 2017	0.00%	37.70%(5)	6.60% ⁽⁵⁾
October 1, 2018	0.00	2.00	0.40
October 1, 2019	0.00	2.00	0.50
October 1, 2020	0.00	2.00	0.50
October 1, 2021	0.00	2.00	0.50

Change in overall non-fuel revenues collected from all retail customer classes from billing elements, including monthly service charges and energy usage charges ("therms"). Fuel revenue requirements are collected as a uniform charge on all therms of energy used. Increases or decreases are applied to billing elements to reflect the most recent cost of service studies and to yield the overall revenue requirement. A separate charge for remediation of the MGP site was implemented in 2002. For additional information on the MGP site, see "-- The Natural Gas System – Manufactured Gas Plant" above.

Historical purchased gas adjustment revenue increase represents the change in weighted average purchased gas adjustment.

⁽³⁾ Based on monthly residential bill at 25 therms.

All changes in the System's revenue requirements are subject to approval by the City Commission, which usually occurs in conjunction with its approval of the System's annual budget.

⁽⁵⁾ Includes purchase gas adjustment increase equal to \$0.33 per therm.

Rates and Charges for Natural Gas Service

The current natural gas rates, effective October 1, 2017, are provided below by class of service:

Residential Service Rate Customer Charge Non-Fuel Energy Charge	\$9.75 per month \$0.63 per therm
Small Commercial Rate Customer Charge Non-Fuel Energy Charge	\$20.00 per month \$0.62 per therm
General Firm Service Rate Customer Charge	\$45.00 per month \$0.44 per therm
Large Volume Interruptible Rate Customer Charge Non-Fuel Energy Charge	\$400.00 per month \$0.27 per therm
Manufactured Gas Plant Cost Recovery Factor (Applied to All Rate Classes)	\$0.0556 per therm

Customers in all classes are charged a purchased gas adjustment and the Manufactured Gas Plant Cost Recovery Factor. Chapter 203, Florida Statutes, imposes a 2.5% tax based on an index price applied to the quantity of gas billed. All non-exempt customers residing within the City's corporate limits pay a City utility tax of 10% on portions of their bill. All non-exempt customers not residing within the City's corporate limits pay a 10% County utility tax on portions of their bill and a 10% surcharge on portions of their bill. All non-residential taxable customers pay a State sales tax of 6% on portions of their bill. For firm customers, the minimum bill equals the customer charge.

Comparison with Other Utilities

The System's average natural gas charges in effect for the month of October 2017 are compared to those for eleven other municipal and private natural gas companies (also based on rates effective June 2017) in the following table. The System's gas rates are among the lowest in the State.

Comparison of Monthly Natural Gas Bills(1)

	Residential	General Firm	Large Volume
	25 therms	300 therms	30,000 therms
Gainesville Regional Utilities	\$32.64	\$262.68	\$17,068
Okaloosa Gas District	\$35.59	\$293.16	\$20,887
Tallahassee	\$38.24	\$376.74	\$18,774
City of Sunrise	\$43.71	\$369.84	\$18,774
Pensacola	\$66.95	\$650.72	\$17,436
Ft. Pierce	\$47.33	\$334.72	\$23,989
Central Florida Gas	\$57.03	\$456.60	\$30,659
Kissimmee ⁽²⁾	\$47.66	\$350.53	\$27,938
Lakeland ⁽²⁾	\$47.66	\$350.53	\$27,938
Orlando ⁽²⁾	\$47.66	\$350.53	\$27,938
Tampa ⁽²⁾	\$47.66	\$350.53	\$27,938
Clearwater	\$45.25	\$418.00	\$31,450

Rates in effect for June 2017 applied to noted billing volume (excludes all taxes). Does not reflect any changes that may occur due to GREC Biomass Plant acquisition.

Source: Prepared by the Finance Department of the System based upon published base rates and charges for the time period given with fuel costs provided by personal contact with utility representatives unless otherwise published.

⁽²⁾ Service provided by People's Gas.

Comparison of Total Monthly Cost of Electric, Gas, Water and Wastewater Services for Residential Customers in Selected Florida Locales

The following table shows comparisons of the total monthly cost for a "basket" of electric, gas, water and wastewater services for residential customers in selected Florida locales for the month of October 2017, based upon (a) typical average usage by the System's residential customers by category of service and (b) standard industry benchmarks for average usage by residential customers.

Comparison of Monthly Utility Costs(1)

Based Upon Typical Average

	Usage by	Based Upon
	Residential Customers	Standard Industry
	of the System(2)	Usage Benchmarks(3)
Gainesville Regional Utilities	\$190.81	\$243.31
Lakeland	\$174.19	\$213.16
Orlando	\$176.90	\$217.74
Tampa	\$171.93	\$220.97
Ocala	\$182.61	\$219.52
Jacksonville	\$184.47	\$225.86
Tallahassee	\$179.02	\$224.43
Clay County	\$186.40	\$224.24
Vero Beach	\$188.66	\$232.07
Kissimmee	\$177.36	\$216.95
Ft. Pierce	\$203.29	\$257.63
Pensacola	\$219.74	\$280.82

Based upon rates in effect for June 2017 by the actual providers of the specified services in the indicated locales, applied to the noted billing units. Excludes public utility taxes, sales taxes, surcharges, and franchise fees.

Source: Prepared by the Finance Department of the System based upon (a) in the case of electric and gas service, published base rates and charges for the time period given, with fuel costs provided by personal contact with utility representatives of the applicable system unless otherwise published and (b) in the case of water and wastewater service, published rates and charges and/or personal contact with utility representatives.

Since the System's rates for electric, water and wastewater service are designed to encourage conservation, average usage of those utility services by residential customers of the System are lower than the standard industry benchmarks for average usage by residential customers that typically are used for rate comparison purposes. As a result, the total monthly cost of electric, gas, water and wastewater service for residential customers of the System, calculated based upon average usage by such customers, compares

Monthly costs of service have been calculated based upon typical average annual usage by residential customers of the System during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, as follows: for electric service: 800 kWh; for natural gas service: 20 therms; for water service: 5,000 gallons of metered water; and for wastewater service: 4,000 gallons of wastewater treated.

Monthly costs of service have been calculated based upon standard industry benchmarks for average annual usage by residential customers, as follows: for electric service: 1,000 kWh; for natural gas service: 25 therms; for water service: 7,000 gallons of metered water; and for wastewater service: 7,000 gallons of wastewater treated.

favorably to what the total monthly cost of such services would have been, calculated based upon such standard industry benchmarks.

Summary of Combined Net Revenues

The following table sets forth a summary of combined net revenues for the fiscal years 2013, 2014, 2015 and 2016. The information is derived from the audited financial statements of the City for the System. Such information should be read in conjunction with the City's audited financial statements for the System and the notes thereto for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2013, 2014, 2015 and 2016, referenced in APPENDIX B-1 attached hereto or in prior audited financial statements.

Fiscal Years Ended September 30, (in thousands)

	(in thousands)			
_	2013	2014	2015	2016
Revenues:				
Electric	\$249,410	\$280,482	\$298,914	\$308,070
Water	32,367	31,826	32,524	33,818
Wastewater	37,667	36,052	38,261	42,346
Gas	24,241	25,801	24,110	24,325
GRUCom	12,206	10,694	12,600	11,745
Total Revenues	\$355,891	\$384,855	\$406,409	\$420,304
Operation and Maintenance Expenses(1):				
Electric	\$167,524	\$203,506	\$217,082	\$225,291
Water	13,132	13,321	13,558	14,827
Wastewater	13,583	13,968	14,334	17,388
Gas	14,779	16,726	15,318	14,577
GRUCom	5,374	6,492	8,460	7,422
Total Operation and Maintenance				
Expenses	\$214,392	\$254,013	\$268,752	\$279,505
Net Revenues:				
Electric	\$81,886	\$76,976	\$81,832	\$82,781
Water	19,236	18,506	18,965	18,991
Wastewater	24,083	22,084	23,927	24,958
Gas	9,462	9,075	8,793	9,748
GRUCom	6,832	4,202	4,140	4,322
Total Net Revenues	\$141,499	\$130,843	\$137,657	\$140,800
Aggregate Debt Service on Bonds	\$56,101	\$54,860	\$55,461	\$55,822
Debt Service Coverage Ratio for Bonds	2.52	2.39	2.48	2.52
Debt Service on Subordinated	\$11,789	\$5,182	\$6,178	\$6,205
Indebtedness ⁽²⁾		.		
Total Debt Service on Bonds and				
Subordinated Indebtedness	\$67,890	\$60,042	\$61,639	\$62,027
Debt Service Coverage Ratio for Bonds				
and Subordinated Indebtedness(3)	2.08(3)	$2.18^{(3)}$	2.23(3)	2.27(3)

[Footnotes appear on following page]

Source: Prepared by the Finance Department of the System.

The operating results of the System reflect the results of past operations and are not necessarily indicative of results of operations for any future period. Future operations will be affected by factors relating to changes in rates, fuel and purchased power and other operating costs, environmental regulation, increased competition in the electric utility industry, economic growth of the community, labor contracts, population, weather, and other matters, the nature and effect of which cannot at present be determined. Net Revenues take into account amounts transferred to or from the Rate Stabilization Fund.

See also "Management's Discussion and Analysis" in the audited financial statements of the System referenced in APPENDIX B-1 attached hereto. In addition, for a discussion of derivative transactions entered into by the System, see Note 9 to the audited financial statements of the System in APPENDIX B-1 attached hereto.

Summary of Combined Net Revenues Accounting for the 2017 Bonds

GRU management believes that the acquisition of the GREC Biomass Plant is in the best financial interest of GRU and its ratepayers. The following table illustrates the expected impact to the Debt Service Coverage Ratio, if these impacts were achieved for the all twelve months of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016:

⁽¹⁾ Includes administrative expenses. Excludes depreciation and amortization.

Excludes principal of maturing commercial paper notes which were paid from newly-issued commercial paper notes.

⁽³⁾ The historical debt service coverage calculation described above is based on the rate covenant described in "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS-Rate Covenant" herein. However, when the 2017 Bonds are issued to finance the costs of acquisition of the GREC Biomass Plant, historical debt service coverage levels shown in the table above would not be indicative of anticipated future debt service coverage levels in effect after such acquisition, in part, because of the new debt which would be necessary to finance the costs of such acquisition. The City anticipates that such coverage levels will drop significantly in future fiscal years. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018 for example, it is anticipated that such debt service coverage ratio for Bonds and Subordinated Indebtedness calculated this way will decrease to the 1.70-1.80 range. Such acquisition is not expected to adversely affect the City's ability to pay debt service on the 2017 Bonds, or to otherwise comply with any of its obligations under the Resolution, including the rate covenant. On the contrary, such acquisition is expected to improve financial results. In particular, the City expects to realize future annual cash flow savings from elimination of payments pursuant to the PPA, taking into account new annual debt service on the 2017 Bonds. When debt service coverage gets calculated on a cash flow basis rather than pursuant to the Resolution, the coverage level is expected to increase following the issuance of the 2017 Bonds. For anticipated additional benefits from such acquisition, see "PURPOSE OF FINANCING" herein.

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	<u>Actual</u>	Assumes GREC Biomass Plant Acquired on October 1, 2015
Revenues:		
Electric	\$308,070	\$308,070
Water	33,818	33,818
Wastewater	42,346	42,346
Gas	24,325	24,325
GRUCom	11,745	11,745
Total Revenues	\$420,304	\$420,304
Less: Targeted Savings for Ratepayers		27,000
Adjusted Total Revenues Post Acquisition		\$393,304
,		
Operation and Maintenance Expenses ⁽¹⁾		
Electric	\$225,291	\$225,291
Water	14,827	14,827
Wastewater	17,388	17,388
Gas	14,577	14,577
GRUCom	7,422	<u>7,422</u>
Total Operation and Maintenance Expenses	\$279,505	\$279,505
Less: Payment to GREC LLC Under PPA		75,000
Adjusted Total Operation and Maintenance Post Acquisition		<u>\$204,505</u>
NI (D) A (C) A (C)		
Net Revenues, Accounting for Acquisition	фо о 7 04	ф1 0 0 ПП 0
Electric	\$82,781	\$130,779
Water	18,991	18,991
Wastewater	24,958	24,958
Gas	9,748	9,748
GRUCom	4,322	4,323
Total Net Revenues	<u>\$140,800</u>	<u>\$188,799</u>
Aggregate Debt Service on Bonds	\$55,822	\$55,822
Expected Debt Service for 2017 Bonds	. ,	41,000
Adjusted Aggregate Debt Service on Bonds Post Acquisition		\$96,822
Debt Service Coverage Ratio for Bonds	2.52	1.95
Debt Service on Subordinated Indebtedness	6,205	6,205
Total Debt Service on Bonds and		
Subordinated Indebtedness	<u>\$62,027</u>	<u>\$103,027</u>
Dobt Sarviga Cayaraga Patia for Panda		
Debt Service Coverage Ratio for Bonds and Subordinated Indebtedness ⁽³⁾	2.27	1 00
and Subordinated indebtedness(9)	2.27	1.83

Another financial metric that is frequently used in the Fixed Charge Coverage ratio, which treats some other obligations as debt. These obligations typically include the fixed payments to the City, the General Fund transfers, as well as fixed payments under a power purchase agreement similar to the PPA. The table below calculates the fixed Charge Coverage ratio assuming the effects of this transaction were experienced for all of FY16:

Fixed Charge Coverage Calculation and Impacts

Total Net Revenues	\$140,800	\$188,799
General Fund Transfers to City	34,995	34,995
Fixed Payments Under PPA	75,000	0
Total Net Revenues accounting for Fixed Charges	<u>\$180,805</u>	<u>\$153,804</u>
Aggregate Debt Service on Bonds	\$55,822	\$55,822
Expected Debt Service for 2017 Bonds	0	41,000
Debt Service on Subordinated Indebtedness	6,205	6,205
Total Debt Service	\$62,027	\$103,027
Fixed Payments Under PPA	75,000	0
Adjusted Annual Net Fixed Payments	<u>\$137,027</u>	<u>\$103,027</u>
Fixed Charge Coverage	1.32	1.49

Management's Discussion of System Operations

Results of Operations

The operating results of the System reflect the results of past operations and are not necessarily indicative of results of operations for any future period. Future operations will be affected by factors relating to changes in rates, fuel and other operating costs, environmental regulation, increased competition in the electric utility industry, economic growth of the community, labor contracts, population, weather, and other matters, the nature and effect of which cannot at present be determined.

For the electric system, base rate revenue requirements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 increased by 8.5% and 5.6%, respectively. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, requirements were unchanged and will remain unchanged through 2017. While the System has experienced upward rate pressure due to sales growth, increased efficiencies and cost controls have kept the overall customer bill increases, including fuel, in line with inflation. For the fiscal years ended September 30, 2014 and 2015, the electric system deposited \$6.4 million and \$2.3 million, respectively, to the Rate Stabilization Fund. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, the electric system is projected to withdraw approximately \$1.0 million from the Rate Stabilization Fund.

Energy sales (in MWh) to retail customers increased 1.4% per year from the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012 to the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016. The number of electric customers increased at an average annual rate of 0.6% for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2012 and 2016. Energy sales to the City of Alachua also decreased 3.7% per year during this period.

Native load fuel costs for the electric system between the fiscal years ended September 30, 2014 and 2015 increased by approximately \$17.1 million (11%). This increase in native load fuel costs is due to

the addition of the City of Winter Park in GRU's wholesale energy load as well as fluctuating fuel prices. Between the fiscal years ended September 30, 2015 and 2016, the electric fuel cost decreased by approximately \$1.0 million (1%). From the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014 to the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, fuel revenues increased by \$20.3 million (13%). This increase in revenues was due to the increase in Fuel Adjustment Revenue required to offset the above cost increases. From the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015 to the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016 fuel revenues decreased by approximately \$10.2 million (7%). This decrease is mainly attributable to the decrease in Fuel Adjustment Revenue collected from customers during this time period.

For the fiscal years ended September 30, 2012 and 2016, natural gas sales increased by 0.9% per year. The number of gas customers increased at an annual rate of approximately 0.90% between fiscal years ended September 30, 2012 and 2016.

Natural gas fuel cost decreased by approximately \$1.2 million (12%) between the fiscal years ended September 30, 2014 and 2015, and increased by approximately \$410 thousand (4%) between the fiscal years ended September 30, 2015 and 2016. This fluctuation in gas cost is reflective of the natural gas commodity market prices during the same timeframe. Since these costs are passed along to customers as part of the purchased gas adjustment charge each month, any natural gas cost increases or decreases are offset by purchased gas adjustment revenues. The base rate revenue requirement for the natural gas system remained unchanged for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013, with a nominal increase of 0.85% for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014. For each of the fiscal years ended September 30, 2015 and 2016, base rate revenue requirements for the gas system were increased by 4.75% and for fiscal year 2017 the base rate revenue requirement was increased by 9.0%. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014, the natural gas system withdrew approximately \$1.0 million from the Rate Stabilization Fund. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, the natural gas system deposited approximately \$1.6 to the Rate Stabilization Fund. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, the natural gas system withdrew approximately \$2.0 million from the Rate Stabilization Fund. In order to recover costs associated with the remediation of soil contamination caused by the operation of an MGP, the City established a per therm charge as part of the gas system's customer rate in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2003. The estimated remaining cost to be recovered is approximately \$17.0 million. See "-- The Natural Gas System - Manufactured Gas Plant" above. The MGP has billed at a rate of \$0.0556 per therm since October 1, 2014.

Water system sales are impacted by seasonal rainfall. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012 and 2016, sales decreased by an average annual rate of 1.9% and customers grew by 0.8%. Revenues from water sales increased by approximately \$3,175,682 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012 and 2016. The water revenue increases were primarily the result of rate increases, kept moderate by low customer growth and slow sales growth due to price sensitivity and conservation efforts.

Water base rate revenue requirements were increased by 3.5% in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013, 3.85% in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014, 3.75% in each of the fiscal years ended September 30, 2015 and 2016, and for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2017, the base rate revenue requirement was increased by 3.0%. For the fiscal years ended September 30, 2014 and 2015, the water system contributed approximately \$540,000 and \$2.4 million, respectively, to the Rate Stabilization Fund. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, the water system deposited approximately \$3.3 million to the Rate Stabilization Fund.

Wastewater system billings generally track water system sales. From the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012 to 2016, the wastewater system billing volumes decreased 1.1% per year. Revenues during this same period increased 10.9% due to base rate revenue requirement increases. Approximately

0.4% more wastewater was billed for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, as compared to fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, while revenues increased by 4.8% during the period, also due to base rate revenue requirement increases.

Wastewater base rate revenue requirements were increased by 3.00% in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013, 2.4% in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014, 4.85% in each fiscal years ended September 30, 2015 and 2016, and for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2017 the base rate revenue requirement was increased by 3.0%.

For the fiscal years ended September 30, 2014 and 2015, the wastewater system deposited approximately \$2.1 million and \$2.9 million, respectively, to the Rate Stabilization Fund. The wastewater system deposited approximately \$2.1 million to the Rate Stabilization Fund for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016. GRUCom's sales have increased from \$10.9 million in fiscal year ended September 30, 2012 to \$11.7 million in fiscal year ended September 30, 2016. This is a 7.27% increase over this 4 year time period. Sales were \$10.7 million, \$11.2 million and \$10.9 million in fiscal years ended September 30, 2013, 2014 and 2015, respectively. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014, GRUCom deposited approximately \$570,000 to the Rate Stabilization Fund. GRUCom withdrew approximately \$1.4 million from the Rate Stabilization Fund, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015 and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, GRUCom deposited approximately \$7,400 to the Rate Stabilization Fund.

The debt service coverage ratio ("DSCR") is a financial ratio that measures a company's ability to service its current debts by comparing its net operating income with its total debt service obligations. See "SUMMARY OF COMBINED NET REVENUES" above which shows GRU's DSCR for year's fiscal year 2011 through and including fiscal year 2016.

The operating results of the System reflect the results of past operations and are not necessarily indicative of results of operations for any future period. Future operations will be affected by factors relating to changes in rates, fuel and purchased power and other operating costs, environmental regulation, increased competition in the electric utility industry, economic growth of the community, labor contracts, population, weather, and other matters, the nature and effect of which cannot at present be determined. Net Revenues take into account amounts transferred to or from the Rate Stabilization Fund.

Transfers to General Fund

The City Commission established a General Fund transfer formula for the System for fiscal year 2015 through fiscal year 2019 pursuant to Resolution Number 140166, adopted on July 23, 2014. The General Fund transfer formula will be up for renewal beginning with the fiscal year ending September 30, 2020. The transfer formula established the base amount of the fiscal year 2015 transfer, less the amount of ad valorem revenue received each year by the City from the GREC Biomass Plant. The fiscal year 2015 base transfer amount increases each fiscal year over the period between fiscal year 2016 through fiscal year 2019 by 1.5%.

This transfer formula is to be reviewed at least every other year by the System's staff and the City's General Government staff. The transfer amount may be paid from any part of the System's revenue or a combination thereof. The City Commission may modify the transfer amount or the transfer formula at any time. As disclosed in "-Legislative Matters", there is a voter referendum scheduled for November 2018. If approved by the voters, a new utility board will replace the City Commission as the governing body of the System and the new utility board is given the authority to reduce the transfer amount by up to 3% each year thereafter.

The transfers to the General Fund made in the fiscal years ended September 30, 2012 through and including 2017 were as follows:

_	Transfers to General Fund		
Fiscal Years ended September 30,	<u>Amount</u>	% Increase/(Decrease)	
2012	\$36,004,958	2.2%	
2013	36,656,458	1.8%	
2014	37,316,841(1)	1.5%	
2015	34,892,425	(7.1)%	
2016	34,994,591	0.03%	
2017	35,814,010	2.3%	

Year ended September 30, 2014 was the last year of a four year agreement regarding General Fund transfer calculation methodology, where the agreed upon value was compared to prior formulaic calculation and a gain/loss sharing was applied.

Source: Prepared by the Finance Department of the System.

The projected transfers to the General Fund made in the fiscal years ended September 30, 2018 through and including 2020 are as follows:

_	Projected Transfers to General Fund	
Fiscal Years ended September 30,	<u>Amount</u>	% Increase/(Decrease)
•		,
2018	36,351,220	1.5%
2019	36,896,488	1.5%
2020	37,449,935	1.5%

Source: Prepared by the Finance Department of the System.

Investment Policies

The System's investment policy provides for investment of its funds. The primary goals of the investment policy are (1) preservation of capital, (2) providing sufficient liquidity to meet expected cash flow requirements, and (3) providing returns commensurate with the risk limitations of the program. The System's funds are invested only in securities of the type and maturity as permitted by the Resolution, Florida Statutes and its internal investment policy. The System does not presently have, nor does it intend to acquire in the future, derivative or leveraged investments or investments in mortgage-backed securities. The System does not invest its funds through any governmental or private investment pool (including, without limitation, the Florida PRIME or the former Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund administered by the State's Board of Administration).

Debt Management Policy

The System's debt management policy applies to all current and future debt and related hedging instruments issued by the System and approved by the City Commission. The purpose of the policy is to provide guidance for issuing and managing debt. The System debt is required to be managed with an overall philosophy of taking a long term approach in borrowing funds at the lowest possible interest cost.

To achieve this goal, the System will continuously work towards developing an optimal capital structure, including the types of variable rate exposure, in view of the System's risk tolerance to market fluctuations, capital market outlook, future capital funding needs, rating agency considerations, and counterparty credit profiles.

Competition

In recent years, energy-related enterprises have become more influenced by the competitive pressures of an increasingly deregulated industry, especially the wholesale power market. The Florida retail electric system is under no immediate threat of market loss due to the current laws and regulations governing the supply of electricity in Florida, which presently prohibit any form of retail competition. The System's other enterprises currently are operating in competitive environments of one form or another. These competitive environments include the natural gas system by-pass and competition against other LP distributors and alternative fuel types, private wells, septic tanks and privately owned water and wastewater systems, and the entire telecommunications arena for GRUCom.

Management's response to the increasing competition in the wholesale power market (including interchange and economy sales), and the corollary open access changes in the electric transmission network has been to stay involved and form strategic alliances. These alliances fall into two categories, joint ventures and industry associations. The most significant joint venture the System is currently involved in is TEA, a Georgia nonprofit corporation established for power marketing, fuels procurement, and financial hedging and risk management (see "– The Electric System – Energy Sales – *The Energy Authority*" above). The System's staff is very involved with the American Public Power Association, the Florida Municipal Electric Association ("FMEA"), and FMPA. These industry associations have proven to be a powerful way to stay informed, plan, and help shape federal and state policies to protect customer interests and assure the fair treatment of municipal systems.

The natural gas system has been subjected to competition due to the deregulation that has occurred in that industry since the early 1990's. A consequence of this deregulation for municipal gas utilities in Florida is that "end-users" are allowed to secure and purchase their gas requirements directly from gas producers, thereby "bypassing" the monopoly producer/pipeline systems. The System's rate structures largely avoid this concern. The System passes fuel costs directly through its purchased gas adjustment, and rates applicable for transportation of system by-pass are allowed to earn a return on distribution infrastructure, which is the sole basis for the System's revenue requirements. Thus, a customer electing to bypass the System simply substitutes its ability to buy gas for the System's ability to buy gas. The sole example of bypass experienced by the System to date was in the case of service to Duke's cogeneration plant at the University of Florida where the amount of non-fuel revenue realized from the customer was virtually unchanged by its decision to contract for its own gas supply. Several strategies are being implemented to gain a competitive advantage for the System in natural gas sales growth. Two very significant competitive advantages are the System's position of having among the lowest gas rates in the State, and the environmental benefits of natural gas for certain appliance end uses. Appliance rebates and distribution system construction credits are employed to encourage and stimulate customer growth. In addition, temporary LP distribution systems may be constructed to encourage and rapidly accommodate the acquisition of a customer base that is just beyond an economic expansion of the natural gas distribution system. These LP systems and customer appliances are converted to natural gas when gas pipeline extensions become feasible. Rebates are also used to assist customers in overcoming the short-term economic obstacles of converting existing electric appliances to natural gas in order to allow them to obtain long-term financial, convenience, and environmental benefits, both inside and outside the System's

electrical service territory. The System has franchises to provide retail natural gas services to several nearby cities in the County. See "- The Natural Gas System – Service Area" herein for a discussion of the status of the System's franchise agreement to provide natural gas service in the County.

Private wells, septic tanks, and privately owned water utilities are the traditional alternatives for water and wastewater utility services and serve small populations where service from centralized facilities is less practical or desirable. Comprehensive planning in the City and the surrounding unincorporated areas strongly discourages urban sprawl, and the System's incumbent status, competitive rates and environmental record have resulted in a very favorable competitive position, with sustained high levels of market capture from population growth.

GRUCom operates in a fully deregulated and competitive telecommunications environment. Management has taken a targeted approach to this enterprise, seeking opportunities that maximize use of System assets, which include widely deployed fiber optic communication facilities and existing elevated antenna structures (communications towers and water tanks), while also taking advantage of its professional employee expertise in areas of utility and public safety operations, information technology and its close working relationships within the local businesses community and the commercial property development industry. GRUCom primarily engages its customer markets as a business-to-business enterprise taking a consultative sales approach to solicit its services to private companies, governments, telecommunications carriers, major institutions and other similar commercial users of high volume voice, data and Internet bandwidth applications.

GRUCom also provides data center co-location services within its telecommunications central office building providing leased access to conditioned space, redundant power and building systems and highly available communications facilities. Tenants include private businesses and government agencies co-located for the purpose of off-site data back-up and storage, on-line hosting service providers co-located for the purpose of accessing reliable high-capacity Internet connectivity, and other Internet and telecommunications service providers who gain access to GRUCom's excellent local fiber transmission services at preferential rates available only to co-located resellers.

The System currently is pursuing opportunities related to several large development projects occurring in the service territory to diversify revenues while investing in energy efficient systems, as was successfully pursued in the South Energy Center. Due to the existing knowledge, experience, infrastructure and resources within the System's core utilities, it has a competitive advantage as it focuses on chilled water services, and emergency backup power opportunities.

Chilled water provides an additional revenue source, while providing a more efficient, cost effective cooling system that is consistent with environmental stewardship. The System's strategy for chilled water service does not depend on extensive distribution systems. Instead, each chilled water and generation facility is located near the premises of the development. Additionally, the chilled water systems are modular and can be expanded incrementally as the customer base grows. This strategy will limit the System's exposure for stranded assets or investing in infrastructure without having full subscription to the available service, especially at a time when development has slowed significantly.

The Innovation District is an area of approximately 80 acres between the University of Florida's campus and downtown Gainesville that has been master planned and is being transformed into an area of high urban density to house and support scientific research and development and technology based businesses as well as residential, retail, and hospitality development. The Innovation District is currently

a mixture of low density office, commercial and residential uses, and includes the former Shands at Alachua General Hospital ("AGH") site. The former Shands at AGH was demolished and the entire site is now called Innovation Square. The University of Florida has constructed a three-story building known as Innovation Hub on the site and has another building known as Innovation Hub Phase II under construction. Innovation Square is a research oriented development that forms the nucleus of the Innovation District. The Innovation District is projected to be comprised of approximately 3.7 million square feet of lab, business, residential, commercial, and institutional space. The System will have the opportunity to provide commercial power, emergency power, natural gas, water, wastewater, reclaimed water, chilled water, and telecommunication services to the Innovation District. The Innovation District is projected to constitute significant utility loads, including an electric load of more than 10 MW.

Redevelopment of the Innovation District is an ambitious undertaking and has required that basic utility infrastructure be upgraded to support the dense urban development that is envisioned. Redevelopment in and around downtown Gainesville, particularly when coupled with the University of Florida's international reputation as a premier scientific research institution, presents tremendous opportunities for economic growth.

In order to help facilitate development in the Innovation District the System has designated an Innovation District "Infrastructure Improvement Area" within which the System is constructing water distribution system and wastewater collection system capacity improvements according to a master plan. The System is charging an additional fee to new development projects within the area to recover its costs. This mechanism allows critical capacity improvements to be constructed as efficiently as possible. For more information, see "-- Rates—Water and Wastewater System—Infrastructure Improvement Area" above.

The System owns and operates a recently constructed facility, known as the Innovation Energy Center, dedicated to serve Innovation Square. The facility provides chilled water and emergency power for the Innovation Hub building and future buildings being planned for the Innovation Square development, under an exclusive provider contract with the University of Florida Development Corporation. The modular facility has a current capacity of 870 tons of chilled water with planned expansion to 7,000 tons as additional customers are connected to the facility.

Currently, there is no initiative and little indication of interest in pursuing retail electric deregulation either in Florida or nationwide. Management has a renewed focus on maintaining and improving the projected levels of Net Revenues, debt service coverage, and the overall financial strength of the System. To be successful at this, the System will require many of the same goals and targets necessary to be prepared for retail competition. These goals and targets relate to enhancing customer loyalty and satisfaction by providing safe and reliable utility services at competitive prices.

Ratings Triggers and Other Factors That Could Affect the System's Liquidity, Results of Operations or Financial Condition

The System has entered into certain agreements that contain provisions giving counterparties certain rights and options in the event of a downgrade in the System's credit ratings below specified levels and/or the occurrence of certain other events or circumstances. Given its current levels of ratings, Management does not believe that the rating and other credit-related triggers contained in any of its existing agreements will have a material adverse effect on the System's liquidity, results of operations or financial condition. However, the System's ratings reflect the views of the rating agencies and not of the

System, and therefore, the System cannot give any assurance that its ratings will be maintained at current levels for any period of time.

Liquidity Support for the System's Variable Rate Bonds

The System has entered into separate standby bond purchase agreements with certain commercial banks in order to provide liquidity support in connection with tenders for purchase of the 2005 Series C Bonds, the 2006 Series A Bonds, the 2007 Series A Bonds, the 2008 Series B Bonds and the 2012 Series B Bonds (collectively the "Liquidity Supported Bonds"). The following details the Liquidity Supported Bonds, the bank providing the liquidity support and the termination date of the current facility:

<u>Series</u>	<u>Bank</u>	Expiration
2005C	Landesbank Hessen Thüringen Girozentrale	November 24, 2020
2006A	Landesbank Hessen Thüringen Girozentrale	November 24, 2020
2007A	State Street Bank and Trust Company	March 1, 2018
2008B	Barclays Bank PLC	June 29, 2020
2012B	Citibank, N.A.	June 29, 2020

The standby bond purchase agreements relating to the Liquidity Supported Bonds provide that any Liquidity Supported Bond that is purchased by the applicable bank pursuant to its standby bond purchase agreement may be tendered or deemed tendered to the System for payment upon the occurrence of certain "events of default" with respect to the System under such standby bond purchase agreement. Upon any such tender or deemed tender, the Liquidity Supported Bond so tendered or deemed tendered will be due and payable immediately.

The standby bond purchase agreements relating to the 2005 Series C Bonds and the 2006 Series A Bonds, provides that it is an "event of default" on the part of the System thereunder if any of the ratings fall below "A2" (or its equivalent) by Moody's and below "A" (or its equivalent) by S&P, or below "A" (or its equivalent) by Fitch or is withdrawn or suspended. The standby bond purchase agreement relating to the 2007 Series A Bonds provides that it is an "event of default" on the part of the System thereunder if the ratings on the 2007 Series A Bonds, without taking into account third-party credit enhancement, fall below "Baa3" by Moody's and "BBB-" by S&P or are withdrawn or suspended. The standby bond purchase agreement relating to the 2008 Series B Bonds provides that it is an "event of default" on the part of the System thereunder if any rating on the 2008 Series B Bonds or any Parity Debt, without taking into account third-party credit enhancement, falls below "Baa3" by Moody's, "BBB-" by S&P or "BBB-" by Fitch or is withdrawn or suspended (other than any withdrawal or suspension that is taken for non-credit related reasons). The standby bond purchase agreement relating to the 2012 Series B Bonds provides that it is an "event of default" on the part of the System thereunder if the ratings on the 2012 Series B Bonds, without giving effect to any third-party credit enhancement, fall below "Baa3" by Moody's, "BBB-" by S&P or "BBB-" by Fitch or is withdrawn or suspended (other than any withdrawal or suspension that is taken for noncredit related reasons). Any Liquidity Supported Bond purchased by the applicable bank under a standby bond purchase agreement will bear interest at the rate per annum set forth in such standby bond purchase agreement, which rate may be significantly higher than market rates of interest borne by such Bonds when held by investors.

The City anticipates similar provisions to apply to the 2017B Bonds [and the 2017C Bonds].

<u>Liquidity Support for the System's Commercial Paper Program</u>

The System also has entered into separate credit agreements with certain commercial banks in order to provide liquidity support for the CP Notes. The CP Notes constitute Subordinated Indebtedness under the Resolution. If, on any date on which a CP Note of a particular series matures, the System is not able to issue additional CP Notes of such series to pay such maturing CP Note, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions, the applicable bank is obligated to honor a drawing under its credit agreement in an amount sufficient to pay the principal of such maturing CP Note. The credit agreements for the Series C Notes and the Series D Notes currently have stated termination dates of November 30, 2018 and August 28, 2020, respectively, which dates are subject to extension in the sole discretion of the respective banks. The System expects to renew the credit agreement with State Street Bank and Trust on the Series D Notes with a three year extension.

The credit agreements provide that, upon the occurrence and continuation of certain "tender events" on the part of the System thereunder, the banks may, among other things, (a) issue "No-Issuance Instructions" to the issuing agent for the CP Notes of the applicable series, instructing such paying agent not to issue any additional CP Notes of such series thereafter, (b) terminate the commitment and the applicable bank's obligation to make loans or (c) require immediate payment from the System for any outstanding principal and accrued interest due under the respective credit agreement.

With respect to the Series C Notes, among others, it is an immediate termination event under the related credit agreement if the ratings assigned to any of the System's Bonds fall below "Baa3" by Moody's, "BBB-" by S&P or "BBB-" by Fitch or are suspended or withdrawn for credit-related reasons.

With respect to the Series D Notes, among others, it is an immediate termination event under the related credit agreement if the ratings assigned to any of the System's Bonds fall below "Baa" by Moody's, "BBB-" by S&P or "BBB-" by Fitch or are suspended or withdrawn for credit-related reasons.

Any drawing made under a credit agreement bears interest at the rate per annum set forth in such credit agreement, which rate may be significantly higher than market rates of interest borne by the related CP Notes.

Interest Rate Swap Transactions

The City has entered into interest rate swap transactions with three different counterparties under interest rate swap master agreements with respect to the 2005 Series B Bonds, the 2005 Series C Bonds, the 2006 Series A Bonds, the 2007 Series A Bonds and the 2008 Series B Bonds. The current counterparties are Goldman Sachs Mitsui Marine Derivative Products, L.P. and JP Morgan Chase Bank, National Association.

For the 2005 Series B Bonds, the City has entered into a floating-to-floating rate interest rate swap transaction (the "2005 Series B Swap Transaction") for a pro rata portion of each of the maturities of the 2005 Series B Bonds. During the term of the 2005 Series B Swap Transaction, the City will pay to the counterparty a rate equal to the SIFMA Municipal Swap Index and will receive from the counterparty a rate equal to 77.14% of the one-month LIBOR rate. GRU notes that the United Kingdom's Financial Conduct Authority ("FCA"), a regulator of financial services firms and financial markets in the U.K., has stated that they will plan for a phase out of LIBOR with a target end to the indices in 2021. The FCA has indicated they will no longer require the LIBOR indices be used after 2021, however LIBOR indices will not be prohibited from being used after 2021. GRU also notes that the International Swaps and Derivatives

Association ("ISDA") has not issued formal directives addressing the planned phase-out of LIBOR. As of the date of this publication, it is unclear what the overall impact will be on the expected phase out of the LIBOR indices and the resulting change due to the potential alternative reference rate. The initial notional amount of the 2005 Series B Swap Transaction was \$45,000,000, which corresponded to approximately 73.1% of the principal amount of each maturity of the 2005 Series B Bonds. The effect of the 2005 Series B Swap Transaction was to synthetically convert the interest rate on such pro rata portion of the 2005 Series B Bonds from a taxable rate to a tax-exempt rate. The City has designated the 2005 Series B Swap Transaction as a "Qualified Hedging Transaction" within the meaning of the Resolution. The counterparty to the 2005 Series B Swap transaction (Goldman Sachs Mitsui Marine Derivatives Products L.P.) currently has a counterparty risk rating of "Aa2" from Moody's and a counterparty credit rating of "AA-" from S&P. When entered into, the term of the 2005 Series B Swap Transaction was identical to the term of the 2005 Series B Bonds, and the notional amount of the 2005 Series B Swap Transaction was scheduled to amortize at the same times and in the same amounts as the pro rata portion of the 2005 Series B Bonds. On August 2, 2012, \$31,560,000 of the 2005 Series B Bonds were redeemed with proceeds from the issuance of the City's 2012 Series B Bonds. As a result, the 2005 Series B Swap Transaction no longer served as a hedge against the 2005 Series B Bonds. However, since the City had other taxable Bonds Outstanding, the City left the 2005 Series B Swap Transaction outstanding following the issuance of the 2012 Series B Bonds, as a partial hedge against the interest rate movements. The 2005 Series B Swap Transaction is subject to early termination by the City or the counterparty at certain times and under certain conditions. The currently scheduled termination of the 2005 Series B Swap Transaction is October 1, 2021.

The City entered into a floating-to-fixed rate interest rate swap transaction (the "2005 Series C Swap Transaction"). During the term of the 2005 Series C Swap Transaction, the City will pay to the counterparty a fixed rate of 3.20% per annum and will receive from the counterparty a rate equal to 60.36% of the tenyear LIBOR swap rate. Initially, the term of the 2005 Series C Swap Transaction was identical to the term of the 2005 Series C Bonds, and the notional amount of the 2005 Series C Swap Transaction was scheduled to amortize at the same times and in the same amounts as the 2005 Series C Bonds. The effect of the 2005 Series C Swap Transaction was to synthetically fix the interest rate on the 2005 Series C Bonds at a rate of approximately 3.20% per annum, although the City bears basis risk which could result in a realized rate over time that may be lower or higher than the 3.20% rate. The counterparty (JPMorgan Chase Bank) currently has a counterparty credit rating of "Aa3" from Moody's and a counterparty credit rating of "A+" from S&P. The City has designated the 2005 Series C Swap Transaction as a "Qualified Hedging Transaction". On August 2, 2012, \$17,570,000 of the 2005 Series C Bonds were redeemed with proceeds from the issuance of the 2012 Series B Bonds. The City left the 2005 Series C Swap Transaction outstanding following the issuance of the 2012 Series B Bonds, as a partial hedge against the interest rate movements. The 2005 Series C Swap Transaction is subject to early termination by the City or the counterparty at certain times and under certain conditions. The currently scheduled termination of the 2005 Series C Swap Transaction is October 1, 2026.

In September 2005, the City entered into a forward-starting floating-to-fixed rate interest rate swap transaction (as amended, the "2006 Series A Swap Transaction"). During the term of the 2006 Series A Swap Transaction, the City will pay to the counterparty a fixed rate of 3.224% per annum and will receive from the counterparty a rate equal to 68% of the ten-year LIBOR swap rate minus 36.5 basis points. The effect of the 2006 Series A Swap Transaction was to synthetically fix the interest rate on the 2006 Series A Bonds at a rate of approximately 3.224% per annum, although the City bears basis risk, which could result in a realized rate over time that may be lower or higher than the 3.224% rate. Initially, the term of the 2006 Series A Swap Transaction was identical to the term of the 2006 Series A Bonds, and the notional amount of the 2006 Series A Swap Transaction was scheduled to amortize at the same times and in the same

amounts as the 2006 Series A Bonds. The counterparty to the 2006 Series A Swap Transaction (Goldman Sachs Mitsui Marine Derivatives Products L.P.) currently has a counterparty risk rating of "Aa2" from Moody's and a counterparty credit rating of "AA-" from S&P. The City has designated the 2006 Series A Swap Transaction as a "Qualified Hedging Transaction". On August 2, 2012, \$25,930,000 of the 2006 Series A Bonds were redeemed with proceeds from the issuance of the 2012 Series B Bonds. The City left that portion of the 2006 Series A Swap Transaction outstanding as a partial hedge against the interest rate movements. The 2006 Series A Swap Transaction is subject to early termination by the City or the counterparty at certain times and under certain conditions. The currently scheduled termination of the 2006 Series A Swap Transaction is October 1, 2026.

The City has entered into a floating-to-fixed rate interest rate swap transaction (the "2007 Series A Swap Transaction") with respect to the 2007 Series A Bonds. The term of the 2007 Series A Swap Transaction is identical to the term of the 2007 Series A Bonds, and the notional amount of the 2007 Series A Swap Transaction will amortize at the same times and in the same amounts as the 2007 Series A Bonds. During the term of the 2007 Series A Swap Transaction, the City will pay to the counterparty a fixed rate of 3.944% per annum and will receive from the counterparty a rate equal to the SIFMA Municipal Swap Index. The effect of the 2007 Series A Swap Transaction is to synthetically fix the interest rate on the 2007 Series A Bonds at a rate of approximately 3.944% per annum. The counterparty to the 2007 Series A Swap Transaction (Goldman Sachs Mitsui Marine Derivatives Products L.P.) currently has a counterparty risk rating of "Aa2" from Moody's and a financial program rating of "AA-" from S&P. The City has designated the 2007 Series A Swap Transaction as a "Qualified Hedging Transaction" within the meaning of the Resolution. The 2007 Series A Swap Transaction is subject to early termination by the City or the counterparty at certain times and under certain conditions. The currently scheduled termination of the 2007 Series A Swap Transaction is October 1, 2036.

The City has entered into two floating-to-fixed rate interest rate swap transactions (the "2008 Series B Swap Transactions") with respect to the 2008 Series B Bonds. The terms of the 2008 Series B Swap Transactions are identical to the term of the 2008 Series B Bonds, and the notional amount of the 2008 Series B Swap Transactions will amortize at the same times and in the same amounts as the 2008 Series B Bonds. During the terms of the 2008 Series B Swap Transactions, the City will pay to the counterparty a fixed rate of 4.229% per annum and will receive from the counterparty a rate equal to the SIFMA Municipal Swap Index. The effect of the 2008 Series B Swap Transactions is to synthetically fix the interest rate on the 2008 Series B Bonds at a rate of approximately 4.229% per annum. The counterparty to the 2008 Series B Swap Transactions (JPMorgan Chase Bank) currently has a counterparty risk rating of "Aa3" from Moody's and a financial program rating of "A+" from S&P. The City has designated each of the 2008 Series B Swap Transactions as a "Qualified Hedging Transaction" within the meaning of the Resolution. The 2008 Series B Swap Transactions are subject to early termination by the City or the counterparty at certain times and under certain conditions. The currently scheduled termination of the 2008 Series B Swap Transaction is October 1, 2038.

As detailed above, the interest rates on the 2012 Series B Bonds are hedged, in part, by the 2005 Series B and C Swap Transaction as well as the 2006 Series A Swap Transaction.

[The City has entered into a floating-to-fixed rate interest rate swap transaction (the "2017 Series C Swap Transaction") with respect to the 2017C Bonds. The term of the 2017 Series C Swap Transaction is identical to the term of the 2017C Bonds, and the notional amount of the 2017 Series C Swap Transaction will amortize at the same times and in the same amounts as the 2017C Bonds. During the term of the 2017 Series C Swap Transaction, the City will pay to the counterparty a fixed rate of _____%

per annum and will receive from the counterparty a rate equal to the [SIFMA Municipal Swap Index]. The effect of the 2017 Series C Swap Transaction is to synthetically fix the interest rate on the 2017 Bonds at a rate of approximately _____% per annum. The counterparty to the 2017 Series C Swap Transaction (______) currently has a counterparty risk rating of "____" from Moody's. The City has designated the 2017 Series C Swap Transaction as a "Qualified Hedging Transaction" within the meaning of the Resolution. The 2017 Series C Swap Transaction is subject to early termination by the City or the counterparty at certain times and under certain conditions. The currently scheduled termination of the 2017 Series C Swap Transaction is October 1, ____.] [Insert description of symmetrical collateral posting obligations]

Under the master agreements, the interest rate swap transactions entered into pursuant to such master agreements are subject to early termination upon the occurrence of certain "events of default" and upon the occurrence of certain "termination events." One such "termination event" with respect to the Bonds is a suspension or withdrawal of certain credit ratings with respect to the Bonds, or a downgrade of such ratings below the levels set forth in the master agreement or in the confirmation related to a particular interest rate swap transaction. Upon the early termination of an interest rate swap transaction, the City may owe the applicable counterparty a termination payment, the amount of which could be substantial. The amount of any such potential termination payment would be determined in the manner provided in the applicable master agreement and would be based primarily upon prevailing market interest rate levels and the remaining term of the interest rate swap transaction at the time of termination. Such termination payments are Subordinated Hedging Contract Obligations pursuant to the terms of the Resolution. In general, the ratings triggers on the part of the System contained in the master agreements range from (x) if any two ratings on the 2017A Bonds are below "Baa2" by Moody's and/ or "BBB" by S&P and/ or "BBB" by Fitch to (y) if the City fails to have at least one rating on the 2017A Bonds of "Baa3" by Moody's, "BBB-" by S&P or "BBB-" by Fitch.

[Following the issuance of the 2017C Bonds, the System's estimated aggregate exposure under all of its then outstanding interest rate swap transactions (*i.e.*, the net amount of the termination payments that the System would owe its counterparties if all of the interest rate swap transactions were terminated) was \$_______.] As of September 30, 2017, the System's estimated aggregate exposure under all of its then outstanding interest rate swap transactions (*i.e.*, the net amount of the termination payments that the System would owe its counterparties if all of the interest rate swap transactions were terminated) was \$_______. As of September 30, 2016, the System's estimated aggregate exposure under all of its then outstanding interest rate swap transactions (*i.e.*, the net amount of the termination payments that the System would owe its counterparties if all of the interest rate swap transactions were terminated) was \$93,138,518.72. As of September 30, 2015, the System's estimated aggregate exposure under all of its then outstanding interest rate swap transactions was \$77,042,766.58. As of September 30, 2014, the System's estimated aggregate exposure under all of its then outstanding interest rate swap transactions was \$55,103,516.23. Termination payments are Subordinated Hedging Contract Obligations pursuant to the terms of the Resolution.

The System adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 53, Accounting and Reporting for Financial Reporting and Derivative Instruments, which addresses the recognition, measurement and disclosure of information for derivative instruments, and was effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2009. GASB Statement No. 53 requires retrospective adoption, which requires a restatement of the financial statements for the earliest year presented. GASB Statement No. 53 requires the fair market value of derivative instruments, including interest rate swap transactions, to be recorded on the balance sheet. Changes in fair value for effective derivative instruments are recorded as a

deferred inflow or outflow, while changes in fair value for ineffective derivative instruments are recorded as investment income. This is a significant change from previous practice, which required the fair value of derivative instruments to be disclosed in the footnotes to the financial statements.

The System records assets and liabilities in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, which determines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosures about fair value measurement.

Fair value is defined in Statement No. 72 as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (an exit price). Fair value is a market-based measurement for a particular asset or liability based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. Such assumptions include observable and unobservable inputs of market data, as well as assumptions about risk and the risk inherent in the inputs to the valuation technique.

As a basis for considering market participant assumptions in fair value measurements, Statement No. 72 establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date. U.S. Treasury securities are examples of Level 1 inputs.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. U.S. agencies, corporate bonds and financial hedges are examples of Level 2 inputs.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs that reflect GRU's own assumptions about factors that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability (including assumptions about risk).

Valuation methods of the primary fair value measurements are as follows:

- Investments in debt securities are valued using Level 2 measurements because the
 valuations use interest rate curves and credit spreads applied to the terms of the debt
 instrument (maturity and coupon interest rate) and consider the counterparty credit rating.
- Commodity derivatives, such as futures, swaps and options, which are ultimately settled using prices at locations quoted through clearinghouses are valued using level 1 inputs.
- Other hedging derivatives, such as swaps settled using prices at locations other than those
 quoted through clearinghouses and options with strike prices not identically quoted
 through a clearinghouse, are valued using Level 2 inputs. For these instruments, fair value
 is based on pricing algorithms using observable market quotes

Financial assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. GRU's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment and may affect the valuation of fair value assets and

liabilities and their place within the fair value hierarchy levels. GRU's fair value measurements are performed on a recurring basis.

Additional Financing Requirements

The System's current six-year capital improvement program requires a total of approximately \$393 million in capital expenditures in the fiscal years ending September 30, 2017 through and including 2022, and does not include the GREC Biomass Plant acquisition described above. Such amount is expected to be funded in part from remaining construction funds from previous financings, construction fund interest earnings, Revenues, and approximately \$123.5 million of future additional Bonds and/or Subordinated Indebtedness (including additional commercial paper notes) that the City expects will be issued during that timeframe.

Factors Affecting the Utility Industry

General

The primary factors currently affecting the utility industry include environmental regulations, Operating, Planning and Critical Infrastructure Protection Standards promulgated by NERC under FERC jurisdiction, and the increasing strategic and price differences among various types of fuels. No state or federal legislation is pending or proposed at this time for retail competition in Florida.

The role of municipalities as telecommunications providers pursuant to the 1996 Federal Telecommunications Act resulted in a number of state-level legislative initiatives across the nation to curtail this activity. In Florida, this issue culminated in the passage, in 2005, of legislation codified in Section 350.81, Florida Statutes (Section 350.81) that defined the conditions under which municipalities are allowed to provide retail telecommunications services. Although the System has special status as a grandfathered entity under this legislation, the provision of certain additional retail telecommunications services by the System would implicate certain requirements of Section 350.81. Management of the System does not expect that any required compliance with the requirements of Section 350.81 would have a material adverse effect on the operations or financial condition of GRUCom.

Environmental and Other Natural Resource Regulations

The System and its operations are subject to federal, state and local environmental regulations which include, among other things, control of emissions of particulates, mercury, acid gases, SO2 and NOx into the air; discharges of pollutants, including heat, into surface or ground water; the disposal of wastes and reuse of products generated by wastewater treatment and combustion processes; management of hazardous materials; and the nature of waste materials discharged into the wastewater system's collection facilities. Environmental regulations generally are becoming more numerous and more stringent and, as a result, may substantially increase the costs of the System's services by requiring changes in the operation of existing facilities as well as changes in the location, design, construction and operation of new facilities (including both facilities that are owned and operated by the System as well as facilities that are owned and operated by others, from which the System purchases output, services, commodities and other materials). There is no assurance that the facilities in operation, under construction or contemplated will always remain subject to the regulations currently in effect or will always be in compliance with future regulations. Compliance with applicable regulations could result in increases in the costs of construction and/or operation of affected facilities, including associated costs such as transmission and transportation,

as well as limitations on the operation of such facilities. Failure to comply with regulatory requirements could result in reduced operating levels or the complete shutdown of those facilities not in compliance as well as the imposition of civil and criminal penalties.

Increasing concerns about climate change and the effects of GHGs on the environment have resulted in EPA finalizing on August 3, 2015 carbon regulations, the Clean Power Plan, for existing power plants. Currently, the Clean Power Plan is being litigated and August 10, 2017, the United States Court of Appeals for the D.C. Circuit issued an order holding the challenges to the greenhouse gas new source performance standards ("GHG NSPS") in abeyance "pending further order of the court." The order also directs EPA to file status reports at 90-day intervals beginning October 27, 2017. Further litigation is expected regardless of the DC Circuit Court of Appeals decision. In addition, the EPA has been given presidential direction to review the Clean Power Plan. The court has also ordered the parties to file supplemental briefs addressing whether the challenges should be remanded to the EPA rather than held in abeyance. The briefs were filed on May 15, 2017.

Air Emissions

The Clean Air Act

The Clean Air Act regulates emissions of air pollutants, establishes national air quality standards for major pollutants, and requires permitting of both new and existing sources of air pollution. Among the provisions of the Clean Air Act that affect the System's operations are (1) the acid rain program, which requires nationwide reductions of SO₂ and NO_x from existing and new fossil-fueled electric generating plants, (2) provisions related to toxic or hazardous pollutants, and (3) requirements to address regional haze.

The Clean Air Act also requires persons constructing new major air pollution sources or implementing significant modifications to existing air pollution sources to obtain a permit prior to such construction or modifications. Significant modifications include operational changes that increase the emissions expected from an air pollution source above specified thresholds. In order to obtain a permit for these purposes, the owner or operator of the affected facility must undergo a "new source review," which requires the identification and implementation of BACT for all regulated air pollutants and an analysis of the ambient air quality impacts of a facility. In 2009, the EPA announced plans to actively pursue new source review enforcement actions against electric utilities for making such changes to their coal-fired power plants without completing new source review. Under Section 114 of the Clean Air Act, the EPA has the authority to request from any person who owns or operates an emission source, information and records about operation, maintenance, emissions, and other data relating to such source for the purpose of developing regulatory programs, determining if a violation occurred (such as the failure to undergo new source review), or carrying out other statutory responsibilities.

The Cross-State Air Pollution Rule (CSAPR)

On July 6, 2011, the EPA released its final Cross-State Air Pollution Rule ("CSAPR"). This rule is the final version of the Transport Rule and replaces Clean Air Interstate Rule ("CAIR"). In Florida, only ozone season NOx emissions are regulated by CSAPR through the use of allowances.

Various states, local governments, and other stakeholders challenged CSAPR and, on August 21, 2012, a three-judge panel of the D.C. Circuit Court, by a 2-1 vote, held that the EPA had exceeded its

statutory authority in issuing CSAPR and vacated CSAPR along with certain related federal implementation plans. As part of its holding, the D.C. Circuit Court panel held that the EPA should continue to administer the original CAIR program until the EPA promulgates a valid replacement.

On July 28, 2015, the D.C. Circuit ruled that Florida's allowance budget is invalid and remanded CSAPR to the EPA. On October 26, 2016 EPA published, in the *Federal Register* at 81 Fed. Reg. 74504, an update to the CSAPR to address the 2008 Ozone National Ambient Air Quality Standards. For three states (North Carolina, South Carolina and Florida), the EPA is removing the states from the CSAPR ozone season NOx trading program because modeling for the Final Rule indicates that these states do not contribute significantly to ozone air quality problems in downwind states under the 2008 ozone NAAQS. Therefore, GRU will not have to meet ozone season limits in 2017 and, most likely, 2018.

EPA's Rule Establishing Mercury and Air Toxics Standards ("MATS")

On December 16, 2011, the EPA promulgated a rule to reduce emissions of toxic air pollutants from power plants. Specifically, these mercury and air toxics standards or MATS for power plants will reduce emissions from new and existing coal- and oil-fired electric utility steam generating units ("EGU"). The EPA also signed revisions to the new source performance standards for fossil fuel-fired EGUs. Such revisions revised the standards that new coal- and oil-fired power plants must meet for particulate matter, SO₂ and NOx. On November 25, 2014, the United States Supreme Court accepted certiorari to hear challenges to the mercury rules.

On June 29, 2015, the U.S. Supreme Court issued a 5-to-4 decision reversing a prior D.C. Circuit decision to uphold MATS for electric generating units. *Michigan, et al. v. EPA, et al., No. 14-46 (Michigan v. EPA")*. The Court granted review on a single issue: "Whether the Environmental Protection Agency unreasonably refused to consider costs in determining whether it is appropriate to regulate hazardous air pollutants emitted by electric utilities." Writing for the majority, Justice Scalia held that EPA "strayed far beyond" the "bounds of reasonable interpretation" when the Agency interpreted the Clean Air Act to mean that it "could ignore costs when deciding to regulate power plants." The Court remanded the case to the D.C. Circuit Court for further proceedings consistent with the Court's opinion. On August 10, 2015, EPA stated in a motion filed with the D.C. Circuit Court that the EPA then planned to revise its "appropriate and necessary" determination for MATS by the spring of 2016, prior to the extended MATS compliance deadline of April 15, 2016. The EPA also stated that it intended to request that the D.C. Circuit Court remand the rule without vacatur while the EPA works on this revision. Since the D.C. Circuit Court did not vacate the rule, the MATS rule is still in effect.

On April 14, 2016, the Administrator of the EPA signed the final supplemental finding in the MATS rule. The new "appropriate and necessary" finding responds to the U.S. Supreme Court decision in Michigan v. EPA, and explains how the EPA has taken cost into account in evaluating whether it is appropriate and necessary to regulate coal- and- oil-fired EGUs under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act (the "CAA"). The EPA still concludes it is proper to regulate mercury emissions from power plants.

On May 6, 2016, the EPA filed a brief urging the U.S. Supreme Court to deny a *writ of certiorari* filed by 20 states, which requested that the Court review and reverse a decision by the U.S. Court of Appeals for the D.C. Circuit Court to remand MATS to the EPA without vacating the rule. According to the EPA's brief, the Supreme Court should deny review of whether MATS should have been vacated while the EPA made its "appropriate and necessary" finding because the issue was then moot since the EPA had issued the finding. Additionally, the EPA argued that the CAA, not the Administrative Procedure Act, governs

whether MATS should have been vacated, and the CAA does not mandate vacatur of a rule on remand. Rather, the EPA argued that the CAA gives a court discretion on whether to vacate a remanded rule based on the circumstances. Finally, the EPA asserted that the D.C. Circuit Court was correct in not vacating MATS on remand because the EPA could quickly remedy the legal deficiency and vacating the rule would have been harmful to the public because it would have allowed an increase in emissions of hazardous air pollutants from EGUs.

Murray Energy became the first party to appeal the final MATS Appropriate and Necessary Finding, filing its petition for review on April 25, 2016, the same day the rule was published in the *Federal Register*. 81 Fed. Reg. 24,420 (Apr. 25, 2016). All petitions for review of the Finding must have been filed in the D.C. Circuit Court no later than June 24, 2016. As of this deadline, six petitions for review have been filed in the D.C. Circuit Court and have been consolidated under the lead case *Murray Energy Corp. v. EPA*, No. 16-1127.

On October 14, 2016, the D.C. Circuit Court issued orders establishing the briefing schedule for the challenge related to MATS. In *Murray v. EPA*, 16-1127 (D.C. Cir.), industry petitioners challenge the EPA's supplemental determination that it was "appropriate and necessary" to regulate emissions of hazardous air pollutants from electric generating units.

On April 27, 2017, the D.C. Circuit Court granted the EPA's motions to postpone oral argument in the challenge to the EPA's supplemental determination that it was "appropriate and necessary" to regulate emissions of hazardous air pollutants from electric generating units ("Supplemental Finding"), Murray v. EPA, No. 16-1127 (D.C. Cir.), as well as in industry's challenge to the EPA's denial of administrative petitions for reconsideration of MATS, ARIPPA v. EPA, No. 15-1180 (D.C. Cir.). Oral argument in both cases was previously scheduled for May 18, 2017.

The court also ordered both challenges held in abeyance "pending further order of the court." EPA is directed to file status reports with the court every 90 days. The parties will be directed to file motions to govern future proceedings within 30 days of the EPA notifying the court and the parties of any action it has or will be taking with respect to the Supplemental Finding and the MATS reconsideration petitions.

So far, since the MATS program became effective on April 16, 2015, GRU's Deerhaven Unit #2 (the only unit MATS would affect) has been able to comply with all requirements.

Effluent Limitation Guidelines

On September 30, 2015, the EPA issued a final rule addressing effluent limitation guidelines ("ELG") for power plants under the Clean Water Act (the "ELG Rule"). The final rule establishes Best Available Technology Economically Achievable ("BAT"), New Source Performance Standards ("NSPS"), Pretreatment Standards for Existing Sources, and Pretreatment Standards for New Sources that may apply to discharges of six waste streams: flue gas desulfurization ("FGD") wastewater, fly ash transport water, bottom ash transport water, flue gas mercury control wastewater, gasification wastewater, and combustion residual leachate.

The EPA did not finalize the proposed best management practices for surface impoundments containing coal combustion residuals (e.g., ash ponds and FGD ponds) in order to avoid "unnecessary duplication" with its final rule pertaining to coal combustion residuals, 80 Fed. Reg. 21,302 (April 17, 2015).

On November 3, 2015, the final Effluent Limitation Guidelines for Steam Electric Generating Units was published in the Federal Register. As a result, the final rule was effective on January 4, 2016.

The Utility Water Act Group ("UWAG"), On March 24, 2017, filed an administrative petition for reconsideration of the ELG Rule. The petition requests EPA reconsider the ELG Rule and seeks an administrative stay to suspend all compliance deadlines, while EPA works to reconsider and revise the rule.

On April 12, 2017, the EPA Administrator, Scott Pruitt, announced that he will reconsider the ELGs for the power sector, in response to the two petitions for reconsideration received from UWAG and the Small Business Administration's Office of Advocacy. Both petitions raised concerns that the ELG Rule imposed unreasonable costs and lacked scientific support.

The Sierra Club, Clean Water Action, and a handful of other groups filed on May 3, 2017, a legal challenge against EPA's ELG stay. The complaint, filed in the D.C. Circuit Court, cites six supposed legal deficiencies in the EPA's stay, and asks the court to vacate the stay and compel the EPA to reinstate the compliance deadlines. All parties are now waiting on a decision by the D.C. Circuit Court.

On July 28th, EPA filed a cross motion for summary judgment. The motion makes two main arguments: (1) Sierra Club filed the suit in the wrong court; it should have been filed in the 5th Circuit, which is considering the legal challenges against the substance of the ELG rules and (2) EPA has "extraordinarily broad authority" to stay the compliance deadlines under section 705 of the APA. Note that this filing does not address EPA's reconsideration of the ELG rules, which we still expect a decision on by August 14, 2017 and that may ultimately moot the litigation in the D.C. District Court. This motion is noteworthy, however, in that EPA is mounting a vigorous defense of its steps to unwind the ELG rules.

On August 23, 2017, the 5th Circuit granted the Department of Justice's motion "to sever and hold in abeyance all judicial proceedings as to all issues relating to the portion of the 2015 Rule concerning the new, more stringent BAT limitations and PSES applicable to (1) bottom ash transport water, (2) FGD wastewater, and (3) gasification wastewater." The abeyance will last until EPA completes its rulemaking and variance activities (explained in the email below). The challenges against other elements of the ELG rule will move forward.

Regional Haze

On June 15, 2005, the EPA issued the Clean Air Visibility Rule, amending its 1999 regional haze rule, which had established timelines for states to improve visibility in national parks and wilderness areas throughout the United States. Under the amended rule, certain types of older sources may be required to install best available retrofit technology ("BART"). Some of the effects of the amended rule could be requirements for newer and cleaner technologies and additional controls for particulate matter, SO₂ and NO_x emissions from utility sources. The states were to develop their regional haze implementation plans by December 2007, identifying the facilities that will have to reduce emissions and then set emissions limits for those facilities. However, states have not met that schedule and on January 15, 2009, the EPA published a notice finding that 37 states (including Florida), the District of Columbia and the Virgin Islands failed to submit all or a portion of their regional haze implementation plans. The EPA's notice initiates a two-year period during which each jurisdiction must submit a haze implementation plan or become subject to a Federal Implementation Plan issued by the EPA that would set the basic program requirements. See "-- The Electric System – Energy Supply System – *Generating Facilities – Deerhaven*" herein for a description of

the actions that have been taken by the System to install additional emission control equipment at DH 2 and reduce SO₂ and NO_x emissions that potentially contribute to regional haze.

Emissions modeling was completed for DH 1 to determine its impact on visibility in the Class I areas within 300 km of the DGS. Results of this modeling confirmed that DH 1 had impacts on the applicable Class I areas below the 0.5 deciview threshold and therefore is exempt from the BART program associated with the regional haze program.

The reasonable further progress ("RFP") section of Florida's regional haze state implementation plan, which has been approved by EPA, applies to DH 2. The System has voluntarily requested a cap on SO₂ emissions, which provides DH 2 with an exemption from the RFP section. A draft permit from the FDEP was issued on June 1, 2012 approving the System's requested cap on SO₂ emissions, and the final permit was issued on June 26, 2012.

Internal Combustion Engine MACT

On August 20, 2010, the EPA published a final rule for the National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines, which covers existing stationary spark ignition reciprocating internal combustion engines located at major sources of hazardous air pollutant emissions such as power plant sites. This final rule, which became effective on October 19, 2010, requires the reduction of emissions of hazardous air pollutants from covered engines. Several of the System's reciprocating engines are covered by this rule and all are in full compliance.

Climate Change

On June 25, 2013, President Obama issued a Presidential Memorandum directing the EPA to work expeditiously to complete GHG standards for the power sector. The agency is using its authority under Section 111(d) of the Clean Air Act to issue emission guidelines to address GHG emissions from existing power plants. The Presidential Memorandum specifically directed the EPA to build on state leadership, provide flexibility and take advantage of a wide range of energy sources and technologies towards building a cleaner power sector. It also directed the EPA to issue proposed GHG standards, regulations or guidelines, as appropriate, for existing power plants by no later than June 1, 2014, and issue final standards, regulations or guidelines, as appropriate, by no later than June 1, 2015. In addition, the Presidential Memorandum directed the EPA to include in the guidelines, addressing existing power plants, a requirement that states submit to the EPA the implementation plans required under Section 111(d) of the Clean Air Act and its implementing regulations by no later than June 30, 2016. States would be able to request more time to submit complete implementation plans with the EPA being able to allow states until June 30, 2017 or June 30, 2018, as appropriate, to submit additional information completing the submitted plan no later than June 30, 2016.

Accordingly, on June 2, 2014, the EPA released a proposed rule, the Clean Power Plan Rule, that would limit and reduce carbon dioxide emissions from certain fossil fuel power plants, including existing plants. Finally, on August 3, 2015, the EPA released the final version of such rule, and on October 23, 2015, EPA published in the *Federal Register* the GHG existing source performance standards for power plants (the "Clean Power Plan"), and the final NSPS for GHG emissions from new, modified and reconstructed fossil fuel-fired power plants. The final Clean Power Plan was published at 80 Fed. Reg. 64662, and the final GHG NSPS were published at 80 Fed. Reg. 64510.

On October 23, 2015, the American Public Power Association ("APPA") and the Utility Air Regulatory Group ("UARG") filed a joint petition for review of the EPA's final Section 111(d) rule to regulate carbon dioxide ("CO2") emissions from existing electric generating sources in the D.C. Circuit Court. In addition, the state of West Virginia joined by Texas, Alabama, Arkansas, Colorado, Florida, Georgia, Indiana, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Michigan, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, New Jersey, Ohio, South Carolina, South Dakota, Utah, Wisconsin, Wyoming, the Arizona Corporation Commission, and the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality also filed their motion to stay the final Section 111(d) rule under the Clean Air Act. Such a stay would put implementation of the rule on hold until the court decides on its legality.

On January 26, 2016, 29 states requested that the U.S. Supreme Court stay implementation of the final GHG Clean Power Plan or CPP (80 Fed. Reg. 64662 - Oct. 23, 2015), pending judicial review of the rule. On February 9, 2016, the Supreme Court granted the stay of the Clean Power Plan pending judicial review of the rule. The stay will remain in effect pending Supreme Court review if such review is sought. Since the US Supreme Court stayed the EPA rulemaking on the Clean Power Plan, that extraordinary action will delay any regulatory action. GRU continues to closely monitor any activities with respect to Climate Change and GHGs.

The D.C. Circuit Court issued an order on April 28, 2017, holding the consolidated Clean Power Plan cases in abeyance for 60 days. The D.C. Circuit Court is requiring the EPA to file status reports concerning its ongoing regulatory deliberations at 30 days intervals. The court also asked the parties to file supplemental briefs by May 15 addressing whether the judicial process should be ended and the matter should be remanded to the EPA.

On August 10, 2017, the United States Court of Appeals for the D.C. Circuit issued an order holding the challenges to the greenhouse GHG NSPS in abeyance "pending further order of the court. The order also directs EPA to file status reports at 90-day intervals beginning October 27, 2017.

Coal Combustion Products

The EPA published a final rule (40 CFR 257), effective October 14, 2015, to regulate the disposal of coal combustion residuals ("CCR") as solid waste under subtitle D of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act ("RCRA"). The rule includes national minimum criteria for existing and new CCR landfills and existing and new CCR surface impoundments. GRU is subject to the requirements of the promulgated rule that are applicable to CCR ponds and landfill at Deerhaven.

On May 1, 2017, EPA Administrator Scott Pruitt sent a letter informing states that the EPA is working on guidance for implementing state permitting programs that allow flexibility in individual permits to manage the safe disposal of coal combustion residuals, known as CCR or "coal ash." The EPA expects that its new guidance will allow for the safe disposal and continued beneficial use of coal ash, while enabling states to decide what works best for their environment. GRU, through the Florida Electric Power Coordinating Group, made contact with FDEP's Tim Bahr on May 2, 2017 and he confirmed that the EPA shared some draft CCR permit program materials (draft FAQs, draft checklist, etc.) last week. The FDEP is planning to discuss that internally. The EPA has not finished drafting the guidance document that is intended to assist States in ensuring that their permit program applications are complete. This guidance has been published in the Federal Register. GRU continues to closely follow developments related to CCR regulations.

Storage Tanks

GRU is required to demonstrate financial responsibility for the costs of corrective actions and compensation of third-parties for bodily injury and property damage arising from releases of petroleum products and hazardous substances from certain underground and above-ground storage tank systems. GRU has eleven fuel oil storage tanks. The South Energy Center has two underground distillate (No. 2) oil tanks, the JRK Station has four above-ground distillate oil tanks, two of which are empty and out of service, and two above-ground No. 6 oil tanks which are empty and out of service. DH has one above-ground distillate and two above-ground No. 6 oil tanks, one of which is out of service. All of GRU's fuel storage tanks have secondary containment and/or interstitial monitoring and GRU is insured for the requisite amounts.

Remediation Sites

Several site investigations have been completed at the JRK Station, most recently in 2011. According to previous assessments, the horizontal extent of soils impacted with No. 6 fuel oil extends from the northern containment wall of the aboveground storage tanks to the wastewater filter beds and from the old plant building to Sweetwater Branch Creek. The results of the most recent soil assessment document the presence of Benzo[a]*pyrene* in one soil sample at a concentration greater than its default commercial/industrial direct exposure based soil cleanup target levels ("SCTL"). Four of the soil samples contained Benzo[a]*pyrene* equivalents at concentrations greater than its default commercial/industrial direct exposure based SCTLs. In addition, two of the soil samples contained total recoverable petroleum hydrocarbons at concentrations greater than its default commercial/industrial direct exposure based SCTLs.

In the Site-Wide Monitoring Report dated March 24, 2011, measurable free product was detected in four wells. An inspection in April 2013 showed that groundwater contains four of the polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons ("PAH") (Benzo[a]anthracene, Benzo[a]pyrene, Benzo[b]fluoranthene, and Dibenzo[a,h]anthracene) at concentrations greater than their groundwater cleanup target levels ("GCTL"). With the exception of Benzo[a]pyrene, the concentration of the remainder of these parameters did not exceed their Natural Attenuation Default Concentrations. The groundwater quality data reported in the 2011 Site-Wide Groundwater Monitoring Report documents that groundwater quality meets applicable GCTLs at the locations sampled. It is likely that groundwater quality impacts exist in the area where residual number 6 Fuel Oil is present as a non-aqueous phase liquid.

In August 2013, the System submitted a no further action proposal to the FDEP requesting that the site be granted a no further action status based on an evaluation of the soil and groundwater data with respect to site conditions and operations. The FDEP has not formally responded to the NFA request and there is currently no further update.

Water Use Restrictions

Pursuant to Florida law, a water management district in Florida may mandate restrictions on water use for non-essential purposes when it determines such restrictions are necessary. The restrictions may either be temporary or permanent. The SJRWMD has mandated permanent district-wide restrictions on residential and commercial landscape irrigation. The restrictions limit irrigation to no more than two days per week during Daylight Savings Time, and one day per week during Eastern Standard Time. The

restrictions apply to centralized potable water as provided by the System as well as private wells. All irrigation between the hours of 10:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m. is prohibited.

In addition, in April 2010, the County adopted, and the City subsequently opted into, an Irrigation Ordinance that codified the above-referenced water restrictions which promote and encourage water conservation. County personnel enforce this ordinance, which further assists in reducing water use and thereby extending the System's water supply.

The SJRWMD and the SRWMD each have promulgated regulations referred to as "Year-Round Water Conservation Measures," for the purpose of increasing long-term water use efficiency through regulatory means. In addition, the SJRWMD and the SRWMD each have promulgated regulations referred to as a "Water Shortage Plan," for the purpose of allocating and conserving the water resource during periods of water shortage and maintaining a uniform approach towards water use restrictions. Each Water Shortage Plan sets forth the framework for imposing restrictions on water use for non-essential purposes when deemed necessary by the applicable water management district. On August 7, 2012, in order to assist the SJRWMD and the SRWMD in the implementation and enforcement of such Water Conservation Measures and such Water Shortage Plans, the Board of County Commissioners of the County enacted an ordinance creating year-round water conservation measures and water shortage regulations (the "County Water Use Ordinance"), thereby making such Water Conservation Measures and such Water Shortage Plans applicable to the unincorporated areas of the County. On December 20, 2012, the City Commission adopted a resolution to opt into the County's "year round water conservation measures" and "water shortage regulations" ordinances in order to give the Alachua County Environmental Protection Department the authority to enforce water shortage orders and water shortage emergencies within the City.

Based upon GRU's analysis of the cost to clean up this site, GRU has accrued a liability to reflect the costs associated with the cleanup effort. During fiscal years 2016 and 2015, expenditures which reduced the liability balance were approximately \$1.0 million and \$1.1 million, respectively. The reserve balance at September 30, 2016 and September 30, 2015 was approximately \$629,000.

GRU is recovering the costs of this cleanup through customer charges. A regulatory asset was established for the recovery of remediation costs from customers. Fiscal 2016 and 2015 customer billings were \$1.1 million and \$1.2 million, respectively. The regulatory asset balance was \$14 million and \$15 million as of September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Although some uncertainties associated with environmental assessment and remediation activities remain, GRU believes that the current provision for such costs is adequate and additional costs, if any, will not have an adverse material effect on GRU's financial position, results of operations, or liquidity.

Manufactured Gas Plant

Gainesville's natural gas system originally distributed blue water gas, which was produced in town by gasification of coal using distillate oil. Although manufactured gas was replaced by pipeline gas in the mid-1950's, coal residuals and spilt fuel contaminated soils at and adjacent to the manufactured gas plant ("MGP") site. When the natural gas system was purchased, the System assumed responsibility for the investigation and remediation of environmental impacts related to the operation of the former MGP. The System has pursued recovery for the MGP from past insurance policies and, to date, has recovered \$2.2 million from such policies. The System has received final approval of its Remedial Action Plan which entailed the excavation and landfilling of impacted soils at a specially designed facility. This plan was

implemented pursuant to a Brownfield Site Rehabilitation Agreement with the State. Following remediation, the property has been redeveloped by the City as a park with stormwater ponds, nature trails, and recreational space, all of which were considered in the remediation plan's design. The duration of the groundwater monitoring program will be for the duration of the permit, and that timeframe is open to the results of what the sampling data shows.

Wholesale and Retail Electric Restructuring

Energy Policy Act of 2005

The 2005 Energy Policy Act empowered FERC to enforce mandatory compliance with the Bulk Electric System reliability standards. FERC delegated policy enforcement and standard development to NERC who, in turn, delegated regional enforcement and monitoring to the FRCC in the State to become the ERO monitoring the System's compliance. The System is a "registered entity" with NERC and FRCC under the following nine functional categories and must comply with all standards applicable to those categories:

- Balancing Authority
- Distribution Provider
- Generation Owner
- Generation Operator
- Planning Authority
- Resource Planner
- Transmission Owner
- Transmission Operator
- Transmission Planner

Electric utilities registered as a Balancing Authority or Transmission Operator are required to undergo an on-site audit for compliance with the reliability standards once every three years. The System is registered as both a Balancing Authority and a Transmission Operator and is therefore subject to the 3-year on-site audit cycle. In addition to the NERC O&P reliability standards, Version 5 of NERC's Critical Infrastructure Protection ("CIP") standards became applicable to GRU July 1, 2016. Compliance with these standards helps ensure the cyber and physical security of GRU's Bulk Electric System ("BES"). On February 22-23, 2017, FRCC compliance auditors conducted an on-site audit for compliance with the standards and requirements associated with the System's functions within the Florida bulk power system as listed above, and no violations were found. The System's next on-site reliability compliance audit is anticipated to occur in November, 2017.

FERC Order 779

FERC Order 779 was issued in May 2013 to deal with the establishment of Geomagnetic Disturbances ("GMD") reliability standards in two stages. Stage one became effective in April 2015 and required the development and implementation of operating procedures that mitigate the impact of GMD events. Stage two (Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, May 14, 2015) will require that the transmission system will be planned in a manner to mitigate the risks associated with GMD events such as system instability and/or uncontrolled separation. Order 779 will have a minor impact on the System.

FERC Order 1000

FERC Order 1000 became effective 60 days after publication of the final order in the Federal Register, August 11, 2011. Order 1000 affects transmission planning and cost allocation requirements and drives reform in three areas: planning, cost allocation and non-incumbent developers.

Planning element reforms:

- Each public utility transmission provider must participate in the development of a regional transmission plan.
- Regional and local transmission plans are to driven by state or federal laws or regulation.
 Transmission needs and associated solutions are to be weighed against those requirements.
- Neighboring transmission regions are to coordinate the satisfaction of mutual transmission needs (efficiency and cost).

Cost allocation reforms:

- Each public utility transmission provider must participate in a regional cost sharing allocation method for the selected transmission solution.
- A similar cost allocation is required when neighboring transmission regions select an interregional solution.
- Participant finding is permitted. However, it may not be the regional or interregional allocation schema.

Developer reforms:

- With certain limitations, public utility providers must remove from their tariffs a federal right of first refusal for a regional transmission plan needs solution for the purposes of cost allocation.
- The reliability and service requirements of incumbent transmission providers may be dependent upon regional transmission infrastructure. The order requires the reevaluation of the regional transmission plan and the identification of alternative transmission solutions should the delay in infrastructure development adversely impact system reliability and/or the delivery of required services.

The System is a full participant in the regional transmission planning process through the FRCC.

Other Risk Factors

The future financial condition of the System could be affected adversely by, among other things, legislation, environmental and other regulatory actions as set forth above, changes in demand for services, economic conditions, demographic changes, and litigation. In addition to those items listed in the preceding sentence, some of the possible changes in the future may include, but not be limited to, the following:

- 1. The City's electric, water and wastewater facilities are subject to regulation and control by numerous federal and state governmental agencies. Neither the City nor its consultants can predict future policies such agencies may adopt. Future changes could result in the City having to discontinue operations at certain facilities or to make significant capital expenditures and could generate substantial litigation. See "THE SYSTEM" above for more information.
- 2. Estimates of revenues and expenses contained in this Official Statement and the realization of such estimates, are subject to, among other things, future economic and other conditions which are unpredictable and which may adversely affect such revenues and expenses, and in turn, the payment of the 2017A Bonds.

TAX EXEMPTION

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, under existing law, interest on the 2017A Bonds is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. The 2017 Bonds (consisting of the 2017A Bonds and the 2017B/C Bonds) will be considered a single issue for federal income tax purposes. Therefore, as described below, actions of the City with respect to any Series of Bonds comprising the 2017 Bonds may adversely affect the exclusion of interest of all Series of Bonds comprising the 2017 Bonds.

The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") and the regulations promulgated thereunder contain a number of requirements that must be satisfied subsequent to the issuance of the 2017 Bonds in order for the interest thereon to be and remain excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Examples include: the requirement that, unless an exception applies, the City rebate certain excess earnings on proceeds and amounts treated as proceeds of the 2017 Bonds to the United States Treasury Department; restrictions on the investment of such proceeds and other amounts; and certain restrictions on the ownership and use of the facilities financed or refinanced with the proceeds of the 2017 Bonds. The foregoing is not intended to be an exhaustive listing of the post-issuance tax compliance requirements of the Code, but is illustrative of the requirements that must be satisfied subsequent to the issuance of the 2017 Bonds to maintain the exclusion of interest on the 2017 Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Failure to comply with such requirements may cause the inclusion of interest on the 2017 Bonds in the gross income of the holders thereof for federal income tax purposes, retroactive to the date of issuance of the 2017 Bonds. The City has covenanted to comply with each such requirement of the Code that must be satisfied subsequent to the issuance of the 2017 Bonds in order that interest thereon be, or continue to be, excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. The opinion of Bond Counsel is subject to the condition that the City comply with all such requirements. Bond Counsel has not been retained to monitor compliance with the described post-issuance tax requirements subsequent to the issuance of the 2017 Bonds.

Bond Counsel gives no assurance that any future legislation or clarifications or amendments to the Code, if enacted into law or otherwise become effective, will not cause the interest on the 2017A Bonds to

be subject, directly or indirectly, to federal income taxation, or otherwise prevent the 2017A Bondholders from realizing the full current benefit of the tax status of the interest on the 2017A Bonds. During recent years, legislative proposals have been introduced in Congress, and in some cases have been enacted, that have altered or could alter certain federal tax consequences of owning obligations similar to the 2017A Bonds. In some cases, these proposals have contained provisions that were to be applied on a retroactive basis. It is possible that legislation could be introduced in the near term that, if enacted, could change the federal tax consequences of owning the 2017A Bonds and, whether or not enacted, could adversely affect their market value. Prospective purchasers of the 2017A Bonds are encouraged to consult their own tax advisors regarding any pending or proposed federal legislation, as to which Bond Counsel expresses no view.

As to certain questions of fact material to the opinion of Bond Counsel, Bond Counsel will rely upon representations and covenants made on behalf of the City and certificates of appropriate officers and public officials (including certifications as to the use of proceeds of the 2017 Bonds and of the property financed or refinanced thereby).

Reference is made to the proposed form of the opinion of Bond Counsel attached hereto as "APPENDIX E – Form of Opinion of Bond Counsel" for the complete text thereof. See also "LEGAL MATTERS" herein.

Alternative Minimum Tax

An alternative minimum tax is imposed by the Code on both corporations (as defined for federal income tax purposes) and on taxpayers other than corporations. Interest on the 2017 Bonds will not be treated as an item of tax preference for purposes of the alternative minimum tax. Interest on the 2017 Bonds will therefore not be included in the alternative minimum taxable income of corporations or of taxpayers other than corporations. Interest on the 2017 Bonds received by a corporate 2017A Bondholder will, however, be included in such 2017A Bondholder's adjusted current earnings. A corporation's alternative minimum taxable income will be increased by seventy-five percent (75%) of the corporation's adjusted current earnings not otherwise included in its alternative minimum taxable income. The rate of the alternative minimum tax imposed on corporations is twenty percent (20%).

Original Issue Premium

The 2017A Bonds maturing on ______ 1 in the years 20__ through and including 20__ (collectively, the "Premium Bonds") have been sold to the public at an original issue premium. Section 171(a) of the Code provides rules under which a bond premium may be amortized and a deduction allowed for the amount of the amortizable bond premium for a taxable year. Under Section 171(a)(2) of the Code, however, no deduction is allowable for the amortizable bond premium in the case of bonds, like the Premium Bonds, the interest on which is excludable from gross income. Under Section 1016(a)(5) of the Code, the purchaser's basis in a Premium Bond will be reduced by the amount of the amortizable bond premium disallowable as a deduction under Section 171(a)(2) of the Code. Proceeds received from the sale, exchange, redemption or payment of a Premium Bond in excess of the owner's adjusted basis (as reduced pursuant to Section 1016(a)(5) of the Code), will be treated as a gain from the sale or exchange of such Premium Bond and not as interest.

The federal income tax treatment of original issue premium under the Code, including the determination of the amount of amortizable bond premium that is allocable to each year, is complicated

and holders of Premium Bonds should consult their own tax advisors in order to determine the federal income tax consequences to them of purchasing, holding, selling or surrendering Premium Bonds at their maturity.

Original Issue Discount

The 2017A Bonds maturing on ______1 in the years 20__ through and including 20__ (collectively, the "Discount Bonds") have been sold to the public at an original issue discount. Generally, the original issue discount is the excess of the stated redemption price at maturity of such a Discount Bond over the initial offering price to the public (excluding underwriters and other intermediaries) at which price a substantial amount of that maturity of the Discount Bonds was sold. Under existing law, an appropriate portion of any original issue discount, depending in part on the period a Discount Bond is held by the purchaser thereof, will be treated for federal income tax purposes as interest that is excludable from gross income rather than as taxable gain. Original issue discount will not be treated as an item of tax preference for purposes of the alternative minimum tax; however, such amounts are includable in the adjusted current earnings of corporate 2017A Bondholders for purposes of computing the alternative minimum tax, even though such amounts have not been received by such 2017A Bondholders.

Under Section 1288 of the Code, original issue discount on tax-exempt bonds accrues on a compounded basis. The amount of original issue discount that accrues to an owner of a Discount Bond, who acquires the Discount Bond in this initial offering, during any accrual period generally equals (i) the issue price of such Discount Bond plus the amount of original issue discount accrued in all prior accrual periods multiplied by (ii) the yield to maturity of such Discount Bond (determined on the basis of compounding at the close of each accrual period and properly adjusted for the length of the accrual period), less (iii) any interest payable on such Discount Bond during such accrual period. The amount of original issue discount so accrued in a particular accrual period will be considered to be received ratably on each day of the accrual period, will be excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes, and will increase the owner's tax basis in such Discount Bond. Proceeds received from the sale, exchange, redemption or payment of a Discount Bond in excess of the owner's adjusted basis (as increased by the amount of original issue discount that has accrued and has been treated as tax-exempt interest in such owner's hands), will be treated as a gain from the sale or exchange of such Discount Bond and not as interest.

The federal income tax consequences from the purchase, ownership and redemption, sale or other disposition of Discount Bonds which are not purchased in the initial offering at the initial offering price may be determined according to rules which differ from those described above. Owners of Discount Bonds should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the consequences of owning Discount Bonds, including the effect of such ownership under applicable state and local laws.

Other Tax Consequences

Prospective purchasers of the 2017A Bonds should be aware that ownership of the 2017A Bonds may result in collateral federal income tax consequences to certain taxpayers, including without limitation, financial institutions, property and casualty insurance companies, individual recipients of Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits, certain S Corporations with "excess net passive income," foreign corporations subject to the branch profits tax, individuals entitled to receive the earned income tax credit and taxpayers who may be deemed to have incurred or continued indebtedness to purchase or carry the 2017A Bonds. Prospective purchasers of the 2017A Bonds should also be aware that ownership of the

2017A Bonds may result in adverse tax consequences under the laws of various states. Bond Counsel has not expressed an opinion regarding the collateral federal income tax consequences that may arise with respect to the 2017A Bonds. Further, Bond Counsel has expressed no opinion regarding the state tax consequences that may arise with respect to the 2017A Bonds. Prospective purchasers of the 2017A Bonds should consult their tax advisors as to the collateral federal income tax and state tax consequences to them of owning the 2017A Bonds.

The federal income tax consequences from the purchase, ownership and redemption, sale or other disposition of 2017A Bonds which are not purchased in the initial offering at the initial offering price may be determined according to rules which differ from those described above. Holders of 2017A Bonds, should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the consequences of owning 2017A Bonds, including the effect of such ownership under applicable state and local laws.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

Interest paid on tax-exempt bonds, such as the 2017A Bonds, is subject to information reporting to the Internal Revenue Service in a manner similar to interest paid on taxable obligations. This reporting requirement does not affect the excludability of interest on the 2017A Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes. However, in conjunction with that information reporting requirement, the Code subjects certain non-corporate owners of 2017A Bonds, under certain circumstances, to "backup withholding" at the fourth lowest rate applicable to unmarried individuals with respect to payments on the 2017A Bonds and proceeds from the sale of 2017A Bonds. Any amounts so withheld would be refunded or allowed as a credit against the federal income tax of such owner of 2017A Bonds. This withholding generally applies if the owner of 2017A Bonds (i) fails to furnish the paying agent (or other person who would otherwise be required to withhold tax from such payments) such owner's social security number or other taxpayer identification number ("TIN"), (ii) furnishes the paying agent an incorrect TIN, (iii) fails to properly report interest, dividends, or other "reportable payments" as defined in the Code, or (iv) under certain circumstances, fails to provide the paying agent or such owner's securities broker with a certified statement, signed under penalty of perjury, that the TIN provided is correct and that such owner is not subject to backup withholding. Prospective purchasers of the 2017A Bonds may also wish to consult with their tax advisors with respect to the need to furnish certain taxpayer information in order to avoid backup withholding and the procedures for obtaining exemptions.

PURCHASE, OWNERSHIP, SALE OR DISPOSITION OF THE 2017A Bonds AND THE RECEIPT OR ACCRUAL OF THE INTEREST THEREON MAY HAVE ADVERSE FEDERAL TAX CONSEQUENCES FOR CERTAIN INDIVIDUAL AND CORPORATE 2017A BONDHOLDERS, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE CONSEQUENCES DESCRIBED ABOVE. PROSPECTIVE 2017 A BONDHOLDERS SHOULD CONSULT WITH THEIR TAX SPECIALISTS FOR INFORMATION IN THAT REGARD.

Reference is made to the proposed form of the opinion of Bond Counsel attached hereto as "APPENDIX E – Form of Opinion of Bond Counsel" for the complete text thereof. See also "LEGAL MATTERS" herein.

UNDERWRITING

Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC and Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated (collectively, "Co-Senior Managers") on behalf of themselves and Barclays Capital Inc., Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and Ramirez & Co., Inc. (collectively, the "Underwriters") are

purchasing the 2017A Bonds from the City at a price of \$______ (which represents the \$_____ aggregate principal amount of the 2017A Bonds, [plus/less] a net original issue [premium/discount] of \$_____ and less an underwriters' discount of \$______). The Underwriters' obligations are subject to certain conditions precedent, and they will be obligated to purchase all the 2017A Bonds if any 2017A Bonds are purchased. The Underwriters have furnished the information on the inside cover page of this Official Statement pertaining to the offering prices of the 2017A Bonds. The 2017A Bonds may be offered and sold to certain dealers (including the Underwriters and other dealers depositing such 2017A Bonds into investment trusts) at prices lower than such public offering prices, and such public offering prices may be changed from time to time, by the Underwriters. [The obligation of the Underwriters to purchase the 2017A Bonds is contingent upon the simultaneous closing of the other 2017 Bonds and the simultaneous acquisition of the GREC Biomass Plant.]

Wells Fargo Securities is the trade name for certain securities-related capital markets and investment banking services of Wells Fargo & Company and its subsidiaries, including Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, which conducts its municipal securities sales, trading and underwriting operations through the Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. Municipal Products Group, a separately identifiable department of Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as a municipal securities dealer pursuant to Section 15B(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, acting through its Municipal Products Group ("WFBNA"), one of the underwriters of the 2017A Bonds, has entered into an agreement (the "WFA Distribution Agreement") with its affiliate, Wells Fargo Clearing Services, LLC (which uses the trade name "Wells Fargo Advisors") ("WFA"), for the distribution of certain municipal securities offerings, including the 2017A Bonds. Pursuant to the WFA Distribution Agreement, WFBNA will share a portion of its underwriting or remarketing agent compensation, as applicable, with respect to the 2017A Bonds with WFA. WFBNA has also entered into an agreement (the "WFSLLC Distribution Agreement") with its affiliate Wells Fargo Securities, LLC ("WFSLLC"), for the distribution of municipal securities offerings, including the 2017A Bonds. Pursuant to the WFSLLC Distribution Agreement, WFBNA pays a portion of WFSLLC's expenses based on its municipal securities transactions. WFBNA, WFSLLC, and WFA are each wholly-owned subsidiaries of Wells Fargo & Company.

Citigroup Global Markets Inc., an underwriter of the 2017A Bonds, has entered into a retail distribution agreement with each of TMC Bonds L.L.C. ("TMC") and UBS Financial Services Inc. ("UBSFS"). Under these distribution agreements, Citigroup Global Markets Inc. may distribute municipal securities to retail investors through the financial advisor network of UBSFS and the electronic primary offering platform of TMC. As part of this arrangement, Citigroup Global Markets Inc. may compensate TMC (and TMC may compensate its electronic platform member firms) and UBSFS for their selling efforts with respect to the 2017A Bonds.

The Underwriters and their respective affiliates are full service financial institutions engaged in various activities, which may include sales and trading, commercial and investment banking, advisory, investment management, investment research, principal investment, hedging, market making, brokerage and other financial and non-financial activities and services. Certain of the Underwriters and their respective affiliates have provided, and may in the future provide, a variety of these services to the City and to persons and entities with relationships with the City, for which they received or will receive customary fees and expenses.

In the ordinary course of their various business activities, the Underwriters and their respective affiliates, officers, directors and employees may purchase, sell or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade securities, derivatives, loans, commodities, currencies, credit default swaps and other financial instruments for their own account and for the accounts of their customers, and such investment and trading activities may involve or relate to assets, securities and/or instruments of the City (directly, as collateral securing other obligations or otherwise) and/or persons and entities with relationships with the City. The Underwriters and their respective affiliates may also communicate independent investment recommendations, market color or trading ideas and/or publish or express independent research views in respect of such assets, securities or instruments and may at any time hold, or recommend to clients that they should acquire, long and/or short positions in such assets, securities and instruments

The Underwriters have provided the following sentence for inclusion in this Official Statement: The Underwriters have reviewed the information in this Official Statement in accordance with, and as part of, its responsibilities to investors under the federal securities laws as applied to the facts and circumstances of this transaction, but the Underwriters do not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

The City has covenanted for the benefit of the 2017A Bondholders to provide certain financial information and operating data relating to the City and the 2017A Bonds in each year, and to provide notices of the occurrence of certain enumerated material events. The City has agreed to file annual financial information and operating data and the audited financial statements with each entity authorized and approved by the SEC to act as a repository (each a "Repository") for purposes of complying with the Rule either itself or through its dissemination agent. Effective July 1, 2009, the sole Repository is the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board. The City has agreed to file notices of certain enumerated events, when and if they occur, with the Repository either itself or through its dissemination agent.

The specific nature of the financial information, operating data, and of the type of events which trigger a disclosure obligation, and other details of the undertaking are described in "APPENDIX F - Form of Continuing Disclosure Certificate" attached hereto. The Continuing Disclosure Certificate shall be executed by the City upon the issuance of the 2017A Bonds. These covenants have been made in order to assist the Underwriters in complying with the continuing disclosure requirements of the Rule.

With respect to the 2017A Bonds, no party other than the City is obligated to provide, nor is expected to provide, any continuing disclosure information with respect to the Rule. The City: (i) did not timely file its audited financial statements and notices of failure to file related thereto for Fiscal Years 2015 and 2016 with respect to its then outstanding loan from the proceeds of the then outstanding First Florida Governmental Financing Commission Revenue Bonds; (ii) did not timely file its audited financial statements and operating data and notices of failure to file related thereto for Fiscal Year 2015 with respect to certain of its Outstanding Utilities System Revenue Bonds; (iii) failed to file certain operating data and notice of failure to file related thereto for Fiscal Years 2015 and 2016 with respect to certain of its Outstanding Utilities System Revenue Bonds; and (iv) failed to file certain notices of defeasance and bond calls which occurred in Fiscal Years 2015 and 2016 with respect to certain of its Utilities System Revenue Bonds and its then outstanding loan from the proceeds of the then outstanding First Florida Governmental Financing Commission Revenue Bonds. In the past five years, except as described above, the City has never failed in any material respect to comply with any prior agreements to provide continuing disclosure information pursuant to the Rule. However, the City (i) filed certain operating data in a different format

than required, failed to file certain operating data for Fiscal Years 2013, 2015 and 2016 and a failure to file notice related thereto with respect to certain of its outstanding Utilities System Revenue Bonds; (ii) failed to link certain operating data for Fiscal Years 2012 and 2014 with respect to certain of its Outstanding Utilities System Revenue Bonds; (iii) failed to file certain notices of defeasance and bond calls occurred in Fiscal Year 2012 with respect to with respect to certain of its Outstanding Utilities System Revenue Bonds, and (iv) did not timely filed certain operating data for Fiscal Years 2012 and 2013 with respect to its outstanding Guaranteed Entitlement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2004. All such required information has been filed as of this date. The City fully anticipates satisfying all future disclosure obligations required pursuant to the Rule. While the City does not believe that such failures constitute material failures to comply with any prior agreements to provide continuing disclosure information pursuant to the Rule, in order to demonstrate its continued commitment to continuing disclosure best practices, the City has included notice of this non-material instance of non-compliance in the interest of being fully transparent. The City has entered into a contract with Digital Assurance Certification, LLC to provide continuing disclosure dissemination agent services for all of its outstanding bond issues.

ENFORCEABILITY OF REMEDIES

The remedies available to the owners of the 2017A Bonds upon an event of default under the Resolution are in many respects dependent upon judicial actions which are often subject to discretion and delay. Under existing constitutional and statutory law and judicial decisions, including specifically the federal bankruptcy code, the remedies specified by the Resolution and the 2017 Series A may not be readily available or may be limited. The various legal opinions to be delivered concurrently with the delivery of the 2017 Series A, including Bond Counsel's approving opinion, will be qualified, as to the enforceability of the remedies provided in the various legal instruments, by limitations imposed by bankruptcy, reorganization, insolvency or other similar laws affecting the rights of creditors enacted before or after such delivery. See "APPENDIX C-1 – Composite of the Resolution" attached hereto for a description of events of default and remedies.

RATINGS

S&P, Moody's and Fitch have assigned ratings of "___", "___" and "___", respectively, to the 2017A Bonds. Such ratings reflect only the views of such organizations and any desired explanation of the significance of such ratings should be obtained from the rating agency furnishing the same. Generally, a rating agency bases its ratings on information and material so furnished and on investigations, studies and assumptions made by the rating agency. The City furnished such ratings agencies with certain information and materials relating to the 2017A Bonds that have not been included in this Official Statement. The rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold the 2017A Bonds. There is no assurance that the ratings will be in effect for any given period of time or that they will not be revised downward, suspended or withdrawn entirely by S&P, Moody's and Fitch or either of them if in their, or its judgment, circumstances so warrant. The City does not undertake any responsibility to bring to the attention of the owners of the 2017A Bonds any proposed revision or withdrawal of a rating of the 2017A Bonds, or to oppose any such downward revision or withdrawal. Any such downward revision, suspension or withdrawal of the ratings given the 2017A Bonds may have an adverse effect on the liquidity or market price of the 2017A Bonds. An explanation of the significance of the ratings can be received from the rating agencies, at the following addresses: S&P Global Inc., 55 Water Street, New York, New York 10041, Moody's Investors Service, Inc., 7 World Trade Center, 250 Greenwich Street, New York, New York 10007 and Fitch Ratings, Inc., One State Street Plaza, New York, New York 10004.

LITIGATION

Except as described below, there is no litigation or other proceeding pending or, to the knowledge of the City, threatened in any court, agency or other administrative body (either state or federal) in any way questioning or affecting (i) the proceedings under which the 2017A Bonds will be issued, (ii) the validity of any provision of the 2017A Bonds or the Resolution, (iii) the pledge by the City under the Resolution, (iv) the legal existence of the City or (v) the authority of the City to own and operate the System and to set utility rates.

Following is a description of certain current adversarial proceedings regarding the City and the System. Such adversarial proceedings relate to ongoing binding arbitration between GREC LLC and the City relating to the PPA. For more information, see "PURPOSE OF FINANCING" herein. Such described adversarial proceedings are not expected to adversely affect the City's ability to pay debt service on the 2017A Bonds, or to otherwise comply with any of its obligations under the Resolution, including the rate covenants. That is because, as described in more detail below, the binding arbitration will be resolved simultaneous with the delivery of the 2017 Bonds.

American Arbitration Association Case No. 01-16-0000-8157. On March 10, 2016, Gainesville Renewable Energy Center, LLC ("GREC LLC"), filed arbitration against the City, doing business as the Gainesville Regional Utilities ("GRU"), initially challenging GRU's withholding payment of invoiced amounts pursuant to the long-term power purchase agreement between GRU and GREC LLC ("PPA"). As of January 31, 2017, \$7,428,899.98 (including accrued interest) has been withheld by GRU based on disputed amounts actually invoiced by GREC LLC, these disputes are GREC LLC's Counts 1, 6, 7 and 8 summarized below.

In addition, GREC LLC has alleged claims in contract and tort that it asserts could result in aggregate damages to GREC LLC of over \$100,000,000. These claims are GREC LLC's Counts 2, 3 and 4 summarized below. Likewise, GRU has alleged claims in contract that could result in aggregate damages to GRU of over \$100,000,000. These claims are GRU Counts 4 and 5 summarized below. At this stage in the proceedings, neither party has substantiated the dollar value of these additional claims to the tribunal, and it is not possible for GRU to predict the outcome of these claims. However, the arbitration is currently stayed pursuant to the terms of the Asset Purchase Agreement. The Asset Purchase Agreement sets forth the terms pursuant to which the parties are working to close on a purchase by the City of the GREC Biomass Plant. In the event the parties close on the purchase, the Asset Purchase Agreement (and Settlement and Release Agreement provided for therein) provides that the City will retain the withheld amount of \$7,428,899.98 and the parties will file a motion to dismiss the arbitration.

In the event the parties do not close on the purchase on or before November 24, 2017, the stay will be lifted and the arbitration will proceed. Pursuant to the PPA, the decision of the arbitrator will be final and binding on the parties. If the arbitration proceeds, GRU will vigorously defend against the GREC LLC Counts in arbitration and believes that (i) some or all of any damages resulting from the GREC LLC Counts constituting tort claims would be subject to sovereign immunity claims processes and statutory caps, (ii) some or all of any damages resulting from the tort claims may be covered by liability insurance of the City. The following is a summary of the claims in the arbitration:

<u>GREC LLC's Count 1</u>: GREC LLC alleges that GRU has breached the PPA by: (1) trying to force GREC LLC to take a Planned Maintenance (as defined in the PPA) outage in April 2016; (2) refusing to recognize a letter GREC LLC sent on October 14, 2015, as the

contractually required "written annual maintenance plan" in which GREC LLC cancelled the maintenance outage in April of 2016; (3) refusing to recognize GREC LLC's alleged contractual right to determine whether and when to take a maintenance outage; (4) asserting that it would consider GREC LLC in an outage during the agreed period and would not make Available Energy (as defined in the PPA) payments regardless of whether GREC LLC actually took an outage; and (5) not making Available Energy payments to GREC LLC for the 21-day period between April 9, 2016 and April 29, 2016.

Related GRU Counts 1, 2, 3 and 6: GRU seeks declarations that (1) performance of annual Planned Maintenance is a material obligation under the PPA, (2) GREC LLC's refusal to perform annual Planned Maintenance in 2016 constitutes a material default under the PPA and (3) GRU may terminate the PPA. GRU alleges that because GREC LLC failed to perform annual Planned Maintenance in April 2016, GRU is not receiving the benefit of its bargain under the PPA. GRU has requested a decree of specific performance requiring GREC LLC to conduct Planned Maintenance annually for the remainder of the term of the PPA.

GREC LLC's Count 2: GREC LLC claims that GRU has breached the PPA by interfering with GREC LLC's financing and refinancing efforts on account of: (1) GRU's involvement in the resolved Construction Cost Adjuster dispute; (2) GRU's withholding of Available Energy payments for the 21-day Planned Maintenance period in April 2016; (3) GRU's Notice Letter to GREC LLC's Collateral Agent; and (4) GRU's refusal to retract said Notice Letter.

<u>GREC LLC's Count 3</u>: GREC LLC claims that GRU has breached the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing by: (1) making statements such as "break" the GREC Biomass Plant and "make things as painful for GREC LLC as possible"; and (2) on account of the facts regarding the alleged breaches identified in GREC LLC's Counts 1 and 2 described above.

<u>GREC LLC's Count 4</u>: GREC LLC claims that GRU has committed the tort of intentional interference with business relations by: (1) sending the Notice Letter to GREC LLC's Collateral Agent; (2) claiming that GREC LLC is in default of a material obligation under the PPA; and (3) identifying its contractual right to terminate the PPA based on GREC LLC's material default.

GREC LLC's Count 5: GREC LLC seeks declaratory judgment regarding its Counts 1-4.

GREC LLC's Count 6: GREC LLC claims that GRU breached the PPA by not paying Shutdown Charges (as defined in the PPA) in connection with alleged Purchaser Shutdown (as defined in the PPA) events in September 2015, March 2016, and May 2016.

GREC LLC's Count 7: GREC LLC claims that GRU is in breach of the PPA for failing to pay GREC LLC for claimed Available Energy (as defined in the PPA) during a number of "ramp-up" and "ramp-down" periods including (i) the ramp-up periods occurring in connection with each of the Dependable Capacity tests in September 2015, March 2016, and May 2016, (ii) a ramp-up period associated with the November 2015 dispatch, and (iii) the ramp-down and ramp-up periods of GREC LLC's August 2015 Maintenance Outage.

<u>GREC LLC's Count 8</u>: GREC LLC claims that GRU is in breach of the PPA for invoking the "10% Payment Decreases" provision of the PPA to hold GREC LLC accountable for failing to meet the operational level set by GRU for the month of March 2016 by at least 5%

GREC LLC's Count 9: GREC LLC seeks declaratory judgment regarding its Counts 6-8.

<u>GRU's Count 4</u>: GRU pays \$200,000 every day for the GREC Biomass Plant to be in a standby status available to deliver energy. GRU alleges that GREC LLC has been conducting maintenance that renders the GREC Biomass Plant unavailable without informing GRU of such maintenance and without reporting decreases in Available Energy to GRU.

GRU's Count 5: GRU alleges that GREC LLC has breached its covenant of good faith and fair dealing by (i) refusing to perform annual Planned Maintenance, (ii) conducting scheduling activities that do not comply with the requirements of the PPA, and (iii) misrepresenting the GREC Biomass Plant's Available Energy in its invoices to GRU. GREC LLC's actions have thwarted GRU's reasonable contractual expectations that: (i) GREC LLC would maintain a fully reliable power generation facility in accordance with the PPA and good utility practice; (ii) GRU would not pay for Available Energy during the scheduled Planned Maintenance outage in April 2016; and (iii) GRU would make Available Energy payments that reflect the GREC Biomass Plant's actual availability.

Upon closing pursuant to the Asset Purchase Agreement, the Settlement and Release Agreement provides that all arbitration claims of one party against the other will be dismissed with prejudice each side bearing its own attorney's fees and costs, and each party will release all current claims, liabilities and obligations (contingent or otherwise) against the other assuming from, out of or under the PPA.

In addition to the action described above, the City is also party to various federal, state and local claims, proceedings and lawsuits for damages claimed to result from the operation of the City and the System. Except as described above, neither the City Attorney nor the Utilities Attorney believe that, individually or in the aggregate, the proceedings associated with these cases will materially adversely affect the Net Revenues of the System or materially adversely impair the business, operations, or financial condition of the System or the City's ability to pay debt service on the Bonds.

LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters incident to the issuance of the 2017A Bonds are subject to the legal opinion of Holland & Knight LLP, Lakeland, Florida, as Bond Counsel, a form of which is attached to this Official Statement as APPENDIX E. The signed legal opinion, dated and premised on law in effect as of the date of original delivery of the 2017A Bonds, will be delivered to the Underwriters at the time of original delivery. Certain legal matters are also being passed upon for the City by Nicolle M. Shalley, Esq., City Attorney, Bryant Miller Olive P.A., Tampa, Florida, as Disclosure Counsel to the City, and Nixon Peabody LLP, New York, New York, as counsel to the Underwriters.

Holland & Knight LLP, Bond Counsel, has not undertaken independently to verify and therefore expresses no opinion with respect to the information or statements contained herein or in the Appendices attached hereto, except as to the accuracy of the portions thereof captioned "THE 2017A Bonds" and "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS" and the summaries of the Amended and Restated Bond Resolution and the

Springing Amendments thereto contained in Appendices C-1 and C-2 to the extent those sections purport to summarize certain provisions of the Resolution, and except as to the accuracy of the information under the caption "TAX EXEMPTION." No opinion is expressed by Bond Counsel as to any financial or statistical data or information included in such sections.

The proposed text of the legal opinion of Bond Counsel, is set forth in APPENDIX E. The actual legal opinion to be delivered may vary from that text if necessary to reflect facts and law on the date of delivery. The opinion will speak only as of its date, and subsequent distribution of it by recirculation of the Official Statement or otherwise shall create no implication that subsequent to the date of the opinion, Bond Counsel has reviewed or expresses any opinion concerning any of the matters referenced in the opinion. Bond Counsel's opinions are based on existing law, which is subject to change. Such opinions are further based on factual representations made to Bond Counsel as of the date thereof. Bond Counsel assumes no duty to update or supplement its opinions to reflect any facts or circumstances, including changes in law, that may thereafter occur or become effective.

The legal opinions delivered in connection with the 2017A Bonds express the professional judgment of the attorneys rendering the opinions regarding the legal issues expressly addressed therein. By rendering a legal opinion, the opinion giver does not become an insurer or guarantor of the result indicated by that expression of professional judgment of the transaction on which the opinion is rendered or of the future performance of the parties to the transaction. Nor does the rendering of an opinion guarantee the outcome of any legal dispute that may arise out of the transaction.

CONTINGENT FEES

The City has retained Bond Counsel, the Financial Advisor and Disclosure Counsel with respect to the authorization, sale, execution and delivery of the 2017A Bonds. Payment of the fees of such professionals and an underwriting discount to the Underwriters (which includes the fees of Underwriters' Counsel) are each contingent upon the issuance of the 2017A Bonds.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The audited financial statements of the System as of September 30, 2016 and for the year then ended, included in APPENDIX B-1 attached to this Official Statement as a matter of public record and the consent of Purvis, Gray & Company LLP, independent auditors (the "Auditor") to include such documents was not requested. The Auditor was not requested to perform and has not performed any services in connection with the preparation of this Official Statement or the issuance of the 2017A Bonds.

The 2017A Bonds are payable from and secured on a parity with all other bonds issued under the Resolution by a pledge of and lien on the Trust Estate. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS" herein. The audited financial statements are presented for general information purposes only and speak only as of their date.

Unaudited financial statements relating to the System for the nine-month period ending June 30, 2017, not including any footnotes, are attached hereto as APPENDIX B-2.

FINANCIAL ADVISOR

The City has retained PFM Financial Advisors LLC as Financial Advisor. The Financial Advisor is not obligated to undertake and has not undertaken to make an independent verification or to assume

responsibility for the accuracy, completeness or fairness of the information contained in this Official Statement.

DISCLOSURE REQUIRED BY FLORIDA BLUE SKY REGULATION

Pursuant to Section 517.051, Florida Statutes, as amended, no person may directly or indirectly offer or sell securities of the City except by an offering circular containing full and fair disclosure of all defaults as to principal or interest on its obligations since December 31, 1975, as provided by rule of the Office of Financial Regulation within the Florida Financial Services Commission (the "FFSC"). Pursuant to administrative rulemaking, the FFSC has required the disclosure of the amounts and types of defaults, any legal proceedings resulting from such defaults, whether a trustee or receiver has been appointed over the assets of the City, and certain additional financial information, unless the City believes in good faith that such information would not be considered material by a reasonable investor. The City is not and has not been in default on any bond issued since December 31, 1975 that would be considered material by a reasonable investor.

The City has not undertaken an independent review or investigation of securities for which it has served as conduit issuer. The City does not believe that any information about any default on such securities is appropriate and would be considered material by a reasonable investor in the 2017A Bonds because the City would not have been obligated to pay the debt service on any such securities except from payments made to it by the private companies on whose behalf such securities were issued and no funds of the City would have been pledged or used to pay such securities or the interest thereon.

ACCURACY AND COMPLETENESS OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT

The references, excerpts, and summaries of all documents, statutes, and information concerning the City and certain reports and statistical data referred to herein do not purport to be complete, comprehensive and definitive and each such summary and reference is qualified in its entirety by reference to each such document for full and complete statements of all matters of fact relating to the 2017A Bonds, the security for the payment of the 2017A Bonds and the rights and obligations of the owners thereof and to each such statute, report or instrument.

Any statements made in this Official Statement involving matters of opinion or of estimates, whether or not so expressly stated are set forth as such and not as representations of fact, and no representation is made that any of the estimates will be realized. Neither this Official Statement nor any statement that may have been made verbally or in writing is to be construed as a contract with the owners of the 2017A Bonds.

The appendices attached hereto are integral parts of this Official Statement and must be read in their entirety together with all foregoing statements.

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AUTHORIZATION OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT

The execution and delivery of this Official Statement has been duly authorized and approved by the City. At the time of delivery of the 2017A Bonds, the City will furnish a certificate to the effect that nothing has come to its attention which would lead it to believe that the Official Statement (other than information herein related to DTC and its book-entry only system of registration, information provided by the Underwriters under the caption "UNDERWRITING" and the information contained under the caption "TAX EXEMPTION" as to which no view shall be expressed), as of its date and as of the date of delivery of the 2017A Bonds, contains an untrue statement of a material fact or omits to state a material fact which should be included therein for the purposes for which the Official Statement is intended to be used, or which is necessary to make the statements contained therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

CITY OF GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA
By:
General Manager for Utilities

APPENDIX A

GENERAL INFORMATION REGARDING THE CITY

APPENDIX A

GENERAL INFORMATION REGARDING THE CITY

General

The City of Gainesville (the "City"), home of the University of Florida, is located in North Central Florida midway between Florida's Gulf and the Atlantic coast. The City is approximately 125 miles north of Tampa, approximately 110 miles northwest of Orlando and approximately 75 miles southwest of Jacksonville. The Bureau of Economic and Business Research at the University of Florida estimated a 2016 population of 257,062 in the Alachua County (the "County") with an estimated 128,612 persons resided within the City limits as of April 2016. The economic base of Gainesville consists primarily of light industrial, commercial, health care and educational activities. The University of Florida is the State's oldest university and, with approximately 50,000 students, is one of the largest universities in the nation.

Organization and Administration

The City was established in 1854, incorporated in 1869 and has operated under a Commission-Manager form of government since 1927. The City Commission consists of seven elected officials (a Mayor and six Commissioners) who are responsible for enacting the ordinances and adopting the resolutions which govern the City. The elected officials each serve for three-year terms. The Mayor presides over public meetings and ceremonial events.

The following are the current members of the City Commission:

	Term
	<u>Expires</u>
Mayor Lauren Poe	May 2019
Commissioner David Arreola, District 3	May 2020
Commissioner Harvey M. Budd, At-Large	May 2018
Commissioner Charles E. Goston, District 1	May 2018
Commissioner Adrian Hayes-Santos, District 4	May 2019
Commissioner Harvey Ward, District 2	May 2020
Commissioner Helen K. Warren, At-Large	May 2020

The City Commission appoints the City Manager, General Manager for Utilities, City Auditor, City Attorney, Clerk of the City Commission and Equal Opportunity Director. As chief executive officers, the City Manager and General Manager for Utilities are charged with the enforcement of all ordinances and resolutions passed by the City Commission. They accomplish this task through the selection and supervision of two Assistant City Managers, Utilities Executive Team, and numerous department heads.

The City provides its constituents with a wide variety of public services: building inspections, code enforcement, community development, cultural affairs, economic development, electrical power, golf course, mass transit, natural gas distribution, parks and recreation, homeless services, police and fire protection, refuse collection, small business development, stormwater management, street maintenance, traffic engineering and parking, water and wastewater and telecommunications and data transfer.

Internal support services include the following: accounting and reporting, accounts payable and payroll, billing and collections, budgeting and budget monitoring, cash management, City-wide

management, computer systems support, debt management, equal opportunity, fleet maintenance, facilities maintenance, human resources, information systems, investment management, labor relations, mail services, pension administration, property control, purchasing, risk management and strategic planning. In addition to these activities, the City exercises oversight responsibility for the Community Redevelopment Agency and the Gainesville Enterprise Zone Development Agency.

Population

The following table depicts current and projected population growth of the City, the County and the State of Florida:

POPULATION GROWTH

	City of	Alachua		State of	
	Gainesville	County	Percentage	Florida	Percentage
<u>Year</u>	Population	Population	<u>Increase</u>	Population	<u>Increase</u>
2016	128,612	257,062		20,148,654	
2020	n/a ⁽¹⁾	267,727	4.1%	21,372,207	6.1%
2030	n/a ⁽¹⁾	289,502	8.1	24,070,978	12.6
2040	n/a ⁽¹⁾	309,385	6.9	26,252,141	9.1

Information is no longer available through the U.S. Bureau of Census and University of Florida, Bureau of Business and Economic Research Florida Statistical Abstracts for the City.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Census and University of Florida, Bureau of Business and Economic Research Florida Statistical Abstracts.

Employment

The following table sets forth the unemployment rate for the City over the past ten years.

EMPLOYMENT

<u>Year</u>	Unemployment Rate
2007	3.10%
2008	4.50
2009	7.20
2010	8.20
2011	7.70
2012	6.80
2013	5.80
2014	5.30
2015	4.60
2016	4.20

Source: Florida Research and Economic Information Database Application.

TEN LARGEST EMPLOYERS (SEPTEMBER 30, 2016)

<u>Firm</u>	Product/Business	Employees
University of Florida	Education	27,600
UF Health	Health Care	12,705
Alachua Veterans Affairs Medical Center	Health Care	6,127
Alachua County School Board	Education	3,904
City of Gainesville	Municipal Government	2,072
North Florida Regional Medical Center	Health Care	2,000
Gator Dining Services	Food Services	1,200
Tacachale Center	Social Services	970
Nationwide Insurance Company	Insurance	900
Publix Supermarkets	Grocer	831

Source: Finance Department, City of Gainesville, Florida.

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Property Tax Data

The following data is provided for information and analytical purposes only. The Bonds are not secured by ad valorem tax revenues of the City.

ASSESSED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Just Value				Exemptions				
Fiscal										Total	Total
Year				Centrally						Taxable	Direct
Ended	Tax	Real	Personal	Assessed						Assessed	Tax
09/30	<u>Year</u>	<u>Property</u>	Property	<u>Property</u>	Governmental	<u>Agricultural</u>	<u>Institutional</u>	<u>Homestead</u>	Other (1)	<u>Value</u>	<u>Rate</u>
2007	2006	\$9,127,221,600	\$1,475,928,616	\$1,025,098	\$3,801,414,175	\$34,506,400	\$562,036,357	\$1,221,910,900	\$15,135,250	\$4,969,172,232	4.8509
2008	2007	10,059,735,400	1,931,740,674	1,111,824	4,354,225,897	28,451,900	574,033,101	1,385,629,369	16,885,367	5,633,362,264	4.2544
2009	2008	10,599,500,250	1,732,004,529	1,149,322	4,195,267,980	35,549,700	647,733,978	1,773,423,757	14,341,607	5,666,337,079	4.2544
2010	2009	10,534,674,944	2,245,414,910	1,234,487	4,251,801,982	39,408,200	874,389,881	1,594,957,710	134,747,020	5,886,019,548	4.3963
2011	2010	10,570,350,300	2,241,373,073	987,726	4,815,548,071	37,517,700	896,937,822	1,313,405,085	141,081,893	5,608,220,528	4.2544
2012	2011	10,756,478,800	2,308,068,145	1,130,083	5,343,081,038	39,115,900	1,029,746,160	1,134,254,774	117,240,859	5,402,238,297	4.2544
2013	2012	10,437,604,712	2,386,565,278	1,073,991	5,408,327,315	37,576,500	1,112,522,902	993,996,869	109,161,684	5,163,658,711	4.4946
2014	2013	10,480,490,440	2,587,608,797	2,138,554	5,609,545,384	39,389,400	1,095,790,104	916,778,157	234,075,511	5,174,659,235	4.5780
2015	2014	10,508,455,900	2,979,114,148	2,210,823	5,603,063,413	39,298,000	1,129,921,784	895,414,243	178,766,271	5,643,317,160	4.5079
2016	2015	10,815,607,700	2,912,715,109	2,251,700	5,651,530,893	40,988,400	1,094,785,940	992,344,032	181,396,571	5,769,528,673	4.5079

⁽¹⁾ Includes non-homestead residential and certain nonresidential property differentials between just value and capped value.

Source: Finance Department, City of Gainesville, Florida and Alachua County Property Appraiser Final Ad Valorem Assessment Rolls.

HISTORY OF LOCAL AD VALOREM TAX RATES AND TAX LEVIES

			Local Property	Local Property	
Tax	City	Net Taxable	Tax Rates (Mills)	Tax Levies (\$)	
Roll	Fiscal	Value for	General	General	Total Taxes
Year(1)	$\underline{Year^{(2)}}$	Local Levies(3)	Government(4)	<u>Government</u>	<u>Levied</u>
2006	2006-07	\$4,969,172,232	4.8509	\$24,104,957	\$24,104,957
2007	2007-08	5,633,362,264	4.2544	23,966,576	23,966,576
2008	2008-09	5,666,337,079	4.2544	24,106,864	24,106,864
2009	2009-10	5,886,019,548	4.3963	25,876,708	25,876,708
2010	2010-11	5,608,220,528	4.2544	23,859,613	23,859,613
2011	2011-12	5,402,238,297	4.2544	22,983,283	22,983,283
2012	2012-13	5,163,658,711	4.4946	23,208,580	23,208,580
2013	2013-14	5,174,659,235	4.5780	23,689,590	23,689,590
2014	2014-15	5,643,317,160	4.5079	25,439,509	25,439,509
2015	2015-16	5,769,528,673	4.5079	26,008,458	26,008,458

⁽¹⁾ Tax roll year as of January 1.

Source: Finance Department, City of Gainesville, Florida and Alachua County Property Appraiser Final Ad Valorem Assessment Rolls.

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Total Tax	Collec	ted within the	Collections in		
Ended	Levy for	Fiscal Y	ear of the Levy	Subsequent	Total Co	llections to Date
September 30,	Fiscal Year	<u>Amount</u>	Percentage of Levy	<u>Years</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Percentage of Levy
2007	\$24,104,957	\$23,172,540	96.1%	\$27,822	\$23,200,362	96.2%
2008	23,966,576	23,035,894	96.1	32,294	23,068,188	96.3
2009	24,106,864	23,191,605	96.2	52,556	23,244,161	96.4
2010	25,876,708	24,912,341	96.3	70,221	24,982,562	96.5
2011	23,859,613	23,007,885	96.4	14,385	23,022,270	96.5
2012	22,983,283	22,085,295	96.1	40,697	22,125,992	96.3
2013	23,208,580	22,259,404	95.9	45,567	22,304,971	96.1
2014	23,689,590	22,573,803	95.3	82,387	22,656,190	95.6
2015	25,439,509	24,342,225	95.7	73,286	24,415,511	96.0
2016	26,008,458	24,996,476	96.1	N/A	24,996,476	96.1

Source: Finance Department, City of Gainesville, Florida.

⁽²⁾ Fiscal year beginning October 1 and ending the next September 30.

⁽³⁾ Sum of real and personal property value.

⁽⁴⁾ Tax rates are set by the City Commission effective October 1.

⁽b) Chapter 200.181, Florida Statutes, allows unrestricted ad valorem tax rate levies for debt service for general obligation bonds approved by citizen referendum and imposes a 10 mill limitation on ad valorem tax rates levied for general government operations.

PROPERTY TAX RATES DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(rate per \$1,000 assessed value)

				Overla	apping Rates		
		City of		Alachua	St. Johns	Alachua	Total
		Gainesville		County	Water	County	Direct &
Fiscal	Tax	Direct	Alachua	School	Management	Library	Overlapping
<u>Year</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>County</u>	<u>District</u>	<u>District</u>	<u>District</u>	<u>Rates</u>
2007	2006	4.8509	9.1387	8.5710	0.4620	1.5615	24.5841
2008	2007	4.2544	7.8968	8.3950	0.4158	1.3560	22.3180
2009	2008	4.2544	7.8208	8.3590	0.4158	1.3406	22.1906
2010	2009	4.3963	8.2995	9.4080	0.4158	1.3771	23.8967
2011	2010	4.2544	8.6263	9.1070	0.4158	1.4736	23.8771
2012	2011	4.2544	8.5956	9.0920	0.3313	1.4790	23.7523
2013	2012	4.4946	8.5956	8.5490	0.3313	1.4768	23.4473
2014	2013	4.5780	8.7990	8.4020	0.3283	1.4588	23.5661
2015	2014	4.5079	8.7990	8.4100	0.3164	1.4588	23.4921
2016	2015	4.5079	8.7950	8.3420	0.3023	1.4538	23.3830

Source: Finance Department, City of Gainesville, Florida.

The following table sets forth certain information regarding direct and overlapping debt for the City, as of September 30, 2016.

OVERLAPPING GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT(1)

				City's
		General	Percent	Share of
	Taxable	Obligation	of Debt	General
Taxing	Property	Bonded	Applicable	Obligation
<u>Authority</u>	Value ⁽²⁾	$\underline{\text{Debt}^{(3)}}$	to City(4)	<u>Debt(5)</u>
City of Gainesville	\$6,034,941,259	\$0	100.00%	\$0
Alachua County	0	0	n/a	0
Alachua County School Board	0	0	0	0
Alachua County Library District	0	626,982	45.54	<u>285,530</u>
				\$285,530

The above information on bonded debt does not include self-supporting and non-self-supporting revenue bonds, certificates, and notes (reserves and/or sinking fund balances have not been deducted).

Source: Finance Department, City of Gainesville, Florida.

⁽²⁾ Homestead property of certain qualified residents is eligible for up to \$50,000 value exemption.

⁽³⁾ Reserves and sinking fund balances have not been deducted.

⁽⁴⁾ Percentages were recalculated by the Finance Department, City of Gainesville, Florida.

Chapter 200.181, Florida Statutes, allows unrestricted ad valorem tax rate levies for debt service for general obligation bonds approved by voter referendum.

OVERLAPPING SELF SUPPORTING AND NON-SELF SUPPORTING DEBT AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Taxing	Self	Non-Self	
<u>Authority</u>	<u>Supporting</u>	<u>Supporting</u>	<u>Totals</u>
Alachua County ⁽¹⁾		\$51,994,000	51,994,000
Alachua County Schools		62,742,864	62,742,864
Alachua County Library District(1)		1,040,000	1,040,000
City of Gainesville:			
Utilities	\$948,575,000	0	948,575,000
Other than Utilities	1,550,972	134,810,854	136,361,826

FY 2016 data not yet available for the County and the County Library District; amounts shown are as of September 30, 2015 for those two entities.

Source: Finance Department, City of Gainesville, Florida.

DEBT SUMMARY⁽¹⁾ AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Gross	<u>Net</u>
General Obligation Debt	\$0	\$0
Debt Payable from Non-Ad Valorem Revenues(2)	134,810,854	134,810,854
General Obligation Overlapping Debt(3)	248,905	248,905
Total	<u>\$135,059,759</u>	<u>\$135,059,759</u>
Maximum Annual Debt Service on Debt Payable		
from Non-Ad Valorem Revenues after 10/01/2016		\$15,005,625

This includes only City general government debt. The City d/b/a GRU and other self-liquidating debt are not included

Source: Finance Department, City of Gainesville, Florida.

Includes all debt to which a pledge and/or lien on a specific non-ad valorem revenue source has been provided by the City, and all loans made by the First Florida Governmental Financing Commission to the City.

⁽³⁾ Includes general obligation debt of Alachua County School District.

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS

Tax Roll Year 2015

	Taxable	Percent of Total Taxable
Owner/Taxpayer	<u>Value</u>	<u>Value</u>
Gainesville Renewable Energy Center Inc.	\$314,316,090	5.45%
Oaks Mall Gainesville LTD	125,590,400	2.18
HCA Health Services of Florida, Inc.	79,815,000	1.38
AT&T Mobility LLC	68,499,022	1.19
Oak Hammock at the University of FL, Inc.	54,496,790	0.94
North Florida Regional Hospital	54,486,950	0.94
LSH 1601 SW 51st Terrace LP	35,785,500	0.62
S Clark Butler Properties Land Trust	35,672,790	0.62
Duke Energy Florida Inc.	33,808,372	0.59
Cox Communications Inc.	31,914,417	0.55
TOTAL PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS	\$834,385,331	14.46%

Source: Finance Department, City of Gainesville, Florida.

LIABILITIES OF THE CITY

Insurance Considerations Affecting the City

General

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The City accounts for its uninsured risk of loss depending on the source of the estimated loss. For estimated losses attributable to activities of the System, the estimates are accounted for in the System enterprise funds. For estimated losses attributable to all operations of general government, the City maintains a General Insurance Fund (an internal service fund) to account for some of its uninsured risk of loss.

Workers' Compensation, Auto, and General Liability Insurance

Section 768.28, Florida Statutes, provides limits on the liability of the State and its subdivisions of \$200,000 to any one person, or \$300,000 for any single incident or occurrence. See "LIABILITIES OF THE CITY – Ability to be Sued, Judgments Enforceable" below. Under the protection of this limit and Chapter 440, Florida Statutes, covering Workmen's Compensation, the City currently is self-insured for workers' compensation, auto, and general liability. Third-party coverage is currently maintained for workers' compensation claims in excess of \$350,000. Settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for each of the last three years.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported, and are shown at current dollar value.

All funds other than the System enterprise fund (the "Utility Fund") participate in the general insurance program. Risk management/insurance related activities of the Utility Fund are accounted for within the Utility Fund. The Utility Fund purchase plant and machinery insurance from a commercial carrier. An actuarial study completed during fiscal year 2008 resulted in an increase to a balance of \$3.3 million. The present value calculation assumes a rate of return of 4.5% with a confidence level of 75%. This reserve is recorded as a fully amortized deferred credit. All claims for fiscal year 2015-16 and 2014-15 were paid from current year's revenues. Changes in the insurance reserve for fiscal years 2015-16 and 2014-15 were as follows:

	Beginning of Fiscal			End of Fiscal
Fiscal Year	Year Liability	<u>Incurred</u>	<u>Payments</u>	Year Liability
2015-2016	\$3,337,000	\$1,178,000	\$1,178,000	\$3,337,000
2014-2015	3,337,000	1,957,000	1,957,000	3,337,000

There is a claims liability of \$6,854,000 included in the General Insurance Fund as the result of actuarial estimates. Changes in the General Insurance Fund's claims liability for fiscal years 2014-15 and 2015-16 were as follows:

	Beginning of Fiscal			End of Fiscal
Fiscal Year	Year Liability	<u>Incurred</u>	<u>Payments</u>	Year Liability
2015-2016	\$6,854,000	\$2,280,237	\$2,280,237	\$6,854,000
2014-2015	6,854,000	2,852,652	2,852,652	6,854,000

Health Insurance

The City also currently is self-insured for its Employee Health and Accident Benefit Plan (the "Plan"). The Plan is accounted for in an internal service fund and is externally administered, for an annually contracted amount which is based upon the volume of claims processed. Contributions for City employees and their dependents are shared by the City and the employee. Administrative fees are paid primarily out of this fund. Stop-loss insurance is maintained for this program at \$300,000 per individual. No claims have exceeded insurance coverage in the last three years. Changes in claims liability for fiscal years 2014-15 and 2015-16 were as follows:

	Beginning of Fiscal			End of Fiscal
Fiscal Year	Year Liability	<u>Incurred</u>	<u>Payments</u>	Year Liability
2015-2016	\$1,310,671	\$24,243,566	\$24,243,566	\$1,310,671
2014-2015	1,310,671	22,027,528	22,027,528	1,310,671

Other Post-Employment Benefit & Retiree Health Care Plan

Plan Description.

By ordinance enacted by the City Commission, the City has established the Retiree Health Care Plan (the "RHCP"), providing for the payment of a portion of the health care insurance premiums for eligible retired employees. The RHCP is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the City which provides medical insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their beneficiaries.

The RHCP has 746 retirees receiving benefits, 1,052 retirees not currently electing medical coverage and has a total of 1,867 active participants and 133 deferred retirement option plan ("DROP") participants for a total of 3,798.

Ordinance 991457 of the City assigned the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the City Commission.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, the City's annual Other Post-Employment Benefit ("OPEB") cost for the RHCP was \$1,677,380. The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

	Annual OPEB	Actual Employer	Percentage	Net Ending OPEB
Year Ended	<u>Cost</u>	Contribution	Contributed	Obligation (Asset)
09/30/14	\$3,440,342	\$2,746,676	79.84%	\$(18,252,553)
09/30/15	3,585,790	2,972,451	82.90	(17,669,214)
09/30/16	1,677,380	2,915,780	173.83	(18,907,614)

Fiscal year ended September 30, 2005 was the year of implementation of GASB 43 and 45 and the City elected to implement prospectively. The City's contributions include \$2,375,230, \$2,441,107 and \$2,228,139 in payments made by the City for the implicit rate subsidy included in the blended rate premiums for active employees which fund the implicit rate subsidy discount provided to the retirees for fiscal years ended September 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014, respectively.

Funding Policy

In 1995, the City instituted a cost sharing agreement with retired employees for individual coverage only, based on a formula taking into account age at the time the benefit is first accessed and service at time of retirement. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City Commission. These contributions are neither mandated nor guaranteed. The City has retained the right to unilaterally modify its payment for retiree health care benefits. Administrative costs are financed through investment earnings.

RHCP members receiving benefits contribute a percentage of the monthly insurance premium. Based on this plan, the RHCP pays up to 50% of the individual premium for each insured according to the age/service formula factor of the retiree. Spouses and other dependents are eligible for coverage, but the employee is responsible for the entire cost, there is no direct RHCP subsidy. The employee contributes the premium cost each month, less the RHCP subsidy calculated as a percentage of the individual premium.

The State prohibits the City from separately rating retirees and active employees. The City therefore charges both groups an equal, blended rate premium. Although both groups are charged the same blended rate premium, GAAP require the actuarial figures presented above to be calculated using age adjusted premiums approximating claim costs for retirees separate from active employees. The use of age adjusted premiums results in the addition of an implicit rate subsidy into the actuarial accrued liability. However, the City has elected to contribute to the RHCP at a rate that is based on an actuarial valuation prepared using the blended rate premium that is actually charged to the RHCP.

In July 2005, the City issued \$35,210,000 Taxable OPEB bonds to retire the unfunded actuarial accrued liability then existing in the RHCP Trust Fund, which were fully paid in fiscal year 2015. This allowed the City to reduce its contribution rate. The City's actual regular contribution was less than the annual required contribution calculated using the age-adjusted premiums instead of the blended rate premiums. The difference between the annual required calculation and the City's actual regular

contribution was due to two factors. The first is the amortization of the negative net OPEB obligation created in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2005 by the issuance of the OPEB bonds. The other factor is that the City has elected to contribute based on the blended rate premium instead of the age-adjusted premium, described above as the implicit rate subsidy.

In September 2008, the City approved Ordinance No. O-08-52, terminating the existing program and trust and creating a new program and trust, effective January 1, 2009. This action changed the benefits provided to retirees, such that the City will contribute towards the premium of those who retire after August 31, 2008 under a formula that provides ten dollars per year of credited service, adjusted for age at first access of the benefit. Current retirees receive a similar benefit, however the age adjustment is modified to be set at the date the retiree first accesses the benefit or January 1, 2009, whichever is later. For current retirees that are 65 or older as of January 1, 2009, the City's contribution towards the premium will be the greater of the amount calculated under this method or the amount provided under the existing ordinance. The City's contribution towards the premium will be adjusted annually at the rate of 50% of the annual percentage change in the individual premium compared to the prior year.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Calculations of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the October 1, 2015 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions used included an 8.2% investment rate of return, compounded annually, net of investment expenses. The annual healthcare cost trend rate of 4.5% is the ultimate rate. The select rate was 12% but was decreased to the ultimate rate in 2002. Both the rate of return and the healthcare cost trend rate include an assumed inflation rate of 3.75%. The actuarial valuation of RHCP assets was set at fair market value of investments as of the measurement date. The RHCP's initial unfunded actuarial accrued liability (the "UAAL") as of 1994 is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll over a closed period of twenty years from 1994 and changes in the UAAL from 1994 through 2003 are amortized over the remaining portion of the twenty-year period. Future changes in the UAAL will be amortized on an open period of ten years from inception.

Funded Status

		Actuarial				
		Accrued				
	Actuarial	Liability				UAAL as %
Actuarial	Value of	(AAL) Entry	Unfunded	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Valuation	Assets	Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
<u>Date</u>	<u>(a)</u>	<u>(b)</u>	<u>(b) – (a)</u>	<u>(a/b)</u>	<u>(c)</u>	<u>(b-a)/c</u>
9/30/16	\$59,442,474	\$59,679,811	\$237,337	99.60%	\$117,510,876	.20%

Ability to be Sued, Judgments Enforceable

Notwithstanding the liability limits described below, the laws of the State provide that each city has waived sovereign immunity for liability in tort to the extent provided in Section 768.28, Florida Statutes. Therefore, the City is liable for tort claims in the same manner and, subject to limits stated below, to the same extent as a private individual under like circumstances, except that the City is not liable for punitive damages or interest for the period prior to judgment. Such legislation also limits the liability of a city to pay a judgment in excess of \$200,000 to any one person or in excess of \$300,000 because of any single incident or occurrence. Judgments in excess of \$200,000 and \$300,000 may be rendered, but may be paid from City funds only pursuant to further action of the Florida Legislature in the form of a "claims bill." See "LIABILITIES OF THE CITY –Insurance Considerations Affecting the City" herein. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the City may agree, within the limits of insurance coverage provided, to settle a claim made or a judgment rendered against it without further action by the Florida Legislature, but the City shall not be deemed to have waived any defense or sovereign immunity or to have increased the limits of its liability as a result of its obtaining insurance coverage for tortuous acts in excess of the \$200,000 or \$300,000 waiver provided by Florida Statutes.

Debt Issuance and Management

The City utilizes a financing team when assessing the utilization of debt as a funding source for City capital projects. This team consists of the Assistant Finance Director, Finance Director, and the following external professionals: bond counsel, disclosure counsel, financial advisor, and underwriters. The City has multi-year contractual arrangements with bond counsel, disclosure counsel, and financial advisor.

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Direct Debt

The City has met certain of its financial needs through debt financing. The table which follows is a schedule of the outstanding debt of the City General Government as of October 1, 2016. This table is exclusive of the City's discretely reported component unit debt and all enterprise fund debt, including the debt of the System.

	Principal <u>Amount Issued</u>	Principal Amount Outstanding as of October 1, 2016
Revenue Bonds [®] 1)	#1 5 00 2 22 0	ф1 Б00 00 0
Guaranteed Entitlement Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 1994	\$15,892,220	\$1,502,220
Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2003A (Employees' Plan)	40,042,953	32,365,401
Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2003B (Consolidated		
Plan)	49,851,806	43,480,000
Guaranteed Entitlement Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2004	9,805,000	1,000,000
Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2010	3,036,907	2,314,333
Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2014	12,435,000	11,660,772
Total Revenue Bonds ⁽²⁾	\$131,063,886	\$92,322,726
Loans ^{®3)}		
Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2009	11,500,000	1,579,011
Refunding Revenue Note, Series 2011	6,230,000	3,820,000
Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2011A	3,730,000	2,010,000
Refunding Revenue Note, Series 2014	14,715,000	13,130,000
Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2016A	11,007,187	11,007,187
Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2016B	6,630,000	<u>6,630,000</u>
Total Loans	\$53,812,187	\$38,176,198
Total Debt	\$184,876,07 <u>3</u>	\$130,498,924

The City's outstanding Guaranteed Entitlement Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 1994 and Series 2004 are secured by a first lien upon and pledge of the guaranteed entitlement portion of the State Revenue Sharing funds. All other bonds listed below are secured by a covenant to budget and appropriate funds sufficient to pay the debt service on the loan from legally available non-ad valorem revenues of the City.

Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The City sponsors and administers two single-employer retirement plans, which are accounted for in separate Pension Trust Funds.

- The Employees' Pension Plan (the "Employees' Plan")
- The Consolidated Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement Plan (the "Consolidated Plan")

Does not include the CP Notes.

All loans listed below are secured by a covenant to budget and appropriate funds sufficient to pay the debt service on the loan from legally available non-ad valorem revenues of the City.

The Employees' Disability Plan (the "Disability Plan"), a single-employer disability plan, was terminated during Fiscal Year 2015.

Employees' Plan

The Employees' Plan is a contributory defined benefit single-employer pension plan that covers all permanent employees of the City, including GRU, except certain personnel who elected to participate in the Defined Contribution Plan and who were grandfathered into that plan, and police officers and firefighters who participate in the Consolidated Plan. Benefits and refunds of the defined benefit pension plan are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. The costs of administering the plan, like other plan costs, are captured within the plan itself and financed through contribution and investment income, as appropriate.

The City of Gainesville issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Employees' Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to City of Gainesville, Budget & Finance Department, P.O. Box 490, Gainesville, Florida 32627 or by calling (352) 334-5054.

Benefits Provided. The Employees' Plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Prior to April 2015, disability benefits were provided through a separate plan which was subsequently terminated. Existing and future pension assets and pension liabilities were transferred to the Employees' Plan at that time.

Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as a fixed percent (often referred to as "the multiplier") of the employee's final average earnings ("FAE") times the employee's years of service. The fixed percentage and final average earnings vary depending on the date of hire as follows:

	Fixed percent of FAE	
Date of Hire	<u>(multiplier)</u>	Final Average Earnings
On or before 10/01/2007	2.0%	Highest 36 consecutive months
10/02/2007 - 10/01/2012	2.0%	Highest 48 consecutive months
On or after 10/02/2012	1.8%	Highest 60 consecutive months

For service earned prior to 10/01/2012, the lesser number of unused sick leave or personal critical leave bank credits earned on or before 09/30/2012 or the unused sick leave or personal critical leave bank credits available at the time of retirement may be credited towards the employee's years of service for that calculation. For service earned on or after 10/01/2012, no additional months of service will be credited for unused sick leave or personal critical leave bank credits.

Retirement eligibility is also tiered based on date of hire as follows:

Employees are eligible for normal retirement:

- o If the date of hire occurred on or before 10/02/2007, after accruing 20 years of pension service credit, regardless of age or after accruing 10 years of pension service credit and reaching age 65 while still employed.
- o If the date of hire was between 10/02/2007 and 10/01/2012, after accruing 25 years of pension service credit, regardless of age or after accruing 10 years of pension service credit and reaching age 65 while still employed.

o If the date of hire was on or after 10/02/2012, after accruing 30 years of pension service credit, regardless of age or after accruing 10 years of pension service credit and reaching age 65 while still employed.

Employees are eligible for early retirement:

- o If the date of hire occurred on or before 10/01/2012, after accruing 15 years of pension service credit and reaching age 55 while still employed.
- o If the date of hire was on or after 10/02/2012, after accruing 20 years of pension service credit and reaching age 60 while still employed.
- O Under the early retirement option, the benefit is reduced by 5/12th of one percent for each month (5% for each year) by which the retirement date is less than the date the employee would reach age 65.
- o Employees receive a deferred vested benefit if they are terminated after accruing five years of pension service credit but prior to eligibility for regular retirement. Those employees will be eligible to receive a benefit starting at age 65.

A 2% cost of living adjustment ("COLA") is applied to retirements benefits each October 1st if the retiree has reached eligibility for COLA prior to that date. Eligibility for COLA is determined as follows:

- o If the retiree had at least 20 years of credited service prior to 10/01/2012 and had at least 20 years but less than 25 years of credited service upon retirement, COLA begins after reaching age 62.
- o If the retiree had at least 20 years of credited service prior to 10/01/2012 and had at least 25 years of credited service upon retirement, COLA begins after reaching age 60.
- o If the retiree was hired on or before 10/01/2012 and had less than 20 years of credited service on or before 10/01/2012 and 25 years or more of credited service upon retirement, COLA begins after reaching age 65.
- o If the retiree was hired after 10/01/2012 and had 30 years or more of credited service upon retirement, COLA begins after age 65.

Employees hired on or before 10/01/2012 are eligible to participate in the deferred retirement option plan ("DROP") when they have completed 27 years of credited service and are still employed by the City. Such employees retire from the Employees' Plan but continue to work for the City. The retirement benefit is calculated as if the employee had terminated employment and is paid to a DROP account held within the pension plan until the employee actually leaves the employment of the City. While in DROP, these payments earn a guaranteed rate of annual interest, compounded monthly. For employees who entered DROP on or before 10/01/2012, DROP balances earn 6% annual interest. For employees who entered DROP on after 10/02/2012, DROP balances earn 2.25% annual interest. Employees may continue in the DROP for a maximum of 5 years or until reaching 35 years of service, whichever occurs earlier. Upon actual separation from employment, the monthly retirement benefits begin being paid directly to the retiree and the retiree must take their DROP balance plus interest as a lump-sum cash disbursement, roll into a retirement account or choose a combination of the two options.

Death benefits are paid as follows:

- o If an active member retires after reaching normal retirement eligibility and had selected a tentative benefit option, benefit payments will be made to the beneficiary in accordance with the option selected.
- o If an active member who is married dies after reaching normal retirement eligibility and did not previously select a tentative benefit option, the plan assumes the employee retired the day prior to death and elected the Joint & Survivor option naming their spouse as their beneficiary.
- o If an active member who is not married dies after reaching normal retirement eligibility and did not previously select a tentative benefit option, or if an active member dies prior to reaching normal retirement eligibility, or if a non-active member with a deferred vested benefit dies before age 65, the death benefit is a refund of the member's contributions without interest to the beneficiary on record.
- Continuation of retirement benefits after the death of a retiree receiving benefits is contingent on the payment option selected upon retirement. If the retiree has chosen a life annuity and dies prior to receiving benefits greater than the retiree's contributions to the plan, a lump sum equal to the difference is paid to the beneficiary on record.

Disability benefits are paid to eligible regular employees of the City who become totally and permanently unable to perform substantial work for pay within a 50-mile radius of the home or city hall, whichever is greater, and who is wholly and continuously unable to perform any and every essential duty of employment, with or without a reasonable accommodation, or of a position to which the employee may be assigned. The basic disability benefit is equal to the greater of the employee's years of service credit times 2% with a minimum 42% for in line of duty disability and a minimum 25% for other than in line of duty disability, times the employee's final average earnings as would be otherwise calculated under the plan. The benefit is reduced by any disability benefit percent up to a maximum of 50% multiplied by the monthly Social Security primary insurance amount to which the employee would be initially entitled to as a disabled worker, regardless of application status. The disability benefit is limited to the lesser of \$3,750 per month or an amount equal to the maximum benefit percent, less reductions above and the initially determined wage replacement benefit made under workers' compensation laws.

Employees covered by benefit terms. At September 30, 2016, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active employees	1,465
Inactive employees:	
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1,225
Terminated Members and survivors of deceased members	
entitled to benefits but not yet receiving benefits	431
Total	3 1 2 1

Contribution Requirements. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by City Ordinance approved by the City Commission. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City contributes the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Plan members are required to contribute 5% of their annual covered salary. The rate for fiscal year 2016

was 16.88% of covered payroll. This rate was influenced by the issuance of the Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2003A. The proceeds from this issue were utilized to retire the unfunded actuarial accrued liability at that time in the Employees' Plan. Differences between the required contribution and actual contribution are due to actual payroll experiences varying from the estimated total payroll used in the generation of the actuarially required contribution rate. Administrative costs are financed through investment earnings.

Net Pension Liability. The net pension liability related to the Employee's Plan was measured as of September 30, 2015 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2015 and October 1, 2014, for September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

The components of the net pension liability at September 30, 2016 were as follows (in thousands):

Components of Net Pension Liability

Total pension liability	\$485,659
Plan fiduciary net position	(357,298)
City's net pension liability	<u>\$128,361</u>

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 73.57%

Significant Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability as of September 30, 2016 was determined based on a roll-forward of entry age normal liabilities from the October 1, 2015 actuarial valuation to the pension plan's fiscal year end of October 1, 2015, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Actuarial Assumptions

Inflation 3.75%

Salary Increases 7.00% to 3.75%

Investment Rate of Return 8.20%, net of pension investment expenses

Mortality Rate:

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table-Dynamic with projection to valuation year.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return:

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimates of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These estimates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

Development of Long Term Discount Rate for General Employees' Pension Plan

		Real Risk		Total		
		Free	Risk	Expected	Policy	Policy
	<u>Inflation</u>	<u>Return</u>	<u>Premium</u>	<u>Return</u>	<u>Allocation</u>	<u>Return</u>
Domestic Equity	3.00%	2.00%	4.50%	9.50%	50.00%	4.75%
Intnl Equity	3.00	2.00	5.50	10.50	30.00	3.15
Domestic Bonds	3.00	2.00	0.50	5.50	2.00	0.11
Intnl Bonds	3.00	2.00	1.50	6.50	0.00	0.00
Real Estate	3.00	2.00	2.50	7.50	16.00	1.20
Alternatives	3.00	2.00	3.50	7.50	0.00	0.00
US Treasuries	3.00	0.00	0.00	3.00	0.00	0.00
Cash	3.00	(2.00)	0.00	1.00	2.00	0.02
Total					100.00	9.23

Discount Rate:

The discount rates used to measure the total pension liability were 8.20% and 8.30% as of September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates less the member contributions. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

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Changes in the Net Pension Liability

		Increase (Decrease)	
		Plan	
	Total Pension	Fiduciary	Net Pension
	<u>Liability</u>	Net Position	<u>Liability</u>
Balances at 10/01/2015	\$470,947,246	\$334,603,947	\$136,343,299
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	7,789,638	-	7,789,638
Interest	38,189,162	-	38,189,162
Differences between expected and actual experience	1,125,190	-	1,125,190
Transfer from terminated Disability Plan	-	-	-
Changes to assumptions	4,860,706	-	4,860,706
Contributions – employer	-	13,481,032	(13,481,032)
Contributions – employee	-	7,947,069	(7,947,069)
Net investment income	-	39,190,078	(39,190,078)
Benefit payments, including refunds and DROP payouts	(37,252,988)	(37,252,988)	-
Administrative expense	-	(670,867)	670,867
Net changes	<u>14,711,708</u>	<u>22,694,324</u>	<u>(7,982,616)</u>
Balances at 09/30/2016	<u>\$485,658,954</u>	<u>\$357,298,271</u>	<u>\$128,360,683</u>

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 8.2%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (7.2%) or one percentage-point higher (9.2%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	<u>(7.2%)</u>	(8.2%)	<u>(9.2%)</u>
Net pension liability (in thousands)	\$192,073,538	\$128,360,683	\$74,692,322

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Employees' Plan financial report.

Pension expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. For the year ended September 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense for the Employees' Plan of \$6,161,128. At September 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to the Employees' Plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows
	of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$2,193,813
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	
on pension plan investments	14,434,957
Changes to assumptions	16,684,358
Total	<u>\$35,313,128</u>

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Employees' Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows (in thousands):

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	Pension Expense
2017	\$8,027
2018	8,027
2019	8,027
2020	1,550
Thereafter	0

Disability Plan

The Disability Plan was a contributory defined benefit single-employer plan that covered all permanent employees of the City, except police officers and firefighters whose disability plan is incorporated in the Consolidated Plan. The Disability Plan was terminated during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. The net pension liability and related pension assets in an amount which covered the liability were transferred into the Employees' Plan. Assets representing the overfunded portion were disbursed to the Utility Fund and General Capital Projects Fund.

Consolidated Plan

The Consolidated Plan is a contributory defined benefit single-employer pension plan that covers City sworn police officers and firefighters. The Plan is established under City of Gainesville Code of Ordinances, Article 7, Chapter 2, Division 8. It complies with the provisions of Chapter 112, Part VII, Florida Statutes; Chapter 22D-1 of the Florida Administrative Code; Chapters 175 and 185, Florida Statutes; and Article X, Section 14 of the Florida Constitution, governing the establishment, operation and administration of plans.

The basis of accounting for the Consolidated Plan is accrual. Benefits and refunds of the defined benefit pension plan are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. The costs of administering the plan, like other plan costs, are captured within the plan itself and financed through contribution and investment income, as appropriate.

The City issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Consolidated Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to City of Gainesville, Finance Department, P.O. Box 490, Gainesville, Florida 32627 or by calling (352) 334-5054.

Benefits Provided for Police Officers. The Consolidated Plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as a fixed percent (often referred to as "the multiplier") of the employee's FAE times the employee's years of service. For Police Officers, the final average monthly earnings ("FAME") is the average of pensionable earnings during the 36 to 48 month period (depending on date of hire) that produces the highest earnings. For Police Officers, the benefit multiplier is 2.5% for credited service before 10/01/2005, 2.625% for credited service from 10/01/2005 to 07/01/2013 and 2.5% for credited service on and after 07/01/2013.

Retirement eligibility for Police Officers is tiered based on date of hire as follows:

Employees are eligible for normal retirement:

- o If the date of hire occurred prior to 07/01/2013, after accruing 20 years of pension service credit, regardless of age or after accruing 10 years of pension service credit and reaching age 55 while still employed, or attaining a combination of credited service and age that equals seventy (Rule of Seventy).
- o If the date of hire was on or after 07/01/2013, after accruing 25 years of pension service credit, regardless of age or after accruing 10 years of pension service credit and reaching age 55 while still employed, or attaining a combination of credited service and age that equals seventy.

Employees are eligible for early retirement:

- After accruing 10 years of pension service credit and reaching age 50 while still employed.
- O Under the early retirement option, the benefit is reduced 3% for each year by which the retirement date is less than the date the employee would reach age 55.

Employees may choose to receive a refund on contributions to the plan or to receive a deferred vested benefit if they are terminated after accruing 10 years of pension service credit but prior to eligibility for regular retirement. Those employees will be eligible to receive a benefit starting at age 55 with no reduction or at age 50 with the early retirement penalty above.

A 1-2% COLA is applied to retirement benefits each October 1st if the retiree has reached eligibility for COLA prior to that date. Eligibility for COLA is determined as follows:

- o If the retiree was eligible for retirement on or before 07/01/2013 and had at least 25 years of credited service upon retirement, 2% COLA begins after reaching age 55.
- o If the retiree was eligible for retirement on or before 07/01/2013 had 20 years of credited service upon retirement, 2% COLA begins after reaching age 62.
- o If the retiree was eligible for retirement after 07/01/2013 and had 25 years of credited service upon retirement 1% COLA begins after reaching age 55 and the COLA increases to 2\$ after reaching age 62.
- o If the retiree retired under the Rule of Seventy with less than 20 years of credited service upon retirement, COLA begins after age 62. Effective July 1, 2013, Police Officers retiring under the Rule of Seventy are ineligible for COLA.

Benefits Provided for Firefighters. The Consolidated Plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as a fixed percent (often referred to as "the multiplier") of the employee's FAE times the employee's years of service. For Firefighters, the FAME is the average of pensionable earnings during the 36 month period that produces the highest earnings. For Firefighters, the benefit multiplier is 2.5% for credited service before 10/01/2005, 2.625% for credited service from 10/01/2005 to 12/31/2013 and 2.5% for credited service on and after 01/01/2014.

For service earned prior to 01/01/2014, the lesser number of unused sick leave credits earned on or before 12/31/2013 or the unused sick leave bank credits available at the time of retirement may be credited

towards the employee's years of service for that calculation. For service earned on or after 01/01/2014, no additional months of service will be credited for unused sick leave credits.

Retirement eligibility for Firefighters is as follows:

Employees are eligible for normal retirement:

- o If the date of hire occurred prior to 01/01/2014, after accruing 20 years of pension service credit, regardless of age or after accruing 10 years of pension service credit and reaching age 55 while still employed, or attaining a combination of credited service and age that equals seventy (Rule of Seventy).
- o If the date of hire was on or after 01/01/2014, after accruing 25 years of pension service credit, regardless of age or after accruing 10 years of pension service credit and reaching age 55 while still employed, or attaining a combination of credited service and age that equals seventy.

Employees are eligible for early retirement:

- After accruing 10 years of pension service credit and reaching age 50 while still employed.
- O Under the early retirement option, the benefit is reduced 3% for each year by which the retirement date is less than the date the employee would reach age 55.

Employees may choose to receive a refund on contributions to the plan or to receive a deferred vested benefit if they are terminated after accruing 10 years of pension service credit but prior to eligibility for regular retirement. Those employees will be eligible to receive a benefit starting at age 55 with no reduction or at age 50 with the early retirement penalty above.

A 2% COLA is applied to retirement benefits each October 1st if the retiree has reached eligibility for COLA prior to that date. Eligibility for COLA is determined as follows:

- o If the retiree had at least 25 years of credited service upon retirement, COLA begins after reaching age 55.
- o If the retiree had 20 years of credited service upon retirement, COLA begins after reaching age 62.
- o If the retiree retired under the Rule of Seventy with less than 20 years of credited service upon retirement, COLA begins after age 62.

Benefits Provided to Both Police Officers and Firefighters. Employees are eligible to participate in the DROP when they have completed 25 years of credited service and are still employed by the City (or meet the Rule of Seventy). Such employees retire from the Consolidated Plan but continue to work for the City. The retirement benefit is calculated as if the employee had terminated employment and is paid to a DROP account held within the pension plan until the employee actually leaves the employment of the City. While in DROP, these payments earn a guaranteed rate of annual interest, (5.5% for Firefighters and 4.5% for Police Officers) compounded monthly. Employees may continue in the DROP for a maximum of 5 years or until reaching 35 years of service, whichever occurs earlier. Upon actual separation from employment, the monthly retirement benefits begin being paid directly to the retiree and the retiree must take their DROP balance plus interest as a lump-sum cash disbursement, roll into a retirement account or choose a combination of the two options. The Consolidated Plan also provides for a reverse DROP option.

Death benefits are paid as follows:

- o If an active member retires after reaching normal retirement eligibility and had selected a tentative benefit option, benefit payments will be made to the beneficiary in accordance with the option selected.
- o If an active member with less than ten years of service dies before reaching normal retirement eligibility, the death benefit is a refund to the beneficiary of 100% of the member contributions without interest.
- o If an active member with at least ten years of service dies before reaching normal retirement eligibility, the beneficiary is entitled to the benefits otherwise payable to the employee at early or normal retirement age, based on the accrued benefit at the time of death.
- Continuation of retirement benefits after the death of a retiree receiving benefits is contingent on the payment option selected upon retirement. If the retiree has chosen a life annuity and dies prior to receiving benefits greater than the retiree's contributions to the plan, a lump sum equal to the difference is paid to the beneficiary on record.

Disability Benefits – The monthly benefit for a service-incurred disability is the greater of the employee's accrued benefit as of the date of disability or 42% of the FAME. The monthly benefit for a non-service-incurred disability is the greater of the accrued benefit as of the date of disability or 25% of the FAME. Payments continue until the death of the member or until the 120th payment, payable to the designated beneficiary if no option is elected. There is no minimum eligibility requirement if the injury or disease is service-incurred, the employee must have at least five years of service to be eligible for disability benefits.

Employees covered by benefit terms. At September 30, 2016, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active employees	389
Inactive employees:	
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	410
Vested terminated members entitled to future benefits	19
Total	818

Contribution Requirements. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by City Ordinance approved by the City Commission in accordance with Part VII, Chapter 112, Florida Statutes.

The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Firefighters contribute 9.0% of gross pay and Police Officers contribute 7.5% of gross pay. The City's contribution rate for fiscal year 2016 was 14.04% of covered payroll for police personnel and 18.11% for fire personnel. This rate was influenced by the issuance of the Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2003B. In addition, State contributions, which totaled \$1,242,741, are also made to the plan on behalf of the City under Chapters 175/185, Florida Statutes. These State contributions

are recorded as revenue and personnel expenditures in the City's General Fund before they are recorded as contributions in the Consolidated Pension Fund. Differences between the required contribution and actual contribution are due to actual payroll experiences varying from the estimated total payroll used in the generation of the actuarially required contribution rate. Administrative costs are financed through investment earnings.

Net Pension Liability. The net pension liability related to the Consolidated Plan was measured as of September 20, 2015 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The components of the net pension liability at September 30, 2016 were as follows:

Components of Net Pension Liability

Total pension liability	\$258,251,636
Plan fiduciary net position	(205,667,930)
City's net pension liability	<u>\$ 52,583,706</u>

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 79.64%

Significant Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability as of September 30, 2016 was determined based on a roll-forward of entry age normal liabilities from the October 1, 2015 actuarial valuation, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Actuarial Assumptions

Inflation	3.00%
Salary Increases for employees age less than 30	7.00%
Salary Increases for employees age 30 to 34	6.00%
Salary Increases for employees age 35 to 39	5.00%
Salary Increases for employees age 40 and older	4.00%
Investment Rate of Return	8.20%, net of pension investment expenses

Mortality Rate:

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Fully Generated Mortality Table with Blue Collar adjustment based on Mortality Improvement Scale AA. 50% of deaths among active members are assumed to be service incurred, and 50% are assumed to be non-service incurred. Disabled mortality is based on the RP-2000 Disability Retiree Mortality Table.

Other Assumptions:

The actuarial assumptions used as of September 30, 2016 were based on the assumptions approved by the Board in conjunction with an experience study covering the 5 year period ending on September 30, 2010. Due to plan changes first valued in the October 1, 2012 actuarial valuation, changes to the assumed retirement rates and the valuation methodology for the assumed increase in benefit service for accumulated sick leave and accumulated vacation paid upon termination were made. Payroll growth assumptions were updated in 2012 and investments were reviewed by the Board in February of 2015 based on an asset liability study reflecting the current investment policy.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined over a 30 year time horizon based on the allocation of assets as shown in the current investment policy using the expected geometric return, expected arithmetic return and the standard deviation arithmetic return. The analysis represented investment rates of return net of investment expenses. The return is expected to be above 8.75% for 60% of market simulations and below 8.75% for 40% of the market simulations.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

<u>Development of Long Term Discount Rate – Arithmetic</u>

		Total		30-Year
		Expected	Policy	Policy
	<u>Inflation</u>	Return	Allocation	Return
US Large Cap	3.04%	11.56%	35.00%	4.05%
US Small Cap	3.04	13.70	20.00	2.74
Global Equity ex US	3.04	10.70	20.00	2.14
US Govt Credit	3.04	4.84	12.50	0.61
NCREIF	3.04	9.87	12.50	1.23
Total			100.00%	10.76%

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.2%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates less the member and State contributions. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

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Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
	<u>Liability</u>	Net Position	<u>Liability</u>
Balances at 10/01/2014	\$245,915,632	\$217,047,910	\$28,867,722
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	4,094,841	-	4,094,841
Interest	23,375,806	-	23,375,806
Differences between expected and actual experience	(140,568)	-	(140,568)
Changes to assumptions	2,608,508	-	2,608,508
Contributions – employer	-	3,682,847	(3,682,847)
Contributions – employee	-	1,972,417	(1,972,417)
Contributions – state	-	1,269,827	(1,269,827)
Net investment income	-	(93,259)	93,259
Benefit payments, including refunds and DROP payouts	(17,602,583)	(17,602,583)	-
Administrative expense		(609,229)	609,229
Net changes	12,336,004	(11,379,980)	23,715,984
Balances at 09/30/2015	<u>\$258,251,636</u>	<u>\$205,667,930</u>	<u>\$52,583,706</u>

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 8.2%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (7.2%) or one percentage-point higher (9.2%) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	<u>(7.2%)</u>	<u>(8.2%)</u>	<u>(9.2%)</u>	
Net pension liability	\$81,481,528	\$52,583,706	\$28,464,934	

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Consolidated Plan financial report.

Pension expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. For the year ended September 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense for the Consolidated Plan of \$10,739,415. At September 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Consolidated Plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflow
	of Resources	of Resources
City contributions after measurement date	\$3,716,354	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments	(14,069,711)	\$(3,303,002)
Difference between expected and actual experience	3,620,766	(113,536)
Total	<u>\$21,406,831</u>	<u>\$(3,416,538)</u>

The \$3,716,354 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension

liability in the year ended September 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Consolidated Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year	
2017	\$3,395,663
2018	3,395,663
2019	3,395,663
2020	3,992,031
Thereafter	94,920

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APPENDIX B-1

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS RELATING TO THE SYSTEM

APPENDIX B-2

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS RELATING TO THE SYSTEM

APPENDIX C-1

COMPOSITE OF THE RESOLUTION

APPENDIX C-2

DESCRIPTION OF SPRINGING AMENDMENTS

APPENDIX D

DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS ON OUTSTANDING BONDS (WITHOUT GIVING EFFECT TO ISSUANCE OF 2017 B BONDS AND 2017C BONDS) (ACCRUAL BASIS)

	Total Debt Service on			
	Bonds Outstanding		Plus: Debt Service	
Period Ending	Prior to Issuance of the	Plus: Debt Service on	on the	
September 30,	2017 Bonds(1)(2)	the 2017 Bonds	2017B/C Bonds	<u>Total</u>
2017	\$58,401,525			
2018	64,310,173			
2019	64,224,204			
2020	64,115,707			
2021	61,312,587			
2022	61,212,898			
2023	61,093,412			
2024	60,924,786			
2025	59,906,210			
2026	59,254,546			
2027	60,198,749			
2028	59,816,038			
2029	59,072,077			
2030	59,304,352			
2031	59,250,877			
2032	59,053,967			
2033	60,616,709			
2034	60,485,983			
2035	60,369,225			
2036	57,020,056			
2037	56,750,051			
2038	56,082,672			
2039	55,387,517			
2040	54,458,949			
2041	19,941,150			
2042	19,964,638			
2043	2,684,750			
2044	<u>2,688,000</u>			
	\$1,477,901,			
TOTAL	809			

⁽¹⁾ Excludes debt service on the CP Notes.

Debt service on the Outstanding Bonds has been calculated based upon the following assumptions:

⁽a) Interest on the 2005 Series B Bonds has been calculated at the actual rates of interest borne by such Bonds. The amounts shown in this table do not take into account amounts payable by and to the City pursuant to the 2005 Series B Swap Transaction. For more information, see "THE SYSTEM –

- Management's Discussion of System Operations -- *Interest Rate Swap Transactions*" in the Official Statement to which this APPENDIX D is attached. To the extent that the City makes or receives net payments under the 2005 Series B Swap Transaction during any fiscal year, net debt service on the 2005 Series B Bonds will be greater or less than the respective amount shown in this table for such fiscal year.
- (b) Interest on the 2005 Series C Bonds has been calculated at an assumed rate of 3.20% per annum, the fixed rate payable by the City under the 2005 Series C Swap Transaction. For more information, see "THE SYSTEM Management's Discussion of System Operations *Interest Rate Swap Transactions*" in the Official Statement to which this APPENDIX D is attached. To the extent that amounts payable to the City under the 2005 Series C Swap Transaction during any fiscal year differ from interest payable on the 2005 Series C Bonds during such fiscal year, net debt service on the 2005 Series C Bonds will be greater or less than the respective amount shown in this table for such fiscal year.
- (c) Interest on the 2006 Series A Bonds has been calculated at an assumed rate of 3.224% per annum, the fixed rate payable by the City under the 2006 Series A Swap Transaction. For more information, see "THE SYSTEM Management's Discussion of System Operations *Interest Rate Swap Transactions*" in the Official Statement to which this APPENDIX D is attached. To the extent that amounts payable to the City under the 2006 Series A Swap Transaction during any fiscal year differ from interest payable on the 2006 Series A Bonds during such fiscal year, net debt service on the 2006 Series A Bonds will be greater or less than the respective amount shown in this table for such fiscal year.
- (d) Interest on the 2007 Series A Bonds has been calculated at an assumed rate of 3.944% per annum, the fixed rate payable by the City under the 2007 Series A Swap Transaction. For more information, see "THE SYSTEM Management's Discussion of System Operations *Interest Rate Swap Transactions*" in the Official Statement to which this APPENDIX D is attached. To the extent that amounts payable to the City under the 2007 Series A Swap Transaction during any fiscal year differ from interest payable on the 2007 Series A Bonds during such fiscal year, net debt service on the 2007 Series A Bonds will be greater or less than the respective amount shown in this table for such fiscal year.
- (e) Interest on the 2008 Series B Bonds has been calculated at an assumed rate of 4.229% per annum, the fixed rate payable by the City under the 2008 Series B Swap Transactions. For more information, see "THE SYSTEM Management's Discussion of System Operations *Interest Rate Swap Transactions*" in the Official Statement to which this APPENDIX D is attached. To the extent that amounts payable to the City under the 2008 Series B Swap Transactions during any fiscal year differ from interest payable on the 2008 Series B Bonds during such fiscal year, net debt service on the 2008 Series B Bonds will be greater or less than the respective amount shown in this table for such fiscal year.
- (f) Reflects total interest on the 2009 Series B Bonds and 2010 Series B Bonds, each of which the City has designated as "Build America Bonds" for purposes of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, and is not net of the cash subsidy payments that the City expects to receive from the United States Treasury with respect to such Bonds. At the time of issuance of the 2009 Series B Bonds and 2010 Series B Bonds the subsidy payments on such Bonds was 35%.
- Pursuant to the Sequestration Transparency Act of 2012 (P.L. 112-155), as a consequence of the Joint Select Committee on Deficit Reduction's failure to propose, and Congress' failure to enact, a plan to reduce the federal deficit by \$1.2 trillion (as required by the Budget Control Act of 2011 by January 2, 2013), the President of the United States, in his report to Congress of sequestration for fiscal year 2013, included in such sequestration the payments authorized for direct-pay bonds, such as the 2009 Series B Bonds and 2010 Series B Bonds, issued under the Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009. As a result of the sequestration payments to issuers of direct-pay bonds, such as the 2009 Series B Bonds and 2010 Series B Bonds, were subject to a reduction of 7.2% of the amount budgeted for such payment through September 30, 2014, a reduction of 7.3% through September 30, 2015, a reduction of 6.8% through September 30, 2016 and a reduction of 6.9% through September 30, 2017. No assurance can be given that legislative proposals may be introduced or enacted by Congress that would or might apply to, or have an adverse effect upon, the City's receipt of the subsidy payments. Interest on the 2012 Series B Bonds has been calculated at an assumed rate of approximately 3.25%
- (h) Interest on the 2012 Series B Bonds has been calculated at an assumed rate of approximately 3.25% per annum.

DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS ON OUTSTANDING BONDS (GIVING EFFECT TO ISSUANCE OF 2017 B BONDS [AND 2017C BONDS]) (ACCRUAL BASIS)

Period Ending September	Total Debt Service on Bonds Outstanding After Issuance of 2017A Bonds (Without Giving Effect of Issuance of 2017B Bonds [and 2017C	Plus: Del	ot Service on 201	17A Bonds	Total Debt Service on Bonds to be Outstanding After Issuance of 2017A Bonds, 2017B Bonds [and 2017C
30,	Bonds])(1)(2)	Principal	Interest(3)	Total	Bonds]
2017	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	- \$	- \$ -
2018	-	-	-	-	
2019	-	-	-	-	
2020	-	-	-	-	
2021	-	-	-	-	
2022	-	-	-	-	
2023	-	-	-	-	
2024	-	-	-	-	
2025	-	-	-	-	
2026	-	-	-	-	
2027	-	-	-	-	
2028	-	-	-	-	
2029	-	-	-	-	
2030	-	-	-	-	-
2031	-	-	-	-	
2032	-	-	-	-	-
2033	-	-	-	-	
2034	-	-	-	-	-
2035	-	-	-	-	-
2036	-	-	-	-	-
2037	-	-	-	-	-
2038	-	-	-	-	
2039	-	-	-	-	
2040	-	-	-	-	
2041	-	-	-	-	
2042	-	-	-	-	
2043	-	-	-	-	
2044	-	-	-	-	-
2045	-	-	-	-	-
2046				-	<u>-</u>
	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	- \$	- \$ -

⁽¹⁾ Excludes debt service on the CP Notes.

Debt service on the Outstanding Bonds has been calculated based upon the following assumptions:

⁽a) Interest on the 2005 Series B Bonds has been calculated at the actual rates of interest borne by such Bonds. The amounts shown in this table do not take into account amounts payable by and to the City pursuant to the 2005 Series B Swap Transaction. For more information, see "THE SYSTEM – Management's Discussion of System Operations -- Interest Rate Swap Transactions" in the Official

- Statement to which this APPENDIX D is attached. To the extent that the City makes or receives net payments under the 2005 Series B Swap Transaction during any fiscal year, net debt service on the 2005 Series B Bonds will be greater or less than the respective amount shown in this table for such fiscal year.
- (b) Interest on the 2005 Series C Bonds has been calculated at an assumed rate of 3.20% per annum, the fixed rate payable by the City under the 2005 Series C Swap Transaction. For more information, see "THE SYSTEM Management's Discussion of System Operations *Interest Rate Swap Transactions*" in the Official Statement to which this APPENDIX D is attached. To the extent that amounts payable to the City under the 2005 Series C Swap Transaction during any fiscal year differ from interest payable on the 2005 Series C Bonds during such fiscal year, net debt service on the 2005 Series C Bonds will be greater or less than the respective amount shown in this table for such fiscal year.
- (c) Interest on the 2006 Series A Bonds has been calculated at an assumed rate of 3.224% per annum, the fixed rate payable by the City under the 2006 Series A Swap Transaction. For more information, see "THE SYSTEM Management's Discussion of System Operations *Interest Rate Swap Transactions*" in the Official Statement to which this APPENDIX D is attached. To the extent that amounts payable to the City under the 2006 Series A Swap Transaction during any fiscal year differ from interest payable on the 2006 Series A Bonds during such fiscal year, net debt service on the 2006 Series A Bonds will be greater or less than the respective amount shown in this table for such fiscal year.
- (d) Interest on the 2007 Series A Bonds has been calculated at an assumed rate of 3.944% per annum, the fixed rate payable by the City under the 2007 Series A Swap Transaction. For more information, see "THE SYSTEM Management's Discussion of System Operations *Interest Rate Swap Transactions*" in the Official Statement to which this APPENDIX D is attached. To the extent that amounts payable to the City under the 2007 Series A Swap Transaction during any fiscal year differ from interest payable on the 2007 Series A Bonds during such fiscal year, net debt service on the 2007 Series A Bonds will be greater or less than the respective amount shown in this table for such fiscal year.
- (e) Interest on the 2008 Series B Bonds has been calculated at an assumed rate of 4.229% per annum, the fixed rate payable by the City under the 2008 Series B Swap Transactions. For more information, see "THE SYSTEM Management's Discussion of System Operations *Interest Rate Swap Transactions*" in the Official Statement to which this APPENDIX D is attached. To the extent that amounts payable to the City under the 2008 Series B Swap Transactions during any fiscal year differ from interest payable on the 2008 Series B Bonds during such fiscal year, net debt service on the 2008 Series B Bonds will be greater or less than the respective amount shown in this table for such fiscal year.
- (f) Reflects total interest on the 2009 Series B Bonds and 2010 Series B Bonds, each of which the City has designated as "Build America Bonds" for purposes of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, and is not net of the cash subsidy payments that the City expects to receive from the United States Treasury with respect to such Bonds. At the time of issuance of the 2009 Series B Bonds and 2010 Series B Bonds the subsidy payments on such Bonds was 35%.
- Pursuant to the Sequestration Transparency Act of 2012 (P.L. 112-155), as a consequence of the Joint Select Committee on Deficit Reduction's failure to propose, and Congress' failure to enact, a plan to reduce the federal deficit by \$1.2 trillion (as required by the Budget Control Act of 2011 by January 2, 2013), the President of the United States, in his report to Congress of sequestration for fiscal year 2013, included in such sequestration the payments authorized for direct-pay bonds, such as the 2009 Series B Bonds and 2010 Series B Bonds, issued under the Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009. As a result of the sequestration payments to issuers of direct-pay bonds, such as the 2009 Series B Bonds and 2010 Series B Bonds, were subject to a reduction of 7.2% of the amount budgeted for such payment through September 30, 2014, a reduction of 7.3% through September 30, 2015, a reduction of 6.8% through September 30, 2016 and a reduction of 6.9% through September 30, 2017. No assurance can be given that legislative proposals may be introduced or enacted by Congress that would or might apply to, or have an adverse effect upon, the City's receipt of the subsidy payments.
- (h) Interest on the 2012 Series B Bonds has been calculated at an assumed rate of approximately 3.25% per annum.
- (3) Debt service on the 2017 Bonds has been calculated based upon the following assumptions:

- (a) Interest on the 2017B Bonds has been calculated at an assumed rate of approximately _____% per annum.
- [(b) Interest on the 2017C Bonds has been calculated at an assumed rate of ______% per annum, the fixed rate payable by the City under the 2017 Series C Swap Transaction. See note (4) to the table under "OUTSTANDING DEBT" in the Official Statement to which this APPENDIX D is attached. To the extent that amounts payable to the City under the 2017 Series C Swap Transaction during any fiscal year differ from interest payable on the 2017C Bonds during such fiscal year, net debt service on the 2017C Bonds will be greater or less than the respective amount shown in this table for such fiscal year.]

APPENDIX E

FORM OF OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL

APPENDIX F

FORM OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURE CERTIFICATE

EXHIBIT E CONTINUING DISCLOSURE CERTIFICATE

APPENDIX G

FORM OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURE CERTIFICATE

SECTION 1. PURPOSE OF THE DISCLOSURE CERTIFICATE. This Disclosure Certificate is being executed and delivered by the Issuer for the benefit of the holders and Beneficial Owners (defined below) of the Bonds and in order to assist the Participating Underwriters in complying with the continuing disclosure requirements of the Rule (defined below).

SECTION 2. DEFINITIONS. In addition to the definitions set forth in the Resolution which apply to any capitalized term used in this Disclosure Certificate, unless otherwise defined herein, the following capitalized terms shall have the following meanings:

"Annual Report" shall mean any Annual Report provided by the Issuer pursuant to, and as described in, Sections 3 and 4 of this Disclosure Certificate.

"Beneficial Owner" shall mean any person which (a) has the power, directly or indirectly, to vote or consent with respect to, or to dispose of ownership of, any Bonds (including persons holding Bonds through nominees, depositories or other intermediaries), or (b) is treated as the owner of any Bonds for federal income tax purposes.

"Dissemination Agent" shall mean initially Digital Assurance Certification, LLC, or any successor Dissemination Agent designated in writing by the Issuer and which has filed with the Issuer a written acceptance of such designation.

"EMMA" shall mean the Electronic Municipal Market Access web portal of the MSRB, located at http://www.emma.msrb.org.

"Event of Bankruptcy" shall be considered to have occurred when any of the following occur: the appointment of a receiver, fiscal agent or similar officer for an Obligated Person in a proceeding under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code or in any other proceeding under state or federal law in which a court or governmental authority has assumed jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the Obligated Person, or if such jurisdiction has been assumed by leaving the existing governmental body and officials or officers in possession but subject to the supervision and orders of a court or governmental authority, or the entry of an order confirming a plan of reorganization, arrangement or liquidation by a court or governmental authority having supervision or jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the Obligated Person.

"Listed Events" shall mean any of the events listed in Section 5(a) of this Disclosure Certificate.

"MSRB" shall mean the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board.

"Obligated Person" shall mean any person, including the Issuer, who is either generally or through an enterprise, fund, or account of such person committed by contract or other arrangement to support payment of all, or part of the obligations on the Bonds (other than providers of municipal bond insurance, letters of credit, or other liquidity or credit facilities).

"Participating Underwriters" shall mean the original underwriters of the Bonds required to comply with the Rule in connection with offering of the Bonds.

"Repository" shall mean each entity authorized and approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission from time to time to act as a repository for purposes of complying with the Rule. As of the date hereof, the Repository recognized by the Securities and Exchange Commission for such purpose is the MSRB, which currently accepts continuing disclosure submissions through EMMA.

"Rule" shall mean the continuing disclosure requirements of Rule 15c2-12 adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as the same may be amended from time to time.

"State" shall mean the State of Florida.

SECTION 3. PROVISION OF ANNUAL REPORTS.

- (a) The Issuer shall, or shall cause the Dissemination Agent to, by not later than April 30th following the end of the prior fiscal year, beginning with the fiscal year ending September 30, 2017 with respect to the report for the 2016-2017 fiscal year, provide to any Repository in electronic format as prescribed by such Repository an Annual Report which is consistent with the requirements of Section 4 of this Disclosure Certificate. The Annual Report may be submitted as a single document or as separate documents comprising a package, and may cross-reference other information as provided in Section 4 of this Disclosure Certificate; <u>provided</u> that the audited financial statements of the Issuer may be submitted separately from the balance of the Annual Report and later than the date required above for the filing of the Annual Report if they are not available by that date provided, further, in such event unaudited financial statements are required to be delivered as part of the Annual Report in accordance with Section 4(a) below. If the Issuer's fiscal year changes, it shall give notice of such change in the same manner as for a Listed Event under Section 5.
- (b) If on the fifteenth (15th) day prior to the annual filing date, the Dissemination Agent has not received a copy of the Annual Report, the Dissemination Agent shall contact the Issuer by telephone and in writing (which may be by e-mail) to remind the Issuer of its undertaking to provide the Annual Report pursuant to Section 3(a). Upon such reminder, the Issuer shall either (i) provide the Dissemination Agent with an electronic copy of the Annual Report no later than two (2) business days prior to the annual filing date, or (ii) instruct the Dissemination Agent in writing that the Issuer will not be able to file the Annual Report within the time required under this Agreement, state the date by which the Annual Report for such year will be provided and instruct the Dissemination Agent that a failure to file has occurred and to immediately send a notice to the Repository in substantially the form attached as Exhibit A, accompanied by a cover sheet completed by the Dissemination Agent in the form set forth in Exhibit B.

- (c) The Dissemination Agent shall:
 - (i) determine each year prior to the date for providing the Annual Report the name and address of any Repository;
 - (ii) if the Dissemination Agent is other than the Issuer, file a report with the Issuer certifying that the Annual Report has been provided pursuant to this Disclosure Certificate, stating the date it was provided and listing any Repository to which it was provided; and
 - (iii) if the Dissemination Agent has not received an Annual Report by 6:00 p.m. Eastern time on the annual filing date (or, if such annual filing date falls on a Saturday, Sunday or holiday, then the first business day thereafter) for the Annual Report, a failure to file shall have occurred and the Issuer irrevocably directs the Dissemination Agent to immediately send a notice to the Repository in substantially the form attached as Exhibit A without reference to the anticipated filing date for the Annual Report, accompanied by a cover sheet completed by the Dissemination Agent in the form set forth in Exhibit B.

SECTION 4. CONTENT OF ANNUAL REPORTS. The Annual Report shall contain or include by reference the following:

- (a) the audited financial statements of the Issuer for the prior fiscal year, prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as promulgated to apply to governmental entities from time to time by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. If the Issuer's audited financial statements are not available by the time the Annual Report is required to be filed pursuant to Section 3(a), the Annual Report shall contain unaudited financial statements in a format similar to the financial statements contained in the final Official Statement dated ________, 2017 (the "Official Statement"), and the audited financial statements shall be filed in the same manner as the Annual Report when they become available; and
- (b) updates to the financial information and operating data contained in "THE SYSTEM" section of the Official Statement under the captions entitled:
 - (i) "Additional Financing Requirements";
 - (ii) "The Electric System Customers", "- Energy Sales", "- Energy Supply System" and "- Capital Improvement Program";
 - (iii) "The Natural Gas System Customers" and "- Capital Improvement Program";
 - (iv) "The Wastewater System Customers" and "- Capital Improvement Program";
 - (v) "The Wastewater System Customers" and "- Capital Improvement Program";
 - (vi) "Rates"; and
 - (vii) "Summary of Combined Net Revenues".

The information provided under Section 4(b) may be included by specific reference to documents, including official statements of debt issues of the Issuer or related public entities, which are available to the public on the Repository's Internet Web site or filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The Issuer reserves the right to modify from time to time the specific types of information provided in its Annual Report or the format of the presentation of such information, to the extent necessary or appropriate in the judgment of the Issuer; provided that the Issuer agrees that any such modification will be done in a manner consistent with the Rule.

SECTION 5. REPORTING OF SIGNIFICANT EVENTS.

- (a) Pursuant to the provisions of this Section 5, the Issuer shall give, or cause to be given, notice of the occurrence of any of the following events with respect to the Bonds. Such notice shall be given in a timely manner not in excess of ten (10) business days after the occurrence of the event, with the exception of the event described in number 15 below, which notice shall be given in a timely manner:
 - 1. principal and interest payment delinquencies;
 - 2. non-payment related defaults, if material;
 - 3. unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties;
 - 4. unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties;
 - 5. substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform;
 - adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701 TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the Bonds, or other material events affecting the tax status of the Bonds;
 - 7. modifications to rights of the holders of the Bonds, if material;
 - 8. Bond calls, if material, and tender offers;
 - 9. defeasances;
 - 10. release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the Bonds, if material;
 - 11. ratings changes;
 - 12. an Event of Bankruptcy or similar event of an Obligated Person;
 - 13. the consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving an Obligated Person or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Obligated Person, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material;

- 14. appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material; and
- 15. notice of any failure on the part of the Issuer to meet the requirements of Section 3 hereof.
- (b) The notice required to be given in paragraph 5(a) above shall be filed with any Repository, in electronic format as prescribed by such Repository.

SECTION 6. IDENTIFYING INFORMATION. In accordance with the Rule, all disclosure filings submitted pursuant to this Disclosure Certificate to any Repository must be accompanied by identifying information as prescribed by the Repository. Such information may include, but not be limited to:

- (a) the category of information being provided;
- (b) the period covered by any annual financial information, financial statement or other financial information or operation data;
- (c) the issues or specific securities to which such documents are related (including CUSIPs, issuer name, state, issue description/securities name, dated date, maturity date, and/or coupon rate);
- (d) the name of any Obligated Person other than the Issuer;
- (e) the name and date of the document being submitted; and
- (f) contact information for the submitter.

SECTION 7. TERMINATION OF REPORTING OBLIGATION. The Issuer's obligations under this Disclosure Certificate shall terminate upon the legal defeasance, prior redemption or payment in full of all of the Bonds, so long as there is no remaining liability of the Issuer, or if the Rule is repealed or no longer in effect. If such termination occurs prior to the final maturity of the Bonds, the Issuer shall give notice of such termination in the same manner as for a Listed Event under Section 5.

SECTION 8. DISSEMINATION AGENT. The Issuer may, from time to time, appoint or engage a Dissemination Agent to assist it in carrying out its obligations under this Disclosure Certificate, and may discharge any such Dissemination Agent, with or without appointing a successor Dissemination Agent. The Dissemination Agent shall not be responsible in any manner for the content of any notice or report prepared by the Issuer pursuant to this Disclosure Certificate. The initial Dissemination Agent shall be Digital Assurance Certification, LLC.

SECTION 9. AMENDMENT. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Disclosure Certificate, the Issuer may amend this Disclosure Certificate provided that the following conditions are satisfied:

- (a) The amendment may only be made in connection with a change in circumstances that arises from a change in legal requirements, change in law, or change in the identity, nature or status of the Issuer, or the type of business conducted;
- (b) The undertaking, as amended, would have complied with the requirements of the Rule at the time of the primary offering of the Bonds, after taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule, as well as any change in circumstances; and

(c) The amendment does (i) does not materially impair the interests of the holders, as determined either by parties unaffiliated with the Issuer (such as the trustee or bond counsel), or by approving vote of bondholders pursuant to the terms of the governing instrument at the time of the amendment.

In the event of any amendment of this Disclosure Certificate, the Issuer shall describe such amendment in the next Annual Report, and shall include, as applicable, a narrative explanation of the reason for the amendment and its impact on the type (or in the case of a change of accounting principles, on the presentation) of financial information or operating data being presented by the Issuer. In addition, if the amendment relates to the accounting principles to be followed in preparing financial statements, (i) notice of such change shall be given in the same manner as for a Listed Event under Section 5, and (ii) the Annual Report for the year in which the change is made should present a comparison (in narrative form and also, if feasible, in quantitative form) between the financial statements as prepared on the basis of the new accounting principles and those prepared on the basis of the former accounting principles.

SECTION 10. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION. Nothing in this Disclosure Certificate shall be deemed to prevent the Issuer from disseminating any other information, using the means of dissemination set forth in this Disclosure Certificate or any other means of communication, or including any other information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event, in addition to that which is required by this Disclosure Certificate. If the Issuer chooses to include any information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event in addition to that which is specifically required by this Disclosure Certificate, the Issuer shall have no obligation under this Certificate to update such information or include it in any future Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event.

SECTION 11. DEFAULT. The continuing disclosure obligations of the Issuer set forth herein constitute a contract with the holders of the Bonds. In the event of a failure of the Issuer to comply with any provision of this Disclosure Certificate, any holder or Beneficial Owner of the Bonds may take such actions as may be necessary and appropriate, including seeking mandamus or specific performance by court order, to cause the Issuer to comply with its obligations under this Disclosure Certificate; provided, however, the sole remedy under this Disclosure Certificate in the event of any failure of the Issuer to comply with the provisions of this Disclosure Certificate shall be an action to compel performance. A default under this Disclosure Certificate shall not be deemed an Event of Default under the Resolution.

SECTION 12. DUTIES, IMMUNITIES AND LIABILITIES OF DISSEMINATION AGENT. The Dissemination Agent shall have only such duties as are specifically set forth in this Disclosure Certificate, and the Issuer agrees to indemnify and save the Dissemination Agent, its officers, directors, employees and agents, harmless against loss, expense and liabilities which it may incur arising out of or in the exercise or performance of its powers and duties hereunder, including the costs and expenses (including attorneys fees) of defending against any claim of liability, but excluding liabilities due to the Dissemination Agent's negligence or willful misconduct. The obligations of the Issuer under this Section shall survive resignation or removal of the Dissemination Agent and payment of the Bonds.

SECTION 13. BENEFICIARIES. This Disclosure Certificate shall inure solely to the benefit of the

Issuer, the Dissemination Agent, the Participating Underwriters and holders and Beneficial Owners from

City Attorney

EXHIBIT A

NOTICE OF FAILURE TO FILE ANNUAL REPORT

Name of Issuer:	City of Gainesville, l	Florida
Name of Bond Issue:	Utilities System Rev	enue Bonds, 2017 Series A
Date of Issuance:	, 2017	
the above-named Bond Digital Assurance Cer	s as required by the ortification, L.L.C., as	Issuer has not provided an Annual Report with respect to Continuing Disclosure Certificate between the Issuer and Dissemination Agent. The Issuer has notified the Annual Report will be filed by
Dated:		
		Digital Assurance Certification, L.L.C., as Dissemination Agent, on behalf of the Issuer
		Ву:
		Name:
		Title:
Date:		

EXHIBIT B EVENT NOTICE COVER SHEET

This cover sheet and accompanying "event notice" will be sent to the MSRB, pursuant to Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(C) and (D).

Issuer's and/or Other Obligated Person's Name:				
Number of pa	ages attached:			
Descript	ion of Notice Events (Check One):			
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	"Principal and interest payment delinquencies;" "Non-Payment related defaults, if material;" "Unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties;" "Unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties;" "Substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform;" "Adverse tax opinions, IRS notices or events affecting the tax status of the security;" "Modifications to rights of securities holders, if material;" "Bond calls, if material;" "Defeasances;" "Release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the securities, if material; "Rating changes;" "Tender offers;" "Bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the obligated person;" "Merger, consolidation, or acquisition of the obligated person, if material;" and "Appointment of a successor or additional trustee, or the change of name of a trustee, if ital."			
	o provide annual financial information as required. in fiscal year of the Issuer.			
Signature:	esent that I am authorized by the issuer or its agent to distribute this information publicly:			
	Title:			
Dato	Digital Assurance Certification, L.L.C. 390 N. Orange Avenue Suite 1750 Orlando, FL 32801 407-515-1100			
Date:				

EXHIBIT F INSURANCE AGREEMENT

INSURANCE AGREEMENT

Т	THIS INSURANCE AGREEMENT, dated (the "Agreement"), by and between the	(the
"Issuer") a	and Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. (the "Insurer").	
Ir	n consideration of the issuance by the Insurer of its Municipal Bond Debt Service Reserve Ins	urance Policy
No	(the "Reserve Policy") with respect to the Issuer's	(the "Bonds")
issued und	der the document setting forth the security for and authorizing the issuance of the Bonds (the	a "Authorizing
	t") and the Issuer's payment to the Insurer of the insurance premium for the Reserve Policy, the rhereby covenant and agree as follows:	e Insurer and

- 1. Upon any payment by the Insurer under the Reserve Policy, the Insurer shall furnish to the Issuer written instructions as to the manner in which payment of amounts owed to the Insurer as a result of such payment under the Reserve Policy shall be made. Amounts drawn under the Reserve Policy shall be used solely to pay scheduled payments of principal and interest due on the Bonds.
- The Issuer shall pay the Insurer the principal amount of any draws under the Reserve Policy and pay all related reasonable expenses incurred by the Insurer and shall pay interest thereon from the date of payment by the Insurer at the Late Payment Rate. "Late Payment Rate" means the lesser of (a) the greater of (i) the per annum rate of interest, publicly announced from time to time by JPMorgan Chase Bank at its principal office in the City of New York, as its prime or base lending rate ("Prime Rate") (any change in such Prime Rate to be effective on the date such change is announced by JPMorgan Chase Bank) plus 5%, and (ii) the then applicable highest rate of interest on the Bonds and (b) the maximum rate permissible under applicable usury or similar laws limiting interest rates. The Late Payment Rate shall be computed on the basis of the actual number of days elapsed over a year of 360 days. In the event JPMorgan Chase Bank ceases to announce its Prime Rate, the Prime Rate shall be the prime or base lending rate of such national bank as the Insurer shall designate. If the interest provisions of this Section 2 shall result in an effective rate of interest which, for any period, exceeds the limit of the usury or any other laws applicable to the indebtedness created herein, then all sums in excess of those lawfully collectible as interest for the period in question shall, without further agreement or notice between or by any party hereto, be applied as additional interest for any later periods of time when amounts are outstanding hereunder to the extent that interest otherwise due hereunder for such periods plus such additional interest would not exceed the limit of the usury or such other laws, and any excess shall be applied upon principal immediately upon receipt of such moneys by the Insurer, with the same force and effect as if the Issuer had specifically designated such extra sums to be so applied and the Insurer had agreed to accept such extra payment(s) as additional interest for such later periods. In no event shall any agreed-to or actual exaction as consideration for the indebtedness created herein exceed the limits imposed or provided by the law applicable to this transaction for the use or detention of money or for forbearance in seeking its collection.
- 3. Repayment of draws and payment of expenses and the interest accrued thereon at the Late Payment Rate (collectively, "Policy Costs") shall commence in the first month following each draw, and each such monthly payment shall be in an amount at least equal to 1/12th of the aggregate of Policy Costs related to such draw. Amounts in respect of Policy Costs paid to the Insurer shall be credited first to interest due, then to the expenses due and then to principal due.
- 4. As and to the extent that payments are made to the Insurer on account of principal due, the coverage under the Reserve Policy will be increased by a like amount, subject to the terms of the Reserve Policy.
- 5. All cash and investments in the Reserve Fund shall be transferred to the debt service fund for payment of debt service on the Bonds before any drawing may be made on the Reserve Policy or on any alternative credit instrument. Payment of any Policy Costs shall be made prior to replenishment of any such cash amounts. Draws on all alternative credit instruments (including the Reserve Policy) on which there is available coverage shall be made on a pro rata basis (calculated by reference to available coverage under each such alternative credit instrument) after

Page 1 of 4

applying available cash and investments in the Reserve Fund. Payment of Policy Costs and reimbursement of amounts with respect to alternative credit instruments shall be made on a pro-rata basis prior to replenishment of any cash drawn from the Reserve Fund. For the avoidance of doubt, "available coverage" means the coverage then available for disbursement pursuant to the terms of the applicable alternative credit instrument without regard to the legal or financial ability or willingness of the provider of such instrument to honor a claim or draw thereon or the failure of such provider to honor any such claim or draw.

- 6. Upon a failure to pay Policy Costs when due or any other breach of the terms of this Agreement, the Insurer shall be entitled to exercise any and all legal and equitable remedies available to it, including those provided under the Authorizing Document, other than (i) acceleration of the maturity of the Bonds or (ii) remedies which would adversely affect owners of the Bonds.
- 7. The Authorizing Document shall not be discharged until all Policy Costs owing to the Insurer shall have been paid in full. The Issuer's obligation to pay such amounts shall expressly survive payment in full of the Bonds.
- 8. In order to secure the Issuer's payment obligations with respect to the Policy Costs, there is hereby granted and perfected in favor of the Insurer a security interest (subject only to the priority of payment provisions set forth under the Authorizing Document) in all revenues and collateral pledged as security for the Bonds.
- 9. Policy Costs due and owing shall be included in debt service requirements for purposes of calculation of the additional bonds test and the rate covenant in the Authorizing Document.
- 10. The Trustee shall ascertain the necessity for a claim upon the Reserve Policy in accordance with the provisions of Section 5 hereof and shall provide notice to the Insurer in accordance with the terms of the Reserve Policy at least three business days prior to each date upon which interest or principal is due on the Bonds. Where deposits are required to be made by the Issuer with the Trustee to the debt service fund for the Bonds more often than semi-annually, the Trustee shall give notice to the Insurer of any failure of the Issuer to make timely payment in full of such deposits within two business days of the date due.
- The Issuer will pay or reimburse the Insurer any and all charges, fees, costs, losses, liabilities and 11. expenses which the Insurer may pay or incur, including, but not limited to, fees and expenses of attorneys, accountants, consultants and auditors and reasonable costs of investigations, in connection with (i) any accounts established to facilitate payments under the Reserve Policy, (ii) the administration, enforcement, defense or preservation of any rights in respect of this Agreement, the Authorizing Document or any other document executed in connection with the Bonds (the "Related Documents"), including defending, monitoring or participating in any litigation or proceeding (including any bankruptcy proceeding in respect of the Issuer) relating to this Agreement, the Authorizing Document, or any other Related Document, any party to this Agreement, the Authorizing Document or any other Related Document or the transactions contemplated by the Related Documents, (iii) any amendment, waiver or other action with respect to, or related to this Agreement, the Authorizing Document, the Reserve Policy or any other Related Document whether or not executed or completed, or (iv) any action taken by the Insurer to cure a default or termination or similar event (or to mitigate the effect thereof) under the Authorizing Document or any other Related Document; costs and expenses shall include a reasonable allocation of compensation and overhead attributable to time of employees of the Insurer spent in connection with the actions described in clauses (ii)-(iv) above. The Insurer reserves the right to charge a reasonable fee as a condition to executing any amendment, waiver or consent proposed in respect of this Agreement, the Authorizing Document or any other Related Document. Amounts payable by the Issuer hereunder shall bear interest at the Late Payment Rate from the date such amount is paid or incurred by the Insurer until the date the Insurer is paid in full.
- 12. The obligation of the Issuer to pay all amounts due under this Agreement shall be an absolute and unconditional obligation of the Issuer and will be paid or performed strictly in accordance with this Agreement, irrespective of (i) any lack of validity or enforceability of or any amendment or other modifications of, or waiver with respect to the Bonds, the Authorizing Document or any other Related Document, or (ii) any amendment or other modification of, or waiver with respect to the Reserve Policy; (iii) any exchange, release or non-perfection of any security interest in property securing the Bonds, this Agreement, the Authorizing Document or any other Related Documents;

- (iv) whether or not such Bonds are contingent or matured, disputed or undisputed, liquidated or unliquidated; (v) any amendment, modification or waiver of or any consent to departure from this Agreement, the Reserve Policy, the Authorizing Document or all or any of the other Related Documents; (vi) the existence of any claim, setoff, defense (other than the defense of payment in full), reduction, abatement or other right which the Issuer may have at any time against the Trustee or any other person or entity other than the Insurer, whether in connection with this Agreement, the transactions contemplated herein, in the Authorizing Document or in any other Related Documents or any unrelated transactions; (vii) any statement or any other document presented under or in connection with the Reserve Policy proving in any and all respects invalid, inaccurate, insufficient, fraudulent or forged or any statement therein being untrue or inaccurate in any respect; or (viii) any payment by the Insurer under the Reserve Policy against presentation of a certificate or other document which does not strictly comply with the terms of the Reserve Policy.
- 13. The prior written consent of the Insurer shall be a condition precedent to the deposit of any credit facility credited to the Reserve Fund in lieu of a cash deposit into the Reserve Fund.
- 14. The Issuer shall fully observe, perform, and fulfill each of the provisions (as each of those provisions may be amended, supplemented, modified or waived with the prior written consent of the Insurer) of the Authorizing Document applicable to it, each of the provisions thereof being incorporated herein by reference as if set forth directly herein. No provision of the Authorizing Document or any other Related Document shall be amended, supplemented, modified or waived, without the prior written consent of the Insurer, in any material respect or otherwise in a manner that could adversely affect the payment obligations of the Issuer hereunder or the priority accorded to the reimbursement of Policy Costs under the Authorizing Document. The Insurer is hereby expressly made a third party beneficiary of the Authorizing Document and each other Related Document.
- 15. The Issuer covenants to provide to the Insurer, promptly upon request, any information regarding the Bonds or the financial condition and operations of the Issuer as reasonably requested by the Insurer. The Issuer will permit the Insurer to discuss the affairs, finances and accounts of the Issuer or any information the Insurer may reasonably request regarding the security for the Bonds with appropriate officers of the Issuer and will use commercially reasonable efforts to enable the Insurer to have access to the facilities, books and records of the Issuer on any business day upon reasonable prior notice.
- 16. Notices to the Insurer shall be sent to the following address (or such other address as the Insurer may designate in writing): Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp., 1633 Broadway, New York, New York 10019, Attention: Managing Director– Surveillance, Re: Policy No._____.
- 17. If any one or more of the agreements, provisions or terms of this Agreement shall be for any reason whatsoever held invalid, then such agreements, provisions or terms shall be deemed severable from the remaining agreements, provisions or terms of this Agreement and shall in no way affect the validity or enforceability of the other provisions of this Agreement.
- 18. All capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Authorizing Document.
- 19. This Agreement may be executed in counterparts, each of which alone and all of which together shall be deemed one original Agreement.
- 20. This Agreement and the rights and obligations of the parties of the Agreement shall be governed by and construed and interpreted in accordance with the laws of the State of Florida.

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Proposed Draft 8-24-17 Subject to Formal Credit Committee Approval

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be duly executed in their respective names as of the date first written above.

ISSUER	ASSURED GUARANTY MUNICIPAL CORP.		
By:	Bv:		
Title:	Title:	Authorized Officer	