

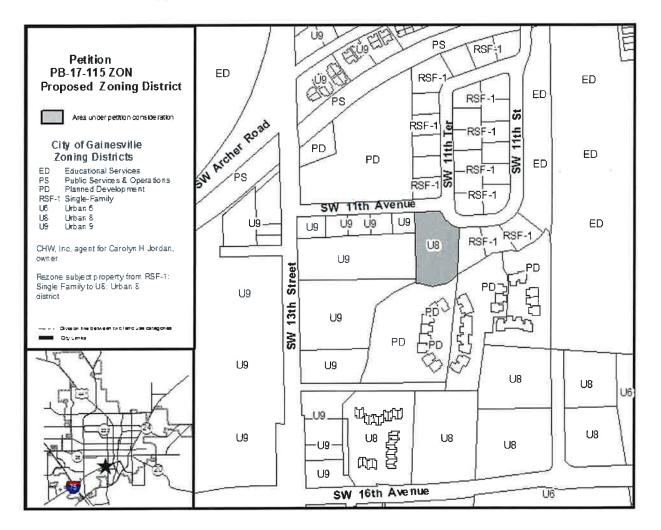
Department of Doing Planning Division PO Box 490, Station 11 Gainesville, FL 32602-0490

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то:	City Plan Board	Item Number: OB2
FROM:	Department of Doing	DATE: January 25, 2018
Submitted by:	Andrew Persons, AICP Planning Consultant	Prepared by: Dean Mimms, AICP Planning Consultant
SUBJECT:		CHW, Inc. agent for Carolyn H. Jordan, owner. Family (RSF-1) district to Urban 8 (U8) district. nue on \pm 1.48 acres. Related to PB-17-114 LUC.

Recommendation:

Staff recommends approval of Petition PB-17-115 ZON.



Description

The proposed rezoning from Single-Family (RSF-1) district to Urban 8 (U8) district will allow a mix of residential and non-residential uses. [The applicant's intention (stated in the Neighborhood Workshop Notice for the September 27, 2017 neighborhood workshop – see Exhibit C-1 – Application Package) "is to construct a second phase to The Nine apartment complex."]

This petition pertains to an approximately 1.48-acre, developed, single-family, residential property at the southwest corner of SW 11th Avenue and SW 11th Terrace. It is adjacent and east of the 3.7-acre, 4-story, 188-unit, multi-family development called "The Nine" (Phase 1) that is under construction (and that was approved by Petition DB-16-146 SPL on January 24, 2017 by the Development Review Board). This petition will substantially increase the redevelopment potential for this property that is proximate to a major corridor (SW 13th Street/US 441) and is within walking distance of the P.K. Yonge Developmental Research School (K-12), the University of Florida, UF Health hospitals, and the Veterans Administration hospital. The property is in the UF Context Area and is in the College Park/University Heights Community Redevelopment Area.

The 4-story, 201-unit, Wildflower Apartments complex ((Wildflower PD, Ordinance No. 030454) is to the northwest across SW 11th Avenue, a 24-lot single-family residential enclave is to the north and east, and the P.K. Yonge Developmental Research School is one block to the east along SW 11th Street. The property is approximately 560 feet to the east of SW 13th Street/US 441, and is in a part of the City that has been steadily changing from single-family residential to multiple-family and mixed-use land use in recent years.

Table 1

North	SW 11 th AVE (north of which is single-family residential)	
South	Multi-family residential	
East	Single-family residential	
West	Multi-family residential	

Adjacent Existing Uses

Adjacent Land Use and Zoning

	Land Use Category	Zoning Category
North	Single-Family (SF): up to 8 units per	RSF-1: Single-Family
	acre	Residential
South	Urban Mixed-Use (UMU): up to 60	Planned development district
	units per acre; and up to 20 additional	(PD)
	units per acre by Special Use Permit	
East	Single-Family (SF): up to 8 units per	RSF-1: Single-Family
	acre	Residential
West	Urban Mixed-Use High Intensity	Urban 9: Urban Mixed-Use High
	(UMUH): 10-100 units per acre; and	
	up to 25 additional units per acre by	

Special Use Permit

See <u>Exhibit B-1</u> for an aerial photograph of the property and surrounding area. See first page of this report for map that shows the proposed zoning, and see <u>Exhibit B-2</u> for map that shows the existing zoning.

This petition is related to Petition PB-17-114 LUC, which proposes a land use change from Single-Family (SF): up to 8 units per acre to Urban Mixed-Use (UMU): up to 60 units per acre; and up to 20 additional units per acre by Special Use Permit.

Key Issues

- The proposed rezoning Single-Family (RSF-1) to Urban 8 (U8) is consistent with the City's Comprehensive Plan and supports infill development and redevelopment at a central location in the urbanized area.
- This proposed rezoning is intended for development of Phase 2 of "The Nine" multifamily development that is under construction on the west side of the subject property.

Basis for Recommendation

The staff recommendation is based on the five following factors, which are discussed below:

- Conformance with the Comprehensive Plan;
- Conformance with the Land Development Code;
- Changed Conditions;
- Compatibility; and
- Impacts on Affordable Housing.

1. Conformance with the Comprehensive Plan

Future development of this property in accordance with the proposed Urban 8 (U8) district (which will be implemented by the related, proposed Urban Mixed-Use (UMU): up to 60 units per acre; and up to 20 additional units per acre by Special Use Permit land use category) is supportive of the City's objectives of discouraging urban sprawl, encouraging infill development and redevelopment, and promoting transportation choice.

The proposed zoning is consistent with the overall goal (Goal 1 of the Future Land Use Element (FLUE)) of the City to improve the quality of life and achieve a sustainable development pattern, in part by ensuring that a percentage of land uses are mixed. The proposed rezoning to a mixed-use category is also consistent with Future Land Use Element Policies 1.2.3, Objective 1.5, Goal 2, Objective 2.1, Objective 4.2, and Policy 4.2.1.

Future Land Use Element

Goal 1 Improve the quality of life and achieve a superior, sustainable, development pattern in the City by creating and maintaining choices in housing, offices, retail, and workplaces, and ensuring that a percentage of land uses are mixed, and within walking distance of important destinations.

- **Policy 1.2.3** The City should encourage mixed-use development, where appropriate.
- Objective 1.5 Discourage the proliferation of urban sprawl.
- GOAL 2 Redevelop areas within the City, as needed, in a manner that promotes quality of life, transportation choice, a healthy economy, and discourages sprawl.
- **Objective 2.1** Redevelopment should be encouraged to promote compact, vibrant urbanism, improve the condition of blighted areas, discourage urban sprawl, and foster compact development patterns that promote transportation choice.
- **Policy 4.1.1** Land Use Categories on the Future Land Use Map shall be defined as follows:

Urban Mixed-Use (UMU): up to 60 units per acre; and up to 20 additional units per acre by Special Use Permit

This land use category allows residential, office, retail and serve uses either as stand-alone uses or combined in a mixed-use development format. Light assembly, fabrication, and processing uses within fully enclosed structures shall be allowed in specified zoning districts as specially regulated by the Land Development Code. Structures in this category shall be oriented to the street and encouraged multi-modal transportation through the development design. Developments located within this category shall be scaled to fit the character of Residential density shall be limited to 60 units per acre with the area. provisions to add up to 20 additional units per acre by Special Use permit as specified in the land development regulations. Maximum building height shall range between 4 to 5 stories, depending upon the implementing zoning district, with provisions to add up to an additional 1 to 2 stories by a height bonus system as established in the Land Development Code. Land development regulations shall set the appropriate densities, the types of uses; design criteria; landscaping, and pedestrian/vehicular access. Public and private schools, places of religious assembly and community facilities are appropriate within this category.

- **Objective 4.2** The City shall implement regulations that will protect low-intensity uses from the negative impacts of high-intensity uses and provide for the healthy coexistence and integration of various land uses.
- **Policy 4.2.1** The City shall adopt land development regulations that provide protection for adjacent residential areas and low intensity uses from the impacts of high intensity uses by separating intense uses from low-intensity uses by transitional uses and by performance measures. Performance measures shall address the buffering of adjacent uses by landscape, building type and site design. Regulation of building type shall insure compatibility of building scale, and overall building appearance in selected areas. Regulation of site design shall address orientation. Such regulation shall also include arrangement of functions within a site, such as

\ Petitions\2017\PB-17-115 ZON\Staff Report\Rev180125StaffRpt PB-17-115 ZON The Nine Phase II.docx

parking, loading, waste disposal, access points, outdoor uses and mechanical equipment; and the preservation of site characteristics such as topography, natural features and tree canopy.

The proposed land use change is also consistent with Policy 10.3.1 of the Transportation Mobility Element.

Transportation Mobility Element

Policy 10.3.1 Within the transect zoning districts, land development regulations shall address urban form in terms of: street types, maximum block perimeter sizes, required new streets or urban walkways, building frontage requirements, building setbacks, location of parking, glazing requirements, building façade articulation, and building entrance location.

See <u>Exhibit A-1</u> - Comprehensive Plan - Transportation Mobility Element GOPs, for other transportation–related policies relevant to this proposed amendment.

2. Conformance with the Land Development Code

The proposed rezoning from Single-Family (RSF-1) district to Urban 8 (U8) district will implement the UMU land use category proposed by related Petition PB-17-114 LUC. See <u>Exhibit B-3</u> - LDC Article IV, Sections 30-4.11 - 30-4.13) for regulations pertaining to this transect zoning district. -Any proposed development or redevelopment, at the time of development plan review, will be required to meet all applicable Land Development Code requirements.

3. Changed Conditions

The SW 13th Street/US 441 corridor near to the University of Florida, UF Health hospitals, and the Veterans Administration hospital has been redeveloping with substantial increases in residential density in particular for many years.

A major changed condition is the 188-unit, 4-story, multi-family development ("The Nine, Phase 1") on the adjacent 3.7-acre property that was approved in January 2017 by the Development Review Board with a street side setback of 10 feet along SW 11th Avenue (20 feet was required with the UMU-1 zoning then in effect, but the variance for the reduced setback requested in Petition PB-17-02 VAR was approved on February 13, 2017 by the Board of Adjustment). This development is under construction and is anticipated to be completed in 2018.

Another changed condition is the developer's intention to develop the subject 1.48-acre property as "The Nine, Phase 2".

4. Compatibility

This petition was initially proposed for U9 zoning, but was subsequently revised to U8 in response to concerns expressed by several affected parties and several Plan Board members at the December 5, 2017 City Plan Board hearing regarding compatibility of the proposed U9

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zoning (and UMU-H land use then proposed by related Petition PB-17-114 LUC) with the existing neighborhood. The proposed U8 zoning allow for a maximum of 5 stories by right (and may be eligible for an additional story by meeting the bonus system requirements (Section 30-4.9. Building Height Bonus System). (Note: The previously proposed U9 allows for a maximum of 6 stories by right and up to two additional stories by meeting the bonus system requirements.)

The proposed Urban 8 (U8) zoning is compatible with the adjacent transect zoning (U9) to the west (The Nine – Phase 1 multi-family development), and with Planned development district (PD) zoning adjacent to the south (Oakbrook Walk Apartments) and nearby (Wildflower Apartments) to the northwest, and with the overall surrounding urbanized area. The Nine – Phase 1 is a 4-story development (with 5-story parking garage). Wildflower is also a 4-story, multi-family development, and Oakbrook Walk is a 3-story development.

Compatibility with adjacent (east) and nearby (approximately 61 feet to the north and northeast) single-family zoning (single-family development) will be assured by meeting all applicable requirements of the Land Development Code. These include but are not limited to the Development Compatibility provisions (Exhibit B-4 – LDC Article IV, Sec. 4.8. Development Compatibility), landscape buffers, building height limits (5 stories by right, 6 with bonus points in U8 district), and lighting and noise regulations.

A few highlights from Section 4.8. Development Compatibility are:

- Maximum 3-story and 36-foot building height for multi-family development within 100 feet of single-family zoned property.
- Maximum 6 dwelling units/building for multi-family development within 100 feet of single-family zoned property.
- Minimum required side & rear setbacks for nonresidential and multi-family buildings located on property abutting single-family zoning shall be the same as required for adjacent single-family lot or as determined by required buffer, whichever is greater. [Adjacent RSF-1 requires 7.5 ft. interior side setback, 20 ft. rear setback.]
- No outdoor recreation areas or uses, car washing area, or trash/waste disposal facilities within required setback area between new multi-family development and single-family zoning.
- Parking lots & driveways located in setback area between multi-family and single-family properties are limited to single-loaded row of parking and two-way driveway.
- Minimum 6-ft. high decorative masonry wall (or equivalent for visual screening, noise attenuation) plus a Type B landscape buffer.
- Maximum of 2.75 bedrooms per unit allowed for multi-family development within the University of Florida Context Area.

The above-listed development compatibility requirements pertain to the entire 1.48-acre property, but will have the most direct impact on the east side where the property is adjacent to a developed single-family property.

The Development Compatibility requirements are not subject to variances or waivers.

See Table 1 on Page 2 for a tabular summary of adjacent existing uses and adjacent zoning and land use categories.

5. Impacts on Affordable Housing

This proposed Urban 8 (U8) zoning will increase the allowable residential density and therefore may increase the supply of potential affordable housing in the City.

The proposed rezoning may have a positive impact on the supply of potential affordable housing in the City. The proposed U8 zoning will increase the potential for future residential development for this 1.48-acre parcel that currently has Single-Family (RSF-1) zoning, which has a maximum density of 3.5 units per acre. Urban 8 (U8) zoning allows for a potential maximum density by right of 60 units per acre (80 per acre by special use permit).

Transportation

There are no major transportation issues associated with this proposed zoning change for this developed site that is located within Zone A of the Gainesville Transportation Mobility Program Area (TMPA) and is proximate to (within 1,000 feet) of the University of Florida/UF Health campus. The University of Florida/Shands/VA Hospital is an Existing Transit Hub (see <u>Exhibit</u> <u>B-6</u> for map of Existing Transit Hubs & Transit-Supportive Areas, which is from the Transportation Mobility Map Series of the Comprehensive Plan).

This 1.48-acre property located on the south side of SW 11th Avenue (local street with sidewalks on both sides) and the west side of SW 11th Terrace (local street with sidewalk on one side) is accessible by transit, bicycle and walking from SW 13th ST/US 441 (four-lane arterial roadway with bicycle lanes and sidewalks on both sides) to the west.

Transit service along nearby SW 13th Street/US 441 property is provided 7 days per week by the following RTS Routes:

- Route 8 (Shands to North Walmart Super Center),
- Route 13 (Beaty Towers to Cottage Grove Apartments), and
- Route 16 (Beaty Towers to Sugar Hill).

Monday-Friday transit service (no weekend service) along SW 13th Street/US 441 is provided by RTS Route 17 (Beaty Towers to Rosa Parks RTS Downtown Station).

The City rescinded transportation concurrency with the adoption of its updated Comprehensive Plan. Therefore, development within TMPA Zone A is not required to meet level of service (LOS) requirements for concurrency, but is required to comply with the TMPA Zone A requirements of Policies 10.1.3 and 10.1.4 of the Transportation Mobility Element (see Exhibit A-1, Comprehensive Plan GOPs).

The proposed land use change from Single-Family (SF): up to 8 units per acre, to Urban Mixed-Use (UMU): up to 60 units per acre; and up to 20 additional units per acre by Special Use

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Permit, increases the allowable maximum density, allows for non-residential development, and increases the number of trips generated by future development.

Trip Generation

In The Nine Phase II – Rezoning – Justification Report (in Exhibit C-1 – Application) the applicant has estimated (Table 1 on next page of this staff report) the net (relative to the 5 single-family units possible with Single-Family land use for the 1.48-acre property) trip generation for hypothetical development scenarios consisting of 89 multi-family residential units (245 bedrooms based on 2.75 bedrooms per unit) without a non-residential component, and with a non-residential component of 5,000 square feet of specialty retail development. The net PM peak hour trips are estimated to be 98 for multi-family development alone, and 107 for multi-family and non-residential development combined. The respective, net AADT (Average Annual Daily Trips) are 811 and 985 trips. Planning and Public Works staff reviewed the potential net trip generation and found it to be acceptable (notwithstanding that the maximum number of units by right (60 units per acre * 1.48 units = 88.8) is 88 (rather than 89) and that the maximum number of units by right (2.75 bedrooms per unit for multi-family development, per Sec. 30-4.8 D.3. See Exhibit B-4 LDC Article IV, Sec. 4.8. Development Compatibility.)

Land Use ¹	TIN	AA	DT	A.M. Pe	ak Hour	P.M. Pe	ak Hour	
(ITE)	Units	Rate ² Trips		Rate	Trips	Rate	Trips	
Proposed								
Apartment (ITE 220)	245 ²	3.31	811	0.28	69	0.40	98	
Specialty Retail (ITE 826)	5,000 sq. ft.	44.32	222	6.84	34	2.71	14	
Existing								
Single-Family Detached Housing (ITE 210)	5	9.52	48	0.75 ³	4	1.00 ³	5	
Total Net Trips		-	985		99		107	

Table 1: Potential Net Trip Generation

1. Source: ITE Trip Generation Manual, 9th Edition

Note: Due to the LDC standards for multi-family development [staff edit 12/27/17] in the UF Context Area, a multiplier of 2.75 bedrooms per du was utilized to calculate trip generation estimates (LDC Sec. 30-4.8).

3. Note: Planning staff edits12/27/17: 0.75 and 1.00 are the respective peak hour rates for adjacent street traffic. Applicant used 0.77 and 1.02, but the peak hour trips are the same in this case.

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Trip Distribution

On page 9 of the Justification Report (in <u>Exhibit C-1</u> – Application Package), the applicant provided the following trip distribution information at the request of staff:

"As concluded in the traffic study conducted by a professional transportation engineer during Phase 1 (DB-16-146 SPL), a minimum of 80% of the total traffic generated from the project site will head west on SW 11th Avenue to US 441, while the remaining 20% will head east and disperse among various local roads."

Planning and Public Works staff reviewed this information and found it to be credible and acceptable.

Environmental Impacts and Constraints

In a November 14, 2017 e-mail, Andy Renshaw of the City of Gainesville Public Works Department, Floodplain Management Services stated that:

The property is entirely in FEMA Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA) zone A (Annual 1% Chance – 100 Year zone) per FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) dated June 16, 2006. However, in 2005 the City of Gainesville contracted for a new flood study for the Tumblin Creek Watershed. The completed analysis was sent to FEMA as part of the application to revise the flood map for Tumblin Creek, and is under FEMA Case # 06-04-BD54P. Using the data from the new study, the community determined a 100 year Base Flood Elevation (BFE) for the parcel is 86.09 feet NAVD of 1988. This new study effectively places the SFHA Zone A within the southern 90 feet of the parcel. The new study data is what would be used for any City of Gainesville permitting or regulatory action concerning flood zones.

Please see Exhibit B-6 – Map: FIRM (Flood Insurance Rate Map).

The City's Environmental Coordinator, Mark Brown, PWS, CPSS, provided a comprehensive memorandum dated October 31, 2017 (See <u>Exhibit B-7</u> - Memorandum from City's Environmental Coordinator). Key excerpts from Mr. Brown's memorandum follow:

The subject property has been reviewed for considerations relating to the presence of environmental resources regulated through the City's Land Development Code (LDC), Article VIII, *Division 3 - Natural and Archaeological Resources* and *Division 4 - Surface Waters and Wetlands*. Environmental evaluations have been conducted and reported by CHW and ERC. The subject property is dominated by a scattered canopy of oak species over maintained lawns associated with residential structures. There are no observed or documented environmental resources that require protection per LDC-Division 3 criteria.

In association with *Division 4* criteria, Tumblin Creek is located along the southern limits of Phase II. The existing channel of Tumblin Creek is the result of historic mechanical excavation predominantly within the historic creek channel. Site review confirmed the presence of a remnant small channel adjacent to the existing dredged creek channel.

Although this small channel represents a remnant of the historical creek and even though it hasn't functioned as a creek in decades, there are features and components of note along the limits of the existing and historic channels.

The design of the adjacent Phase I of The Nine required a minimum 35 ft. buffer from the top-bank associated with Tumblin Creek. In comparing creek-side conditions at the two phases, there is an increased risk of potential creek erosion at the Phase II subject site. As a result, it has been recommended to CHW and ERC that Phase II design plans incorporate a minimum 50 ft. buffer setback from the delineated jurisdictional limits of Tumblin Creek for proposed construction activities and/or any associated structures. By retaining this buffer distance, the referenced remnant creek channel and many of the larger canopied trees can be preserved that in turn will further protect wetland habitat and slope conditions associated with Tumblin Creek. Depending on other components of the proposed Phase II design, incorporating this recommended condition may adequately and appropriately address requirements associated with LDC-*Division 4* criteria.

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List of Appendices

Appendix A Comprehensive Plan GOPs (Goals, Objectives and Policies)

Exhibit A-1 Comprehensive Plan - Transportation Mobility Element GOPs

Appendix B Supplemental Documents

Exhibit B-1	Aerial Photograph
Exhibit B-2	Map: Existing Zoning
Exhibit B-3	LDC Article IV, Sections 30-4.11. – 30-4.13.
Exhibit B-4	LDC Article IV, Sec. 4.8. Development Compatibility
Exhibit B-5	Map: Existing Transit Hubs & Transit-Supportive Areas
<u>Exhibit B-6</u>	Map: FIRM (Flood Insurance Rate Map)
Exhibit B-7	Memorandum from City's Environmental Coordinator

Appendix C Application

Exhibit C-1 Application Package

Appendix A Comprehensive Plan GOPs

Exhibit A-1 Comprehensive Plan GOPs

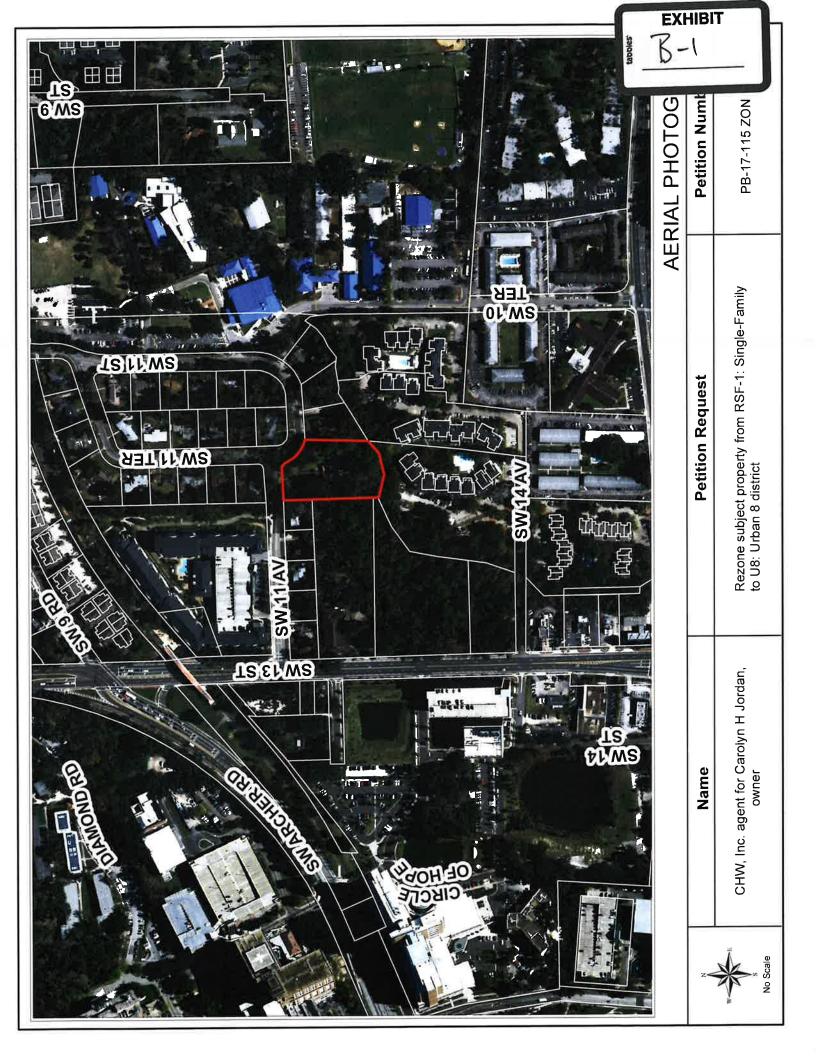
Transportation Mobility Element

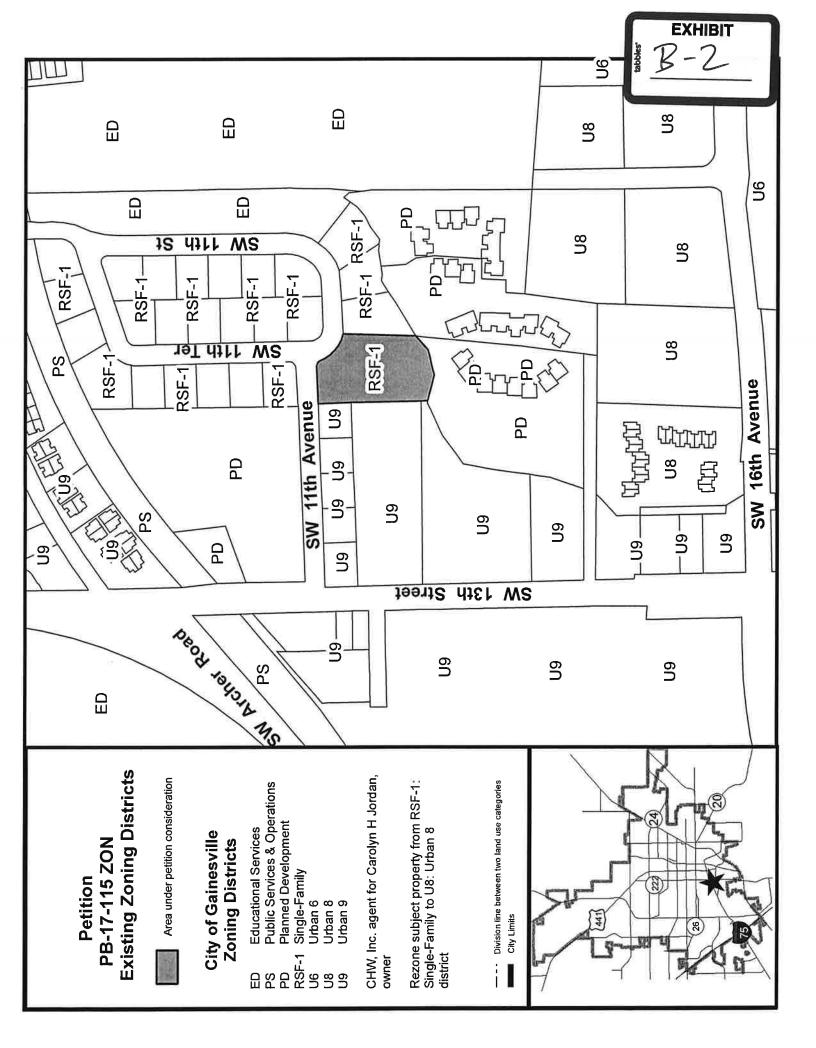
- **Policy 2.1.2** The City shall promote transportation choice, healthy residential and non-residential development, safety, and convenience.
- **Objective 7.1** Provide multi-modal opportunities and mixed-use development areas to reduce single-occupant automobile trips and reduce vehicle miles traveled.
- **Policy 10.1.2** All land uses and development located in the TMPA shall meet the TMPA policies specified in this Element.
- **Policy 10.1.3** Zone A shall promote redevelopment and infill in the eastern portion of the City and the area near the University of Florida. Except as shown in Policy 10.1.4 and Policy 10.1.14, funding for multi-modal transportation in Zone A shall be provided to the maximum extent feasible by the City, Community Redevelopment Agency, federal or state governments, and other outside sources such as grant funds.
- **Policy 10.1.4** For any development or redevelopment within Zone A, the developer shall provide the following transportation mobility requirements. The developer shall provide any transportation modifications that are site related and required for operational or safety reasons, such as, but not limited to, new turn lanes into the development, driveway modifications, or new traffic signals, and such operational and safety modifications shall be unrelated to the Transportation Mobility Program requirements.
 - a. Sidewalk connections from the development to existing and planned public sidewalk along the development frontage;
 - b. Cross-access connections/easements or joint driveways, where available and economically feasible;
 - c. Deeding of land or conveyance of required easements along the property frontage to the City, as needed, for the construction of public sidewalks, bus turn-out facilities, and/or transit shelters. Such deeding or conveyance of required easements, or a portion of same, shall not be required if it would render the property unusable for development. A Transit Facility License Agreement between the property owner and the City for the placement of a bus shelter and related facilities on private property may be used in lieu of deeding of land or conveyance of easements. The License Agreement term shall be for a minimum of 10 years;
 - d. Closure of existing excessive, duplicative, or unsafe curb cuts or narrowing of overly wide curb cuts at the development site, as defined in the Access Management portion of the Land Development Code; and

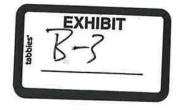
- e. Safe and convenient on-site pedestrian circulation, such as sidewalks and crosswalks connecting buildings and parking areas at the development site.
- Within the portion of the University of Florida (UF) Context Area that is **Policy 10.1.14** located inside city limits (as mapped in the Campus Master Plan), all new multi-family residential development shall fund the capital transit costs associated with transit service needs. Transit capital costs include transit vehicles, maintenance facilities, passenger facilities such as transit shelters, and technology equipment (such as GPS). Payments shall be based on a proportionate share contribution for any additional transit service enhancements needed to serve the proposed development and maintain existing service levels (frequencies) in the RTS a.m. and p.m. peak hours. The projected new trips shall be based on the expected mode split of all development trips that will use transit. If the development is within 1/4 mile of UF, there shall be a 25% reduction in the required payment in recognition of the pedestrian and bicycle trips that may occur. Any transit payments required under this policy shall not count towards meeting TMPA criteria in Zones B, C, D, or M.
- **Policy 10.1.20** The City may require special traffic studies within the TMPA, including, but not limited to, information about trip generation, trip distribution, trip credits, and/or signal warrants, to determine the need for transportation modifications for improved traffic operation and/or safety on impacted road segments.
- **Policy 10.2.5** In order to encourage the redevelopment of properties within the TMPA, reduce or prevent blight, and encourage development in close proximity to transit, the following redevelopment trip credits shall apply to projects that are located within ¹/₄ mile of the property lines of an existing transit hub or projects that are located in transit-supportive areas (as shown in the Existing Transit Hubs and Transit-Supportive Areas Map adopted in the Transportation Mobility Element) and are within ¹/₄ mile of an existing transit route. The City shall reduce by 25% the net, new average daily trip generation for any redevelopment project or any project that expands or converts a building to a new use. The City shall reduce by 40% the net, new average daily trip generation for any mixed-use project that includes both a residential and non-residential component where residential dwelling units equal at least 10% of the floor area of commercial/office uses.
- **Objective 10.3** The City's Land Development Code shall provide standards for all new developments and redevelopment within the TMPA. Within the transect zoning district areas, the Land Development code shall regulate urban form to ensure a compact, pedestrian-friendly environment that supports multi-modal opportunities.

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Appendix B Supplemental Documents







1 DIVISION 2. TRANSECTS

2 Section 30-4.11. Generally.

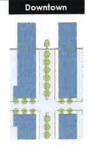
A. Intent. The intent of this division is to establish development standards that will encourage a more
 efficient and sustainable urban form by allowing a range of housing, employment, shopping and
 recreation choices and opportunities in a compact, pedestrian-friendly environment.

B. Transects. A transect is a geographical cross-section of a region that reveals a sequence of 6 environments that ranges from rural to urban. Using the transect to regulate development ensures 7 that a community offers a full diversity of development types, and that each has appropriate 8 characteristics for its location. There are typically six transects organizing the components of place-9 making: Natural Zone, Rural Zone, Urban Neighborhood Zone, General Urban Zone, Urban Center 10 Zone, and Urban Core. This code assigns transects that are tailored to the unique character of the 11 City of Gainesville. The allowable uses, dimensional standards, and development requirements for 12 these zones are described within this division. 13

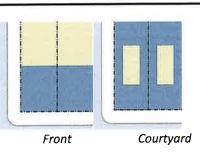
	ZONE DESCRIPTION	INTENDED SITE	LAYOUT
Urban Zone 1	Urban Zone 1 Consists of predominantly low to medium density residential areas, adjacent to higher intensity zones where neighborhood services and mixed use are permitted.	Edge	Buildings typically occupy the center of the lot with setbacks on all sides. The front yard is intended to be visually continuous with the yards of adjacent buildings.
Urban Zones 2-5	Urban Zones 2 - 5 Consists of a wide range of residential building types. Higher number zones provide for the integration of offices and neighborhood services within an increasingly urban fabric. Setbacks and landscaping are variable. Streets with curbs and sidewalks define medium-sized blocks.	Side Front	Buildings typically occupy one side of the lot leaving a setback to the other side to allow for access or privacy. In many instances, the building occupies the entire lot frontage. A shallow frontage setback defines a more urban condition.
Urban Zones 6-9	Urban Zones 6 - 9 Consists of higher density mixed use buildings that accommodate retail, offices, and apartments. It has a tight network of streets, with wide sidewalks, steady street tree planting and buildings set close to the sidewalks.	Front Courtyard	The building typically occupies the full frontage, leaving the rear of the lot as the sole yard. The continuous facade steadily defines the public street. In its residential form, this type is the attached dwelling. The rear yard can accommodate substantial parking.

Composite Exhibit A Article IV Page **14** of **82**

Downtown



Consists of the highest density and height development, with the greatest variety of uses, and civic buildings of regional importance. Streets have steady street tree planting and buildings are set close to wide sidewalks.



The building occupies the boundaries of its lot while internally defining one or more private patios. This is the most urban of types, as it is able to shield the private realm from all sides while strongly defining the public street.

1

- 2 C. Streets. Within the transects, new developments shall connect to the existing street network.
- 3 Where the existing street network is deficient with respect to gridded connectivity, the
- 4 development shall provide new street connections to meet the block perimeter requirements.

5 The zoning map identifies a hierarchy of street types that determine the relationship of buildings to the street and the standards for the design of street landscaping and sidewalks. Street types 6 include: Storefront, Principal, Thoroughfare, and Local Streets. All undesignated existing streets are 7 assumed to be Local Streets. Below is a detailed description of the general function, character, and 8 elements of each street type. Final street design for new development shall be in accordance with 9 this article and the Design Manual, subject to review and approval by the City Manager or designee 10 in the development review process. In the event of a conflict between the standards in this article 11 and the Design Manual, the Design Manual shall govern. 12

a. Storefront. Storefront streets are designed to encourage a high level of pedestrian activity.
 Higher intensity and density uses front this street type. Due to the level of pedestrian activity
 on this street type, first floor residential development requires a 1.5 foot elevation above grade
 (3 feet recommended) for the privacy and comfort of residents. Building front entrances shall
 be oriented to this street type when there are multiple street frontages for the property.



18 19

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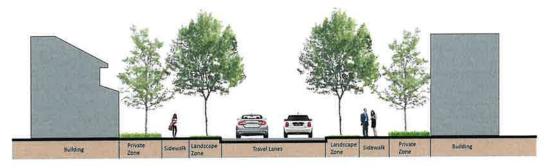
21 22 b. Principal. Principal streets include lower levels of pedestrian activity compared to storefront streets. This street type is located in mixed-use areas where the traffic volume is anticipated to be higher than on local streets. This street type allows for some auto-oriented uses with a special use permit.



c. *Thoroughfares.* Thoroughfares are streets that carry high volumes of through traffic at higher speeds with less pedestrian activity and higher vehicular speeds than other street types. These streets are often fronted by larger scale commercial development and are usually 4-lane or 6-lane streets.

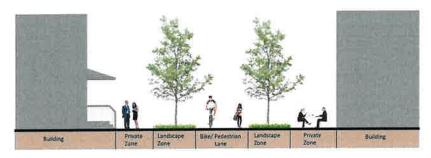


d. *Local*. Local Streets are intended to have slow speeds and provide for connections within neighborhoods and between residential areas and commercial areas. Local Streets are not identified on the zoning map, but make up the vast majority of the street types within the transects. Any street that is not identified as a Storefront, Principal, or Thoroughfare street should be assumed to be a Local Street.



- e. Urban Walkways. Urban Walkways are pedestrian/bicycle pathways that serve to improve
- pedestrian/bicycle connectivity, delineate blocks and provide for expanded pedestrian space.
 These may be established as alternatives to new streets in some locations.

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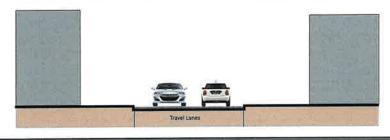


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f. Alleys. Alleys are narrower streets that are primarily used for service access to developments, or vehicular access to rear parking areas. Alleys are encouraged to be preserved, improved, or established in conjunction with development.



5

6 Section 30-4.12. Permitted Uses.

7 The following table contains the list of uses allowed, and specifies whether the uses are allowed by right

- 8 (P), accessory to a principal use (A), or by special use permit approval (S). Blank cells indicate that the
- 9 use is not allowed. No variances from the requirements of this section shall be allowed.

10 Table V - 1: Permitted Uses within Transects.

	Use Standards	U1	U2	U3	U4	U5	U6	U7	U8	U9	DT
RESIDENTIAL											
Single-family house		Ρ	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Attached dwellings (up to 6 attached units)		-	Р	Ρ	Ρ	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Multi-family, small-scale (2-4 units per building)		1 20	Р	Р	Ρ	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Multi-family dwelling		: 1 3		Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Accessory dwelling unit	30-5.33		Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	P	Р	4	848
Adult day care home	30-5.2	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Community residential homes (up to 6 residents)	30-5.6	Ρ	Р	Ρ	Ρ	Ρ	Р	Ρ	Р	94	-
Community residential homes (more than 6 residents)	30-5.6	1	-	Р	Ρ	Р	Р	Р	Р	Ρ	:+:
Dormitory (small)	30-5.8		Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р

	Use Standards	U1	U2	U 3	U4	U5	U6	U7	U8	U9	DT
Dormitory (large)	30-5.8	2	<u>د</u>	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Family child care home	30-5.10	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	; * :
NONRESIDENTIAL	_			**							
Alcoholic beverage establishment	30-5.3	-		£	12	2	1	Р	Р	Р	Р
Assisted living facility		-	×		Р		Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Bed & Breakfast establishments	30-5.4		S	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Ρ	Р
Business services		-	-	-	Р	5 5	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Car wash facilities	30-5.5			-				Р	Р	-	
Civic, social & fraternal organizations		S	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Day care center	30-5.7		S	S	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Drive-through facility	30-5.9	-				-	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Emergency shelter		-	-		Ξ.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Equipment rental and leasing, light		-	-		-	-	9 - 6	Р	Р	Р	Р
Exercise studios		-	÷.	- E	Р	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Farmers market	30-5.11	ш÷	-	- 27	2	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Food distribution for the needy	30-5.12		-	- 20	=		۲	0.7	S	S	s
Food truck	30-5.35	<u>2</u> 0	-	<u>a</u> n	A	:#:	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Funeral homes and crematories		-	-	-			Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Gasoline/alternative fuel station	30-5.13	-	-	-	Ħ:		S1	Р	Р	5	æ
Hotel		B	÷.	- 12 N	2		-	Р	Р	P	Р
Laboratory, medical & dental			-	-	Р	3 9 2	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Library			2	5 2 0	2	S	Р	Р	Р	Ρ	Р
Light assembly, fabrication and processing	30-5.16		-	*	π	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Medical marijuana dispensaries		-		-	÷	-	-	~	Р	Р	Р
Microbrewery Microwinery Microdistillery ²	30-5.17	380		:=7	=	-	S	Р	Р	Ρ	Р
Mini-warehouse/self- storage	30-5.18	:=>;		-	5		. 	đ	Р	Р	
Museums and art galleries		120		343	Р	S	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Office			.		Р	P ³ / S ⁴	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Office- medical, dental, & other health related services				4	Р	۲	Р	Р	Р	Ρ	Р

Ω.

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	Use Standards	U1	U2	U3	U4	U5	U6	U7	U8	U9	DT
Parking, surface (principal use)	30-5.20	-	-	-	0. e :		~		π	S	s
Parking, structured (principal use)		-	-	-		-	-	Р	Р	Ρ	Р
Passenger transit station		-	7						Р	Р	P
Personal services		2	-		S	2	Р	Р	Р	Р	P
Places of religious assembly	30-5.21	S	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Ρ	Р
Professional school		=	-	1	Ρ	Р	P	Р	Р	Р	P
Public administration buildings		-	-	-	S	S	S	Р	Р	Р	P
Public parks		Р	P	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Recreation, indoor ²		8	÷	-	8192	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Recreation, outdoor		2	-		2 4	-	-	Р	Р	Р	
Research development & testing facilities		-	-	-	7. 7 9	æ	1	Р	Р	Р	Р
Residences for destitute people	30-5.22	÷	-	-	-				S	S	s
Restaurant		÷		<u>са</u> .	S		Р	Р	Р	Р	P
Retail sales		2	-	94) 1940	14) 1 6	Р	Р	Р	Р	P
School, elementary, middle & high (public & private)		S	S	S	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Ρ	Р
Scooter and electric golf cart sales		-	-	a 8	-	-	1 2 1	Р	Р	Р	-
Simulated gambling establishments		(-)	-	. =c	5	æ	*	-	a)		
Social service facilities	30-5.25	R	-	2	÷	~	*	24	P	Р	P
Skilled nursing facility		20		-	Р	2=1	Р	Р	P	Р	P
Vehicle sales and rental (no outdoor display)		 >		-	5	-	-	Р	Р	Ρ	Р
Vehicle services	30-5.28	1	-	- 20	4		38 0	Р	Р	-	
Vehicle repair	30-5.28	39 3	-	-	-		:=:	Р		-	
Veterinary services	30-5.29	34 00		-	Р	-	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Vocational/Trade school		.	-		₩.		S	Р	Р	Р	P
Wireless communication services					See	30-5.30					

1 LEGEND:

2 P = Permitted by right; S = Special Use Permit; A = Accessory; Blank = Use not allowed.

- 3 1 = When located along a Principal Street.
- 4 2 = Prohibited where adjacent to single-family zoned property.
- 5 3 = Office uses as a home occupation.
- 6 4 = Office uses up to 20% of the building square footage and shall be secondary to a principal residential
- 7 use. No outdoor storage allowed.

1

2 Section 30-4.13. Building Form Standards.

3 This section contains the building form standards that determine the location, scale and massing of all

4 buildings within the transects.

5 6

Table V - 2: Building Form Standards within Transects.

TRANSECT	U1	U2	U3	U4	U5	U6	U7	U8	U9	DT
A. BLOCK STANDARD	DS .									
Block perimeter (max feet)				2,	600'				2,000'	1,600'
B. LOT CONFIGURAT	ION									
Lot width (min feet)	34'				18	8'			18'	18′
C. DEVELOPMENT IN	TENSITY									
Nonresidential building coverage (max)	60%		80%							100%
Residential density by right/with SUP ¹ (max units per acre)	8	15	20	20	75	50/60	50/60	60/80	100/125	150/175
D. BUILDING FRONT	AGE			······						
Primary frontage (min)	50%				60	1%			70%	80%
Secondary frontage (min)	30%				40)%			50%	60%
E. BUILDING PLACEN	/IENT									_
min-max from curb min landscape/min sidewalk/min building frontage										
Storefront Street	15'-20' 5'/5'/5'				15' 5'/5				16'-21' 5'/6'/5'	15'-20' 4'/6'/5'
Principal Street	17'-37' 6'/6'/5'				17′ 6′/6				17'-27' 6'/6'/5'	17'-27' 6'/6'/5'
Thoroughfare Street	19'-100' 6'/6'/5'					100' 6'/5'			19'-100' 8'/6'/5'	19'-100' 8'/6'/5'
Local Street	15'-35' 5'/5'/5'					-20' i'/5'			16'-21' 5'/6'/5'	15'-20' 4'/6'/5'
F. BUILDING SETBAC	CKS			_						
Side interior setback (min)	5'	5′	5′	5′	5′	5′	5′	0′	0'	0'

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Rear setback (min)	15'	3' (alley) 10' (no alley)	3' (alley) 5' (no alley)	3' (alley) 0' (no alley)	
--------------------	-----	------------------------------	--------------------------------	-----------------------------------	--

LEGEND: 1

1 = See Section 30-4.8 for development compatibility standards. 2

3

TRANSECT	U1	U2	U3	U4	Ų5	U6	U7	U8	U9	DT
								-		
G. BUILDING	HEIGHT				1					-
Min feet	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	18	18	18	18
Max stories (by right ¹ /with bonus ²)	3	3	3	3	4	4/5	4/6	5/6	6/8	12/14
Max feet (by right/with bonus ²)	36	36	36	42	60	60/74	60/88	74/88	88/116	172/200
H. FLOOR HE	IGHT	10								
Min first floor height (residential / nonresiden tial)	NA/10′	NA/12′	NA/12'	NA/12'	NA/12'	NA/12'	12'/12'	12'/15'	12'/15'	12'/15'
Min first floor elevation (residential only)	-	-		-	1.5 ft.					
I. GLAZING										
Min first floor - nonresiden	121		30%			50)%		6	5%

tial		
Min first floor - multi- family	-	30%
Min upper floors - nonresiden tial and multi- family	-	15%

1 LEGEND:

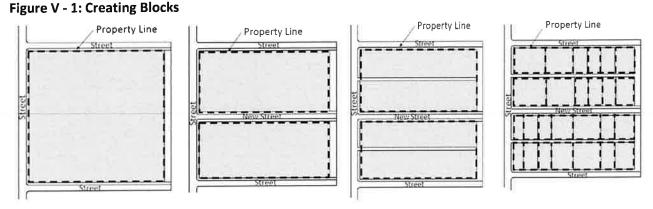
2 1 = See development compatibility standards in Section 30-4.8.

3 2 = See bonus system requirements in Section 30-4.9.

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1 A. Block standards.

- 2 1. Maximum block perimeter. Maximum block perimeters are defined Table V-2 for each transect.
- 3 When development cumulatively includes 50% or more of the total project area, it shall be
- 4 required to include new local streets or urban walkways and the resulting block(s) shall not
- exceed the prescribed maximum block perimeter. Figure V-1 below depicts a recommended
 approach to breaking down large blocks to provide a new street grid on a large site.
- 7 Figure V 1: Creating Blocks



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Step 1-original site; Step 2-introduce streets; Step 3-introduce alleys; Step 4-introduce lots.

2. Construction of new streets.

- 12a.The required local streets or urban walkways shall be constructed at the expense of the13owner/developer as part of the development review process and shall be constructed14according to the appropriate city standards, but may be sited and configured in a manner so15that they provide the most appropriate access to the development. Where a street is16planned to continue beyond the extent of a development, the development shall provide for17the continuation of the street by stubbing out the improvements as close as is practicable to18edge of the property boundary.
 - b. The required local streets, multi-use paths or urban walkways shall provide for public access and may be dedicated for public right-of-way after construction, if the city desires to accept same for maintenance.
- c. Notwithstanding any other provision in this chapter, a development may receive final
 approval prior to construction of the required local streets or urban walkways if the city,
 upon approval of the City Commission, has executed a binding agreement with the
 owner/developer that:
- i. Requires the city and/or the Community Redevelopment Agency to construct the
 required local streets as public streets within two years of final approval; and
- 28 ii. Provides for the conveyance or dedication of the associated right-of-way from the
 29 property owner to the city, at no cost to the city.
- 30The city may enter into such an agreement only when the city determines that doing so31would be in the public interest and when the city and/or the Community Redevelopment32Agency has budgeted legally available funds for the construction of the required local

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1 2			streets. The form and content of the agreement shall be provided by and acceptable to the city in its sole discretion.
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11		d.	Board modifications from the requirement to construct new streets may be granted in accordance with the procedures and criteria for a variance, with specific consideration given to situations where the construction of a street is limited by: access management standards, regulated environmental features, regulated natural or archeological resources, public stormwater facilities, existing utility facilities, contamination sites, inconsistencies with plans for a future city street network, parks, or schools. Where a variance from these requirements is approved, the block perimeter shall be completed with the provision of sidewalk and bicycle connections, and multi-use paths or urban walkways, subject to approval by the city.
12 13		su	<i>ban walkways.</i> When required new streets or urban walkways are constructed as part of a bdivision or development, their design and construction shall conform to the following andards and applicable design manual standards:
14 15 16		a.	and the second
17 18		b.	Where a portion of a new street or urban walkway is newly constructed, it shall be designed to be extended to abutting property. Stub-outs shall extend to the property line.
19 20 21 22 23 24 25		c.	Urban walkways shall be a minimum of 26 feet wide and may be designed with a single or divided paved pathway. The pathway(s) shall be at least 10 feet wide in total width and shall provide for both bicycles and pedestrians. An urban walkway shall be landscaped with shade trees on minimum 50-foot centers on both sides of the paved path. Unpaved areas may also contain stormwater facilities. Urban walkways may contain benches, fountains, outdoor cafes or other outdoor uses as long as a minimum sidewalk width as specified above is maintained.
26 27	В.	<i>Buildir</i> street	ng frontage. Building frontage requirements shall create a continuous building presence along s.
28 29 30 31		of th	The building frontage standards are a proportion the building length relative to the width of e development site measured at the site pontage line, (see Figure V - 3).
32		2. Fr	ontage hierarchy.
33 34 35 36 37 38	,	а.	Where a development has frontage along multiple street types that do not include a thoroughfare, the urban street (Storefront or Principal, in that order of hierarchy) shall be considered the primary street for the front face of the building.
39 40 41		b.	Where a development has frontage on a thoroughfare shall be considered the primary thoroughfare and any other street type, the thoroughfare shall be considered the primary street.

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- c. Where a development has frontage on two streets of equal type, then the City Manager or designee shall make a determination as to which street frontage shall be considered primary.
- 3. In the case where the required building frontage cannot be met due to the need to provide vehicular access from the primary frontage, a gateway, arch or similar feature may be provided to preserve the block continuity and may be counted toward meeting the building frontage requirement, (see Figure V - 4).

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4. The ground floor along the street frontages shall contain active
uses oriented to the street. Active uses may include, but are not
limited to, display or floor areas for retail uses, waiting and
seating areas for restaurants, atriums or lobbies for offices,
lobbies or dining areas for hotels or multi-family residential
buildings, and hotel rooms or multi-family residential units with
street facing entrances.

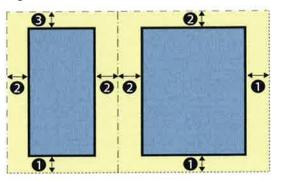
Figure V - 4: Example of Gateway



Floor above gateway not required

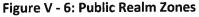
- C. Building placement and setbacks. The placement of a building on a site is critical to creating a vital
 and coherent public realm. The building placement and setback standards shall shape the public
 realm and strengthen the physical and functional character of the area. Figure V-5 depicts the types
 of setbacks.
- Building placement requirements shall be
 measured from the back of curb instead of the
 front property line, with the following
 exceptions:
- a. In the absence of curbs, shall be measuredfrom the edge of pavement.
- b. Where the required building placement falls
 within a public right-of-way, it shall be
 shifted to the property line instead.
- Building placement requirements shall be
 comprised of a landscape zone, a public
 sidewalk zone and a building frontage zone.
- Figure V-6 depicts the required configuration of these zones in relation
 to the street curb and building. The required minimum widths for the
- 34landscape and sidewalks zones are listed within Table V 2. The35building frontage zone shall be a minimum of 5Figure V 6: P
- 36 feet in all locations. Section 30-4.13 D contains37 additional standards for the design of the
- 38 building frontage zone.
- 39 3. Side and rear setbacks are minimums and shall40 be measured from shared property lines.

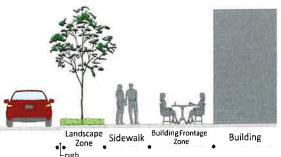
Figure V - 5: Building Setbacks



Street Setback
Side Setback

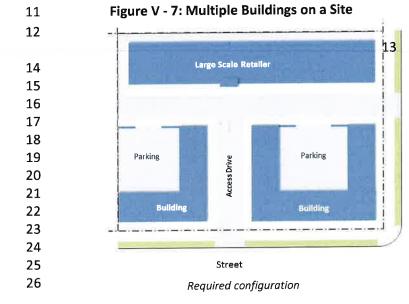
Rear Setback





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- Street furniture such as benches, trash receptacles and bicycle racks shall not be located within the public sidewalk zone.
- 5. Where multiple buildings are proposed within a development, the placement of buildings at the rear of a site is allowed as long as one or more buildings are placed along the front of the site meeting the building placement and setback and building frontage requirements of this division. Figure V-7 depicts the required configuration of multiple buildings on a site, such as within a shopping center. Streets or access drives shall be incorporated into the site to break it down into smaller lots/blocks (platting will not be required). The primary access drive shall be centered on the anchor building and shall be lined with buildings, which shall meet the required frontage standards along the street and access drive.



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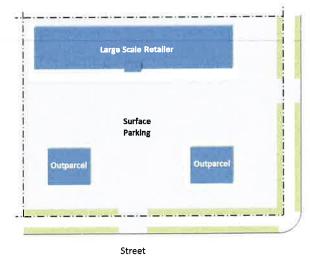
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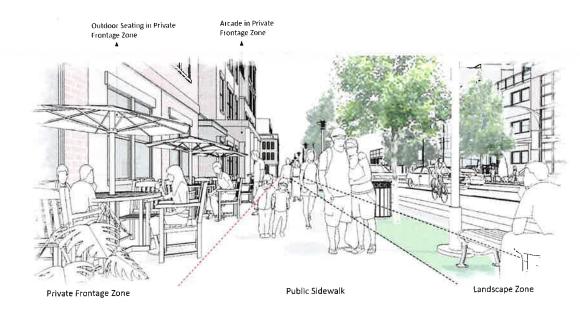


Prohibited

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- D. Building frontage zone requirements. All development shall provide a minimum 5-foot wide building
 frontage zone behind the public sidewalk, and buildings shall have at least one type of building
 frontage incorporated into its design. Table V-3 contains the dimensional requirements for the
 various types of building frontages allowed. The intent of the building frontage zone is to provide a
 transition between the public street/sidewalk and the building. The type of activity conducted in the
 private frontage zone depends on the nature of the proposed use (Figure V-8). For a commercial
 building, the intent of the private frontage zone is to attract customers into the business. For a
- 8 residential site, the intent of the private frontage zone is to provide for a private outdoor space and
- 9 establish a separation from the public sidewalk for the ground floor rooms.

10 Figure V - 8: Examples of Building Frontage Zone Activity 11



Building Frontage Zone used for outdoor seating



Private frontage zone with landscaping to buffer residential uses

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1 Table V - 3: Building Frontage Dimensional Standards



2 Note: See Article II for definitions of frontages.

1		1	Building frontage standards, general.		
		т.			
2 3			 In addition to the encroachments shown in Table V-3, cantilevered balconies, bay windows and roof overhangs are allowed to encroach into the building frontage zone. 		
4 5			 Street furniture such as benches, trash receptacles, or bicycle racks may be installed within the building frontage zone. 		
6		2.	Standards for storefronts, awnings and canopies.		
7 8			a. Storefront doors shall not be recessed more than 5 feet from the front façade. Recessed doors shall have angled walls leading to the door to promote the visibility of the entrance.		
9 10			 Awnings and canopies shall not cover building architectural elements including but not limited to cornices or ornamental features. 		
11			c. High gloss or plasticized fabrics and aluminum are not allowed for awnings.		
12			d. Backlit awnings are not permitted.		
13 14			 Awning shall match the width of the window or door opening and shall enhance the architectural features of the building. 		
15		3.	Standards for galleries and arcades.		
16 17			 Along urban Storefront streets, gallery/arcade openings shall align with storefront entrances. 		
18			b. Galleries may be one or two stories.		
19			c. Arcades and galleries shall have consistent depth along a frontage.		
20		4.	Standards for courtyards.		
21 22			 Courtyards shall be paved and a minimum of 20% of the total courtyard area shall be enhanced with either above-ground or in-ground landscaping. 		
23		5.	Standards for stoops and porches.		
24			a. Stoops shall align directly with the building entry.		
25			b. Porches may be one or two stories.		
26			c. Porches may encroach into the building frontage zone.		
27	Ε.	Bu	uilding height.		
28 29 30		1.	The heights of parking structures shall be limited in accordance with the maximum feet within each district, but shall not be limited to the maximum number of stories.		
31 32 33		2.	Florida Building Code shall not be counted as an additional story.		
34 35		3.	The building height limitations contained in Table V - 2 do not apply to spires, belfries, cupolas, antennas, water tanks,		

Composite Exhibit A Article IV Page **29** of **82** Building height
 Floor height (ground floor)
 Floor height (upper floors)
 Exceptions to maximum height

- ventilators, chimneys or other appurtenances required to be placed on the roof and not 1 intended for human occupancy. Other exceptions include: 2
- Roof structures above eave line can vary in height up to a maximum of 15 feet above eave 3 a. 4 line.
 - b. Trellises may extend above the maximum height up to 8 feet.
- 6 F. Floor height.

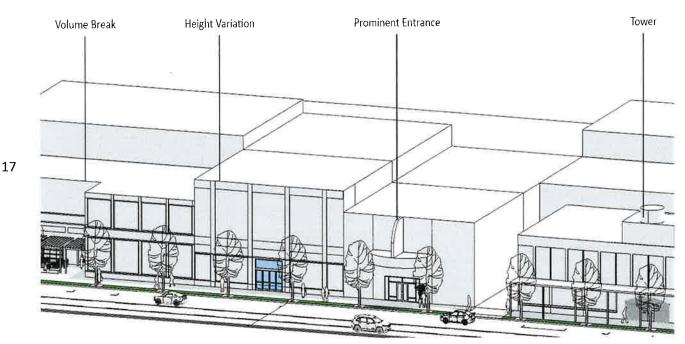
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- 1. Floor height shall be measured as provided in the Florida Building Code. 7
- Parking garages are exempt from the minimum floor height requirements. 8 2.

Section 30-4.14. Building Design Standards. 9

- A. Building massing. Large building volumes shall be divided to appear as smaller volumes grouped 10
- together. Volume breaks may be achieved by volume projections and recesses, and varying heights 11
- and roof lines. Therefore, building facades shall not exceed 60 feet along a street frontage without 12
- providing a substantial volume break such as a volume projection or recess, a tower or bay, or an 13
- architecturally prominent public entrance. The recesses and projections shall have a minimum 14
- 15 depth and width of 10 feet.

Figure V - 16: Building Massing 16

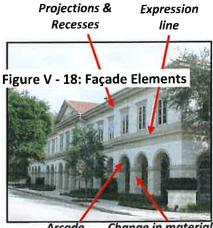


B. Facade articulation. The standards contained in this section apply 18

- to multi-family, nonresidential and mixed-use buildings. Building 19
- facades along streets shall maintain a pedestrian scale by 20
- integrating the following architectural elements: 21
- 1. Façades shall not exceed 20 horizontal feet without including 22 at least one of the following elements: 23
 - A window or door. a.

24

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Chanae in material Arcade

- 1 2. Chiller plants consistent with the screening and design requirements of Article VI.
- F. Utility uses exceeding the above requirements shall require PS zoning and special use permit
 approval.

4 Section 30-4.7. Phasing.

Development phases shall be required to meet code independently from other phases. No phase shall
be dependent on the completion of subsequent phases to be consistent with any required approvals
and/or conditions, including but not limited to setbacks, building frontage, and building placement,
configuration, function and design. The required landscaping and parking improvements shall be
provided within each phase.

- 11 A. Setbacks.
- 12 1. Whenever a zero foot setback is allowed in a zoning district, it may only be used if the abutting 13 property is within a district that allows the same setback.
- The minimum required side and rear setback for nonresidential and multi-family buildings
 located on property abutting a single-family zoning district or the U1 district shall be the same as
 the setback required on the adjacent residential lot or as determined by the required buffer,
 whichever is greater.
- B. Limitations on uses. All industrial or commercial activity and uses, except storage of equipment and
 parking, shall be conducted within completely enclosed buildings when located within 300 feet of
 any property that is in a single-family zoning district or the U1 district.
 - Within 100' of the **Max Building Height Following Districts:** Building facades shall not 3 stories and 36' Single-Family Zoning exceed 60' unless a Measured to the roof peak with a U1 substantial volume break is hip, gable, mansard or similar roof Historic District (except where the 3rd floor is above the roof provided, such as a volume University Heights-South) recess with a minimum 10' line, or Measured to the top plate of the 3rd depth. floor with a flat or similar roof. 4 stories and 60' University Heights-South Measured to the top plate of the 4th floor. **Historic District** Within the Following Max Building Height **Districts: Pleasant Street Historic** 3 stories and 36' District **Power District** 6 stories, but 3 stories when adjacent to residential zoning, with a step-back of 15' per additional building story up to max permitted.
- 21 C. Building height and massing.

1 Figure 1: Height Compatibility Pitched Roof Example

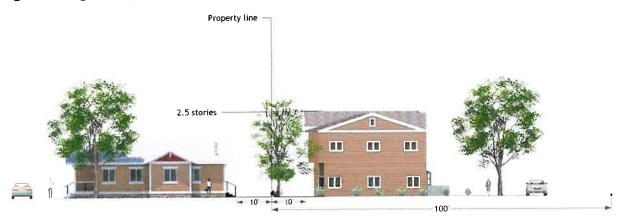


Figure 2: Height Compatibility Flat Roof Example



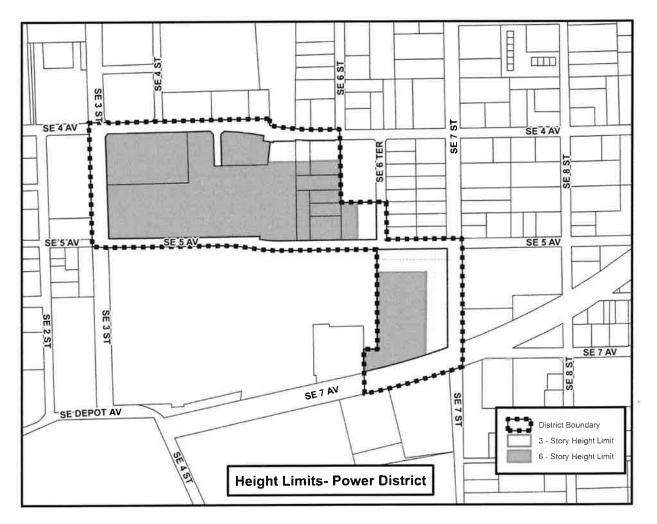
4 5

1 Figure 2: Height Compatibility University Heights

2



Composite Exhibit A Article IV Page **7** of **82**



1 2

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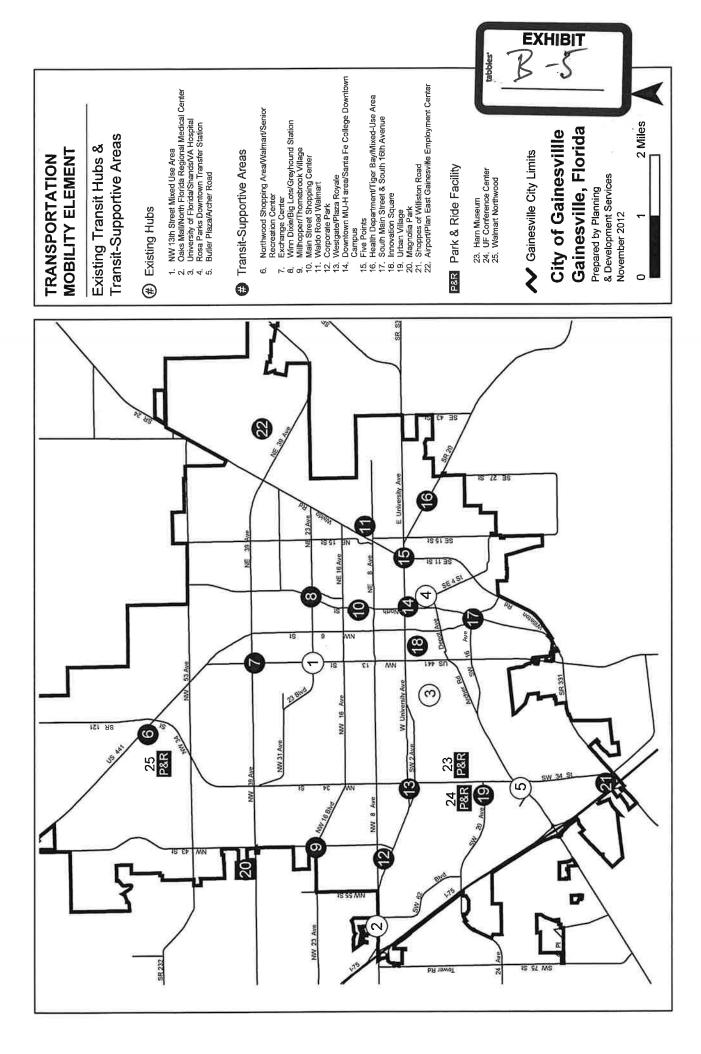
D. Multi-family developments.

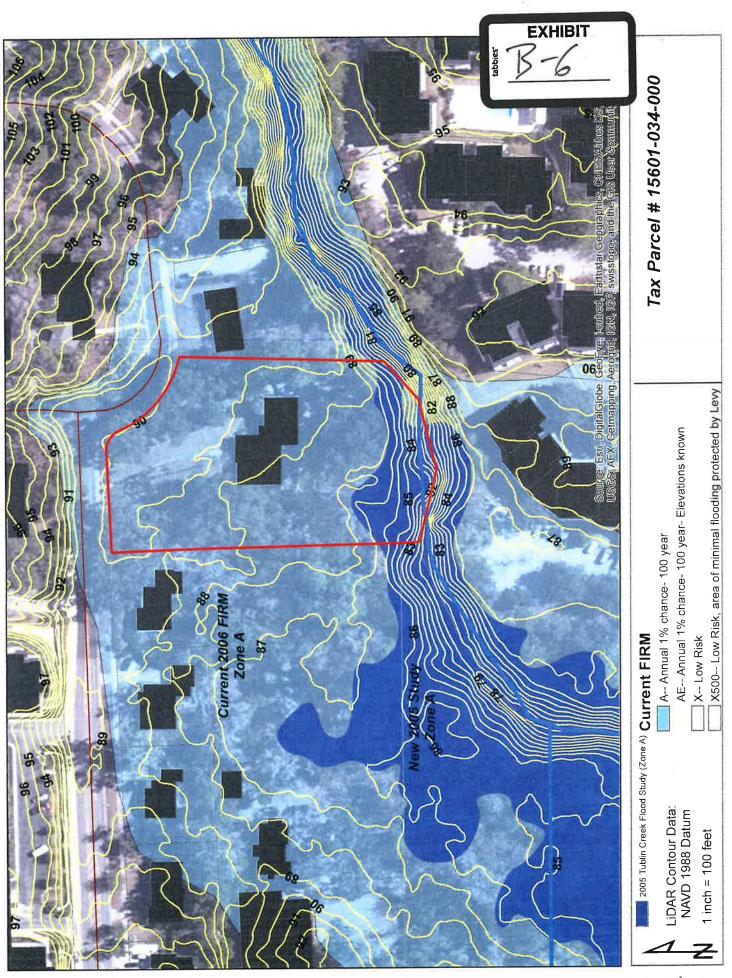
- Generally. Multi-family development shall contain no more than six dwelling units per building and shall be in the form of single-family dwellings, attached dwellings, or small-scale multifamily when located within 100 feet of any property that is in a single-family zoning district, the U1 district, or a designated historic district.
- Abutting single-family property. All new multi-family projects, whether stand alone or part of a mixed-use project, abutting property in a residential district or a planned development district with predominantly residential uses shall comply with the following regulations:
- There shall be no outdoor recreation areas or uses allowed within any required building setback area or landscape buffer between abutting multi-family development and singlefamily designated properties.
- b. Active recreation areas (including swimming pools, tennis courts, basketball, and volleyball
 courts) shall be located away from abutting single-family designated properties and shall be
 oriented in the development to minimize noise impacts on single-family designated
 properties.

Composite Exhibit A Article IV Page **8** of **82**

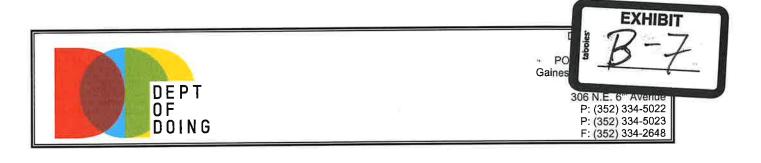
1 2 3			C.	There shall be no car washing areas, dumpsters, recycling bins, or other trash/waste disposal facilities placed in the required setback area between multi-family development and properties zoned for single-family use.		
4 5 6			d.	Parking lots and driveways located in the area between multi-family and abutting single- family designated properties shall be limited to a single-loaded row of parking and a two- way driveway.		
7 8 9 10 11 12 13			e.	A decorative masonry wall (or equivalent material in noise attenuation and visual screening) with a minimum height of six feet and a maximum height of eight feet plus a Type B landscape buffer shall separate multi-family residential development from properties designated single-family residential. However, driveways, emergency vehicle access, or pedestrian/bicycle access may interrupt a continuous wall. If, in the professional judgment of city staff or other professional experts, masonry wall construction would damage or endanger significant trees or other natural features, the appropriate reviewing authority		
14 15 16 17 18				may authorize the use of a fence and/or additional landscape buffer area to substitute for the required masonry wall. There shall be no requirement for a masonry wall or equivalent if buildings are 200 or more feet from abutting single-family properties. In addition, the appropriate reviewing authority may allow an increased vegetative buffer and tree requirement to substitute for the required masonry wall.		
19 20			f.	The primary driveway access shall be on a collector or arterial street, if available. Secondary ingress/egress and emergency access may be on or from local streets.		
21 22		3.		droom limit. Maximum number of bedrooms in multi-family developments located within the iversity of Florida Context Area.		
23 24 25			a.	Multi-family developments shall be limited to a maximum number of bedrooms based on the development's maximum residential density allowed by the zoning district multiplied by a 2.75 multiplier.		
26 27 28			b.	If additional density is approved through a Special Use Permit, then the multiplier is applied to the total approved density inclusive of any additional units approved by Special Use Permit.		
29 30			c.	In the case of decimal places, the maximum bedrooms shall be rounded down to the next whole number.		
31 32			d.	The bedroom mix in the development (i.e., the number of units with a specific number of bedrooms) is not regulated by these provisions.		
33 34			e.	Developments with Planned Development (PD) zoning are not subject to the bedroom multiplier.		
35	Sec	tion	30-	4.9. Building Height Bonus System.		
36 37 38 39 40	 A. Eligible improvements. Development projects may be eligible to construct additional building stories and allow for the corresponding increase in overall building height up to the limit allowed with bonuses as specified for the applicable zoning district. The bonus may be approved based on the provision of certain development improvements that exceed the minimum standards of this article, as follows: 					
41 42		1.		able Open Space. If a development provides onsite usable open space that is accessible to the olic (minimum size of 20'x 20'), additional building square footage above the number of		

Composite Exhibit A Article IV Page **9** of **82**





This map is for informational purposes only. Do not rely on this map for accuracy of dimensions, size, or location. The City of Gainesville does not assume responsibility to update this information or for any error or omission on this map.



то:	Dean Mimms, AICP, Planner 3						
FROM:	Mark Brown, PWS, CPSS, Environmental Coordinator	DATE: October 31, 2017					
SUBJECT:	Environmental Memorandum						
	Petition – The Nine Phase 2 –						
	Small-scale Comprehensive Plan Amendment (Ss-CPA) and	d Rezoning Applications					
	1135 SW 11 th Avenue, (PB-17-114 LUC, PB-17-115 ZON)						

The subject CPA application requests to change the Single Family (SF) Future Land Use (FLU) designation to Urban Mixed-Use High Intensity (UMUH). The rezoning application requests changing the zoning designation from Single-Family Residential (RSF-1) to Urban 9 (U9). The project site (Alachua County Tax Parcel 15601-034-000) is 1.4 acres and located adjacent to the eastern boundary of The Nine – Phase I (aerial figure below, red line).

The subject property has been reviewed for considerations relating to the presence of environmental resources regulated through the City's Land Development Code (LDC), Article VIII, *Division 3 - Natural and Archaeological Resources* and *Division 4 - Surface Waters and Wetlands*. Environmental evaluations have been conducted and reported by CHW and ERC. The subject property is dominated by a scattered canopy of oak species over maintained lawns associated with residential structures. There are no observed or documented environmental resources that require protection per LDC-Division 3 criteria.

In association with Division 4 criteria, Tumblin Creek is located along the southern limits of Phase II (right figure). The existing channel of Tumblin Creek is the result of historic mechanical excavation predominantly within the historic creek channel. Site review confirmed the presence of a remnant small channel adjacent to the existing dredged creek channel;



depicted as a green dashed-line on the figure below. Although this small channel represents a remnant of the historical creek and even though hasn't functioned as a creek in decades, there are features and components of note along the limits of the existing and historic channels:

- The remnant channel is only 15-20 feet north of the top-of-bank associated with Tumblin Creek (blue line on figure).
- As a result of past excavations, the existing Tumblin Creek channel and associated wetland habitat has sheer vertical sideslopes; dropping 4-5 feet from the top-of-bank.

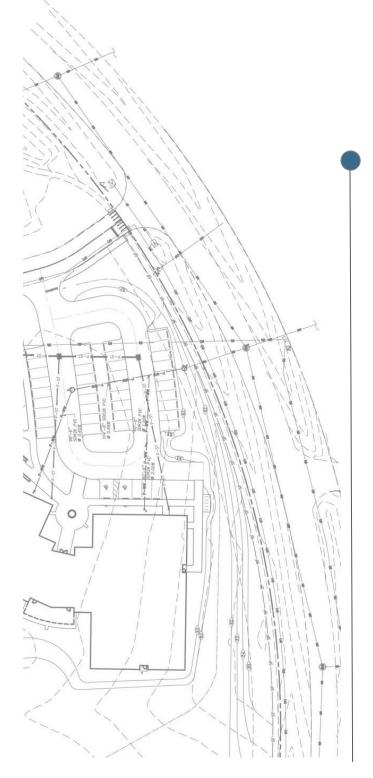


- There is substantial coverage of large canopied trees present between the two channels, as well as along the northern limits of the historic channel. Several of these trees are regulated per Article VIII, *Division 2 – Trees and Landscape*.
- With undulating topography adjacent to the two channels, the extensive tree canopy and dense ground cover vegetation are critical components retaining soil and slope stabilization.

The design of the adjacent Phase I of The Nine required a minimum 35 ft. buffer from the topbank associated with Tumblin Creek. In comparing creek-side conditions at the two phases, there is an increased risk of potential creek erosion at the Phase II subject site. As a result, it has been recommended to CHW and ERC that Phase II design plans incorporate a minimum 50 ft. buffer setback from the delineated jurisdictional limits of Tumblin Creek for proposed construction activities and/or any associated structures. By retaining this buffer distance, the referenced remnant creek channel and many of the larger canopied trees can be preserved that in turn will further protect wetland habitat and slope conditions associated with Tumblin Creek. Depending on other components of the proposed Phase II design, incorporating this recommended condition may adequately and appropriately address requirements associated with LDC-Division 4 criteria.



JACKSONVILLE GAINESVILLE OCALA 8563 Argyle Business Loop, Ste. 3, Jacksonville, Florida 32244 132 NW 76th Drive, Gainesville, Florida 32607 101 NE 1st Avenue, Ocala, Florida 34470 WWW.CHW-INC.COM



The Nine Phase 2 Rezoning – REVISED Application Package January 4, 2018

Prepared for: City of Gainesville Department of Doing

Prepared on behalf of: Carolyn H. Jordan Life Estate

Prepared by: CHW

PN# 17-0342

Application Package Table of Contents

- 1. Cover Letter
- 2. Rezoning Application
- 3. Property Owner Affidavits
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8563 Argyle Business Loop, Ste. 3, Jacksonville, Florida 32244 132 NW 76th Drive, Gainesville, Florida 32607 101 NE 1st Avenue, Ocala, Florida 34470 WWW,CHW-INC.COM

December 21, 2017

Dean Mimms City of Gainesville Department of Doing Thomas Center B 306 NE 6th Avenue Gainesville, FL 32601

Re: The Nine Phase 2 – Revised Application Materials Small-scale Comprehensive Plan Amendment (Ss-CPA) and Rezoning Applications (Tax Parcel No. 15601-034-000) Gainesville, Florida

Dear Dean,

On behalf of 908 Development Group, CHW submits 2 copies of the revised Ss-CPA and Rezoning application materials, which include the following items:

- The revised City of Gainesville Ss-CPA and Rezoning applications;
- Revised Justification Reports summarizing the applications' request, estimating public facility impacts, and stating Comprehensive Plan and Land Development Code (LDC) consistency;
- Revised Public School Concurrency Form;
- Revised map set; and
- Boundary Survey.

The SsCPA and Rezoning applications were heard by the City Plan Board (CPB) on December 5, 2017. At that public hearing, the CPB commented that the U8 zoning district might be a better fit than the proposed U9 zoning district. The applicant has evaluated this change and revised the applications accordingly. In order for the Future Land Use designation and the zoning to be consistent, the SsCPA application must also be amended to request the Urban Mixed-Use (UMU) designation instead of the Urban Mixed-Use High-Intensity (UMUH) designation.

This submittal contains updated application packages that reflect the changes to UMU FLU and U8 zoning. It should also be noted that additional traffic distribution info has been added to the justification reports per staff request. This information provides the trip distribution percentages from The Nine Phase 1 Traffic Analysis.

We trust this submittal will be sufficient for your review and subsequent approval by the City Plan Board and City Commission. If you have any questions or need additional information, please call me at (352) 331-1976.

Sincerely,

CHW

Craig Brashier, AICP Director of Planning

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APPLICATION—CITY PLAN BOARD Planning & Development Services

OFFIC	E USE ONLY
Petition No.	Fee: \$
1 st Step Mtg Date:	EZ Fee: \$
Tax Map No.	Receipt No.
Account No. 001-660-6680-3401 []	
Account No. 001-660-6680-1124 (Er	nterprise Zone) []
Account No. 001-660-6680-1125 (Er	terprise Zone Credit []

Owner(s) of Record (please print)	Applicant(s)/Agent(s), if different				
Name: Carolyn H. Jordan	Name: CHW				
Address: 1135 NW 11th Avenue	Address: 132 NW 76th Drive				
Gainesville, FL 32601	Gainesville, FL 32607				
Phone: contact agent Fax: contact agent	Phone: 352-331-1976 Fax: 352-331-2476				
(Additional owners may be listed at end of applic.)					

Note: It is recommended that anyone intending to file a petition for amendments to the future land use map or zoning map atlas, meet with the Department of Community Development prior to filing the petition in order to discuss the proposed amendment and petition process. Failure to answer all questions will result in the application being returned to the applicant.

REQUEST

Future Land Use Map []	Zoning Map [X]	Master Flood Control Map []
Present designation:	Present designation: RSF-1	Other [] Specify:
Requested designation:	Requested designation: U8	

INFORMATION ON PROPERTY							
1. Street address: 1135 SW 11th Avenue, Gainesville, FL 32601							
2. Map no(s):							
3. Tax parcel no(s): 15601-034-000	_						

4. Size of property: <u>±1.48</u> acre(s)

All requests for a land use or zoning change for property of less than 3 acres are encouraged to submit a market analysis or assessment, at a minimum, justifying the need for the use and the population to be served. All proposals for property of 3 acres or more **must** be accompanied by a market analysis report.

Certified Cashier's Receipt:

- 5. Legal description (attach as separate document, using the following guidelines):
 - a. Submit on 8 ½ x 11 in. sheet of paper, separate from any other information.
 - b. May not be included as part of a Purchase Agreement, Contract for Sale, Lease Agreement, Transfer of Title, Warranty Deed, Notice of Ad Valorem Taxes, Print-outs from Property Appraiser's Office, etc.
 - c. Must correctly describe the property being submitted for the petition.
 - d. Must fully describe directions, distances and angles. Examples are: North 20 deg. West 340 feet (not abbreviated as N 20 deg. W 340'); Right-of-Way (not abbreviated as R/W); Plat Book (not abbreviated as PB); Official Records Book 1, page 32 (not abbreviated as OR 1/32); Section 1, Township 9 South, Range 20 East (not abbreviated as S1-T9S-R20E).
 - 6. **INFORMATION CONCERNING ALL REQUESTS FOR LAND USE AND/OR ZONING CHANGES (NOTE:** All development associated with rezonings and/or land use changes must meet adopted level of service standards and is subject to applicable concurrency requirements.)
 - A. What are the existing surrounding land uses?

North Single-family

South Multi-family, age restricted

East Single-family

West US-441/Institutional

B. Are there other properties or vacant buildings within ½ mile of the site that have the proper land use and/or zoning for your intended use of this site?

NO X YES If yes, please explain why the other properties cannot accommodate the proposed use?

C. If the request involves nonresidential development adjacent to existing or future residential, what are the impacts of the proposed use of the property on the following:

Residential streets Although permitted, non-residential is not anticipated onsite. Please see Justification Report for further explanation.

Noise and lighting Although permitted, non-residential is not anticipated onsite. Please see Justification Report for further explanation.

D. Will the proposed use of the property be impacted by any creeks, lakes, wetlands, native vegetation, greenways, floodplains, or other environmental factors or by property adjacent to the subject property?

NO ____ YES X (If yes, please explain below)

See attached memo prepared by Ecosystem Research Corporation (ERC) regarding onsite environmental features.

E. Does this request involve either or both of the following?

a. Property in a historic district or property containing historic structures?

NO_X____YES___

b. Property with archaeological resources deemed significant by the State?

NO X YES

F. Which of the following best describes the type of development pattern your development will promote? (please explain the impact of the proposed change on the community):

Redevelopment _____ Activity Center _____ Strip Commercial _____ Urban Infill <u>×</u> Urban Fringe _____ Traditional Neighborhood _____ Explanation of how the proposed development will contribute to the community. *Please see the Justification Report for an explanation of this item.*

- G. What are the potential long-term economic benefits (wages, jobs & tax base)? Please see the Justification Report for an explanation of this item.
- H. What impact will the proposed change have on level of service standards?

Roadways Please see Justification Report.

Recreation Please see Justification Report.

Water and Wastewater Please see Justification Report.

Solid Waste Please see Justification Report.

Mass Transit Please see Justification Report.

I. Is the location of the proposed site accessible by transit, bikeways or pedestrian facilities?

NO ____ YES X (please explain)

Please see Justification Report.

CERTIFICATION

The undersigned has read the above application and is familiar with the information submitted. It is agreed and understood that the undersigned will be held responsible for its accuracy. The undersigned hereby attests to the fact that the parcel number(s) and legal description(s) shown in questions 3 and 5 is/are the true and proper identification of the area for which the petition is being submitted. Signatures of all owners or their agent are required on this form. Signatures by other than the owner(s) will be accepted only with notarized proof of authorization by the owner(s).

Owner of Record	Owner of Record
Name:	Name:
Address:	Address:
Phone: Fax:	Phone: Fax:
Signature:	Signature:
Owner of Record	Owner of Record
Name:	Name

owner of Record	Owner of Record				
Name:	Name:				
Address:	Address:				
Phone: Fax:	Phone: Fax:				
Signature:	Signature:				

No person submitting an application may rely upon any comment concerning a proposed amendment, or any expression of any nature about the proposal made by any participant, at the pre-application conference as a representation or implication that the proposal will be ultimately approved or rejected in any form.

To meet with staff to discuss the proposal, please call (352) 334-5022 or 334-5023 for an appointment.

Owner/Agent_Signature

Date

STATE OF FLORDIA COUNTY OF Alachue

Sworn to and subscribed before me this _ Craig Brashier	15 ^m day of December	20 <u>17</u> , by (Name)
SHANNON W. BRADDY MY COMMISSION # FF 171977 EXPIRES: October 28, 2018 Bonded Thru Notary Public Underwriters	Signature – Notary Public	Brakdy
Personally Known OR Produced Id	entification(Type)	

TL-Applications-djw

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PROPERTY OWNER AFFIDAVIT

Owner Name: Carolyn Jordan								
Address: 1135 SW 11th Ave	Phone: contact agent							
Gainesville, FL 32601	Contact agent							
Agent Name: CHW								
Address: 132 NW 76# Dr	Phone: 352-331-1976							
Cainesville, FL 32607								
Parcel No .: 15601-034-000	E 							
Acreage: ± 1,48 S: 08 T: 10 R: 20 Requested Action: Requesting Comprehensive Plan Amendment and								
Requested Action: Requesting Compo	-ehensive Plan Amendment and							
rezoning.								
	the subject property or a person having a							
legal or equitable interest therein. I author	rize the above listed agent to act on my							
behalf for the purposes of this application	l.							
Property owner signature: More	<u></u>							
Printed name: Carolyn E. Jor	Λ							
Printed name: <u>Carolyn E: Jor</u>	dan							
Date: 9-27-17								
The foregoing affidavit is acknowledged to	pefore me this 74h day of							
September, 20/7, by Carolyn E	Jordan . who is/are							
personally known to me, or who has/have	pefore me this <u>274 h</u> day of 5. <u>Jordan</u> , who is/are 9 produced <u>N/A - Persona/ly Known</u>							
as identification.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
	Λ,							
NOTARY SEAL \tilde{l}	and the Millantum							
NUTARY SEAL	and the Manan							
Signat	ure of Notary Public, State of Florida							
	are of Notary Public, State of <u>Plenteq</u>							
Notary Public State of Florida Daniel K Mancini								
My Commission FF 162509 Expires 09/23/2018								
E								

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LEGAL DESCRIPTION

Alachua County Tax Parcel 15601-034-000:

"LOT 34, REPLAT OF AUDUBON PARK, AS PER PLAT THEREOF RECORDED IN PLAT BOOK "D", PAGE 78 OF THE PUBLIC RECORDS OF ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA."

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This Instrument Prepared By: Jonathan P. Culver, Esquire 2145 NE Second Street Ocala, Florida 34470

Return to: Jonathan P. Culver, Esquire 2145 NE Second Street Ocala, Florida 34470 INCLURATED IN THE MEMORY OF THE PROPERTY OF TH



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¢ i

QUIT-CLAIM DEED

This Quit-Claim Deed, executed this ______ day of April, 2008, by CAROLYN H. JORDAN, whose mailing address is: 1135 SW 11TH Avenue, Gainesville, Florida 32601, hereinafter called the First Party, to CAROLYN H. JORDAN (Life Estate) and to CAROLYN ELIZABETH JORDAN-LAWSON (the Remainder), whose mailing address is: 1135 SW 11TH Avenue, Gainesville, Florida 32601, hereinafter called the Second Party.

(Wherever used herein the terms "First Party" and "Second Party" shall include singular and plural, heirs, legal representatives, and assigns of individuals, and the successors and assigns of corporation s, wherever the context so admits or requires.)

WITNESSETH, that the First Party, for and in consideration of the sum of TEN DOLLARS (\$10.00), in hand paid by the said Second Party, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, and for other valuable consideration, does hereby remise, release, and quit-claim to CAROLYN H. JORDAN, a Life Estate, with the Remainder going to CAROLYN ELIZABETH JORDAN-LAWSON, to the following described lot, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the County of Alachua, State of Florida, to-wit:

AUDUBON PARK PB D-45 AUDUBON PARK REPLAT PB D-78 LOT 34 OR 518/36

Subject to covenants, restrictions, easements of record and taxes for the current year.

PARCEL NUMBER: 15601-034-000

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the same together with all appurtenances which belong or which in any way pertain, and all the estate, right, title, lien, equity and claim whatsoever of the First Party, either in law or equity, to the only proper use, benefit of the Second Party, as outlined in this deed.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the First Party has signed and sealed these presents on the day and year first written above.

Page 1 of 2

Exhibit C-1 INSTRUMENT # 2423473 2 PGS

Signed, sealed and delivered in our presence.

Witness Signature JONATHAN P. CULVER

Printed Name

Vitness Signature

Carolyn H. Jordan

arolyn H. Jordan Carolyn H. Jordan

Printed Name

Loe A. Declue Printed Name

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF ALACHUA

I HEREBY CERTIFY, that on this day, before me, an officer duly authorized in the State and County aforesaid to take acknowledgments, personally appeared, CAROLYN H. JORDAN, to be known to be the person described in and who executed the foregoing Ouit-Claim Deed and that person acknowledged before me that she executed the same of his own will and deed. I relied upon the following form of identification:

CAROLYNH JORDAN, Florida Drivers License.

WITNESS my hand and official seal in the County and State last aforesaid this (day of April, 2008.

Print: Jonathan P. C. Signature: Jonathan P. C. Signature: Notary Public, State of Florida At Large

NOTE: this deed is prepared by an attorney without the benefit of a title search.



Property Search Results

The data displayed is the most current data available to the Property Appraiser. Search Date: 9/12/2017 at 2:37:13 PM '

Printer Friendly Page

Parcel: <u>15601-034-000</u> <u>GIS Map</u>									
Taxpayer:	JORDAN CAROLYN H LIFE ESTATE	Legal: AUDUBON PARK PB D-45 AUDUBON PARK REPLAT PB D-78							
Mailing:	1135 SW 11TH AVE GAINESVILLE, FL <u>32601-7842</u>	LOT 34 OR 518/36 & DEED APPEARS IN ERROR PER OR 3777/0921							
Location:	1135 SW 11TH AV GAINESVILLE								
Sec-Twn-Rng:	08-10-20								
Property Use:	00100 - Single Family								
Tax Jurisdiction	: Gainesville 3600								
Area:	Audubon Park Area								
Subdivision:	Audubon Park								

	Property	Land	<u>Land</u>	Building	Misc	<u>Total</u>	Deferred	<u>County</u>	School	<u>County</u>	School	<u>County</u>	School
TRIM	<u>Use</u>	<u>Value</u>	Just Value	<u>Value</u>	<u>Value</u>	Just Value	<u>Value</u>	Assessed	Assessed	Exempt	Exempt	<u>Taxable</u>	<u>Taxable</u>
2017	Single Family	129800	129800	167900	6000	303700	139350	164350	164350	50000	25000	114350	139350

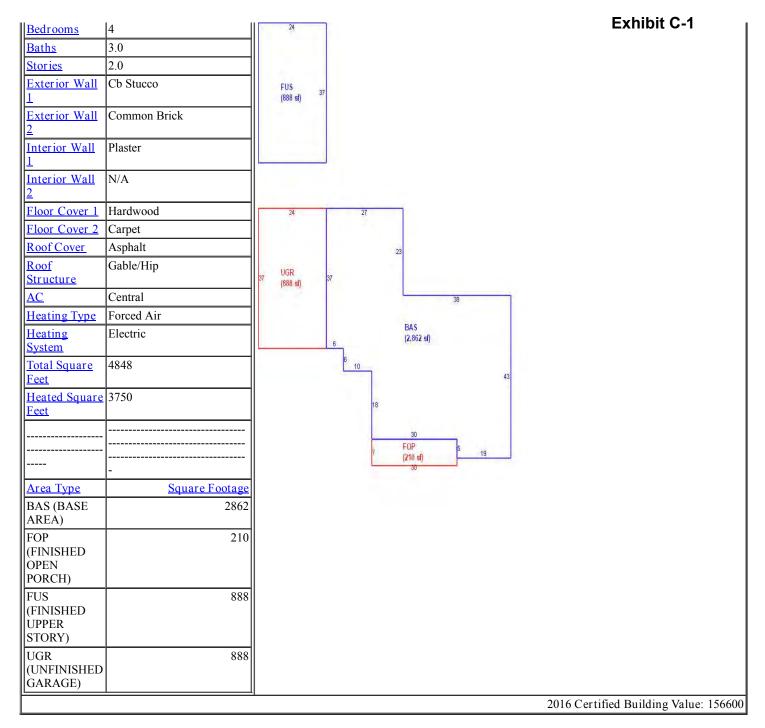
	<u>Property</u>	Land	<u>Land</u>	<u>Building</u>	Misc	<u>Total</u>	Deferred	<u>County</u>	<u>School</u>	County	<u>School</u>	County	<u>School</u>	Total
Year	<u>Use</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Just Value</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Value</u>	Just Value	<u>Value</u>	Assessed	Assessed	Exempt	Exempt	<u>Taxable</u>	<u>Taxable</u>	Taxes
2016	Single Family	129800	129800	156600	6000	292400	131430	160970	160970	50000	25000	110970	135970	2775.34
2015	Single Family	129800	129800	159300	6000	295100	135240	159860	159860	50000	25000	109860	134860	2813.39
2014	Single Family	129800	129800	160000	6000	295800	137200	158600	158600	50000	25000	108600	133600	2807.59
2013	Single Family	129800	129800	162800	6000	298600	142340	156260	156260	50000	25000	106260	131260	2760.13
2012	Single Family	129800	129800	165500	6000	301300	147650	153650	153650	50000	25000	103650	128650	2687.57
2011	Single Family	155700	155700	174300	6000	336000	186820	149180	149180	50000	25000	99180	124180	2625.64
2010	Single Family	181700	181700	151100	6000	338800	191820	146980	146980	50000	25000	96980	121980	2560.41
2009	Single Family	259600	259600	163800	6000	429400	286280	143120	143120	50000	25000	93120	118120	2486.27
2008	Single Family	259600	259600	151300	6000	416900	273920	142980	0	50000	0	92980	0	2295.91
2007	Single Family	259600	259600	148500	6000	414100	275280	138820	0	25000	0	113820	0	2562.71

Land

<u>Use</u>	Zoning Type	Zoning Desc	<u>Unit Type</u>	Units
SFR	RSF1		Square Feet	64892
			2016 Certified Land Just Value: 129800	2016 Certified Land Assessed Value: 129800

Building

<u>Actual Year</u> <u>Built</u>	1951
Effective Year Built	1976
<u>Building</u> Quality	Average
Building Style	01
Building Use	0100 - Single Family



Miscellaneous

Description	Unit Type	Units
0800 - Drive/Walk	SF	1390
0959 - FP 2	UNITS	1
1762 - Pool 2	SF	380
1641 - Patio 1	SF	240
0300 - BBQ	UNITS	1
	2016 Certified M	fiscellaneous Value: 6000

Sale

Official Public Records information is provided by the Alachua County Clerk's Office. Clicking on these links will direct you to their web site displaying the document details for this specific transaction.

Date	Price	Vac/Imp	<u>Qualified</u>	OR Book	<u>OR Page</u>	<u>Instrument</u>	OR Link (Clerk)
04/07/2008	100 I	[3777	921	QD	Official Public Record

The information that is supplied by the Alachua County Property Appraiser's office is public information data and must be accepted and used with the understanding that the data was collected primarily for the use and purpose of creating a Property Tax Roll per Florida Statute. The Alachua County Property Appraiser's Office will not be held liable as to the validity, correctness, accuracy, completeness, and / or reliability of this data. The Alachua County Property Appraiser's Office furthermore assumes no liability whatsoever associated with the use or misuse of this public information data.

Alachua County Property Appraiser • 515 N Main Street Suite 200 • Gainesville, FL 32601 • 352-374-5230 (FAX) 352-374-5278



016 Roll Details — R al Estate Account # <u>15601 034</u>				cel details	Latest bil	I 👔 Full bill history	Print this pa
	2016	2015	2014	2013		2002	
	2016	2015	2014			2002	
	PAID	PAID	PAID	PAID		PAID	
			⊴ Get Bills by	Email			
		PA	ID 2016-12-29 \$	2.916.77			
			Receipt # <u>16-006</u>				
Owne	er: JORDAN (1135 SW 1	CAROLYN H LIFE I1TH AVE	ESTATE				
	GAINESVI	LLE, FL <u>32601-78</u>	342				
Situ	s: 1135 SW 1	11TH AVE					
Account numbe		000					
Alternate Ke Millage cod							
	e: 23.0735						
Assessed valu	e: 160,970						
School assessed valu							
Unimproved land valu	e: 129,800						
Exemptions							
HOMESTEA							
HOMESTEAD ADD'L 25	K: 25,000						
					Gaada		
					Drama	uty Annuala au	
				Loc		erty Appraiser aranteed to be accurate.	
2016 Annual bill			View				
	rem: \$2,758.8	87					
	rem: \$248.11						
Total Discount		3					
No Discount N Tota							
Legal description							
AUDUBON PARK PB D-45 AUD	UBON PARK R	EPLAT PB D-78	LOT 34 OR 518/3	36 & DEED APPI	EARS IN ER	ROR PER OR 3777/0921	
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Use o	ode: 00100						
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VISA MasterCard	cres: 1.490	DISCOVI		1			

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Application Package Table of Contents

- 1. Cover Letter
- 2. Rezoning Application
- 3. Owner Affidavit
- 4. Legal Description
- 5. Property Appraiser Datasheets and Tax Records

6. Neighborhood Workshop Materials

- 7. Justification Report
- 8. Attachments
 - a. Environmental Review Application
 - b. Public School Concurrency Form
 - c. Map Set
 - d. Boundary Survey

Mailed Memorandum



JACKSONVILLE GAINESVILLE OCALA 8563 Argyle Business Loop, Ste. 3, Jacksonville, Florida 32244 132 NW 76th Drive, Gainesville, Florida 32607 101 NE 1st Avenue, Ocala, Florida 34470 WWW.CHW-INC.COM

MEMORANDUM

- TO: Neighbors of SW 13th Street / SW 11th Avenue Area
- **FROM:** Ryan Thompson, AICP
- DATE: Wednesday, September 13, 2017
- RE: Neighborhood Workshop Notice

A Neighborhood Workshop will be held to discuss a proposed Small-scale Comprehensive Plan Amendment and Rezoning for a ± 1.72 -acre site on Alachua County Tax Parcels 15600-029-000 and 15601-034-000. The request is to change the Future Land Use Map designation from Single-Family (up to 8 units / acre) to Urban Mixed-Use High Intensity (8-75 units / acre) and Zoning from Single-Family Residential (RSF-1) to Urban Mixed-Use High. The intent is to construct a second phase to The Nine apartment complex.

Date:	Wednesday, September 27, 2017
Time:	6:00 p.m.
Place:	Wyndham Garden Gainesville, Board Room 2900 SW 13 th Street Gainesville, FL 32608
Contact:	Ryan Thompson AICP

(352) 331-1976

This is not a public hearing. The purpose of the workshop is to inform neighboring property owners about the nature of the proposal and to seek comments. We look forward to seeing you at the workshop.

Mailing Labels

15616-000-000 Nine Phase 2 ARBORS AT TUMBLIN CREEK, LLC 242 INVERNESS CENTER DR BIRMINGHAM, AL 35242

15631-208-001 Nine Phase 2 BONNER & BONNER III 1 LAKE PLACID LN PALM COAST, FL 32137

15633-060-001 Nine Phase 2 CHIAFAIR CATHERINE C 959 BAYSIDE BLUFF RD JACKSONVILLE, FL 32259

15601-035-000 Nine Phase 2 DONOFRIO, VINCENT & LYNDA 4901 SW 160TH AVE FT LAUDERDALE, FL 33331

15600-013-000 Nine Phase 2 FREEMAN DOROTHY 1058 SW 11TH TER GAINESVILLE, FL 32601-7839

15601-034-000 *** Nine Phase 2 JORDAN CAROLYN H LIFE ESTATE 1135 SW 11TH AVE GAINESVILLE, FL 32601-7842

15631-204-001 Nine Phase 2 KHAN, NASRULLAH & RUKHSHANDA 281 NW 93RD AVE PEMBROKE PINES, FL 33024

15631-212-006 Nine Phase 2 LEA FAMILY PARTNERHSIP LTD PO BOX 4050 PLANT CITY, FL 33563-0018

15631-204-002 Nine Phase 2 LOCKWOOD & LOCKWOOD 6301 ALMEDA RD APT 243 HOUSTON, TX 77021-1093

15631-216-006 Nine Phase 2 MERKEL & MERKEL 4231 LANDMARK DR ORLANDO, FL 32817 15600-022-000 Nine Phase 2 ANASTAS & ANASTAS 1132 SW 11TH AVE GAINESVILLE, FL 32606

15631-224-001 Nine Phase 2 BUITRON, LORENZO 7740 NW 50TH ST #203 FT LAUDERDALE, FL 33351

15631-232-006 Nine Phase 2 COOMES & COOMES 600 KINGS ESTATE RD ST AUGUSTINE, FL 32086

15613-000-000 Nine Phase 2 EPOCH-WILDFLOWER LLC 359 CAROLINA AVE WINTER PARK, FL 32789

15600-030-000 Nine Phase 2 GAINESVILLE PROPERTIES I LLC 2209 EAST 7TH AVE STE C TAMPA, FL 33605

15631-216-001 Nine Phase 2 JOSE & ALODIA ORTEGA FAMILY 704 SW 17TH AVE STE 1 MIAMI, FL 33135

15631-220-002 Nine Phase 2 KING, RYAN F 4985 NW 41ST LN APT 4108 GAINESVILLE, FL 32606-4602

15631-216-002 Nine Phase 2 LI CHRIS 4821 SKY BLUE DR TAMPA, FL 33548

15633-068-006 Nine Phase 2 LUKOWSKI & LUKOWSKI 1068 SW 14TH AVE #F GAINESVILLE, FL 32601

15600-016-000 Nine Phase 2 MILLER SUSAN K 1050 SW 11TH ST GAINESVILLE, FL 32601 15631-220-003 Nine Phase 2 BHARDWAJ & BHARDWAJ 7104 NW 60TH LN GAINESVILLE, FL 32653

15601-037-000 Nine Phase 2 CELTIC PROPERTY INVESTMENTS PO BOX 141764 GAINESVILLE, FL 32614-1764

15600-019-000 Nine Phase 2 D'ALESSIO ROBERT 1060 SW 11TH ST GAINESVILLE, FL 32601-7845

15703-004-000 Nine Phase 2 FREDERICK GARDENS LIMITED, PAR 1620 W UNIV AVE GAINESVILLE, FL 32603

15631-208-006 Nine Phase 2 GONZALEZ, CARMEN B 4460 SW 1ST ST MIAMI, FL 33134

15601-036-000 Nine Phase 2 KAYLOR, LIISE 462 GRIDER ST BUFFALO, NY 14215

15600-012-000 Nine Phase 2 LASLEY STEVEN E & CYNTHIA WELDON 1057 SW 11TH TER GAINESVILLE, FL 32601-7840

15631-220-006 Nine Phase 2 LIU & ZHANG 1220 SW 14TH AVE UNIT F GAINESVILLE, FL 32601

15600-014-000 Nine Phase 2 MENOR DAN & AILEEN 1066 SW 11TH TER GAINESVILLE, FL 32601

15631-228-005 Nine Phase 2 MORRIS & MORRIS 2225 LAKESIDE DR ORLANDO, FL 32803 15633-032-002 Nine Phase 2 NEWHOUSE EILEEN 4218 SW 130TH AVE DAVIE, FL 33330

15631-212-005 Nine Phase 2 PALM BEACH HOMES TRUST LLC 1100 E PARK AVE STE B TALLAHASSEE, FL 32301

15631-208-002 Nine Phase 2 PHELAN, ROBERT J 11717 MERRA LEE CT JACKSONVILLE, FL 32256-2997

15633-064-001 Nine Phase 2 ROBERTS, MARGARET T PO BOX 832 NEW SMYRNA BEACH, FL 32170

15600-001-000 Nine Phase 2 UF PLANNING, DESIGN & CONSTRUCTION ATTN: LINDA DIXON PO BOX 115050 GAINESVILLE, FL 32611-5050

15600-015-000 Nine Phase 2 WATTS E H & SENGA 1067 SW 11TH TER GAINESVILLE, FL 32601-7840 15617-000-000 Nine Phase 2 OAKBROOK HOLDING LLC 845 NE 79TH ST MIAMI, FL 33138

15633-064-004 Nine Phase 2 PATEL & PATEL 2593 LONGWOOD BLVD MELBOURNE, FL 32934

15631-228-001 Nine Phase 2 PORTER, ELIZABETH J 290 PINE ST ATLANTIC BEACH, FL 32233

15601-028-000 Nine Phase 2 SIMONS R W & ERIKA 1122 SW 11TH AVE GAINESVILLE, FL 32601-7816

15600-023-000 Nine Phase 2 VARGAS, ANTHONY C 201 SE 2ND AVE STE 412 GAINESVILLE, FL 32601-5810

15600-029-000 *** Nine Phase 2 WEST PRISCILLA ANN 3458 NW 30TH PL GAINESVILLE, FL 32605-2611 15600-021-000 Nine Phase 2 OMER, DONNA 3957 NW 9TH CT GAINESVILLE, FL 32605-4713

15600-020-000 Nine Phase 2 PHEGLEY, BRYAN THOMAS 10 WINNEBAGO RD SEA RANCH LAKES, FL 33308-2330

15600-027-000 Nine Phase 2 QUINTANA MARIA ELENA 1089 SW 11TH TER GAINESVILLE, FL 32601-7840

15631-232-003 Nine Phase 2 SMITH, ROBERT E & DONNIA W 835 CEDAR COVE DR#C WELLINGTON, FL 33414

15633-032-003 Nine Phase 2 WARSHAWSKY MOSHE 4574 N MICHIGAN AVE MIAMI BEACH, FL 33140

15633-060-004 Nine Phase 2 YOST & FRIENDS OF OAKBROOK WALK LAND TRUST 301 W PLATT ST STE 118 TAMPA, FL 33606 <u>Neighborhood Workshop Notice</u> 5th Avenue ROBERTA PARKS 616 NW 8 ST GAINESVILLE, FL 32602

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Azalea Trails MARIE SMALL 1265 SE 12 AVE GAINESVILLE, FL 32601

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Carol Estates South BECKY RUNNESTRAND 1816 NE 16 TER GAINESVILLE, FL 32609

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Debra Heights SARAH POLL PO BOX 14198 GAINESVILLE, FL 32604

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Edgewood Hills BONNIE O'BRIAN 2329 NW 30 AVE GAINESVILLE, FL 32605

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Gateway Park HAROLD SAIVE 1716 NW 10 TER GAINESVILLE, FL 32609

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Grove Street MARIA HUFF-EDWARDS 1102 NW 4 ST GAINESVILLE, FL 32601

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Hidden Lake GEORGE KASNIC 2116 NW 74 PL GAINESVILLE, FL 32653

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Kensington Park MAXINE HINGE 5040 NW 50 TER GAINESVILLE, FL 32606

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Lamplighter LARRY NICHOLSON (PROP MGR) 5200 NE 50 DR GAINESVILLE, FL 32609 <u>Neighborhood Workshop Notice</u> CITY OF GAINESVILLE ATTN: MIKE HOGE PO BOX 490 MS 11 GAINESVILLE, FL 32627

<u>Neighborhood Workshop Notice</u> REGINA HILLMAN 506 NW 30 STREET

506 NW 30 STREET GAINESVILLE, FL 32607

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Cedar Grove II HELEN HARRIS 1237 NE 21 ST GAINESVILLE, FL 32641

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Northwood at Possum Creek WES WHEELER 4728 NW 37 WAY GAINESVILLE, FL 32601

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Golfview CHRIS MONAHAN 222 SW 27 ST GAINESVILLE, FL 32607

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Hazel Heights ALLAN MOYNIHAN PO BOX 357412 GAINESVILLE, FL 32635

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Highland Court Manor DAVID SOUTHWORTH 3142 NE 13 ST GAINESVILLE, FL 32609

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Kingswood Court JOHN ORTON 5350 NW 8 AVE GAINESVILLE, FL 32605

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Landmark Woods JACK OSGARD 4332 NW 12 PL GAINESVILLE, FL 32605 <u>Neighborhood Workshop Notice</u> Ashton ROXANNE WATKINS 4415 NW 58 AVE GAINESVILLE, FL 32653

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Capri JOHN DOLES 4539 NW 37 T

h

4539 NW 37 TER GAINESVILLE, FL 32605

<u>Neighborhood Workshop Notice</u> Creekwood HELEN SCONYERS 2056 NW 55 BLVD. GAINESVILLE, FL 32653

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Duval GILBERT S MEANS, SR 2153 SE HAWTHORNE RD, #111 PO BOX 7 GAINESVILLE, FL 32641

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

LEE NELSON DIRECTOR OF REAL ESTATE – UF 204 TIGERT HALL PO BOX 113100 GAINESVILLE, FL 32611-3100

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Greater Northeast Community MIRIAM CINTRON 915 NE 7 AVE GAINESVILLE, FL 32601

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Hibiscus Park CAROL BISHOP 2616 NW 2 AVE GAINESVILLE, FL 32607

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Ironwood NANCY TESTA 4207 NE 17 TER GAINESVILLE, FL 32609

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Kirkwood JANE BURMAN-HOLTON 701 SW 23 PL GAINESVILLE, FL 32601

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Las Pampas PETER JANOSZ 3418 NW 37 AVE GAINESVILLE, FL 32605

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Woodland Terrace PETER PRUGH 207 NW 35 ST GAINESVILLE, FL 32605

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Mason Manor JOANNA LEATHERS 2550 NW 13 AVE GAINESVILLE, FL 32605

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Northwood SUSAN W. WILLIAMS PO BOX 357492 GAINESVILLE, FL 32653

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Oakview DEBRA BRUNER 914 NW 14 AVE GAINESVILLE, FL 32601

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Pine Park DELORES BUFFINGTON 721 NW 20 AVE GAINESVILLE, FL 32609

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Porters Community GIGI SIMMONS 712 SW 5 ST GAINESVILLE, FL 32601

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Raintree RONALD BERN 1301 NW 23 TER GAINESVILLE, FL 32605

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Royal Gardens DOUGLAS BURTON 2720 NW 27 PL GAINESVILLE, FL 32605

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Southeast Evergreen Trails MAUREEN RESCHLY 1208 SE 22 AVE GAINESVILLE, FL 32641

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Stephen Foster ROBERT PEARCE 714 NW 36 AVE GAINESVILLE, FL 32609 <u>Neighborhood Workshop Notice</u> Lincoln Estates DORIS EDWARDS 1040 SE 20 ST GAINESVILLE, FL 32601

<u>Neighborhood Workshop Notice</u> Northeast Neighbors

SHARON BAUER 1011 NE 1 AVE GAINESVILLE, FL 32601

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Kirkwood KATHY ZIMMERMAN 1127 SW 21 AVE GAINESVILLE, FL 32601

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Rainbows East JOE THOMAS 5014 NW 24 TER GAINESVILLE, FL 32605

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Ridgeview ROB GARREN 1805 NW 34 PL GAINESVILLE, FL 32605

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Shadow Lawn Estates CONNIE SPITZNAGEL 3521 NW 35 PL GAINESVILLE, FL 32605

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Springhill/Mount Olive VIVIAN FILER 1636 SE 14 AVE GAINESVILLE, FL 32641

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Suburban Heights BETH GRAETZ 4321 NW 19 AVE GAINESVILLE, FL 32605

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

North Lincoln Heights ANDREW LOVETTE SR. 430 SE 14 ST GAINESVILLE, FL 32601

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Northwest Estates VERN HOWE 3710 NW 17 LN GAINESVILLE, FL 32605

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Appletree JUDITH MORROW 3616 NW 54 LANE GAINESVILLE, FL 32653

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Pleasant Street DOTTY FAIBISY 505 NW 3 ST GAINESVILLE, FL 32601

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Rainbows End SYLVIA MAGGIO 4612 NW 21 DR GAINESVILLE, FL 32605

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Ridgewood KERRI CHANCEY 1310 NW 30 ST GAINESVILLE, FL 32605

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

South Black Acres DEANNA MONAHAN 14 SW 32 ST GAINESVILLE, FL 32607

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Springtree KATHY MEISS 2705 NW 47 PL GAINESVILLE, FL 32605

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Sugarfoot Community/Anglewood HEATHER REILLY 426 SW 40 TERRACE GAINESVILLE, FL 32607

<u>Neighborhood Workshop Notice</u> Sugarhill CYNTHIA COOPER 1441 SE 2 TER GAINESVILLE, FL 32601

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

University Park JIMMY HARNSBERGER 402 NW 24 ST GAINESVILLE, FL 32604

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Ashton ASHTON HOMEOWNERS ASSOC 5200 NW 43 ST STE 102 GAINESVILLE, FL 32606

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Porters INA HINES 320 SW 5 AVE GAINESVILLE, FL 32601

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

University Park MEL LUCAS 620 E UNIVERSITY AVE GAINESVILLE, FL 32601

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

LARRY SCHNELL 2048 NW 7 LN GAINESVILLE, FL 32603

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

BOBBIE DUNNELL 3118 NE 11 TER GAINESVILLE, FL 32609

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

STEWART WELLS 6744 NW 36 DR GAINESVILLE, FL 32653 <u>Neighborhood Workshop Notice</u> Sutters Landing PETER REBMAN 3656 NW 68 LN GAINESVILLE, FL 32653

<u>Neighborhood Workshop Notice</u> University Village BRUCE DELANEY 1710 NW 23 ST GAINESVILLE, FL 32605

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Duckpond STEVE NADEAU 2821 NW 23 DR GAINESVILLE, FL 32605

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Front Porch Florida, Duval JUANITA MILES HAMILTON 2419 NE 8 AVE GAINESVILLE, FL 32641

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

School Board VICK McGRATH 3700 NE 53 AVE GAINESVILLE, FL 32609

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Millennium Bank DANNY GILLILAND 4340 NEWBERRY RD GAINESVILLE, FL 32607

<u>Neighborhood Workshop Notice</u> MAC McEACHERN 1020 SW 11 TER

GAINESVILLE, FL 32601

<u>Neighborhood Workshop Notice</u> JAMES WOODLAND

225 SE 14 PL GAINESVILLE, FL 32601

Neighborhood Workshop Notice BELLINGTON'S CUSTOM SERVICE % BRAXTON LINTON 1907 SE HAWTHORNE RD GAINESVILLE, FL 32641

<u>Neighborhood Workshop Notice</u> Turkey Creek Forest Owners Assn ATTN: RITA SMITH 8620 NW 13 ST, #210 CLUBHOUSE OFFICE GAINESVILLE, FL 32653

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Forest Ridge/Henderson Heights JUANITA CASAGRANDE 1911 NW 22 DRIVE GAINESVILLE, FL 32605-3953

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Appletree CHRIS GARCIA 5451 NW 35 DR GAINESVILLE, FL 32653

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Duckpond MELANIE BARR 216 NE 5 ST GAINESVILLE, FL 32601

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Porters RUBY WILLIAMS 237 SW 6 ST GAINESVILLE, FL 32601

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

University of Florida LINDA DIXON PO BOX 115050 GAINESVILLE, FL 32611

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Florida Bank LAUDE ARNALDI 13840 W NEWBERRY RD NEWBERRY, FL 32669

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Stephen Foster Neighborhood Assoc, Inc MARIA PARSONS 439 NW 37 AVENUE GAINESVILLE, FL 32609

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

Bivens North Association PENNY WHEAT 2530 SW 14 DR GAINESVILLE, FL 32608

Neighborhood Workshop Notice

KAREN BILLINGS 2123 NW 72 PL GAINESVILLE, FL 32653 Newspaper Advertisement

TODAY IN HISTORY

In 1759, during the French and Indian War, the British defeated the French on the Plains of Abraham the Plan's of Abraham overlooking Quebec City. In 1814, during the War o 1812, British naval forces began bombarding Fort McHenry in Baltimore but were driven back by American defenders in a battle that lasted until the following morning. In 1911, the song "Oh, You Beautiful Doli," a romantic rag by Nat D. Ayer and Seymour Brown, was first published by Jerome H. Remick & Co. In 1923, Miguel Primo de Rivera, the captain gen-eral of Catalonia, seized nower in Spain. following morning

power in Spain. TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS

Actress Barbara Bain is 86. Actress Eileen Fulton (TV: "As the World Turns") is 84. Actor Joe E. Tata is 81 TV producer Fred Sil TV producer Fred Silver-man is 80. Rock singer David Clayton-Thomas (Blood, Sweat & Tears) is 76. Actress Jacqueline Bisset is 73. Singer Peter Cetera is 73. Actress Christine Estabrook is 67. Actress Jean Smart is 66. Singer Randy Jones (The Village Peonle) is 55. (The Village People) is 65. Record producer Don Was is 65. Actor Isiah Whitlock

Jr. is 63. Actress-comediar Geri Jewell is 61.

LOTTERY

Tuesday, Sept. 12 Pick 2 FICK Z Early drawing: 1-6 Night drawing: 9-3 Pick 3 Early drawing: 8-9-5 Night drawing: 6-0-1 Pick 4 Early drawing: 9-1-5-4 Night drawing: 4-3-6-6 Pick 5 Early drawing: 8-1-0-6-2 Night drawing: 6-3-7-4-4 Fantasy 5 15-18-25-33-36 Lucky Money 20-33-39-42 LB:6 MEGA MILLIONS 26-37-41-54-65 PB: 3

Editor's note: Due to Hurricane Irma, Sunday's and Monday's Florida Lottery numbers were drawn Tuesday. For those winning mum bers, visit flalottery.com



The Alachua County Development Review Committee will hold a public hearing Thursday, September 21, 2017 at 1:30 pm in the John R. "Jack" Durrance Auditorium, room 209, 12 S.E. 1st Street, Gainesville, Florida to consider the following Item:

Project 2017061201 - Preliminary and Final Development Plan Review - Fernandez Family Homestead Subdivision - (4 lots on approximately 14.38 acres) - Section 99-110-118 - Located on Tax Parcel Number 04404-002-000 at 15503 SW 15th Avenue - Stonecypher Surveying, Inc. - agents; Rural/Agriculture (1 dwelling unit per 5 acres) Future Land Use Designation; Agricultural (A) Zoning

All interested persons are invited to attend and be heard. Virtiten comments may be filed with the Office of Planning and bevelopment for consideration. In addition to any other comments, interested persons are invited to submit comments in whether the proposal will have a significant impact on the sol of housing.

All persons are advised that, if they decide to appeal any cision made at this public hearing or meeting, they will nee ecord of the proceedings and, for such purpose, they may d to ensure that a verbatim record of the proceedings is nade,

d be ensure that a verbatin necord of the proceedings is de, which record includes the testimony and evidence upor ch the appeal is to be based. If you have a disability and need an accommodation in er to participate in a program or service of the Growth magement Department, please contact the Growth magement Department, please contact the Growth magement Department, please contact the Growth agement Department, please contact the Growth agement Department, please contact the Growth agement Department and S2s/374-5249 at lease call 711 (Florid ay Service). Printed materials are available in alternate nat upon request.

Seneral Information: Staff Reports on the above items will be vailable on Friday of the week preceding the meeting at the office of Planning and Development: 10-300 S.W. 2th Avenue Sainesville, FL 32601. For further information call (352) 74-5249.

ANITMENT TO ACCURACY promptly correct errors of fact. If you believe w e made an error, call us at 352-338-3119. If you a mustler or comment about coverage, write

nave a question or comment about coverage, w Douglas Ray, Executive editor, 2700 SW 13th St., Gainesville, FL 32608. Email: doug.ray@gainesv

DOUGLAS RAY: Editor

374-5058 374-5058 337-0304 338-3131

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The Gainesville

iay \$12.00 per

Service 378-1416 Service Toll Pree 800-443-9493 riday 6 a.m.-5 p.m.

am

Big holdup for borrowers claiming for-profit college fraud

初前

Sarah Dieffenbacher, poses for a picture March 30, 2015, in Washington. Students who claim to have been defrauded for-profit colleges may have to wait up to six more months before the Department of Education rules on their claims,

according to a court document reviewed by the Ass Press. [ASSOCIATED PRESS FILE PHOTO]

By Maria Danilova

WASHINGTON – Tens of thousands of former students who say they were swindled by forprofit colleges are being left in limbo as the Trump administration delays action on requests for loan forgiveness, accord-ing to court documents obtained by The Associ-ated Press. The Education Depart-ment is sitting on more than 65,000 unapproved claims as it rewrites Obama-era rules that sought to better protect administration delays

sought to better protect students. The rewrite had been sought by the industry.

example of the admin-istration hiring officials to oversee the industries where they had worked previously. In August, Education Secretary Betsy DeVos pickel Julian Schmoke Jr., a former associate dean a former associate dean enforcement unit. She also has tapped a top aide to Florida's attorney general who was involved in the deci-sion not to pursue legal action against Trump lawyer. More than 2,000 requests for loan forgive-nees are pending from DeVry students. industy. The for-profit colleges have found allies in the new administration and President Donald Trump, who earlier this year paid \$25 million to settle charges his Trump Uni-versity misled customers. And it's yet another where they had worked previously. previously. In August, Education Secretary Betsy DeVos picked Julian Schmoke Jr., a former associate dean at DeVry University, as head of the department's enforcement unit

Report: Age matters when it comes to cervical cancer screening alternative for screening.

By Lauran Neergaard

alternative for screening. Tuesday's proposal doesn't signal an immi-nent end to the Pap era. Paps, not HPV tests, still are recommended for screening women in their 20s, stressed the guidelines from the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force. WASHINGTON - Get-WASHINGTON - Get-ting checked for cervical cancer isn't one-size-fits-all: Millions of women may soon have to decide between arou-ting Ben cr a page toot tine Pap or a newer test that detects if they have

Preventive Services Task Force. And don't let the which-test debate blur the main message: "Screening for cervical cancer saves lives," said Task Force member Dr. Carol Mangione of the University of California, Los Angeles. To day, to o many women still miss out. Some things to know: a cancer-causing virus. Draft national guidelines released Tuesday for the first time say either option is reasonable for option is reasonable for certain women - those ages 30 to 65. Paps, a mainstay for women's health for decades, can spot pre-cancerous abnormalities in time to prevent cancer. Newer HPV tests detect the virus that causes

Still a threat

the virus that causes nearly all of that cancer, and while they're widely used to confirm Pap results, most U.S. medical Cervical cancer has dropped dramatically over the past half-century thanks to Pap testing. Still, this year an estimated 12,820 U.S. groups haven't yet pushed them as a stand-alone an estimated 12,820 U.S. women will be diagnosed with cervical cancer, and about 4,200 will die. Most haven't been screened, or have gone too long between checks.

Age matters

benefit. That spurred Tuesday's Task Force proposal to let women 30 and over choose an HPV test by itself every five years – or a Pap every three years instead. The proposal is open for public comment through Oct. 9, before it will be finalized. Some countries already Otherwise healthy women need a Pap every three years from age 21 to 20, agree most U.S. phy-sician groups and the draft Task Force guidelines. Some countries already are moving to make HPV testing the chief screening tool, including the Neth-erlands and Australia.

PUBLIC NOTICE

PUBLIC NOTICE A Neighborhood Workshop will be held to discuss a proposed Small scale Comprehensive Plan Amendment and Rezoning for a 1.7.2-actres sile on Alachua County Tax Parcels 16600-029-000 and 15001-034-000. The request is to change the Future Land Use Map designation from Single-Family (up to sunis / acre) to Utban Mixed-Use High (8-75 units / acre) and change the Zoning from Single-Family Residential (RSF-1) to Urban Mixed-Use High.

This is not a public hearing. The purpose of this workshop is to inform the public about the nature of the proposal and seek their comments.

Time: 6.00pm on Wednesday, September 27, 2017 Location: Wyndham Garden Gainesville, Board Room, 2900 SW 13th Street, Gainesville, FL 32608

Contact. Ryan Thompson, AICP Phone Number: (352) 331-1976

CHIX

EPRINTS: on 8.5x11 photo paper, contact mail.com. Only photos that were shot by a conclusion. Photos are not to be For a report on 35x11 minutes and a set of the set of t

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Exhibit C-1 NASA's Cassini spacecraft faces fiery finish at Saturn

By Marcia Dunn The Associated Press

CAPE CANAVERAL, Fla. — After a 20-year voyage, NASA's Cassini spacecraft is poised to dive into Saturn this week to become forever one with the exquisite planet. There's no turning

back: Friday it careens through the atmosphere and burns up like a meteor in the sky over

Saturn. NASA is hoping for sci-entific dividends up until the end. Every tidbit of data radioed back from Cassini will help astron-omers better understand the entire Saturnian system – rings, moons and all.

and all. The only spacecraft ever to orbit Saturn, Cassini spent the past five months exploring the uncharted territory between the gaseous planet and its dazzling rings. It's darted 22 times batween thet gan rings. It's darted 22 times between that gap, sending back ever more wondrous photos. On Monday, Cassini flew past jumbo moon Titan one last time for

Cervical cancer grows so slowly that regular Paps can find a problem early enough to treat. Titan one last time for a gravity assist— a final kiss goodbye, as NASA calls it, nudging the spacecraft into a delibe-erate, no-way-out path. During its final plunge early Friday morn-ing, Cassini will keep sampling Saturn's atmosphere and beam The older you get, the greater the chance that an HPV infection is the years long, harmful kind. To better catch those

What changes at 30

cases, today what's called

cases, today what's called co-testing is increasingly common for women 30 and over – a Pap-plus-HPV test combination. If the results of both tests are negative, women can wait five years to test again.

again. But both Paps and HPV testing can trigger false alarms, prompting unneeded, and some-times harmful, additional

care to rule out cancer.

New studies show co-testing leads to more false

alarms than either test alone, without adding benefit.

atmosphere and beam-ing back data, until the spacecraft loses control and its antenna no longer points toward Earth Descending at a scorch-ing 76,000 mph, Cassini will melt and then vapor-ize. It should be all over in

ize. It should be all over in a minute. "The mission has been insanely, wildly, beauti-fully successful, and it's coming to an end," said NASA program scien-tist Curt Niebur. "I find great comfort in the fact that Cassini will continue teaching us up to the very last second."

Telescopes on Earth will watch for Cassini's will watch for Cassini's burnout nearly a bil-lion miles away. But any flashes will be hard to see given the time – close to high noon at Saturn – and Cassini's minuscule size against the solar size against the solar system's second largest planet. The plutonium on current count is 62.

board will be the last thing to go. The dan-gerous substance was encased in super-dense iridium as a safeguard for Cassini's 1997 launch and has been used for electric power to run its instru power to run its instru-ments. Project officials said once the iridium melts, the plutonium will be dispersed into the atmosphere. Nothing - not even traces of plu-tonium - should escape Saturn's deep gravity well.

well. The whole point of this one last exercise – dubbed the Grand Finale – is to prevent the spacecraft from crash-ing into the moons of Exercised (obs. SEUM) ing into the moons of Enceladus (ehn-SEHL'-uh-duhs) or Titan. NASA wants future robotic explorers to find pristine worlds where life might possibly exist, free of Earthly contamination. It's inevitable that the \$3.9 billion U.S.-Enronean mission is European mission is winding down. Cas-sini's fuel tank is almost empty, and its objectives have been accomplished

many times over since its 2004 arrival at Saturn following a seven-year

end." Until Cassini, only three spacecraft had ventured into Saturn's neighborhood: NASA's Pioneer 11 in 1979 and Voyager 1 and 2 in the early 1980s. Those were unt fultwas though and just flybys, though, and offered fleeting glances. And so Cassini and its And so Cassini and its traveling companion, the Huygens (HOY'-gens) lander, actually provided the first hard provided the first hard look at Saturn, its rings and moons. They are named for 17th-century astronomers, Italian Giovanni Domenico Cassini and Dutch Christiaan Huwgens Christiaan Huygens, who spotted Saturn's first moon, Titan. The





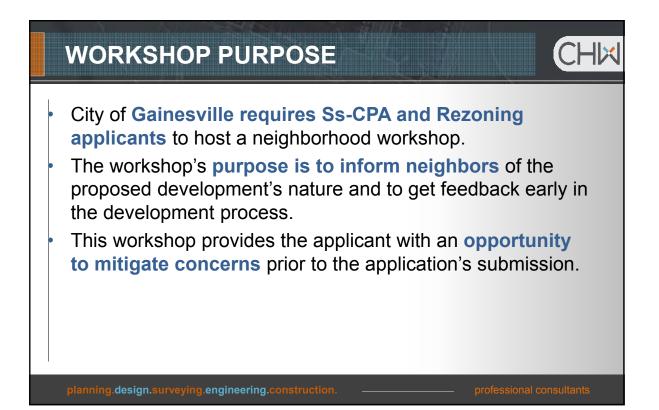
This May 4, 2014, image made available by NASA show the persistent hexagonal cloud pattern on Saturn's north pole, as seen from the Cassini spacecraft. The hexagon is similar to Earth's polar vortex, which has winds blowing in a circular pattern around the polar region, and is nearly 15,000 miles across. Nearly four Earthe could be heads it invasion. Earths could fit inside it. [NASA/JPL-CALTECH/SPACE SCIENCE INSTITUTE VIA AP]

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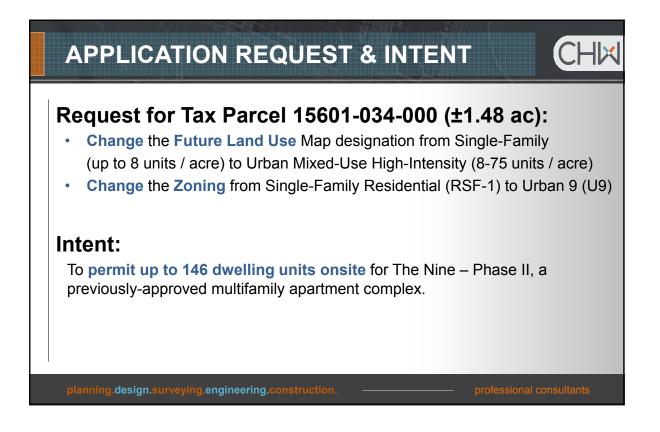
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Workshop Presentation



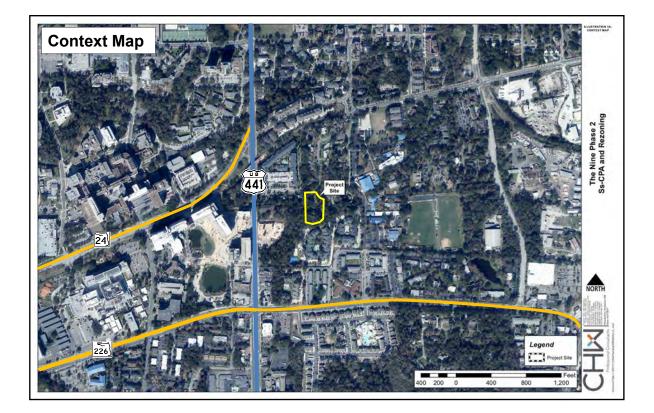


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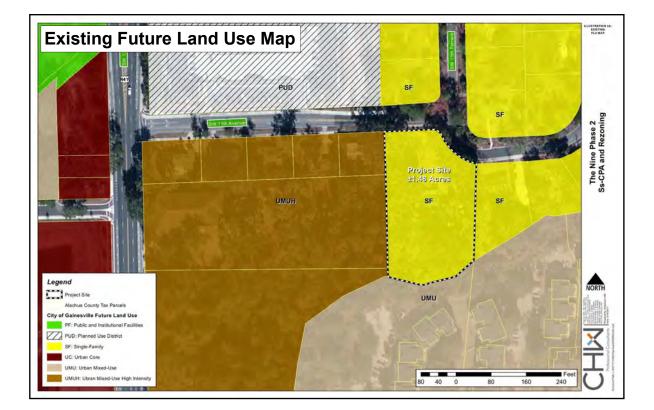


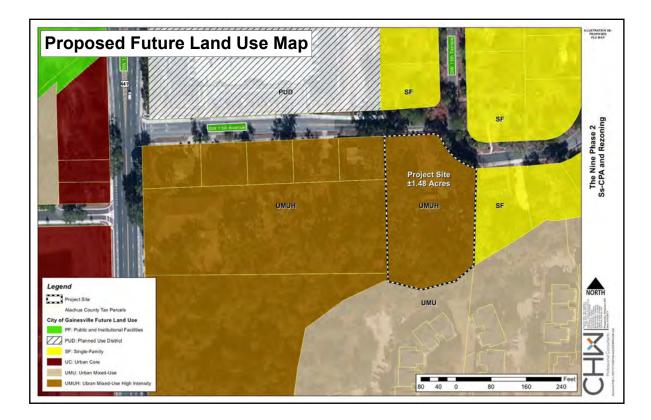
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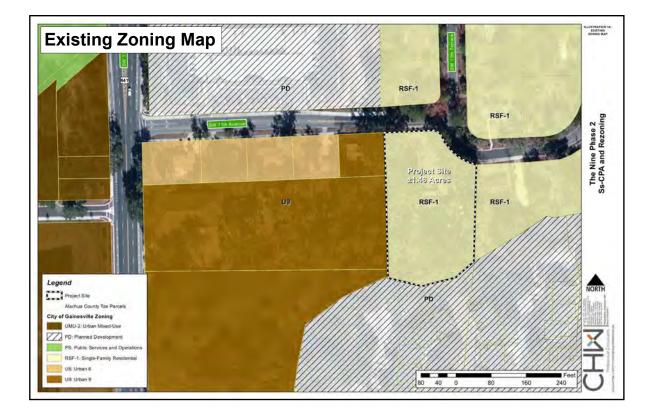
APPLI	CATION REVIEW PROCES	s CHM
	Neighborhood Workshop	September 27 th
	Submit Ss-CPA and RZ application	October 2 nd
	Staff Review	October – November
	City Plan Board Public Hearing	December 5 th
	City Commission Public Hearing	January 5 th (tentative)
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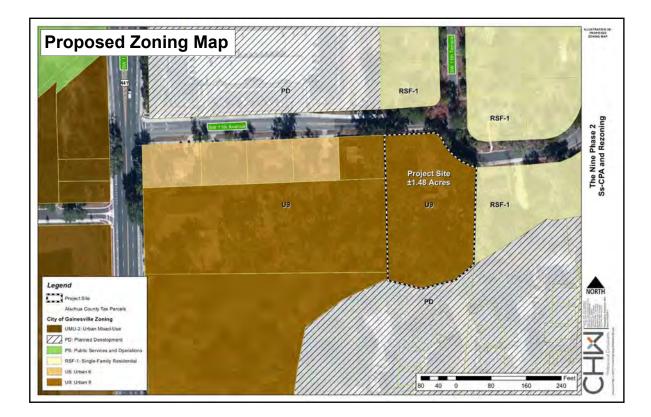




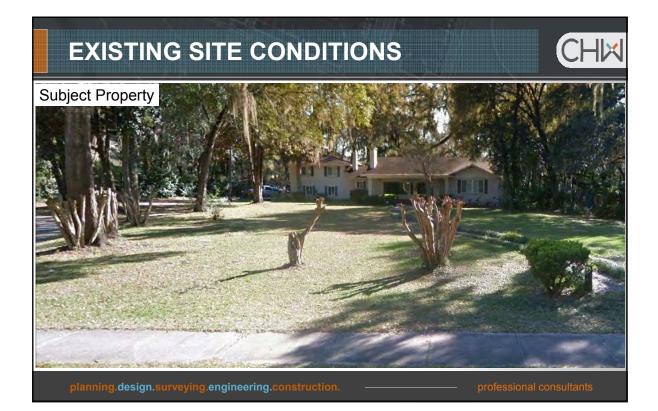




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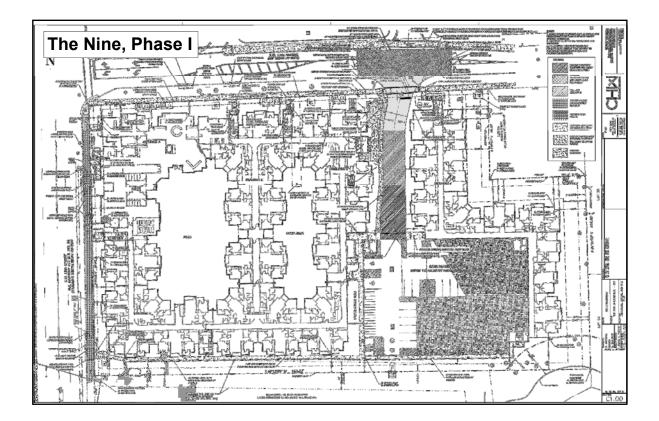


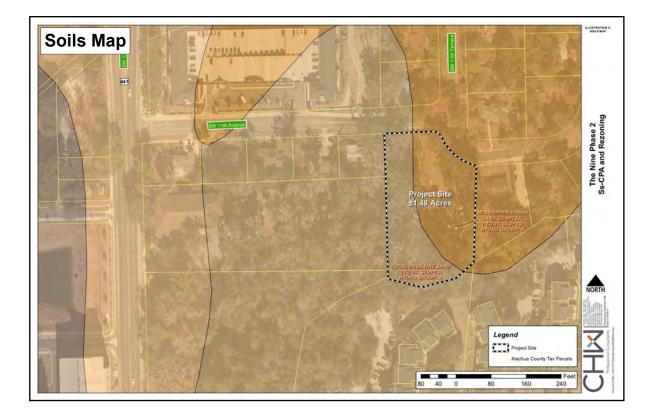
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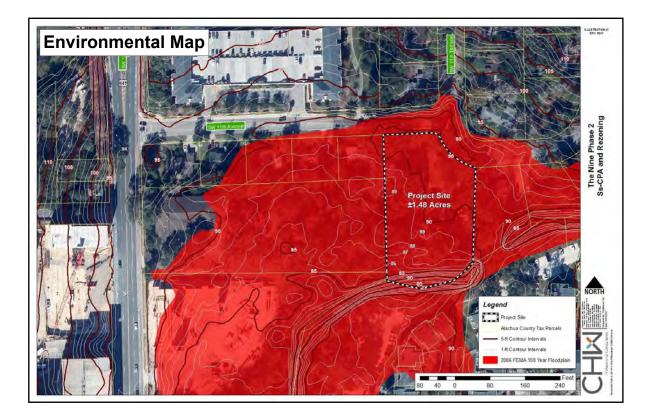
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Sign-in Sheet



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SIGN-IN SHEET

Event:	Neighborhood Workshop
Date/Time:	September 27, 2017 at 6:00pm
Place:	Wyndham Garden Gainesville

Re:

The Nine @ Gainesville, Phase II - Ss-CPA & Rezoning

#	Name	Signature	Address
1		Moustana	10895WINH Terr
2	Maria Dumtana SERGio Quintana	Alat	108956/144 Terr. 700 SW 16th PL
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Workshop Minutes



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NEIGHBORHOOD WORKSHOP MINUTES

The Nine Phase II

Small-scale Comprehensive Plan amendment (Ss-CPA) and Rezoning Applications

September 28, 2017 at 6:00 PM

Wyndham Garden Gainesville Board Room,

2900 SW 13th Street, Gainesville, FL 32608

Recorded and transcribed by CHW staff.

CHW Attendee - Ryan Thompson, AICP

Community Members in Attendance: Two

CHW Staff hosted the required Neighborhood Workshop at the Wyndham Garden. CHW gave a presentation that contained detailed information pertaining to the purpose of the workshop, the application's request and intent, public notification information, the estimated schedule and review process, and various maps illustrating the project site's location and characteristics. Two people, an adjacent homeowner and her brother attended the workshop. Discussion occurred both during a after the presentation. The following is a recount of the discussion, which has been edited for brevity and ease of reading.

Concern: Turning onto SW 11th Avenue from US-441 is a challenge because there is no turn lane and sometimes you must wait extended periods before there is a break in traffic.

Question: Can they put a traffic light at that intersection?

Response: US-441 is maintained by the Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT), who has numerous criteria required prior to permitting an intersection control devise, such as a traffic signal. Following the completion of these applications, a development plan will be submitted to the City for review, which will evaluate traffic impacts and required improvements in detail.

Question: Are you doing any traffic studies for these applications?

Response: For the Ss-CPA and Rezoning applications, we are required to look at the number of vehicle trips generated based on the site's maximum development potential. During the development plan stage, traffic is looked at in much more detail, since an actual development is known at that point. Vehicle trip generation is based on the specific number of dwelling units, and is used to determine roadway capacity following the development's completion as well as how those vehicles will be distributed on adjacent streets. The plan will be reviewed by both FDOT and the City Public Works Department.

Question: Is there going to be a driveway connecting to US-441?

Response: No, the Nine Phase I has a driveway on SW 11th Avenue, across from the existing Wildflower Apartments driveway. [Showed plan sheet for Phase I.] In general, FDOT limits the number of driveways to the maximum extent practicable.

Question: Where will the driveway for Phase II be located?

Response: We have not proceeded with the engineering plans, nor have we created conceptual plans for this site. There is a level of risk going through that effort prior to having the appropriate entitlements (land use and zoning) in place beforehand. So, at this point we are not sure where the driveway will be located. Consideration will be made for the existing intersection of SW 11th Avenue, 11th Terrace, and 11th Street.

Concern: I'm concerned that there will be considerably more traffic on SW 11th Terrace, both vehicles and bike/ped. Currently, SW 11th Street, which goes in front of PK Yonge gets backed up during pick-up/drop-off.

Response: How vehicles are distributed to adjacent roads will be evaluated during the development plan application. And, the City Land Development Code (LDC) has thresholds for required roadway improvements that may required on adjacent roadways. We do not know now what those will be, if any.

Question: Do you know how many units and what type, student or family?

Response: The maximum number of units permitted based on the land area is 146 units. Whether they are able to achieve that number, I don't know. The units could be student apartments, which typically have three to four bedrooms and a common kitchen/family room. This is similar to the Wildflower Apartments across the street.

Concern: Roadway impacts will be much greater if it is student apartments, rather than family.

Question: Do you know what the height will be?

Response: Up to four stories is permitted by right. Five stories can be achieved using the City's height bonus program. Within 100 feet of single-family residential, the building height is limited to three stories.

Question: Will the building be located right on the street like Phase I?

Response: Yes, although we do not have a development plan, I assume the building placement will reflect what is being built in Phase I. The City LDC has specific requirements for landscape, sidewalk, and building zones, which roughly measuring five feet in width each.

The workshop ended at approximately 6:30 pm.

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Application Package Table of Contents

- 1. Cover Letter
- 2. Rezoning Application
- 3. Owner Affidavit
- 4. Legal Description
- 5. Property Appraiser Datasheets and Tax Records
- 6. Neighborhood Workshop Materials

7. Justification Report

- 8. Attachments
 - a. Environmental Review Application
 - b. Public School Concurrency Form
 - c. Map Set
 - d. Boundary Survey



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The Nine Phase II

Rezoning – Justification Report October 2nd, 2017 RESUBMITTED December 21st, 2017

Prepared for: City of Gainesville Department of Doing

Prepared on behalf of: Carolyn H. Jordan Life Estate

Prepared by: CHW

PN# 17-0342 L:\2017\17-0342\Planning\Reports\RPT_17-0342_JR_REZ_171002.docx

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1. Executive Summary

To: Ms. Wendy Thomas, AICP, Department of Doing, Director

From: Ryan Thompson, AICP, Project Manager

Date: December 21, 2017

Re: The Nine Phase II — Rezoning Application

Jurisdiction:	Intent of Development:
City of Gainesville	Multi-family Residential
Location:	
1135 SW 11 th Avenue, Gainesville, FL 32	2601
Parcel Number:	Acres:
15601-034-000	±1.48 acres (ac)
	(Source: Alachua County Property Appraiser)
Existing Future Land Use	Proposed Future Land Use Classification:
Classifications: SF: Single-Family (up to 8 dwelling	UMU: Urban Mixed-Use (up to 60 du/ac) This land use category allows residential,
units per acre) (du/ac)	office, retail and serve uses either as
The Single-Family land use classification identifies those areas within the City that, due to topography, soil conditions, surrounding land uses and development patterns, are appropriate for single-family development. Land development regulations shall determine the performance measures and gradations of density. Land development regulations shall allow home occupations in conjunction with single-family dwellings under certain limitations.	stand-alone uses or combined in a mixed - use development format. Light assembly, fabrication, and processing uses within fully enclosed structures shall be allowed in specified zoning districts as specially regulated by the Land Development Code. Structures in this category shall be oriented to the street and encouraged multi-modal transportation through the development design. Developments located within this category shall be scaled to fit the character of the area.



#17-0342

Existing Zoning Districts: RSF-1: Single-Family Residential (3.5 du/ac) The single-family districts are established for the purpose of providing areas for low density single-family residential development with full urban services at locations convenient to urban facilities, neighborhood convenience centers, neighborhood shopping centers and activity centers. These districts are characterized by single-family residential structures designed and	Proposed Zoning District: U8: Urban 8 (up to 60 du/ac) The intent of the Transect Districts is to establish development standards that will encourage a more efficient and sustainable urban form by allowing a range of housing, employment, shopping and recreation choices and opportunities in a compact, pedestrian-friendly environment. Urban Zones 6-9 consists of higher density mixed use buildings that accommodate retail, offices, and apartments. It has a tight network of streets, with wide sidewalks, steady street tree planting and buildings set close to the sidewalks.			
located so as to protect the character of single-family residential neighborhoods.	buildings set close to the sidewalks.			
Existing Max. Permitted Density Proposed Max. Permitted Density ¹				
$\pm 1.48 \text{ ac x } 3.5 \text{ du/ac (RSF-1)} = 5 \text{ du}$	$\pm 1.48 \times 60 \text{ du/ac} (U8) = 89 \text{ du}$			
	89 du x 2.75 bedrooms = 245 bedrooms total			
Net Change This Rezoning and concurrent Ss-CPA application will result in a net increase of 84 dwelling units permitted on the project site. 1. Note: Although the UMU FLU designation and U8 Zoning district permit both residential and nonresidential uses.				

 Note: Although the UMU FLU designation and U8 Zoning district permit both residential and nonresidential uses, this application applies to Phase II of an existing apartment complex. Therefore, only the maximum development potential for residential uses were considered in this request.



2. STATEMENT OF PROPOSED CHANGE

This Rezoning application requests to change the ± 1.48 -acre site's existing zoning designation from Single-Family Residential (RSF-1) to Urban 8 (U8) on Alachua County Tax Parcel 15601-034-000—consistent with the existing mixed-use zoning designations adjacent to the subject property. The site is located east of SW 13th Street (US-441) at 1135 SW 11th Avenue and is comprised of one (1) single-family residential lot with an existing home as seen in Figure 1 below:



Figure 1: Aerial Map

This Rezoning application is companion to a Small-scale Comprehensive Plan Amendment (Ss-CPA) that requests the Urban Mixed-Use (UMU) Future Land Use (FLU) designation on the \pm 1.48-acre site—consistent with the mixed-use FLU designations adjacent to the site. Table 1 shows the relationship between the site and its surrounding FLU and zoning designations.

Direction	Future Land Use Designation	Zoning Designation		
North	SW 11 th Avenue R.O.W.;	SW 11 th Avenue R.O.W.;		
North	SF	RSF-1		
East	SF	RSF-1		
South Urban Mixed-Use (UMU)		Planned Development (PD)		
West	UMUH	U9		



The Nine Phase I currently resides adjacent to the project site to the west. This Rezoning and concurrent Ss-CPA are being requested to ensure that onsite FLU and zoning will permit the additional multifamily units that are proposed as part of The Nine Phase II. The Nine Phase I is a previously-approved multifamily apartment complex, with a development plan, that is currently in construction at the time of this application's submittal. Figures 2 through 5 illustrate the proposed changes to existing FLU and Zoning for the ± 1.48 -acre parcel.

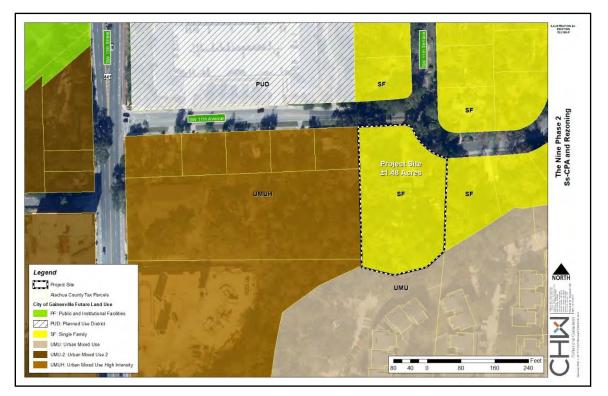


Figure 2: Existing Future Land Use Map





Figure 3: Proposed Future Land Use Map

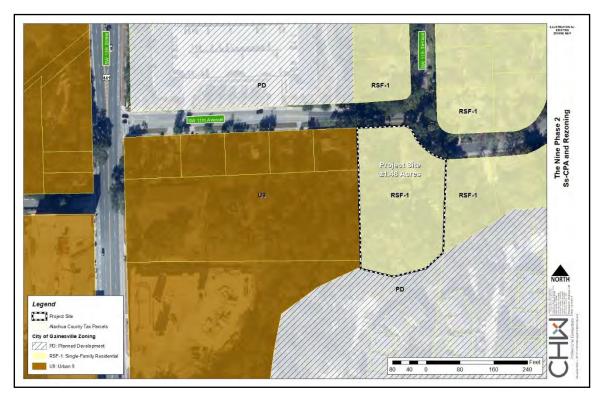


Figure 4: Existing Zoning Map



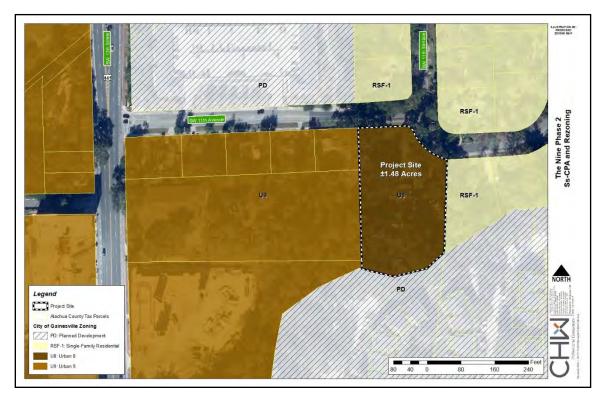


Figure 5: Proposed Zoning Map



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3. IMPACT ANALYSIS

IMPACT ON RESIDENTIAL STREETS

Approval of these applications and the subsequent development of the project site will have limited impacts on the residential streets to the east. A traffic study conducted by a professional transportation engineer was completed during The Nine Phase I which concluded that that the majority of project traffic is anticipated to access the project site on 11th Avenue from SW 13th Street. Thus, only a modest percentage of the total estimated trips generated from The Nine Phase II are anticipated to enter into the neighborhood to the east. Additionally, it is anticipated that automobile trips will be minimized due to the project's central location, walkability of the area, and access to public transportation.

IMPACT ON NOISE AND LIGHTING

In addition to the previously-approved The Nine Phase I complex, similar multifamily and multistory uses are located along the SW 13th Street corridor. Appropriate buffers will be provided to minimize impacts to near-by single-family uses and the project's exterior lighting will be in accordance with the City of Gainesville's Land Development Code (LDC) requirements.

ENVIRONMENTAL FEATURES

The project is located in the City of Gainesville's urban, developed area. Tumblin Creek is located to the south of the subject parcel. Onsite buffering and setbacks from Tumblin Creek, if required, will be consistent with City of Gainesville Comprehensive Plan and LDC. Per the National Wetlands Inventory data and the City's Surface Waters and Wetlands District map, there are no identified wetlands on this site. As shown on the survey included as an attachment to this report, there are two (2) small areas of floodplain located in the southern portion of the site. Surveyor's Note #9 on the survey identifies the floodplain elevation at 85.43 ft. (NAVD 1988). The floodplain areas have been highlighted on the survey for easier identification. Floodplains located within either Phase of The Nine will be mitigated onsite via a stormwater management system consistent with the design standards outlined in §30-8.6. of the LDC.

According to the National Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) online database, the onsite soil types are Millhopper-Urban Land Complex—0 to 5% slopes and Lochloosa Fine Sand—2 to 5% slopes (Figure 7). Both soil types are classified as Hydro Group A which is favorable for urban development. These soil types are present throughout urbanized area of Gainesville and are suitable for urban-type development, as indicated by the existing development on the same soil types nearby.



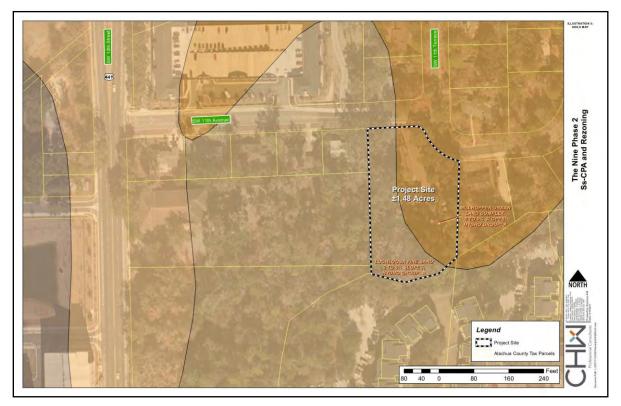


Figure 6: Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Soils Map

HISTORIC AND ARCHEOLOGICAL RESOURCES

According to the Florida Division of Historical Resources (DHR), no archeological resources are located on the property.

COMMUNITY CONTRIBUTIONS

The proposed Rezoning application is consistent with the City of Gainesville Comprehensive Plan and LDC. The site's potential development will provide for urban infill within an existing multifamily land development pattern along a major transit route. Urban infill reduces the pressure to develop along the urban area's fringes and reduces the potential for urban sprawl. The intended development of The Nine Phase II will provide urban-scale housing options within walking distance of both the University of Florida's (UF) main campus and health facilities. The requested U8 Zoning district and corresponding UMU FLU designation encourages dense development patterns and the efficient use of land.

POTENTIAL LONG-TERM ECONOMIC BENEFITS

The potential mixed-used development will have positive, long-term impacts to the City's economy and tax base. Approval of this application will permit development that will further increase the city's tax base and density within the urban core.



LEVEL OF SERVICE (LOS)

The following tables summarize the potential net impacts from the proposed Rezoning. The current RSF-1 Zoning district allows a maximum of 3.5 du/ac while the proposed U8 district allows for 60 du/ac. Although the intended development will not include any nonresidential development, City of Gainesville staff has requested that the applicant also evaluate the inclusion of commercial uses. Therefore, this analysis includes the intended multifamily apartment complex plus 5,000 sq. ft. of permitted, nonresidential uses.

The potential net impact from this Rezoning scenario is not anticipated to cause public facilities to operate below the City's adopted LOS standards. LOS standards were calculated based on the net density increases that may result from this development scenario.

Roadways / Transportation

Land Use ¹	Units	Daily		AM Peak		PM Peak	
(ITE)		Rate ¹	Trips	Rate ¹	Trips	Rate ¹	Trips
Proposed							
Apartment (ITE 220)	245 ²	3.31	811	.28	69	.40	98
Specialty Retail (ITE 826)	5,000 sq. ft.	44.32	222	6.84	34	2.71	14
Existing							
Single-Family Detached Housing (ITE 210)	5	9.52	48	.77	4	1.02	5
Net Demand	-	-	985	-	99	-	107

Table 2: Potential Net Trip Generation

1. Source: ITE Trip Generation Manual, 9th Edition

 Note: Based upon the LDC standards imposed on developments within the UF Context Area, a multiplier of 2.75 bedrooms per du was utilized to calculate trip generation estimates (LDC §30-4.8).

Conclusion: The potential net impacts from this development scenario will not negatively impact the City's adopted LOS. As concluded in the traffic study conducted by a professional transportation engineer during Phase I (DB-16-146 SPL), a minimum of 80% of the total traffic generated from the project site will head west on SW 11th Avenue to US-441, while the remaining 20% will head east and disperse among various local roads.

The site is located within the City's Transportation Mobility Program Area (TMPA) Zone A. Developments within TMPA Zone A are responsible for providing transportation improvements that are required due to safety and/or operational conditions. Development within TMPA Zone A will be required to provide items a. – e. identified in the City's Comprehensive Plan, Transportation Mobility Element Policy 10.1.4.



- a. Sidewalk connections to existing and planned public sidewalk;
- b. Cross-access connections/easements or joint driveways;
- Deeding of land or conveyance of required easements along the property frontage to the City, as needed, for the construction of public sidewalks, bus turn-out facilities and/or bus shelters;
- d. Closure of existing excessive, duplicative, or unsafe curb cuts or narrowing of overly wide curb cuts at the development site; and
- e. Provide safe and convenient on-site pedestrian circulation.

The proposed redevelopment allows residents and employees to have walking access to the Regional Transit System's numerous bus routes that can provide residents access to commercial and institutional uses along US-441 without the use of a personal vehicle. Urban infill along existing bus routes is consistent with the City's and RTS's long term plans and policies.

Potable Water

Based on Figure 8, a map provided by Gainesville Regional Utilities (GRU), potable water infrastructure is available to the site. Connection to the project site will either stem from an extension of the existing 12" Cast Iron Pipe (CIP) water main currently serving The Nine Phase I to the west or from the existing 8" Ductile Iron Pipe (DIP) water main that serves the onsite single-family home.

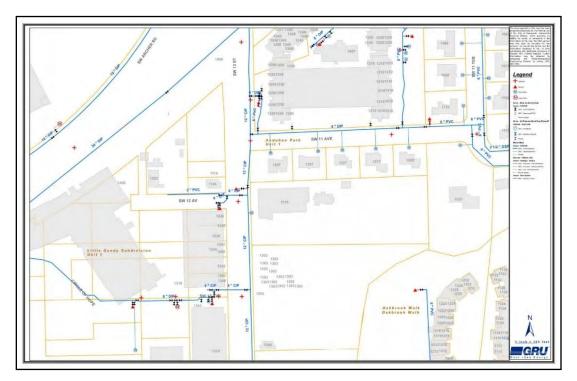


Figure 7. Existing Potable Water Infrastructure



Table 3: Potential Potable Water Imp	act
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Land Use	Maximum Units	Generation Rate	Estimated Demand (GPD)		
Proposed					
Multifamily Residential	89	200 gal/person/day ¹ (2.2 persons per household)	39,160		
Commercial / Retail	5,000 sq. ft.	.15 gal / sq. ft. ²	750		
Existing					
Single-Family Residential	gle-Family Residential 5		2,200		
Net Demand	-	household) -	37,710		

1. Source: City of Gainesville Comprehensive Plan, Potable Water & Wastewater Element

2. Source: Ch. 64E-6.008, F.A.C.

Conclusion: The project site will be served by existing GRU potable water infrastructure. The potential net impact from this development scenario will not negatively impact the City's adopted LOS for potable water.

Sanitary Sewer

Based on Figure 9, a map provided by GRU, sanitary sewer infrastructure is available to the site. Connection to the project site will either stem from an extension of the existing gravity main currently serving The Nine Phase I or from the gravity main found in the SW 11th Avenue R.O.W. that serves the onsite single-family home.

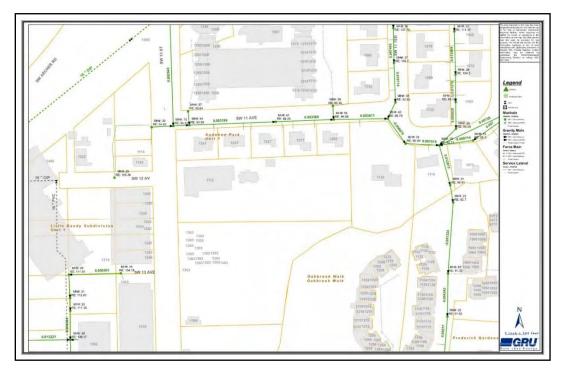


Figure 8. Existing Sanitary Sewer Infrastructure



Table 4:	Potential	Net	Wastewater	Impact
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Land Use	Maximum Units	Generation Rate	Estimated Demand (GPD)		
Proposed					
		147 gal/person/day1			
Multifamily Residential	89	(2.2 persons per household)	28,783		
Commercial / Retail	5,000 sq. ft.	.15 gal / sq. ft. ²	750		
Existing					
Single-Family Residential 5		147 gal/person/day ¹ (2.2 persons per household)	1,617		
Net Demand	mand -		27,916		

1. Source: City of Gainesville Comprehensive Plan, Potable Water & Wastewater Element

2. Source: Ch. 64E-6.008, F.A.C.

Conclusion: The project site will be served by existing GRU wastewater infrastructure. The potential net impacts this development scenario will not negatively impact the City's adopted LOS for wastewater.

Potential Solid Waste Impact

Table 5. Potential Solid Waste Impact

Land Use	Maximum Units	Generation Rate ¹	Tons Per Year		
Proposed					
Multifamily Residential	89	.655 tons/person/day (2.2 persons per household)	128		
Commercial / Retail	5,000 sq. ft. ((12 lbs. / 1,000 ft ² per da x 5,000 ft ²) x 365) / 2,000		11		
Existing					
Single-Family Residential 5		.665 tons/person/day (2.2 persons per household)	7		
Leveda Brown Environm			>20 years		

1. Source: Alachua County Comprehensive Plan, Solid Waste Element

Conclusion: As calculated in Table 5, solid waste facility capacity exists to adequately serve this development scenario for the subject property. Thus, approval of this rezoning application will not negatively impact the City's adopted LOS.



Public School and Recreation Impact

The City of Gainesville requires all Rezoning applications involving residential developments to include an estimated Public School Generation analysis. This is conducted by completing the City's Public School Student Generation Calculation Form. A completed copy of this form has been included within this application's submittal. The development's estimated impact on the City's Public School System is found in the table below:

Land Use		Elem.		Middle		High	
(ITE)	Units	Rate ¹	Total	Rate ¹	Total	Rate ¹	Total
Proposed							
Multifamily Residential	89	.08	7	.03	3	.03	3
Existing							
Single-Family Residential	5	.15	1	.07	1	.09	1
Net Generation	-	-	6	-	2	-	2

Table 6: Projected Public School Demand

1. Source: City of Gainesville School Concurrency Form

If the project were to be developed utilizing the site's maximum development potential, this Rezoning application's approval would result in a potential increase of **6** elementary and **2** middle and high school **student stations** to the City's Public School system.

As evidenced by the LOS Standards for Parks' table within the City of Gainesville Comprehensive Plan's Recreation Element, the City's existing LOS for City Parks exceed the Adopted LOS for all Gainesville park designations. This discrepancy is shown on Table 7 of this report:

Table 7: LOS Standards for Parks

Park	Adopted LOS Standard	Existing LOS
Local Nature/Conservation	6.00 ac.	15.71 ac.
Community Park	2.00 ac.	2.13 ac.
Neighborhood Park	.80 ac.	1.33 ac.
Total Acres per 1000	8.80 ac.	19.73 ac.

1. Source: Alachua County Comprehensive Plan, Recreation Element

If the creation of recreation facilities is deemed appropriate for the project site as a result of this application, the developer will remain consistent with all Recreation design policies required by the City's Comprehensive Plan and LDC.



4. CONSISTENCY WITH CITY OF GAINESVILLE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN

The proposed rezoning site is currently within the RSF-1 zoning district. The requested rezoning to U8 is consistent with the accompanying Ss-CPA application for an onsite UMU FLU designation.

The UMU designation permits a mixture of residential and nonresidential uses designed to promote both pedestrian and transit use in the City of Gainesville's developed, urban area. The proposed amendment is consistent with the following Comprehensive Plan goals, objectives, and policies:

FUTURE LAND USE ELEMENT

- GOAL 1 IMPROVE THE QUALITY OF LIFE AND ACHIEVE A SUPERIOR, SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT PATTERN IN THE CITY BY CREATING AND MAINTAINING CHOICES IN HOUSING, OFFICES, RETAIL, AND WORKPLACES, AND ENSURING THAT A PERCENTAGE OF LAND USES ARE MIXED, AND WITHIN WALKING DISTANCE OF IMPORTANT DESTINATIONS.
- Policy 1.1.1 To the extent possible, all planning shall be in the form of complete and integrated communities containing housing, shops, workplaces, schools, parks and civic facilities essential to the daily life of the residents.
- Policy 1.1.2 To the extent possible, neighborhoods should be sized so that housing, jobs, daily needs and other activities are within easy walking distance of each other.
- Objective 1.2 Protect and promote viable transportation choices (including transit, walking and bicycling, and calmed car traffic).
- Policy 1.2.3 The City should encourage mixed-use development, where appropriate.
- Objective 1.4 Adopt land development regulations that promote mixed-use development.
- Objective 1.5 Discourage the proliferation of urban sprawl.
- Policy 4.1.3 The City will review proposed changes to the Future Land Use Map by considering factors such as, but not limited to, the following:

Support for urban infill and/or redevelopment.



TRANSPORTATION MOBILITY ELEMENT

Transportation Mobility Element Overall Goal

ESTABLISH A TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM THAT ENHANCES COMPACT DEVELOPMENT, REDEVELOPMENT, AND QUALITY OF LIFE, THAT IS SENSITIVE TO CULTURAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL AMENITIES, AND THAT IMPLEMENTS THE VISION OF THE "YEAR 2035 LONG RANGE TRANSPORTATION PLAN" WITHIN THE CITY OF GAINESVILLE. THE TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM SHALL BE DESIGNED TO MEET THE NEEDS OF PEDESTRIANS, BICYCLISTS, TRANSIT, AND AUTO USERS. SAFETY AND EFFICIENCY SHALL BE ENHANCED BY LIMITATIONS AND CARE IN THE LOCATIONS OF DRIVEWAYS, PROVISION OF SIDEWALK CONNECTIONS WITHIN DEVELOPMENTS, AND AN OVERALL EFFORT TO ENHANCE AND ENCOURAGE PEDESTRIAN MOBILITY THROUGHOUT THE COMMUNITY BY IMPROVEMENT AND PROVISION OF SAFE CROSSINGS, COMPLETE SIDEWALK AND TRAIL SYSTEMS, AND SIDEWALKS OF ADEQUATE WIDTHS. BASIC TRANSPORTATION SHOULD BE PROVIDED FOR TRANSPORTATIONDISADVANTAGED RESIDENTS TO EMPLOYMENT, EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES, AND BASIC SERVICES.

- Objective 2.1 Create an environment that promotes transportation choices, compact development, and a livable city.
- Objective 2.2 Ensure that Future Land Use Map designations promote transportation objectives by designating transit-supportive densities in appropriate locations to support transportation choice.
- Objective 3.1 Establish land use designations and encourage development plans that reduce vehicle miles traveled and are transit supportive.
- Objective 7.1 Provide multi-modal opportunities and mixed-use development areas to reduce single-occupant automobile trips and reduce vehicle miles traveled.



5. CONSISTENCY WITH THE LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE

The following identifies how this application is consistent with the City of Gainesville's LDC. Language from the LDC is provided in normal font, and the consistency statements are provided in **bold** font.

Division 2. Transects Section 30-4.11. Generally.

A. Intent. The intent of this division is to establish development standards that will encourage a more efficient and sustainable urban form by allowing a range of housing, employment, shopping and recreation choices and opportunities in a compact, pedestrian-friendly environment.

The ±1.48-acre project site consists of a single residential unit less than one block from an arterial roadway, US-441/NW 13th Street. The proposed use, the second phase of an apartment complex is a much more efficient use of this urban location. Approval of this application and the accompanying Ss-CPA will increase the number of housing units adjacent to RTS bus routes (transit), a sidewalk system that includes the Archer Braid, and within walking distance to UF Health and the University of Florida's main campus.

B. [...] Urban Zones 6-9 consist of higher density mixed use buildings that accommodate retail, offices, and apartments. It has a tight network of streets, with wide sidewalks, steady street tree planting and buildings set close to the sidewalks.

This application is consistent with the description of the requested U8 Zoning District as it includes apartments, which substantially increases the density on the 1.48-acre subject property. Although a development plan has not yet been prepared, The Nine Phase I is designed with the building close to the street, a landscape zone, and wide sidewalk. Phase II will be designed in similar fashion.

C. Streets. Within the transects, new developments shall connect to the existing street network. Where the existing street network is deficient with respect to gridded connectivity, the development shall provide new street connections to meet the block perimeter requirements.

The zoning map identifies a hierarchy of street types that determine the relationship of buildings to the street and the standards for the design of street landscaping and sidewalks. Street types include: Storefront, Principal, Thoroughfare, and Local Streets. All undesignated existing streets are assumed to be Local Streets. Below is a detailed description of the general function, character, and elements of each street type. Final street design for new development shall be in accordance with this article and the Design Manual, subject to review and approval by the City Manager or designee in the development review process. In the event of a conflict between the standards in this article and the Design Manual, the Design Manual shall govern.



d. Local. Local Streets are intended to have slow speeds and provide for connections within neighborhoods and between residential areas and commercial areas. Local Streets are not identified on the zoning map, but make up the vast majority of the street types within the transects. Any street that is not identified as a Storefront, Principal, or Thoroughfare street should be assumed to be a Local Street.

The subject property is located along SW 11th Avenue, which considered a Local Street since the zoning map does not identify it as a Storefront, Principal, or Thoroughfare street. This street serves two existing apartment complexes, and connects US-441 to a single-family neighborhood, PK Yonge School, and eventually Depot Avenue/downtown.

Section 30-4.12. Permitted Uses within Transects.

The following table contains the list of uses allowed, and specifies whether the uses are allowed by right P), accessory to a principal use (A), or by special use permit approval (S). Blank cells indicate that the use is not allowed. No variances from the requirements of this section shall be allowed.

Per Table V – 1: Permitted Uses Within Transects, "multi-family dwelling" is a permitted use by right within the U8 transect.

Section 30-8.19. Surface Water and Wetlands Review.

- A. Scope of review. The following types of applications shall be reviewed to determine whether the proposed development impacts regulated surface waters or wetlands, and if so, whether the proposed development complies with the Comprehensive Plan, the Land Development Code and other applicable law with respect to surface waters and wetlands:
 - 1. Future land use map amendments (including large-scale and small-scale);
 - 2. Rezonings and amendments to rezoning ordinances;

This application requests the Rezoning of the subject property from RSF-1 to U8. A Ss-CPA was submitted with and will be reviewed concurrent with this application.

- C. Level of review. The level of review shall be classified as follows:
 - Basic review. All applications shall undergo basic review. Basic review shall consist of determining, from available data sources and site visits (where necessary), the potential presence of any regulated surface waters and wetlands. If the basic review indicates the presence of any regulated surface waters or wetlands, then a Level 1 review is required.

A basic review was conducted by Ecosystem Research Corporation (ERC), a professional environmental scientist. Findings are documented in the ERC memorandum submitted with this application.



Exhibit C-i

Application Package Table of Contents

- 1. Cover Letter
- 2. Rezoning Application
- 3. Owner Affidavit
- 4. Legal Description
- 5. Property Appraiser Datasheets and Tax Records
- 6. Neighborhood Workshop Materials
- 7. Justification Report
- 8. Attachments
 - a. Environmental Review Application
 - b. Public School Concurrency Form
 - c. Map Set
 - d. Boundary Survey

Exhibit C-1

Application Package Table of Contents

- 1. Cover Letter
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- 7. Justification Report

8. Attachments

a. Environmental Review Application

- b. Public School Concurrency Form
- c. Map Set
- d. Boundary Survey



MEMORANDUM

2 October 2017

To: Brad Wolfe, Director of Development 908 Group

Pete Wallace Fith M. Wallace From:

Subject: The Nine at Gainesville, Phase II

Introduction

Ecosystem Research Corporation (ERC) was retained by the **908 Group** to perform a general Environmental Resource Assessment (ERA) at The Nine at Gainesville (The Nine), which is currently under construction. The Nine consists of two phases, Phase I and Phase II, located within the southeast quadrant of the intersection of SW 13th Street (US 441) and SW 11th Avenue (**Figure 1**). Phase I is currently under construction and consists of **3.63** acres. Phase II is proposed for future construction and consists of **1.56** acres. Phase I was historically located on five (5) Alachua County tax parcels (15615-000-000, 15600-033-000, 15600-032-000, and 15600-030-000), and Phase II is proposed for Alachua County tax parcels 15600-029-000 and 15601-034-000 (**Figure 2**). The current ERA describes the existing Environmental Resources of the Phase II Project Site and is prepared in support of a Small-Scale Comprehensive Plan Amendment and Zoning Change Application currently being submitted for the Phase II Project Site.

General Environmental Setting

The Project Site is located geographically within the southwest area of the City of Gainesville along the southeast perimeter of the University of Florida. The site is located within the geographic coverage area of the Gainesville East USGS quadrangle map (**Figure 3**). The quad map clearly shows that the site lies along the north boundary of Tumblin Creek, which is a regulated creek as described within the City of Gainesville Land Development Regulations (**Figure 4**).

The LiDAR topography (2001, NAVD88) of the Project Site and surrounding area is shown on **Figure 5** and a close-up of the LiDAR coverage of the Project Site is shown on **Figure 6**. The LiDAR coverage clearly shows the location of the excavated creek channel with steep slopes that define a deeply incised channel. Tumblin Creek, which historically

originated north of University Avenue adjacent to NW 6th Street, has been totally filled for much of the extent from the historical headwaters to SW 5th Avenue. From this area to the terminus at Bivens Arm, the creek was excavated several times from the 1940s to the 1970s. There are **NO** areas of the historical channel remaining in the natural historical condition. The creek has been excavated and filled with dirt, debris, concrete, and various other building type construction debris along its entire length. The creek now functions as a significantly disturbed stormwater conveyance that routes water through southwest Gainesville.

The topography from the LiDAR shows the Phase II area gently slopes upland from the creek from an approximate top-of-bank contour of ± 87 ft (surface water boundary) (Figure 7) to a high elevation of ± 92 ft. The bottom contour of the creek bed is represented by the 79-ft contour in the Phase II Project Site area. There is an old remnant channel of the creek that runs along the south boundary of the Project Site between the 86-ft and 88-ft contours (Figure 7). This old creek area was used as part of an irrigation area for previous landowners that occupied the onsite dwellings in the late 1940s and 1950. There are currently headwall structures and small check dams present in the old creek that may have been used for onsite irrigation or water retention. This area of the site flooded for a short period during Hurricane Irma but the existing vegetation would not be consistent with describing this feature as a wetland area. However, within the remnant channel there are silt soils and scattered gleyed clays that support the historical origins of the area. There is an old water pump still located in the existing creek channel in the south-central area of the southern site perimeter. The well or pump has an elaborate concrete structure within the existing creek bed that appears to have been associated with a dam that caused water to pool on the upstream side. This dam was probably used in association with the pump to route creek water north to the Project Site. There is a 3–4-inch metal irrigation pipe that is still visible that travels from the pump to somewhere on site. The pipe is visible within the historical extent of the old stream channel.

Also evident on the 2001 LiDAR topography is an old road crossing that extends across the creek that was located off site at the southeast corner of the site. There are remnant culverts at this location, but the road crossing is no longer visible on the ground. There is a constriction in the creek channel at this location, but the roadway was apparently washed away.

The FEMA flood prone map for the site and surrounding area is shown on **Figure 8**. In the area of the Project Site, the FEMA flood zone is mapped as Zone AE in which the base flood elevations of Tumblin Creek have been calculated by the City of Gainesville. The actual flood zone for the area will be regulated by the actual flood contour that will be more rigorously defined on the site topographic survey. The actual flood zone as redefined by the City of Gainesville is most probably substantially less than the area defined by the FEMA flood zone as shown on Figure 8.

The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) soils mapping units found on the Project Site are shown on **Figure 9**. There are two (2) primary mapping units shown and described as Arredondo fine sand, 5 to 8 percent slopes and Lochloosa fine same, 2 to 5 percent slopes. Despite the generally described physical characteristics of these mapping units as defined by NRCS, all onsite soils have been dredged and filled and drained and so significantly altered that the general drainage characteristics that exist today would need to be verified by site-specific geotechnical investigation.

General Results of Field Survey

A field survey was conducted of the Project Site on 29 September 2017 to generally assess the plant communities and habitats present on the Phase II area. The results of the field survey are shown on Figure 10, in which the GPS icons represent areas where site-specific data were recorded. Both parcels within the Phase II area are currently occupied by residential areas with usable dwellings. The dwelling located on parcel 15600-029-000 is abandoned while the dwelling on parcel 15601-034-000 is occupied. Both residential areas have significant cover of exotic yard grasses and exotic ornamental species. Tree canopy areas are dominated by live oak (Quercus virginiana Mill.), laurel oak (Quercus hemisphaerica Bartr.), water oak (Quercus nigra L.), sweetgum (Liquidambar styraciflua L.), pignut hickory (Carva glabra [Mill.] Sweet), and southern magnolia (Magnolia grandiflora L.) with many camphor-tree (Cinnamomum camphora [L.] Nees & Eberm.) also present. A complete listing of the most common species encountered is shown in Table 1. The north boundary of the creek channel has a variable width buffer of large native and exotic tree species. The historical and existing locations and characteristics of the onsite creek channel will be more accurately evaluated when the site topographic survey is complete. There is an erosional area associated with the construction of Phase I in the southeast corner of that project site area. This area will need to be regraded and planted to avoid significant further erosion and instability of the creek bank. Many of the large trees that occur within the creek buffer are nearly at the end of their life expectancy. Many trees have roots exposed within the creek channel and are susceptible to continued erosion and future storm damage.

There were **NO** listed plant or animal species found on the Project Site. A search of the available GIS databases for listed species was performed and the results are presented on **Figure 11**. Based on the results of the data search, there are **NO** eagle nests or wading bird rookeries in the immediate vicinity of the Project Site. The site is located within the historical forage buffer of the River Styx Wood Stork Colony; however, this colony is currently considered to be abandoned. The site is located within an historical red-cockaded woodpecker consultation area but this species is considered extirpated from Alachua County. The site is located within an Eastern Indigo Snake occurrence area but onsite habitat for this species is considered as minimal. Development of the Phase II area will have a very minimal chance to adversely affect transient use of the site by listed animal species.

Final Statement

Based on the results of the field survey and GIS related information, there are **NO** onsite Regulated Natural Resources that would prevent or significantly interfere with development of the Project Site as proposed. The creek buffer that will be required will be more discretely defined when the site topographic survey is complete. If you need any additional information, please do not hesitate to give me a call.

Species	Trait Species Recorded within The Mile Troject		USFWS ¹	FDEP ²	Floristic ³
Code	Scientific Name	Common Name	Classif.	Classif.	Classif.
ACE NEG	Acer negundo L.	Box elder	FACW	FACW	NC
ALB JUL	Albizia julibrissin Durazz.	Mimosa	NL	UPL	EW
ARD CRE	Ardisia crenata Sims	Scratchthroat	NL	FAC	EA
BID ALB	Bidens alba (L.) DC.	Beggarticks	NL	UPL	NW
BUX SP.	Buxus sp.	Boxwood	NL	UPL	EW
CAL AME	Callicarpa americana L.	Beautybush	FACU-	UPL	NC
CAR CAR	Carpinus caroliniana Walter	American hornbeam	FAC	FACW	NC
CAR GLA	Carya glabra (Mill.) Sweet	Pignut hickory	FACU	UPL	NC
CEL LAE	Celtis laevigata Willd.	Hackberry	FACW	FACW	NC
CIN CAM	Cinnamomum camphora (L.) J.Presl	Camphortree	FACU	UPL	EA
CON CAN	Conyza canadensis (L.) Cronq.	Dwarf horseweed	FACU	UPL	NW
CRN FLO	Cornus florida L.	Flowering dogwood	FACU	UPL	NC
CYP CRO	Cyperus croceus Vahl	Baldwin's flatsedge	FAC	FAC	NP
DIC COM	Dichanthelium commutatum (Schultes) Gould	Variable witchgrass	FAC	FAC	NC
DIC LAX	Dichanthelium laxiflorum (Lam.) Gould	Openflower witchgrass	FAC	UPL	NC
DIC CAR	Dichondra caroliniensis Michx.	Pony-foot	FACW-	FAC	NP
DIG CIL	Digitaria ciliaris (Retz.) Koel	Southern crabgrass	NL	UPL	NW
DIO TER	Diodia teres Walt.	Poor joe	FACU-	UPL	NP
DIO BUL	Dioscorea bulbifera L.	Air-potato	NL		EA
ELA PUN	Elaeagnus pungens Thunb.	Silverthorn	NL	UPL	EW
ELE ELA	Elephantopus elatus Bertol.	Florida elephant's-foot	NL	UPL	NC
ELY CAR	Elytraria caroliniensis (J.F. Gmel.) Pers.	Carolina scalystem	FACW	FAC	NC
EMI FOS	<i>Emilia fosbergii</i> Nicolson	Florida tasselflower	NL	UPL	EW
ERI JAP	Eriobotrya japonica (Thunb.) Lindl.	Loquat	NL	UPL	EW
HED HEL	Hedera helix L.	English ivy	NL		EW
HIB SP.	Hibiscus sp. (cutivated)	Hibiscus			EW
ILL PAR	Illicium parviflorum Michx. ex Vent.	Yellow anisetree	OBL	FACW	NC
IPO COR	Ipomoea cordatotrilobata Dennst.	Tievine	NL		NW
JAS MES	Jasminum mesnyi Hance	Japanese jasmine	NL	UPL	EW
JUS BRA	Justicia brandegeana Wassh. & L.B. Sm.	Shrimpplant	NL	UPL	EW
KYL BRE	Kyllinga brevifolia Rottb.	Shortleaf spikesedge	FACW	FACW	EW
LAG IND	Lagerstroemia indica L.	Crapemyrtle	NL	UPL	EW
	Lantana camara L.	Lantana	FACU	UPL	EW
LIG JAP	Ligustrum japonicum Thunb.	Japanese privet	NL	UPL	EW

Table 1. Plant Species Recorded within "The Nine" Project Site September 29, 2017.

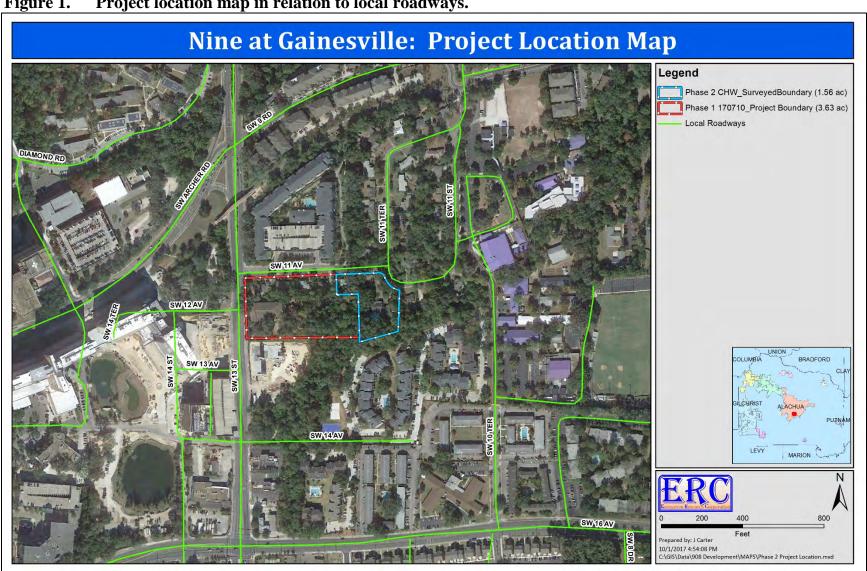
Species			USFWS ¹	FDEP ²	Floristic ³
Code	Scientific Name	Common Name	Classif.	Classif.	Classif.
LIG LUC	Ligustrum lucidum W.T. Aiton	Glossy privet	NL	UPL	EA
LIR SPI	<i>Liriope spicata</i> Lour.	Border-grass	NL	UPL	EW
MAC UNG	Macfadyena unguis-cati (L.) A.H.Gentry	Catclawvine	NL		EW
MAG GRA	Magnolia grandiflora L.	Southern magnolia	FAC+	UPL	NC
MEL AZE	Melia azedarach L.	Chinaberrytree	NL	UPL	EW
MEL PEN	Melothria pendula L.	Creeping cucumber	FACW-		NP
MOR RUB	Morus rubra L.	Red mulberry	FAC	FAC	NC
MUR NUD	Murdannia nudiflora (L.) Brenan	Nakedstem dewflower	FAC	FAC	EW
MUS PAR	Musa x paradisiaca L.	Common banana	NL	UPL	EW
NEP COR	Nephrolepis cordifolia (L.) C. Presl	Tuberous sword fern	NL	FAC	EA
OPL SET	Oplismenus setarius (Lam.) Roem. & Schult.	Woodsgrass	FACU+	FAC	NC
OXA DEB	Oxalis debilis Kunth	Pink woodsorrel	NL	UPL	EW
PAR QUI	Parthenocissus quinquefolia (L.) Planch.	Virginia creeper	FAC		NC
PAS NOT	Paspalum notatum Flugge	Bahiagrass	FACU+	UPL	EA
PAS SET	Paspalum setaceum Michx.	Thin paspalum	FAC	FAC	NP
PHY TEN	Phyllanthus tenellus Roxb.	Mascarene island leafflower	NL	UPL	EW
PHY URI	Phyllanthus urinaria L.	Chamber bitter	FAC	FAC	EW
PIN TAE	Pinus taeda L.	Loblolly pine	FAC	UPL	NC
PLE POL	Pleopeltis polypodioides (L.) E.G. Andrews & Windham	Resurrection fern	NL	UPL	NC
PRU CAR	Prunus caroliniana (Mill.) Aiton	Carolina laurelcherry	NL	UPL	NC
QUE HEM	Quercus hemisphaerica Bartr.	Laurel oak	NL	UPL	NC
QUE VIR	Quercus virginiana Mill.	Virginia live oak	FACU+	UPL	NC
RHO SP.	Rhododendron sp.	Azalea			
RUE SIM	Ruellia simplex C. Wright	Britton's wild petunia	FAC	FAC	EA
SAB MIN	Sabal minor (Jacq.) Pers.	Bluestem palm	FACW	FACW	NC
SAB PAL	Sabal palmetto (Walter) Lodd. ex Schult. & Schult. f.	Cabbage palm	FAC	FAC	NC
SMA UVE	Smallanthus uvedalia (L.) Mack. ex Small	Hairy leafcup	NL	UPL	NC
SMI BON	Smilax bona-nox L.	Greenbrier	FAC		NC
SMI TAM	Smilax tamnoides L.	Bristly greenbrier	FAC+		NC
STA FLO	Stachys floridana Shuttlew. ex Benth.	Florida betony	FAC	UPL	NP
STE SEC	Stenotaphrum secundatum (Walter) Kuntze	St.Augustinegrass	FAC	UPL	NW
SYN POD	Syngonium podophyllum Schott	American evergreen	NL		EA
THE KUN	Thelypteris kunthii (Desv.) C.V. Morton	Southern shield fern	FACW	FACW	NC
TIL AME	Tilea americana L. var. caroliniana (Mill.) Castig.	Carolina basswood	FACU	FACW	NC
TIL USN	Tillandsia usneoides (L.) L.	Spanish moss	NL	UPL	NC

Species			USFWS ¹	FDEP ²	Floristic ³
Code	Scientific Name	Common Name	Classif.	Classif.	Classif.
TOX RAD	Toxicodendron radicans (L.) Kuntze	Poison ivy	FAC		NC
TRA JAS	Trachelospermum jasminoides (Lindl.) Lem.	Confederate jasmine	NL		EW
VER GIG	Vernonia gigantea (Walter) Trel.	Giant ironweed	FAC+	FACW	NC
VIT ROT	Vitis rotundifolia Michx.	Muscadine	FAC		NP
XAN SAG	Xanthosoma sagittifolium (L.) Schott	Arrowleaf elephantear	NL	FACW	EW
YOU JAP	Youngia japonica (L.) DC.	Oriental false hawksbeard	FACU	UPL	EW
ZIN ZER	Zingiber zerumbet (L.) Sm.	Bitter ginger	NL	UPL	EW

¹USFWS (United States Fish and Wildlife Service) Classifications: OBL = obligate wetland species; FACW = facultative wetland species; FAC = facultative species (neither wetland nor upland); UPL = upland species; NL = not listed in the federal list; NI = non-indicator species

² FDEP (Florida Department of Environmental Protection) Classifications: OBL = obligate wetland species; FACW = facultative wetland species; FAC = facultative species (neither wetland nor upland); UPL = upland species; "---" = vine (non-indicator species)

³Floristic Classifications (a measure of relative desirability): NC = Native Characteristic species (highly desirable); NP = Native Pioneer species (highly desirable); NW = Native Weedy species (slightly desirable); EW = Exotic Weedy species (undesirable); EA = Exotic Aggressive species (very undesirable)



Project location map in relation to local roadways. Figure 1.



Figure 2. Parcel location map as shown in relation to Phases 1 and 2.

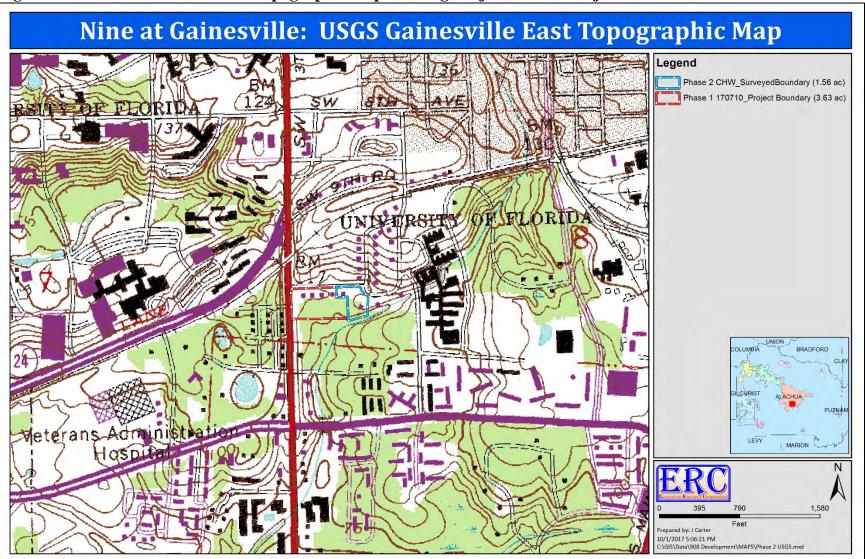
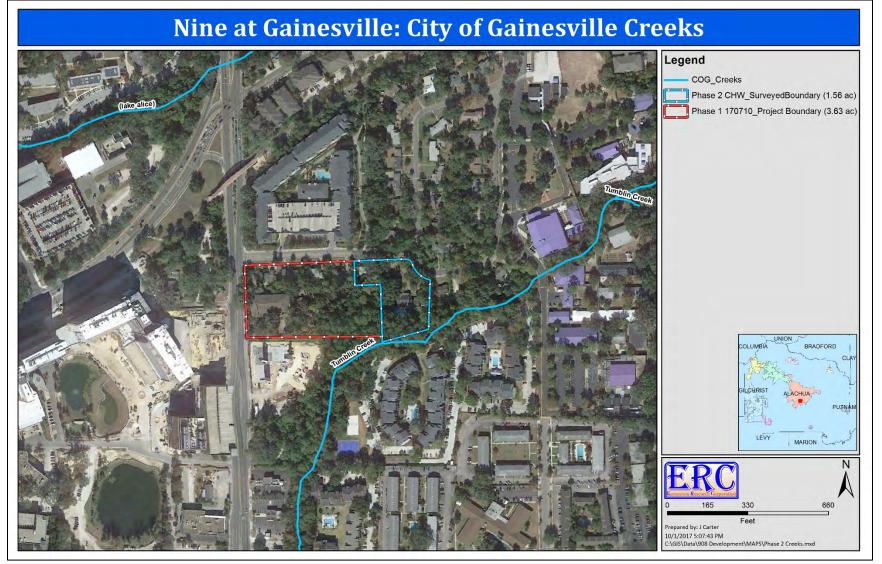


Figure 3. USGS Gainesville East topographic map showing Project Site and adjacent area.





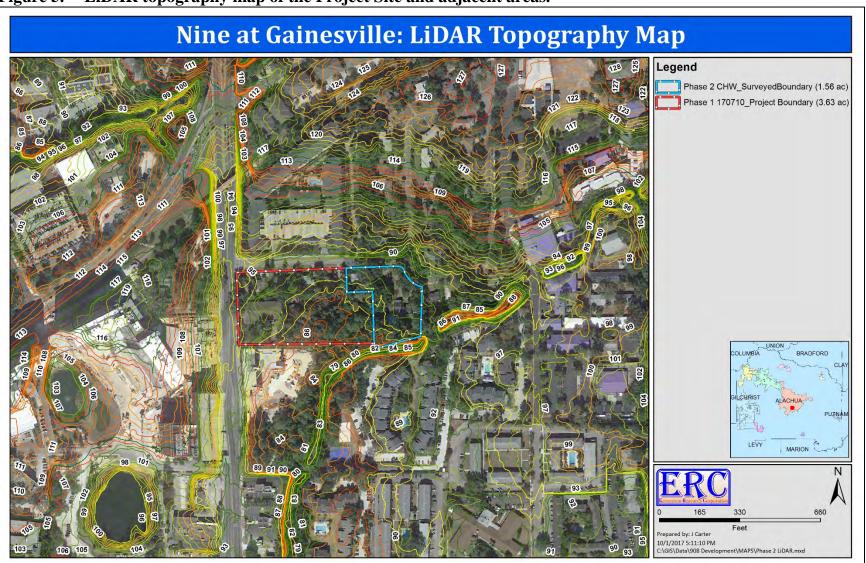


Figure 5. LiDAR topography map of the Project Site and adjacent areas.

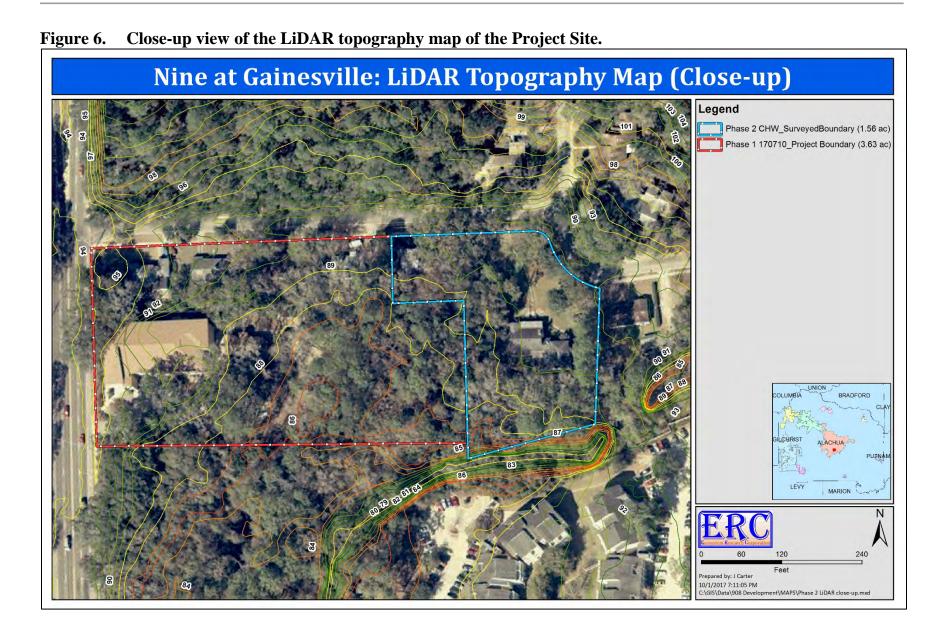
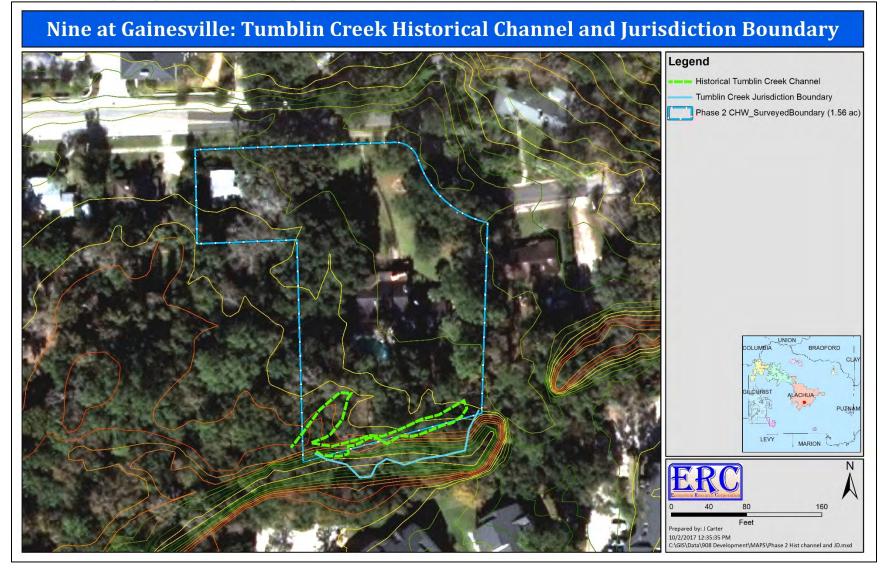


Figure 7. Approximate boundaries of the existing Tumblin Creek surface water and the remnant historical channel that lies north of the creek. These boundaries will be more accurately delineated when the site topographic survey is complete.



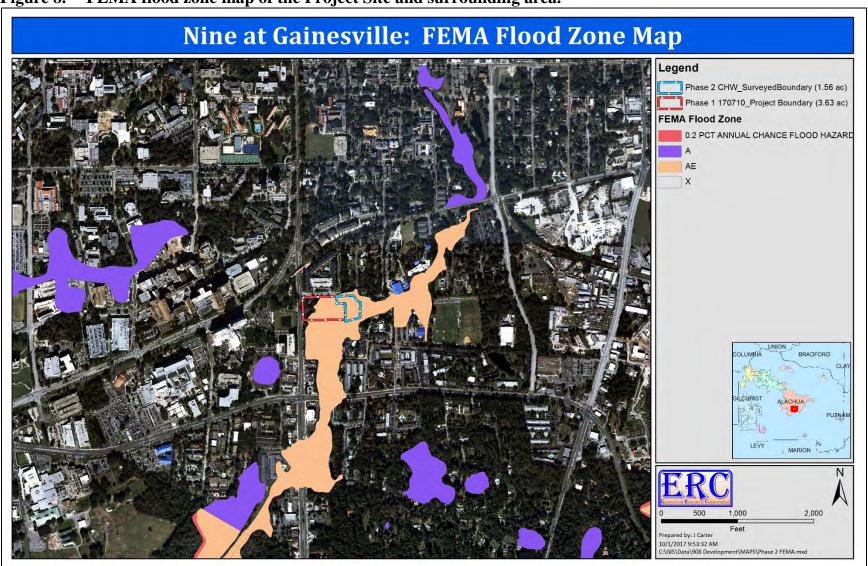


Figure 8. FEMA flood zone map of the Project Site and surrounding area.

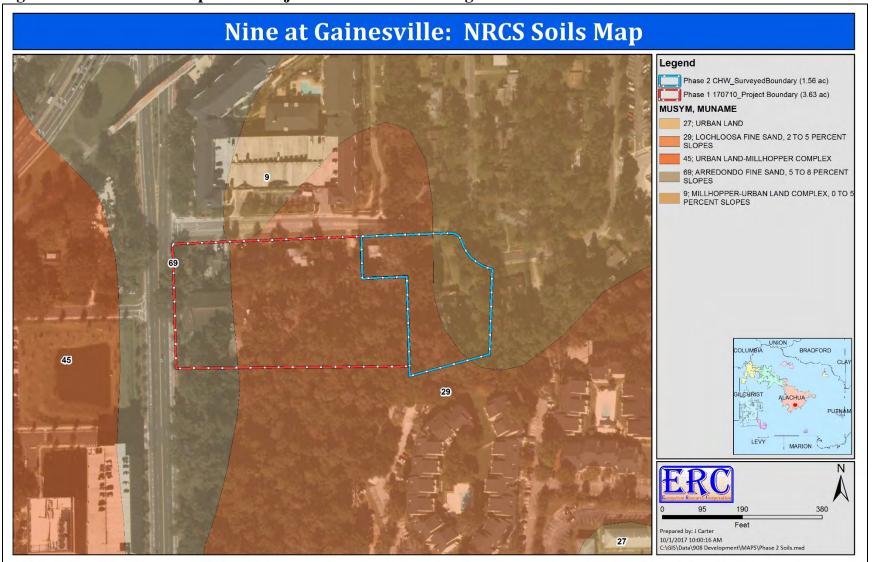


Figure 9. NRCS soils map of the Project Site and surrounding area.

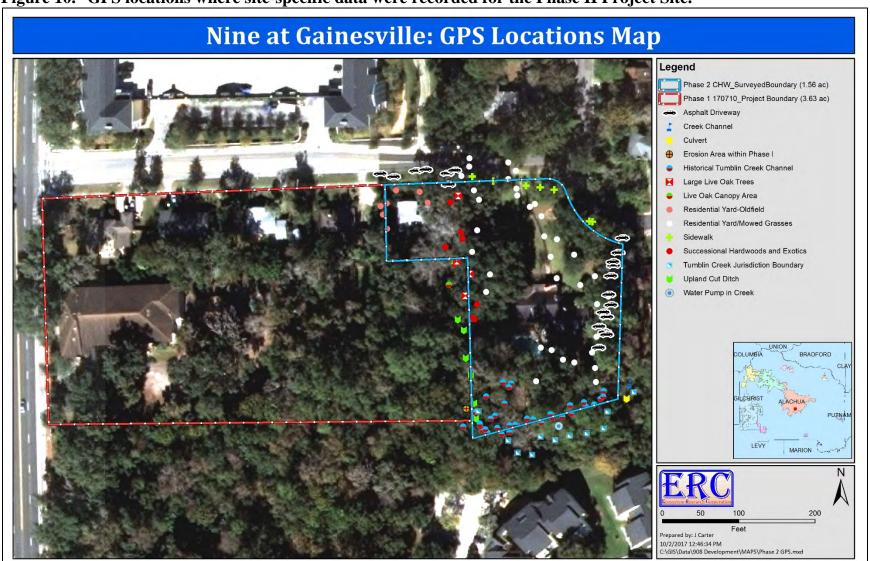


Figure 10. GPS locations where site-specific data were recorded for the Phase II Project Site.

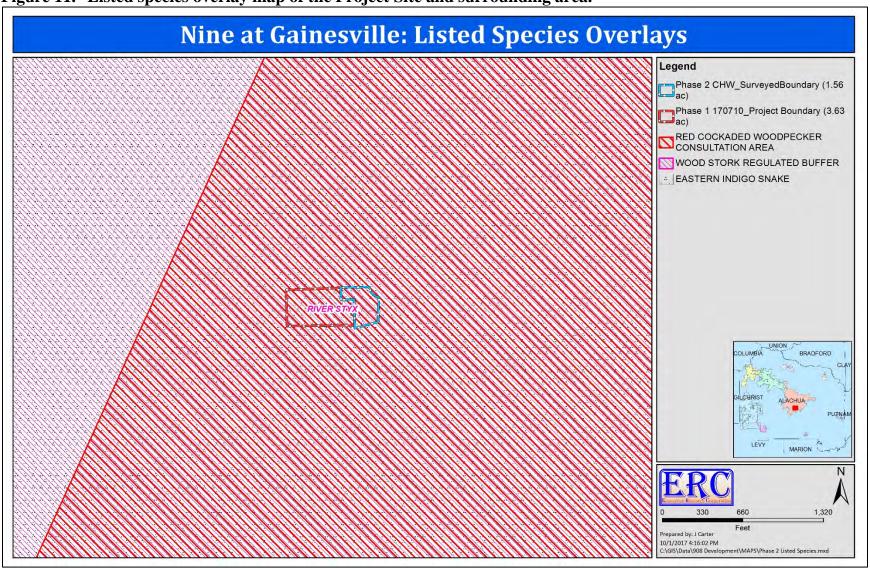


Figure 11. Listed species overlay map of the Project Site and surrounding area.

Exhibit C-1

Application Package Table of Contents

- 1. Cover Letter
- 2. Rezoning Application
- 3. Owner Affidavit
- 4. Legal Description
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8. Attachments

a. Environmental Review Application

b. Public School Concurrency Form

- c. Map Set
- d. Boundary Survey

City of Gainesville

PUBLIC SCHOOL STUDENT GENERATION CALCULATION FORM

PROJECT #

APPLICATION DATE

NAME & DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

PROJECT ADDRESS (Contact 911 Addressing @ 352.338.7361)

Tax Parcel Numbers

Acreage

DEVELOPMENT DATA (check all that apply)

Single Family	Multi Family			Exempt (See exemptions on page 2)
Number of Units	Number of Units			
Level of Review				
Pre-Application Conference	Preliminary	Final	Revised	Staff Administrative Review

A determination that there is adequate school capacity for a specific project will satisfy requirements for review for school concurrency for the periods of time consistent with the Interlocal Agreement and specified in local government land development regulations; an agreement by the School Board with the developer and local government is required to extend the period for approvals for phased projects beyond the generally applicable time period

EXPLANATION OF STUDENT GENERATION CALCULATION

Student Generation is calculated based on the type of residential development and the type of schools. The number of student stations (by school type - Elementary, Middle and High School) used for calculating the school concurrency impacts is equal to the number of dwelling units by housing type multiplied by the student generation multiplier (for housing type & school type) established by the School Board. Calculations are rounded to the nearest whole number. Student Generation for each school type is calculated individually to assess the impact on the **School Concurrency Service Area (SCSA)** for each school type (Elementary, Middle and High School).

SCHOOL CONCURRENCY SERVICE AREAS (SCSA) FOR PROJECT LOCATION

Based on the project location, please identify the corresponding School Concurrency Service Areas for each school type. Maps of the SCSAs can be obtained from Alachua County Growth Management Department GIS Services by clicking on the "GIS Data" link.

http://growth-management.alachuacounty.us/gis_services/map_gallery/

SCHOOL CONCURRENCY SERVICE AREAS (SCSA)

Elementary

Middle

High

Page 1

SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT STUDENT GENERATION CALCULATIONS

ELEMENTARY	units X 0.15 Elementary School Multiplier	Student Stations
MIDDLE	units X 0.07 Middle School Multiplier	Student Stations
HIGH	units X 0.09 High School Multiplier	Student Stations

MULTI FAMILY RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT STUDENT GENERATION CALCULATIONS

ELEMENTARY	units X 0.08 Elementary School Multiplier	Student Stations
MIDDLE	units X 0.03 Middle School Multiplier	Student Stations
HIGH	units X 0.03 High School Multiplier	Student Stations
	to 0045. Other to One and the Multipline Analysis	

Source: School Board of Alachua County 2015 Student Generation Multiplier Analysis

EXEMPT DEVELOPMENTS (click all that apply)

Existing legal lots eligible for a building permit

Development that includes residential uses that has received final development plan approval prior to the effective date for public school concurrency, or has received development plan approval prior to June 24, 2008, provided the development approval has not expired

Amendments to final development orders for residential development approved prior to the effective date for public school concurrency, and which do not increase the number of students generated by the development

Age-restricted developments that prohibit permanent occupancy by persons of school age, provided this condition is satisfied in accordance with the standards of the Public School Facilities Element or the ILA

Group quarters that do not generate public school students, as described in the ILA

AUTHORIZED AGENT

PROPERTY OWNER

Name:		Name:	
Mailing Address:	132 NW 76th Drive	Mailing Address	1135 SW 11th Avenue
	Gainesville, FL 32607		Gainesville, FL 32601
Phone:	352-331-1976	Phone:	contact agent
Email:	ryant@chw-inc.com	Email	contact agent

CERTIFICATION

PROJECT NAME :

PROJECT #:

This application for a determination of the adequacy of public schools to accommodate the public school students generated by the subject development has been reviewed for compliance with the school concurrency management program and in accordance with the ILA. The following determinations have been made:

Approved based upon the following findings (see 2015-2016 Capacity Tables)

Elementary SCSA	Capacity Required
Capacity Available Capacity Available in 3 yrs Capacity Available in Adjacent SCSA	Available Capacity Available Capacity Available Capacity
Middle SCSA	Capacity Required
Capacity Available Capacity Available in 3 yrs Capacity Available in Adjacent SCSA	Available Capacity Available Capacity Available Capacity
High SCSA Capacity Available Capacity Available in 3 yrs	Available Capacity Available Capacity
Capacity Available in Adjacent SCSA	Available Capacity
Denial for reasons stated	

Approved by

School Board Staff Certification

City of Gainesville Staff

A complete application for the development project was accepted on

Date:

Signed:

Vicki McGrath Community Planning Director School Board of Alachua County 352.955.7400 x 1423

Date:

Printed Name:

Exhibit C-1

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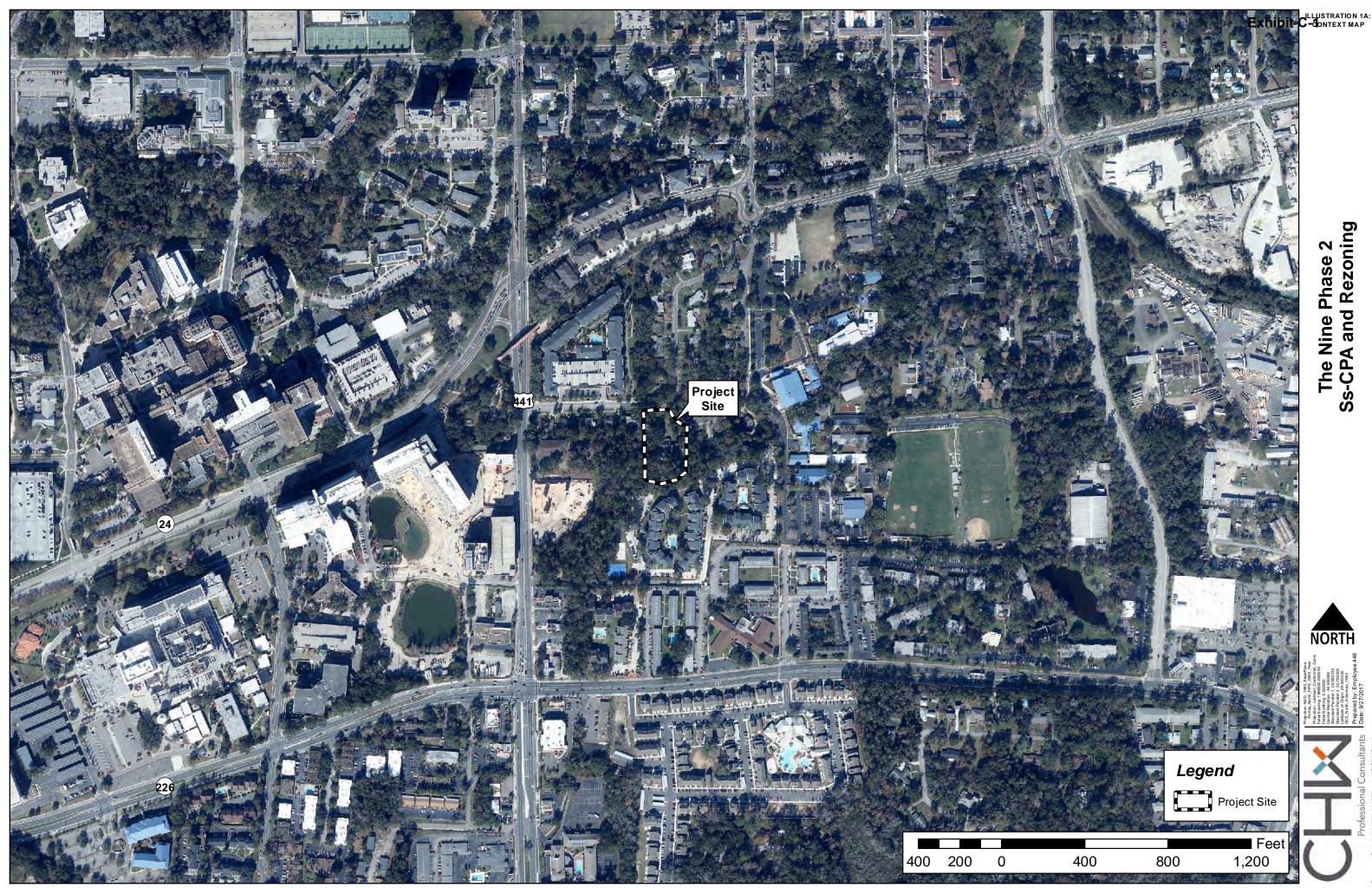
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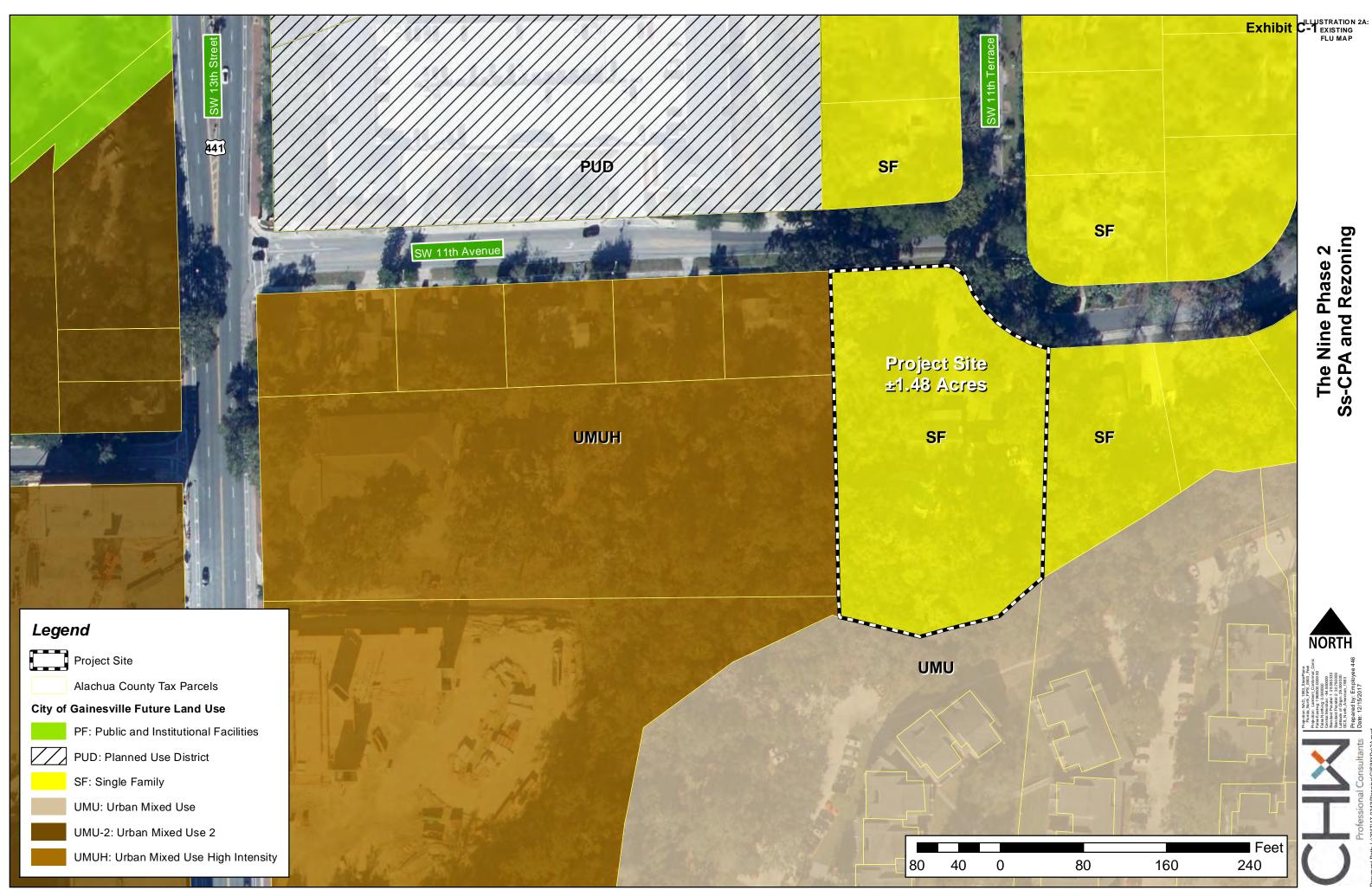
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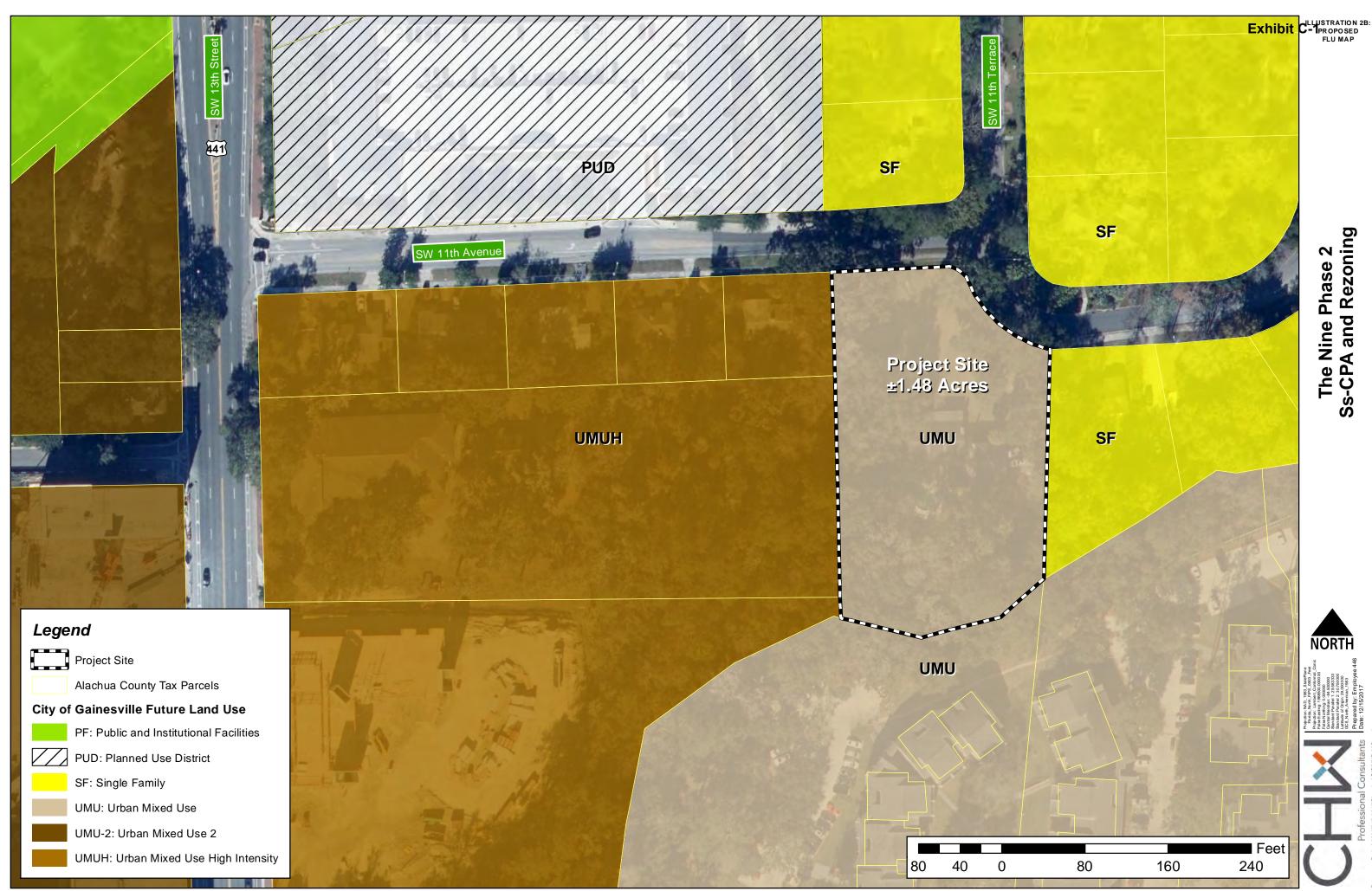
c. Map Set

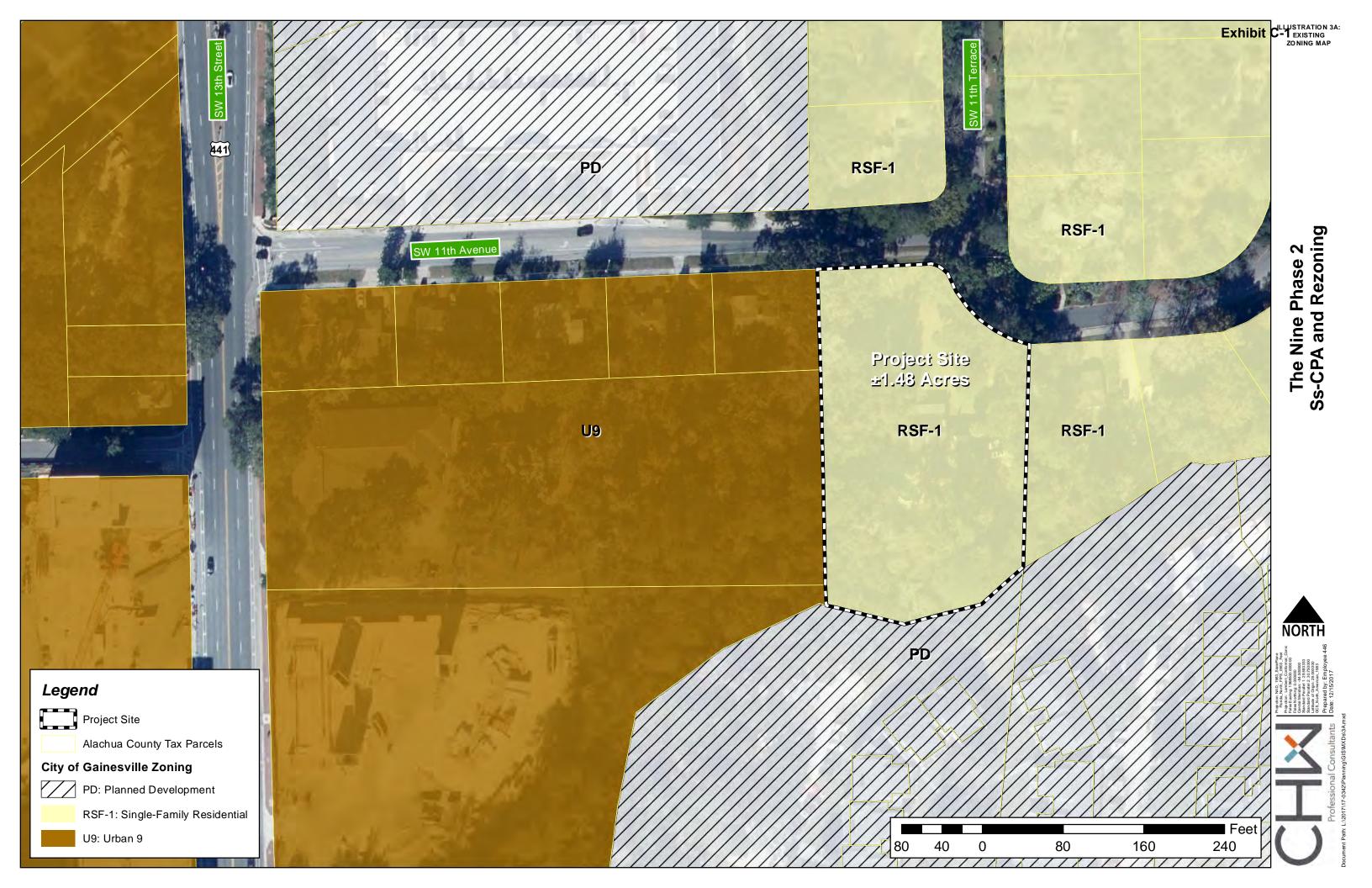
d. Boundary Survey

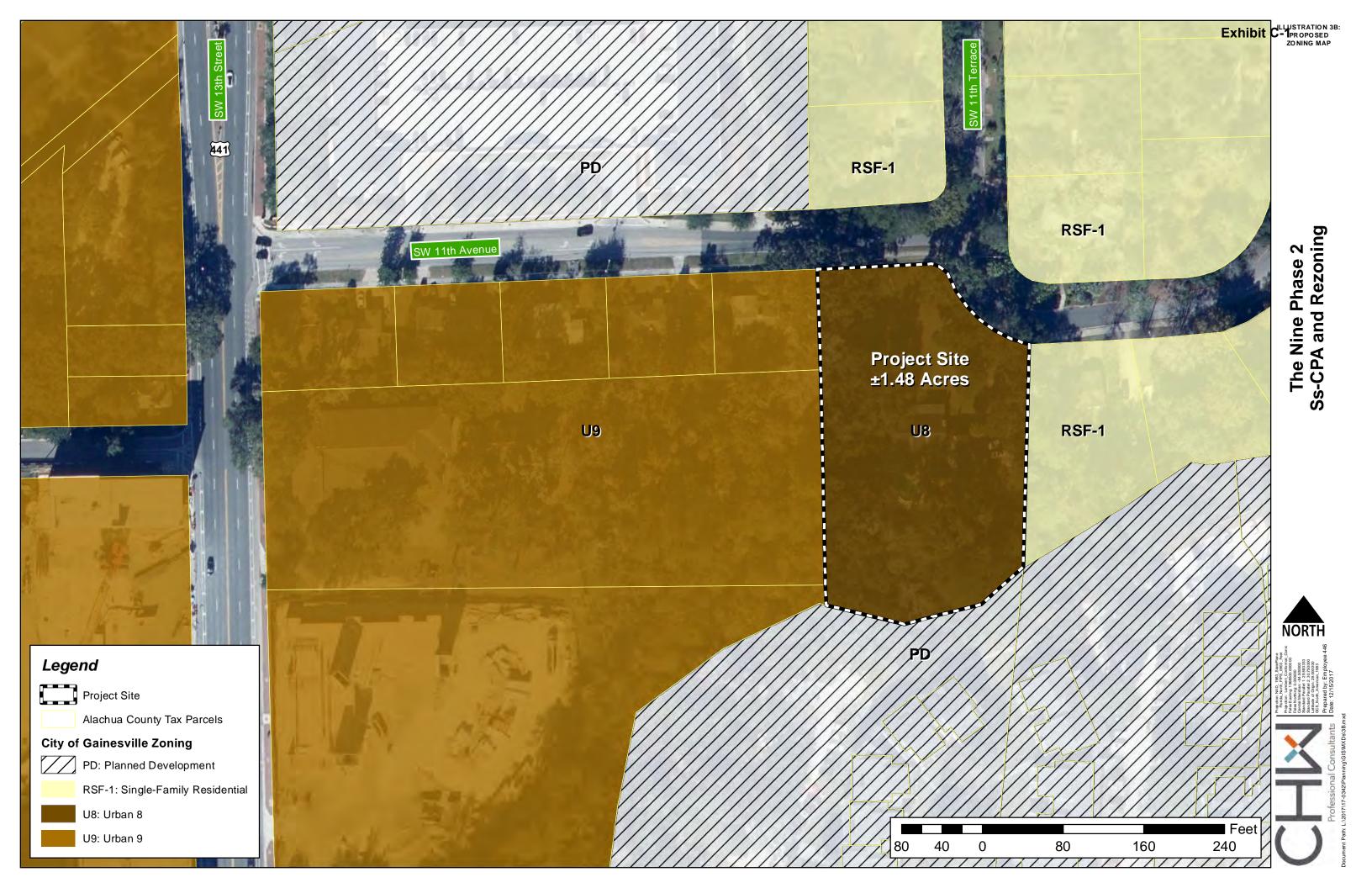


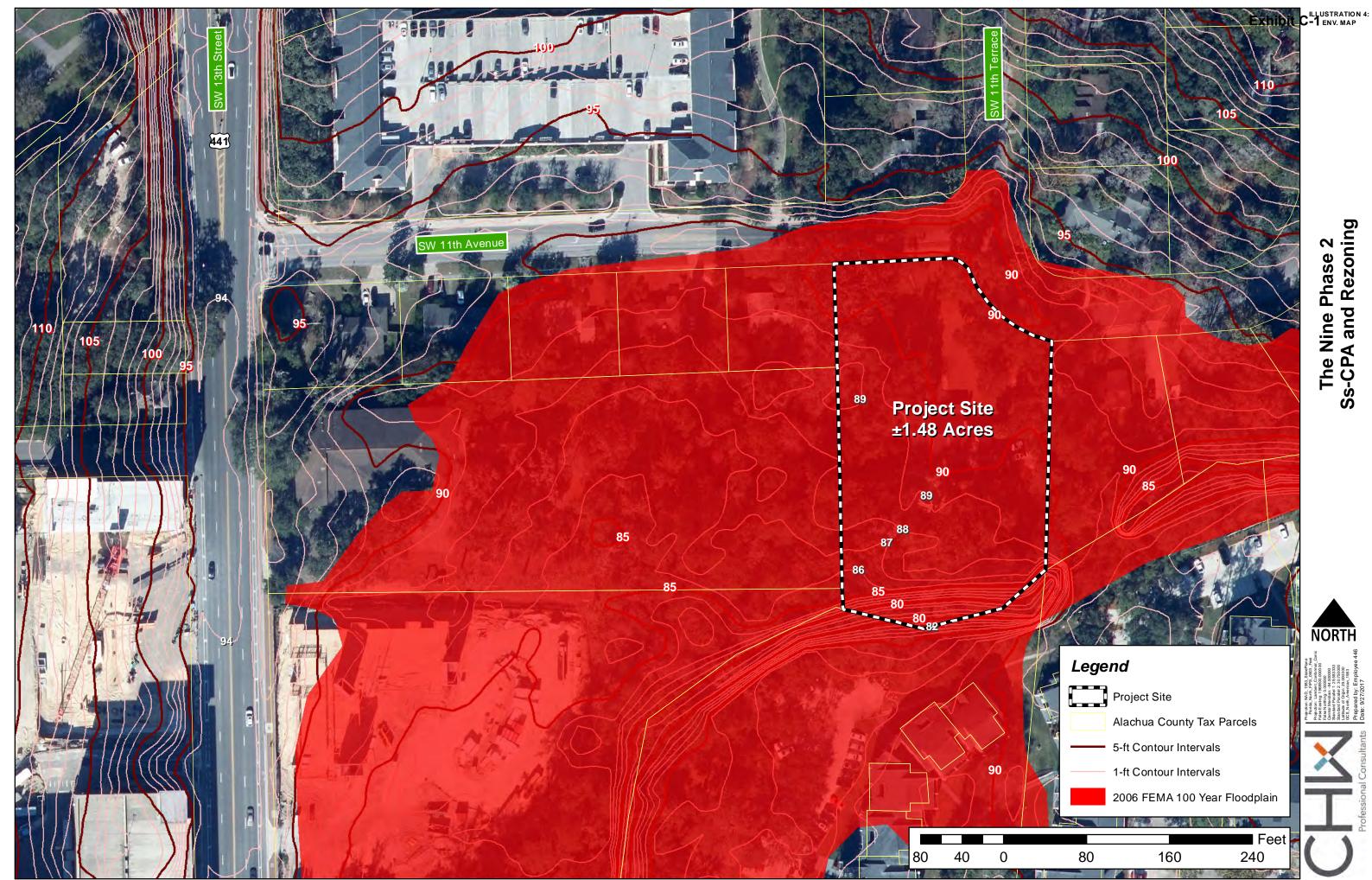


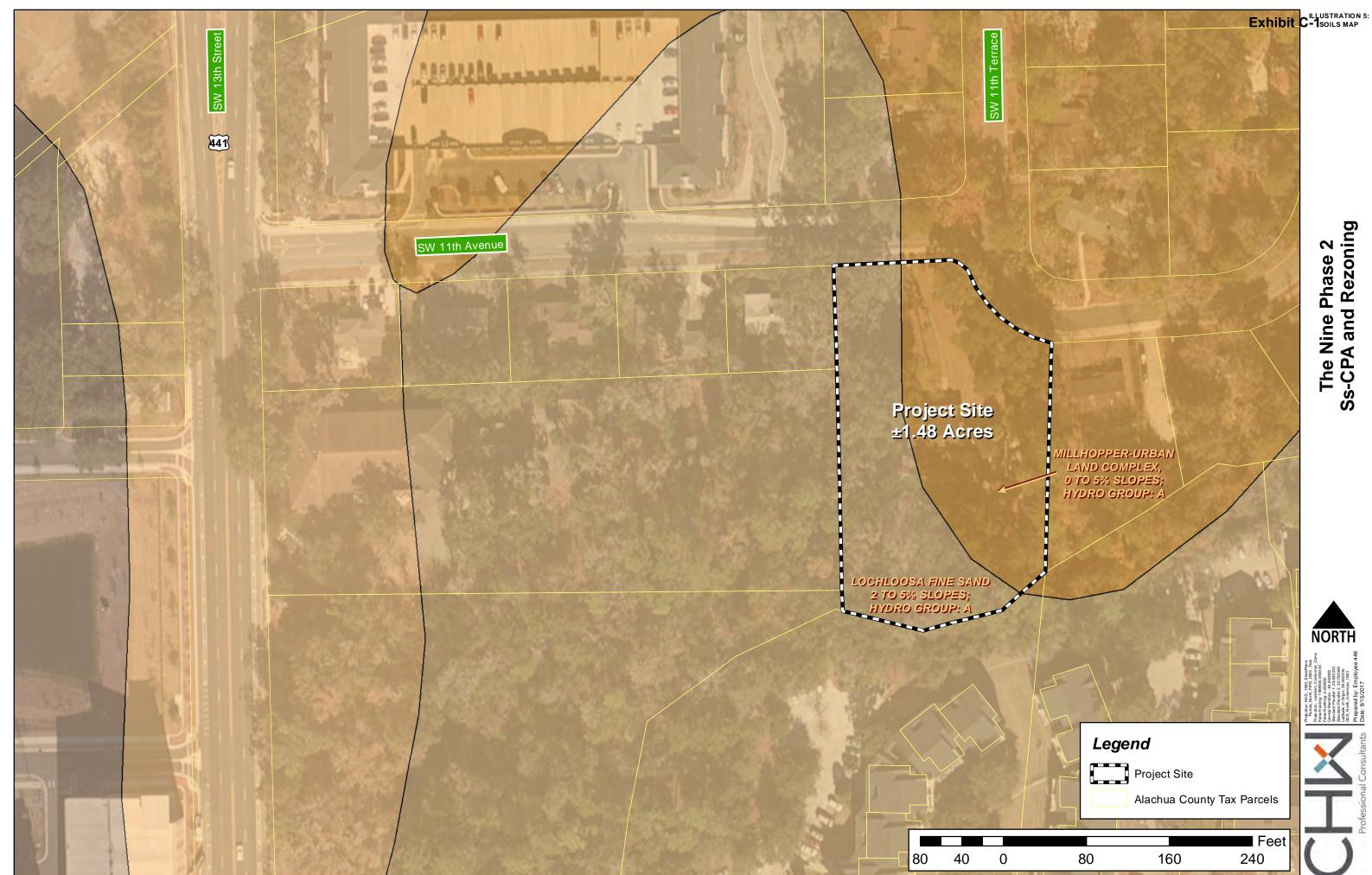












EXHIDIC C-

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