





■ NAME: Redbay ambrosia beetle ACTUAL SIZE: Abraham Lincoln's nose on a penny VICTIM: Trees in the Lauraceae family, including avocado and sassafras trees

NAME:
Emerald ash borer
ACTUAL SIZE:
Width of a pencil
eraser
VICTIM: Ash trees
throughout much
of the U.S.

Meet the people going to war against forest-killing beetles

merica's forests are under siege. The culprit? Billions of beetles, many of which are no bigger than a grain of rice. The insects burrow into trees and kill them by cutting off their food and water supply. (But not all beetles do this. For more info, see "All About Beetles" on page 10.)

Some tree-killing beetles are invasive species. This means On My mac

they arrived in the United States from somewhere else. With no known predators in their new habitat, they can cause damage.

Other beetles are native to the U.S., but warmer weather patterns in recent years have led to a dangerous growth in their populations.

From developing an insect repellent for trees to importing beetles' natural predators, scientists are

battling tree-killing beetles in creative ways.

Appetite for Avocado Trees

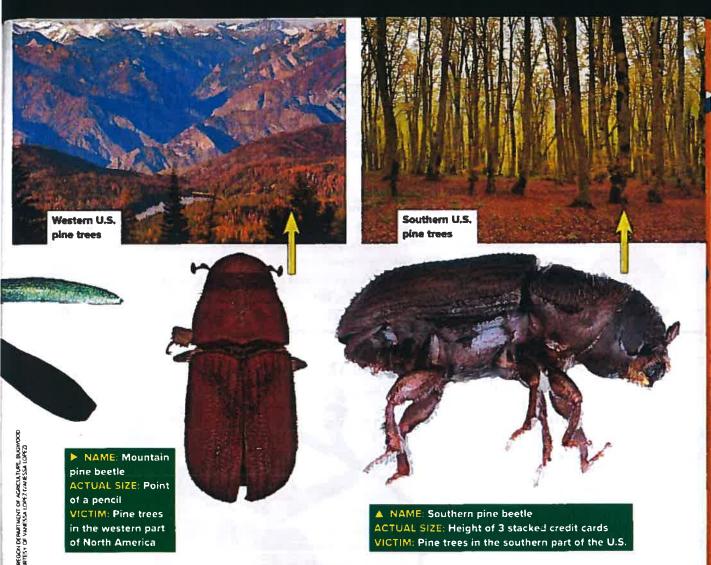
Jason Smith's biggest enemy is very, very tiny. The scientist at the University of Florida studies the redbay ambrosia beetle.

This invasive species has killed more than 500 million trees in the U.S. since 2002. "It's an epidemic," he says.

This is

Jason Smith





Redbay ambrosia beetles are native to Southeast Asia. There they eat dead trees. But in the U.S., they've been attacking live trees. The beetles reproduce at lightning speed. The offspring from just one beetle can infest and injure a tree in just three weeks.

Recently, redbay ambrosia beetles have begun to attack avocado trees. Smith estimates that the beetles have killed about 30,000 avocado trees in Florida since their arrival in 2002. If the beetle reaches California, the effects could be devastating. California farms produce 90 percent of the

avocados grown in the U.S.

Smith is testing a special bug spray to keep the beetles off healthy trees. Farmers are also training dogs to sniff out infected trees. Then the farmers can dig up and destroy the diseased trees to stop the infection from spreading. So far, success has been limited. "It's a complex problem," Smith says.

Hunting for Predators

Vanessa Lopez loves talking about beetles. "They're my favorite animals!" she says. Lopez is an entomologist, or person who studies

insects. She works for the U.S. Forest Service studying invasive beetle species.

Lopez and other scientists have been studying the emerald ash borer for a number of years. It's been killing ash trees all over the U.S. since it came from Asia in 2002.

Attempts to get rid of the pest have failed so far. So the U.S. government has imported four wasp species from Asia that eat only the emerald ash borer.

Scientists have to be careful when considering whether to introduce a new species. They must run tests to make continued on page 10 →

Vanessa Lopez

sure the species won't alter the ecosystem. "Before we can release any natural enemy, we have to make sure it only attacks the insect we're targeting," Lopez says.

Small Successes

Not all beetle problems are

caused by invasive species. Scientist Robert Rabaglia studies native insects with the U.S. Forest Service.



Some, like the

mountain pine beetle, have killed more than 20 million acres of trees across the West from 2000 to 2014. "There is only so much you can do when there is an outbreak," he says.

But with dedicated forest management, it's possible to make the outbreaks less severe. That has been the case with the southern pine beetle, which lives in the southeastern United States.

These beetles prey on weak trees. Since 2003, the Forest Service has partnered with landowners to cut down weak trees, so that the remaining trees can grow stronger and healthier. "Keeping trees healthy is the best way to prevent an outbreak," Rabaglia says.

—Alexa Kurzius

MATH TALK: What are some situations in which insect scientists might work with fractions and decimals? on my mac

ALL ABOUT BEETLES

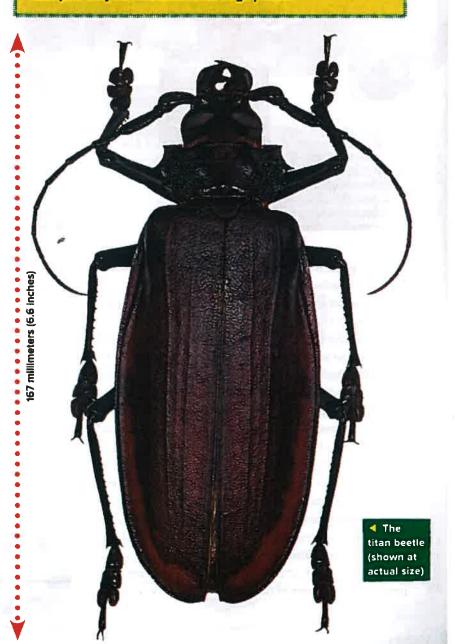
There are more known species of beetles than any other group of organisms on Earth. Scientists estimate that there are more than 1 million beetles species!

Beetles are insects, so each has a head, a thorax, an abdomen, and six legs. Beetles have two set of wings. Their hardened front wings protect their delicate hind wings.

Beetle species can range in size from 0.3 millimeters to 167 millimeters in length, like the titan beetle below.

Beetles play an important role in the ecosystem. Most of them feed on plants and plant waste, including tree wood.

Many beetles eat other insects too. Ladybugs are one example. They eat insects that damage plants.





What to Do

DECIMALS are numbers that include a fraction of a number.

EXAMPLE:

Which number has the lowest value: 3.211, 3.2, or 3.21?

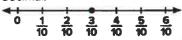
You can use a place value chart to compare decimal numbers. Make sure to add zeros so the numbers are all the same length.

ONES .		TENTHS	HUNDREDTHS	THOUSANDTHS	
3		2	1	1	
3		2	11	0	
3		2	0	0	

Moving from left to right, we can see that 3.200 is the smallest number. We know this because the hundredths place is greater for the other numbers.

Now You Try It

A. A student draws the following number line with fractional values to show the length in centimeters of a mountain pine beetle. Express the number on the number line as a decimal.



B. Southern pine beetles are 0.40 centimeters long. Plot this value on the number line. Is it longer or shorter than the mountain pine beetle?

C. Use decimal fractions to write a number sentence with an inequality symbol comparing the lengths of both beetles.

2 A. A scientist collects 3 redbay ambrosia beetles that measure the following lengths in centimeters: 19 hundredths, 201 thousandths, 2 tenths. On a separate sheet of paper, draw a place value chart with these numbers in decimal form.

B. Which beetle is the largest?

3 A. Ladybugs are a common type of beetle. They can range in length from 0.70 cm to 1 cm. On your separate sheet of paper, create a number line for the range 0.50 to 1.

B. A scientist collects 4 beetles that measure 0.85 cm, 0.75 cm, 0.60 cm, and 0.51 cm. Plot these numbers on the number line. Which of these fall into the size range of ladybugs?

The largest titan beetle ever measured was 16.7 cm long. Four other titan beetles have the following measurements:

Beetle A is 16.46 cm long, beetle B is 15.79 cm long, beetle C is 16.07 cm long, and beetle D is 16.305 cm long.

A. Order the four other beetles from shortest to longest.

B. Which beetle is closest in length to the longest titan beetle ever measured?

Adult Goliathus goliatus
beetles measure a maximum
of 11 cm. Their larvae can
measure a maximum of 11.5 cm.
Which goliath beetle specimens
in the chart could not be adult
beetles? Explain your reasoning.

GOLIATH BEETLE SPECIMEN LENGTH SPECIMEN A: 11.45 CM SPECIMEN B: 10.208 CM SPECIMEN C: 10.9 CM SPECIMEN D: 11.230 CM SPECIMEN E: 9.07 CM

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Fungus spread by exotic beetle killing Everglades trees, adding to Fla's invasive species woes

July 25, 2014, at 5:21 a.m.









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USNEWORLD REPORT

Deadly fungus spreads in Everglades, killing trees









More





A dead tree stands beside a highway near Miami in the Florida Everglades. A fungus that follows an invasive beetle from Asia is killing trees across the Everglades, and there's no way to stop the blight from spreading. Since first detected west of Miami 2011, laurel wilt has killed swamp bay trees scattered across 330,000 acres of the Everglades, a roughly 2 million-acre system of state and federal lands. (AP Photo/J Pat Carter)



The Associated Press

Associated Press

MIAMI (AP) — A fungus carried by an invasive beetle from southeast Asia is felling trees across the Everglades, and experts have not found a way to stop the blight from spreading.

Then there's a bigger problem — the damage may be leaving Florida's fragile wetlands open to even more of an incursion from exotic plants threatening to choke the unique Everglades and undermine billions of dollars' worth of restoration projects.

Since first detected on the edge of Miami's western suburbs in 2011, laurel wilt has killed swamp bay trees scattered across 330,000 acres of the Everglades, a roughly 2 million-acre system that includes Everglades National Park. The fungus is spread by the tiny redbay ambrosia beetle, which likely arrived in this country in a shipment of wood packing material.

The same fungus also plagues commercial avocado trees and redbay trees elsewhere in Florida and the Southeast. While the state has been working with the avocado industry to mitigate the damage, there's been no way to contain it in swamp bay or redbay trees. Experts say the best defense would be stopping invasive pests from crossing U.S. borders in the first place.

Hundreds of millions of redbay trees have succumbed across six states since 2002, said Jason Smith, an expert in forest pathology at the University of Florida.

"It's amazing how much of an impact this one little tiny beetle that's no bigger than Lincoln's nose on a penny has done," Smith said in a recent interview. "And it continues to spread."

This summer, Smith will survey the national park for living swamp bay trees to collect samples in the hopes of propagating new trees resistant to the pathogen from their cuttings or seeds. The South Florida Water Management District, the state agency that oversees Everglades restoration, also plans to ramp up its monitoring and maintenance of the tree islands where swamp bays are found.



The damage is easily spotted from the air and from the highway that cuts across the Everglades. Gray skeletons of swamp bays that died in the pathogen's first wave and newly dead trees that have turned dry and brown mar the dark green tree islands that dot the vast expanse of pale sawgrass.

Each tree island is losing up to half its tree canopy, said LeRoy Rodgers, the water management district's lead invasive species biologist.

That's worrisome because invasive plants may work their way into those open spaces — like weeds in a garden, but worse.

Old world climbing fern, melaleuca, Australian pine and Brazilian pepper are the invaders that particularly worry state and federal caretakers of the Everglades. Like the invasive Burmese pythons that are blamed for dramatic drops in the populations of native mammals in the wetlands, the plants have established a home in South Florida's sunny and wet climate.

The exotic plants can transform sawgrass prairies into impenetrable thickets, and they fuel explosive fires that kill native plants adapted for less intense burns. They're not a food source for native wildlife, and in coastal areas, their roots can disrupt the fiests of endangered sea turtles. They're so tenacious and difficult to remove that even if Smith finds a way to propagate swamp bays to replace the ones lost, the invasive plants could prevent them from taking root.

"We already have these problems with invasives that are almost too daunting. When you add laurel wilt to the mix, it's only going to get worse," said Tylan Dean, chief of biology at Everglades National Park.



Nonnative plants currently comprise 16 percent of the flora in the Everglades, according to a congressionally mandated restoration progress report published last month by the National Research Council.

Billions of dollars have been pledged for Everglades restoration projects that span decades, but those funds are mostly focused on restoring a more natural flow of freshwater through the wetlands south to the Florida Keys.

In spite of the disturbances they cause, invasive species haven't been factored into Everglades restoration planning beyond treating invasive plants that spread during construction, and there's little funding or manpower available to fight them back, according to the report.

"In Everglades restoration, we have a mantra: we want to get the water right," Rodgers said. "But if we cannot deal with the invasive species, we can get the water right but not get the Everglades we thought we were getting."

Follow Jennifer Kay on Twitter at www.twitter.com/jnkay

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Tags: Associated Press



UTILITY ADVISORY BOARD APPOINTMENT BALLOT

Openings: One (1) Opening

Applications: Two (2) Applications

PLEASE INITIAL YOUR SELECTION

NAME OF APPLICANT	Comm. Arreola	Comm. Hayes- Santos	Comm. Simmons	Mayor Poe	Comm. Johnson	Comm. Ward	Comm. Warren
Miles, Carla (11/15/18 – 3/3/2020)							
Rockwell, Tim (11/15/18–3/3/2020)							
READVERTISE FOR			4				
ADDITIONAL APPLICANTS							



BOARD DETAILS



(7-members; 4-year terms) (Initial terms: three (3) two-year terms to expire March 3, 2018 and four (4) four-year terms to expire March 3, 2020.) All voting members permanent residence shall be within the utility service area and receive utility service. A minimum of one voting member shall reside outside the Gainesville city limits. Applicants with any of the following types of experience are encouraged to apply for a voting member seat:

- (1) experience as a utility demand customer;
- (2) experience as a utility service provider
- (3) investment banking, financial or certified public accounting experience;
- (4) experience in energy and water conservation
- (5) experience with business, contract or corporate law experience, or contract administration or;
- (6) engineering experience

The City Commission may appoint voting members with any qualifications or experience the City Commission deems relevant or beneficial to service on the utility board.

Non-Voting Members. The Alachua County Board of County Commissioners and the Alachua County School Board may each appoint one non-voting member to the utility board, subject to the approval of the city commission. Non-voting members shall have the same rights and privileges as voting members, except non-voting members shall not make motions or vote on motions under consideration.

Created by Ordinance 140384 (November 19, 2015); amended by Ordinance 170808 (August 2, 2018)

The Utility Advisory Board is hereby created as an advisory board to advise and make recommendations the City Commission regarding all matters of utility governance of the city's electric, gas, telecommunications, water and wastewater utilities.

www.cityofgamesville.org



ORDINANCE

Ordinance 17080

Utility Advisory Board Page 1 of 1



BOARD ROSTER



***VACANT *VACANT**



M/A - Mar 03, 2020



MARY C ALFORD

Feb 18, 2016 - Mar 03, 2020

Email: mary alford@sustainabledesigngroup com 352-317-4480 352-339-3899 x4



MICHAEL A SELVESTER

1st Term Feb 18, 2016 - Mar 03, 2020

Email: michaelselvester@gmail.com 727-608-8734



WES WHEELER

1et Term Mar 04, 2018 - Mar 03, 2022

Email: wes@wheelerandtraviss.com Home: (352) 222-3722 Address: 4728 NW 37th Way Gainesville, FL 32605



WENDELL A PORTER

Mar 04, 2018 - Mar 03, 2022

Email: waporter@ufl.edu Home: (352) 332-7848 Home: (352) 514-6951 Address: 11019 NW 11th Avenue Gainesville, FL 32606



BARRY JACOBSON

Mar 04, 2018 - Mar 03, 2022

Email: barry@solarimpact.com Mobile: (352) 281-5946 Home: (352) 336-8234

Address:

2436 NW 37th Ter Gainesville, FL 32605



VACANCY

Appointing Authority City Commission

Appointing Authority City Commission Position Chair

Appointing Authority City Commission Position Vice-Chair

Appointing Authority City Commission

Appointing Authority City Commission

Appointing Authority City Commission

Utility Advisory Board

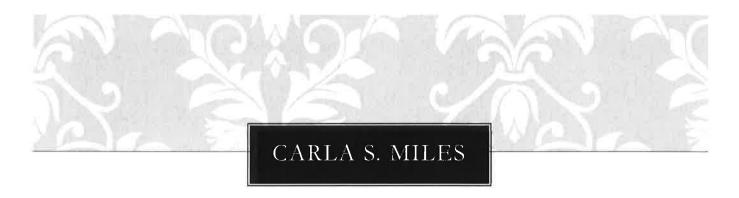
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Profile				
Carla	S	Miles		
First Name	Middle Initial	Last Name		
carlalewismiles@gmail.com Email Address				
918 NE 18th Street			Suite or Apt	
Gainesville			FL	32641
City			State	Postal Code
Ward				
□ District 1				
Home: (352) 225-5939		52) 519-2980		
Primary Phone	Alternate Phone			
Alachua Habitat for Humanity				
Primary Phone Type				
₩ Home				
Alternate Phone Type				
▽ Cell				
Interests & Experiences				
Why are you interested in se	rving on a bo	ard or commission?)	
As a Community leader I would li member, I could bridge a gap bet				
Carla s Resume.docx Upload a Resume				
Please upload a file				

Cordo C Mileo

Demographics Ethnicity ☑ African American Gender ☑ Female Are you a City of Gainesville Employee? ☐ Yes ⓒ No Are you a City of Gainesville Intern? ☐ Yes ⓒ No Are you currently on a City Advisory Board/Committee? ⓒ Yes ⓒ No Wild Spaces Public Places Citizen Oversight If yes, which Advisory Board/Committee?

Code C Miles



Objectives

A strong communicator and avid community activist with an AS Degree in Allied Health. I am seeking to use my knowledge of community building and experience in program development to engage different urban communities in adapting to a new culture of neighborhood revitalization.

EDUCATION

City College
December 2016 AS Degree Allied Health
Medical Assistant Certification

* Suma Cum Laude

EXPERIENCE

Southeastern Integrated Medical Urology ♦ 1179 NW 64th Terr Gainesville

Medical Assistant Jan 2017 – Current

Duties Include

Utilizing excellent customer service skills to deliver quality patient care, while also doing the following:

Maintaining Surgeon's schedule and daily clinical operations. Assisting surgeon with clinical procedures such as biopsies and cystoscopies. Administering medications. Patient Education. Administrative duties such as Electronic Health Record maintenance. Data Entry.

Greater Duval Neighborhood Association

Secretary/Program Developer June 2013 – Current

Duties Include

Taking meeting minutes and keeping a permanent and accurate record of what has taken place in meetings.

Preparing written minutes for the board of directors.

Providing needed information to the President. Receiving and sending all correspondences concerning the association. Preparing upcoming meeting notices. Keeping accurate member information. Fiscal responsibilities in conjunction with Association's President and Treasurer, including signing requisitions for disbursement from the Greater Duval Neighborhood Association Treasury and maintaining a file of receipts and disbursements.

Encouraging and assisting all committees in the development of their programs and performance of their duties.

Engaging resident participation in programs and services.

SKILLS

- Customer Service
 - Advocacy
- Typing, Data Entry Spreadsheets, Record Keeping
 - Multi-line Phone System
 - Communication
 - * Nursing, Phlebotomy, Medical Records

Profile						
Tim	Α	Rockwell				
First Name	Middle Initial	Last Name				
tarsnewthing@hotmail.com Email Address						
3212 NW 25TH TER						
Street Address			Suite or Apt			
Gainesville			FL	32605		
City			State	Postal Code		
Ward						
▽ District 2						
Home: (352) 792-4332	Home: (352)) 373-3541				
Primary Phone	Alternate Phone					
eda engineers surveyors planners Employer	Production Manager Job Title					
Which Boards would you like to	apply for?		2			
Utility Advisory Board: Submitted						
Primary Phone Type						
⊽ Cell						
Alternate Phone Type						
▽ Office						
Interests & Experiences						
Why are you interested in serving	ıg on a boaı	rd or commission?				
I have worked in civil engineering and planning in the City of Gainesville and Alachua County for over twenty years. I have first hand experience designing utility services and the unique challenges faced by						

the concerned parties with conflicting interests in the land development industry. I am particularly interested in design standards and how we communicated design information to contractors.

T. Rockwell Resume.pdf

Upload a Resume

Time A Deplement D--- 1 - 4 0

D	lease	1.00	200	fila -

Demographics Ethnicity ☑ Caucasian/Non-Hispanic Gender ☑ Male Are you a City of Gainesville Employee? ℂ Yes ⓒ No Are you a City of Gainesville Intern? ℂ Yes ⓒ No Are you currently on a City Advisory Board/Committee? ℂ Yes ⓒ No

If yes, which Advisory Board/Committee?

Young, Shaneka

From: Tim Rockwell <trockwell@edafl.com>
Sent: Thursday, October 11, 2018 3:19 PM

To: citycomm

Subject: Utility Advisory Board

Dear Mayor Poe and City Commissioners,

I am writing to inform the Commission that I have applied to the Utility Advisory Board and to express my sincere hope that you will consider my appointment to this board. I have over twenty years of experience working in land planning, civil engineering and utility service design. I have worked closely with GRU on many projects in the City and County and am keenly aware of the difficulties and competing interests involved in the land development industry.

Of particular interest to me are the following topics:

- The ongoing urban standards initiative.
- Expanding GRUCOM services through the City/County.
- How design information is presented on construction plans for contractors.
- The role GRU plays (or could play) in affordable housing.

In addition to my professional experience, I currently chair the County Planning Agency/Planning Commission and am vice chair of the County Affordable Housing Committee. As such, I am very familiar with how citizen advisory boards operate.

Please do not hesitate to contact me if you have any questions for me. I would be happy to meet or discuss the board position at a public meeting if that is appropriate.

Thank you for your consideration.

Tim Rockwell | Production Manager | | eda engineers-surveyors-planners, inc. | 2404 NW 43rd Street | Gainesville, Florida 32606 352 373 3541 | trockwell@edafl.com | www.edafl.com

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Tim Rockwell, Jr. Project Coordinator

Total Years Experience

Years with eda 15

EDUCATION

1989-1990 Certified in Computer Drafting and Design Technology

St. Augustine Technical Institute

2003-2006 Associate of Applied Science Degree

Santa Fe Community College

CHRONOLOGY

2014-Present Production Manager

eda engineers • surveyors • planners, inc.

2010-2014 Project Coordinator / CAD Manager

Eng, Denman & Associates, Inc.

2008-2010 Entry Level Design Engineer

Bohler Engineering

1999-2008 Project Coordinator / CAD Manager

Eng, Denman & Associates, Inc.

Prior to 1999, Mr. Rockwell worked as a residential draftsman for various construction companies throughout Florida.

PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

Mr. Rockwell has worked in Computer Aided Drafting and Project Coordination in the Civil Engineering and Construction industries for over twenty years. His current experience includes performing site research and producing initial site designs and conceptual layouts as well as producing complete development plan packages for small commercial sites and large-scale commercial and residential developments.

AREAS OF EXPERTISE

Mr. Rockwell's specializations include AutoCAD, Civil 3D, Land Development Desktop and Eagle Point software packages for producing civil construction plans, CAD management, zoning and land use research, commercial and residential site design, conceptual layouts, project coordination and submittal packages.



2404 NW 43rd Street Gainesville, Florida 32606 Phone: 352-373-3541 Fax: 352-373-7249 Email: trockwell@edafl.com