## LEGISLATIVE # 170427A

1 2 3		BEFORE THE CITY COMMISSION CITY OF GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA				
5 4 5 6		THE MATTER OF an application to rezone certain property from Alachua County Agriculture to City of Gainesville Planned Development District (PD).				
0 7 8	PETITION NO. PB-17-65; LEGISTAR NO. 170427.					
9 10		ORDER				
10 11 12		Preliminary Statement				
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	on We Agr pro a he hea wit sub	December 5, 2019, the City Commission of the City of Gainesville held a quasi-judicial hearing Petition PB-17-65, an application filed by eda engineers-surveyors-planners, Inc., as agent for yerhaeuser NR Company, that requested to rezone certain property from Alachua County iculture (A) to City of Gainesville Planned Development District (PD). The City Commission vided Weyerhaeuser with procedural due process by giving adequate notice of and conducting earing on its PD zoning application, at which hearing Weyerhaeuser had an opportunity to be ird before an impartial decision-maker and to present evidence and cross-examine any nesses. The City Commission received at the hearing both written and oral competent stantial evidence, all of which is included within the record. In applying the competent stantial evidence received to the essential requirements of the correct law and decision eria described herein, the City Commission voted 7-0 to deny Petition PB-17-65.				
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25 26		Decision Criteria				
26 27 28 29	Cor	Decision Criteria accordance with Section 30-3.14 of the City of Gainesville Land Development Code, the City nmission shall evaluate the application to rezone the Subject Property to Planned velopment District (PD) according to the following criteria:				
26 27 28	Cor Dev	accordance with Section 30-3.14 of the City of Gainesville Land Development Code, the City nmission shall evaluate the application to rezone the Subject Property to Planned				
26 27 28 29 30 31	Cor Dev A.	accordance with Section 30-3.14 of the City of Gainesville Land Development Code, the City nmission shall evaluate the application to rezone the Subject Property to Planned velopment District (PD) according to the following criteria: Compatibility of permitted uses and allowed intensity and density with surrounding existing				
26 27 28 29 30 31 32	Cor Dev A. B.	Accordance with Section 30-3.14 of the City of Gainesville Land Development Code, the City nmission shall evaluate the application to rezone the Subject Property to Planned velopment District (PD) according to the following criteria: Compatibility of permitted uses and allowed intensity and density with surrounding existing development.				
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	Cor Dev A. B. C.	Accordance with Section 30-3.14 of the City of Gainesville Land Development Code, the City nmission shall evaluate the application to rezone the Subject Property to Planned velopment District (PD) according to the following criteria: Compatibility of permitted uses and allowed intensity and density with surrounding existing development. The character of the district and its suitability for particular uses. The proposed zoning district of the property in relation to surrounding properties and other				
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	Cor Dev A. B. C.	Accordance with Section 30-3.14 of the City of Gainesville Land Development Code, the City nmission shall evaluate the application to rezone the Subject Property to Planned velopment District (PD) according to the following criteria: Compatibility of permitted uses and allowed intensity and density with surrounding existing development. The character of the district and its suitability for particular uses. The proposed zoning district of the property in relation to surrounding properties and other similar properties. Conservation of the value of buildings and encouraging the most appropriate use of land				
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	Cor Dev A. B. C. D. E.	Accordance with Section 30-3.14 of the City of Gainesville Land Development Code, the City numission shall evaluate the application to rezone the Subject Property to Planned velopment District (PD) according to the following criteria: Compatibility of permitted uses and allowed intensity and density with surrounding existing development. The character of the district and its suitability for particular uses. The proposed zoning district of the property in relation to surrounding properties and other similar properties. Conservation of the value of buildings and encouraging the most appropriate use of land throughout the city. The applicable portions of any current city plans and programs such as land use, traffic ways,				
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	Cor Dev A. B. C. D. E. F.	Accordance with Section 30-3.14 of the City of Gainesville Land Development Code, the City nmission shall evaluate the application to rezone the Subject Property to Planned velopment District (PD) according to the following criteria: Compatibility of permitted uses and allowed intensity and density with surrounding existing development. The character of the district and its suitability for particular uses. The proposed zoning district of the property in relation to surrounding properties and other similar properties. Conservation of the value of buildings and encouraging the most appropriate use of land throughout the city. The applicable portions of any current city plans and programs such as land use, traffic ways, recreation, schools, neighborhoods, stormwater management and housing. The needs of the city for land areas for specific purposes to serve population and economic				

- 1 I. The facts, testimony, and reports presented at public hearings.
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In accordance with Section 30-3.17 of the City of Gainesville Land Development Code, the City
 Commission shall also evaluate the application to rezone the Subject Property to Planned
 Development District (PD) according to the following additional criteria:

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  7 A. *Consistent with Comprehensive Plan*. A PD application may only be approved if it is consistent
  8 with the Comprehensive Plan.
- 9 B. *Conformance to PD purpose*. A PD application may only be approved if it is in conformance 10 with the purpose of PDs as articulated in Section 30-3.15.
- 11 C. Internal compatibility. All uses proposed within a PD shall be compatible with other proposed 12 uses; that is, no use may have any undue adverse impact on any neighboring use, based on 13 the streetscape, treatment of pedestrian ways and circulation, motor vehicle circulation, and 14 the separation and buffering of parking areas and sections of parking areas; the existence or 15 absence of, and the location of, focal points and vistas, open spaces, plazas, recreational areas 16 and common areas, and use of existing and proposed landscaping; use of the topography, 17 physical environment and other natural features; use and variety of building setback or build-18 to lines, separations and buffering; use and variety of building groupings, building sizes, 19 architectural styles, and materials; variety and design of dwelling types; particular land uses 20 proposed, and conditions and limitations thereon; and any other factor deemed relevant to 21 the privacy, safety, preservation, protection or welfare of any proposed use within the PD.
- D. *External compatibility*. All uses proposed within a PD shall be compatible with existing and planned uses of properties surrounding the PD; that is, no internal use may have any avoidable or undue adverse impact on any existing or planned surrounding use, nor shall any internal use be subject to undue adverse impact from existing or planned surrounding uses.
   An evaluation of the external compatibility of a PD should be based on the following factors: adjacent existing and proposed uses, design of the development, traffic circulation, and density and intensity.
- 29 E. Intensity of development. The residential density and intensity of use of a PD shall be 30 compatible with and shall have no undue adverse impact upon the physical and 31 environmental characteristics of the site and surrounding lands, and shall comply with the 32 policies and density limitations set forth in the Comprehensive Plan. Within the maximum 33 limitation of the Comprehensive Plan, the permitted residential density and intensity of use 34 in a PD may be adjusted upward or downward in consideration of the following factors: the 35 availability and location of public and utility services and facilities; the trip capture rate of 36 development; and the degree of internal and external connectedness of streets.
- F. Usable open spaces, plazas and recreation areas. Usable open spaces, plazas and recreation areas provided within a PD shall be evaluated based on conformance with the policies of the Comprehensive Plan and the sufficiency of such areas to provide appropriate recreational opportunities, protect sensitive environmental areas, conserve areas of unique beauty or historical significance, enhance neighborhood design, and encourage compatible and cooperative relationships between adjoining land uses.
- G. Environmental constraints. The site of the PD shall be suitable for use in the manner proposed
   without hazards to persons either on or offsite from the likelihood of increased flooding,
   erosion or other dangers, annoyances or inconveniences. Condition of soil, groundwater level,

drainage and topography shall all be appropriate to the type, pattern and intensity of
 development intended. The conditions and requirements of the protection of resources
 article shall be met.

H. *External transportation access*. A PD shall be located on, and provide access to, a major street (arterial or collector) unless, due to the size of the PD and the type of uses proposed, it will not adversely affect the type or amount of traffic on adjoining local streets. Access shall meet the standards set in Chapter 23 and Chapter 30, Article VI. Connection to existing or planned adjacent streets is encouraged. The trip generation report shall be signed by a professional engineer registered in the state when there is a difference between the traffic report provided by the petitioner and the concurrency test.

Internal transportation access. Every dwelling unit or other use permitted in a PD shall have
 access to a public street directly or by way of a private road, pedestrian way, court or other
 area that is either dedicated to public use or is a common area guaranteeing access. Permitted
 uses are not required to front on a dedicated public road. Private roads and other accessways
 shall be required to be constructed so as to ensure that they are safe and maintainable.

16 Provision for the range of transportation choices. Sufficient off-street and on-street parking J. 17 for bicycles and other vehicles, as well as cars, shall be provided. Parking areas shall be 18 constructed in accordance with such standards as are approved by the city commission to 19 ensure that they are safe and maintainable and that they allow for sufficient privacy for 20 adjoining uses. When there is discretion as to the location of parking in the project, it is 21 strongly encouraged that all motor vehicle parking be located at the rear or interior side of 22 buildings, or both. The design of a PD should, whenever feasible, incorporate appropriate 23 pedestrian and bicycle accessways so as to provide for a variety of mobility opportunities. 24 Connection to all sidewalks, greenways, trails, bikeways, and transit stops along the perimeter 25 of the PD is required. Where existing perimeter sidewalks do not exist, sidewalks shall be 26 provided by the development. 27

## Facts and Evidence Presented

Based upon the competent substantial evidence received at the quasi-judicial hearing andincluded within the record, the following findings of fact are made:

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 Weyerhaeuser NR Company ("Applicant") is the successor-in-interest by merger to approximately 1,778 acres of land, previously owned by Plum Creek Land Company, generally located north of U.S. 441 and Northwest 74<sup>th</sup> Place, east and west of SR 121 and CR 231, and south of Northwest 121<sup>st</sup> Avenue ("Weyerhaeuser Property").

- On April 24, 1992, the City adopted Ordinance No. 3768 and annexed into the City from
  Alachua County approximately 460 acres of the southern portion of the Weyerhaeuser
  Property. On February 12, 2007, the City adopted Ordinance No. 060731 and at the request
  of the property owner voluntarily annexed into the City from Alachua County the remaining
  approximately 1,318 acres of the northern portion of the Weyerhaeuser Property.
- At the time of both annexations, the Weyerhaeuser Property had an Alachua County land use
  designation of Rural/Agricultural and an Alachua County zoning designation of Agriculture.
  Both annexation ordinances stated that the Alachua County land use and zoning designations
  remain in full force and effect, and are enforced by the City, until the City adopts revised land
  use and zoning for the Weyerhaeuser Property.

1 4. On January 1, 2009, the City adopted Ordinance No. 070447 and assigned the following four 2 City land use designations to specified portions of the entirety of the Weyerhaeuser Property: 3 1) Conservation; 2) Single-Family; 3) Residential Low-Density; and 4) Planned Use District 4 ("PUD") Overlay (with an underlying land use designation of City Agriculture). This 2009 City 5 ordinance provided certain conditions regarding the Weyerhaeuser Property, including a 6 requirement that the property owner (now and hereinafter Weyerhaeuser) timely apply for 7 and obtain City Planned Development ("PD") zoning on the PUD portion of the Weyerhaeuser 8 Property within 18 months of the effective date of Ordinance No. 070447. If Weyerhaeuser 9 failed to meet that deadline, City Ordinance No. 070447 mandated that the PUD overlay 10 would automatically become null and void and that portion of the Weyerhaeuser Property 11 would retain solely the underlying land use designation of City Agriculture.

- The land use designations and the associated regulations for the Weyerhaeuser Property
   adopted by Ordinance No. 070447 are codified, as amended, in Policy 4.3.4 of the Future Land
   Use Element of the City of Gainesville's Comprehensive Plan.
- 15 6. On October 21, 2010, and at the request of Weyerhaeuser, the City adopted Ordinance No.
  16 100189 and extended Weyerhaeuser's 18-month PD zoning deadline to July 26, 2012.
- On May 3, 2012, and again at the request of Weyerhaeuser, the City adopted Ordinance No.
   110700 and again extended Weyerhaeuser's PD zoning deadline to July 26, 2016.
- 8. On March 3, 2016, and upon Weyerhaeuser's third request for a deadline extension, the City
   adopted Ordinance No. 150540 and for a third time extended Weyerhaeuser's PD zoning
   deadline to July 26, 2018.
- 9. In June 2017, Weyerhaeuser submitted to the City the application that is the subject of this
  order, which was an application to rezone portions of the Single-Family, Residential LowDensity, and PUD-designated areas of the Weyerhaeuser Property consisting of
  approximately 744 acres, as further described in the City staff report submitted as part of the
  record ("Subject Property"), from Alachua County Agriculture (A) to City of Gainesville
  Planned Development District ("PD").
- 10. On October 26, 2017, the City Plan Board held a hearing on Weyerhaeuser's PD zoning application in order to make an advisory recommendation to the City Commission, which per Section 30-3.12 of the City's Land Development Code is the final decision-making authority for the PD zoning application.
- 32 11. On June 7, 2018, and upon Weyerhaeuser's fourth request for an extension, the City adopted 33 Ordinance No. 170996 and for the fourth time extended Weyerhaeuser's PD zoning deadline 34 to July 26, 2019. Ordinance No. 170996 included a provision stating that any future extension 35 applications by Weyerhaeuser would toll the PD zoning deadline until final City Commission 36 action on the extension application. On June 4, 2019, Weyerhaeuser submitted a letter to the 37 City requesting another extension, and in a letter dated June 7, 2019, the City affirmed that 38 the PD zoning deadline is thereby tolled per Ordinance No. 170996 until the City Commission 39 acts on Weyerhaeuser's extension request. As a result, Weyerhaeuser's PD zoning application 40 that is the subject of this order was able to proceed to the City Commission for a quasi-judicial 41 hearing notwithstanding the PD zoning deadline specified in Ordinance No. 170996.
- 42 12. To date and since the Weyerhaeuser Property was annexed into the City in 1992 and 2007,
  43 City zoning has never been assigned and therefore the Weyerhaeuser Property zoning
  44 remains Alachua County Agriculture (enforced by the City).

- 13. The Weyerhaeuser Property, which includes the Subject Property that is the subject of this
   order, has never been developed and has historically been used and is currently being used
   by Weyerhaeuser for agriculture/silviculture.
- 14. Andrew Persons, AICP, Director of the Department of Doing; Brittany McMullen, AICP, Planner
  III; and Lili Kolluri, Environmental Coordinator (collectively included within "City staff") are
  professional City staff and provided expert written and oral testimony within the record and
  during the PD zoning application's quasi-judicial hearing before the City Commission on
  December 5, 2019.
- 9 15. The Weyerhaeuser Property lies completely within two Strategic Ecosystems, including Buck
   10 Bay Flatwoods and Hague Flatwoods, which is a designation that recognizes a special need to
   11 promote connectivity and minimize fragmentation of natural systems, and to protect
   12 wetlands, floodplains, and associated uplands in a broad systems context.
- 16. The total acreage of jurisdictional wetlands and surface waters on the Weyerhaeuser Property
   as delineated in 2016 is approximately 788 acres.
- 15 17. As part of its PD zoning application and as required by the City's Comprehensive Plan and Land
  Development Code, Weyerhaeuser submitted a Conservation Management Plan (CMP) for 22
  proposed Conservation Management Areas (CMAs) totaling 1,161 acres, including
  approximately 388 acres of upland habitat and 773 acres of wetland habitat. Weyerhaeuser
  proposes in its CMP to have 341 acres of both upland and wetland pine plantation areas
  remain in perpetual silviculture, of which approximately 165 acres are in jurisdictional
  wetland pine plantations and 70 acres are within required wetland buffers.
- 18. Throughout review of Weyerhaeuser's PD zoning application, Weyerhaeuser declined to
  address guidance from City staff that perpetual silviculture should not be continued in any
  wetlands or wetland buffers or areas with a Conservation land use designation. In June 2019,
  City staff received a letter from Weyerhaeuser stating its intent to not undertake perpetual
  silviculture in such areas; however, Weyerhaeuser has to date failed to amend its CMP and
  application materials consistent with its expressed intent.
- 19. Weyerhaeuser's PD zoning application proposes to rezone the Subject Property from Alachua
   County Agriculture (A) to City of Gainesville Planned Development District ("PD") with the
   following associated development regulations, which provide for a less dense and intense
   development pattern than allowed in Future Land Use Element Policy 4.3.4:
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Uses	Acres	Proposed PD Development	Allowable Development per Comp Plan (entire acreage of Weyerhaeuser Property)
Mixed-Use	121.8	MIN 668 units (5.48 u/ac) MAX 1,300 units (10.7 u/ac) (Achieved only if residential unit allowance is transferred from Residential and Single-Family Detached areas) MIN 10,000 sf non-residential (no timeline or trigger of when	MIN 668 units (5.48 u/ac)
		this would be done) MAX 30,000 sf non-residential	MAX 100,000 sf non-residential
Residential	227.2	MAX 632 units (2.8 u/ac)	MAX 1,004 units (2.75 u/ac)
Single-Family Detached	45.5	MAX 84 units (1.8 u/ac)	MAX 218 units (0.4 u/ac)
Conservation Management	345.8		
Utility Easement	3.6		
Total PD	743.9		

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20. There are no existing public bus routes in the direct vicinity of the site, and the proposed density and location of the development as proposed in the PD zoning application does not support the provision of new public transportation services, such as a new bus route, to the area. In addition, there are no sidewalks adjacent to or providing access to the Subject Property. Therefore, access to the proposed PD would be auto-centric or available exclusively by automobile with a lack of reasonable transportation choices.

8 21. Correlated with the lack of reasonable transportation choices, the PD zoning application fails
 9 to address a lack of external connections in the vicinity to basic needs and services including
 10 schools, shopping centers, or transit stops or stations.

11 22. City staff testified that Weyerhaeuser's PD zoning application and its proposed CMP and 12 allowance of perpetual silviculture within portions of wetlands and wetland buffers and 13 conservation land use areas is inconsistent with and in conflict with the requirements of the 14 City's rezoning criteria and its Comprehensive Plan, including: Future Land Use Element Policy 15 4.3.4.a.3, which prohibits impacts to wetlands other than to achieve interconnectivity 16 between upland properties; Policy 4.3.4.a.4, as perpetual silviculture in the subject areas 17 prevents re-establishment of undisturbed habitat buffers that protect adjacent wetlands; 18 Policy 4.3.4.a.9, which requires the maintenance and enhancement of plant and animal 19 species habitat and distribution; Policy 4.3.4.b, which prohibits development (defined in the 20 Land Development Code as not including silviculture) within any conservation land use areas 21 except certain minimal crossings and passive recreational uses; and Policy 4.3.4.c.3.a, which 22 requires preservation of the ecological integrity, maintenance of habitat connectivity, 23 minimization of natural area fragmentation, and protection of wetlands.

1 23. City staff testified that Weyerhaeuser's PD zoning application and its lack of transportation 2 choice or provision is inconsistent with the requirements of the City's rezoning criteria and its 3 Comprehensive Plan, including: Transportation Mobility Element Policy 2.1.12, which 4 encourages development that provides pedestrian/bicycle connections to nearby land uses 5 such as schools, parks, retail, office, and residential; Objective 2.2, which provides for land 6 use designations and implementation to achieve transit-supportive densities and 7 transportation choice; and Policy 2.2.1, which requires land use designations and 8 implementation to be consistent with transportation choices.

9 24. City staff testified that Weyerhaeuser's PD zoning application is auto-centric and lacks 10 transportation choices, has a lack of external connections to basic needs and services, allows 11 for non-clustered and non-compact development with insufficient development density and 12 intensity (e.g., low-density with insufficient development mandates to achieve development 13 potential and Comprehensive Plan allowances), and consequently and given the Subject 14 Property's environmentally sensitive resources and its location at the periphery of the City 15 and in relation to surrounding properties, is inconsistent with the requirements of the City's 16 rezoning criteria and its Comprehensive Plan, including: Future Land Use Element Goals 1, 2, 17 and 3, Objective 1.2, Objective 1.5, and Objective 2.1, which discourage the proliferation of 18 urban sprawl, direct the achievement of sustainable development patterns, require the 19 protection and promotion of transportation choices, and encourage compact and dense 20 development patterns.

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The City Commission of the City of Gainesville provided Weyerhaeuser with procedural due process by giving adequate notice of and conducting on December 5, 2019, a quasi-judicial hearing on its PD zoning application, at which hearing Weyerhaeuser had an opportunity to be heard before an impartial decision-maker and to present evidence and cross-examine any witnesses.

**Discussion and Conclusions** 

29 The City Commission received at the hearing both written and oral competent substantial 30 evidence. Competent substantial evidence means such evidence that may establish a substantial 31 basis from which the fact at issue can be reasonably inferred, or material and relevant evidence 32 that a reasonable mind could accept as adequate to support a conclusion. The opinions and 33 recommendations of experts, including City staff, are deemed expert testimony and constitute 34 competent substantial evidence. Citizen testimony during any public comment portion of a 35 hearing may constitute competent substantial evidence if it is fact-based and not a mere 36 generalized statement of support or opposition. All the competent substantial evidence received 37 by the City Commission is included within the record, and certain portions of such facts and 38 evidence are detailed above in this order.

At the hearing and as detailed in this order, the City Commission has made its decision on
 Weyerhaeuser's PD zoning application by applying the competent substantial evidence received
 to the essential requirements of the correct law and decision criteria described in this order.

Accordingly, the City Commission hereby finds that Weyerhaeuser's PD zoning application and its
 proposed CMP and allowance of perpetual silviculture within portions of wetlands and wetland
 buffers and conservation land use areas is inconsistent with and in conflict with the requirements
 of Land Development Code Section 30-3.14 B., C., H., and Section 30-3.17 A., D., F., and G.
 Weyerhaeuser's PD zoning application is inconsistent with the policies specified in the

1 Comprehensive Plan and would be incompatible with the character of the area and its suitability

2 for particular uses, specifically in relation to surrounding properties and the Subject Property's

3 environmentally sensitive status and constraints as detailed above.

4 Weyerhaeuser's PD zoning application is auto-centric and lacks transportation choices, has a lack 5 of external connections to basic needs and services, allows for non-clustered and non-compact 6 development with insufficient development density and intensity (e.g., low-density), there are no 7 existing public bus routes in the direct vicinity of the site and the proposed density and intensity 8 and location of the development does not support the provision of new public transportation 9 services such as a new bus route to the area, and the Subject Property is located at the periphery 10 of the City with environmentally sensitive resources. Therefore, the City Commission hereby finds 11 that Weyerhaeuser's PD zoning application and its lack of transportation choice or provision is 12 inconsistent with the policies specified in the Comprehensive Plan, has proposed uses and 13 intensity and density that is incompatible with surrounding existing development, is incompatible 14 with the character of the area and its suitability for particular uses, does not adequately address 15 external compatibility, and does not provide for a range of transportation choices and is therefore 16 inconsistent with the requirements of Land Development Code Section 30-3.14 A., B., H., and 17 Section 30-3.17 A., D., E., and J. In addition, the City Commission hereby finds that 18 Weyerhaeuser's PD zoning application is also inconsistent with the requirements of Land 19 Development Code Section 30-3.14 A., B., H., and Section 30-3.17 A., D., E. because 20 Weyerhaeuser's PD zoning application is inconsistent with the City's established policy goals of 21 prohibiting urban sprawl, directing the achievement of sustainable and compact and dense 22 development patterns, and requiring the protection and promotion of transportation choices. 23

## Order

26 DENIED. The City Commission of the City of Gainesville provided Weyerhaeuser with procedural 27 due process by giving adequate notice of and conducting on December 5, 2019, a quasi-judicial 28 hearing on its PD zoning application, at which hearing Weyerhaeuser had an opportunity to be 29 heard before an impartial decision-maker and to present evidence and cross-examine any 30 witnesses. The City Commission received at the hearing both written and oral competent 31 substantial evidence, all of which is included within the record. In applying the competent 32 substantial evidence received to the essential requirements of the correct law and decision 33 criteria described herein, the City Commission hereby denies Petition PB-17-65. 34

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35	Entered this 16 <sup>th</sup> of January, 2020.	
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LAUREN POE MAYOR

42 Attest:

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46 OMICHELE D. GAINEY

47 CLERK OF THE COMMISSION

NICOLLE M.	SHALLEY

Approved as to form and legality:

CITY ATTORNEY